

以dec-exp.c为例

```
1.      dec-exp {
2.          pinctrl-0 = <&dec_exp_pins>;
3.          pinctrl-names = "default";
4.      @@ -355,6 +360,8 @@
5.          0x150 0x4 /* IO_PAD84, GPIOC[20], EXP_D[0] */
6.          0x154 0x4 /* IO_PAD85, GPIOC[21], EXP_D[1] */
7.          0x158 0x4 /* IO_PAD86, GPIOC[22], EXP_D[2] */
8.      +      0x30C 0x0 /* IO_PAD188, GPIOF[28], borrow the MTO
9.      +      NE pin
10.          +      to control DEC-Expansion test kit */
11.      >;
12.          pinctrl-single,bias-pulldown = <PD_OFF>;
          pinctrl-single,bias-pullup = <PU_OFF>;
```

借用了MTONE pin来用作dec-exp module控制io test kit的gpio pin.

in dec-exp.c

```
1.  static uint gpio = 0;
2.  module_param(gpio, uint, 0644);
```

gpio在module载入时接收MTONE对应的gpio number。

```
insmod dec-exp.ko gpio=188
```

in dec_exp_probe()

```

1.  /*
2.  * Because the DEC expansion's signal is not compatible with the test ki
t,
3.  * we could not verify "input" functionality.
4.  * According to the engineer's advice, we make a workaround.
5.  *
6.  * Borrow a gpio pin to trigger the test kit sampling. Hope it could wor
k.
7.  */
8.
9.  gpio_mtone = gpio;
10.
11.  err = devm_gpio_request_one(&pdev->dev, gpio_mtone, GPIOF_DIR_OUT, "trig
ger sampling"); ①
12.  if (err)
13.  {
14.      sysfs_remove_group(&pdev->dev.kobj, &dec_exp_group);
15.      dev_err(&pdev->dev, "fail to request mtone pin!\n");
16.      return err;
17.  }
18.
19.  // make the init state is HIGH
20.  gpio_set_value(gpio_mtone, 1); ②

```

①

```

1.  /**
2.  * devm_gpio_request_one - request a single GPIO with initial setup
3.  * @dev:   device to request for
4.  * @gpio:  the GPIO number
5.  * @flags: GPIO configuration as specified by GPIOF_*
6.  * @label: a literal description string of this GPIO
7.  */
8.  int devm_gpio_request_one(struct device *dev, unsigned gpio,
9.                          unsigned long flags, const char *label)

```

②

void gpio_set_value(unsigned int gpio, int value)

拉高拉低gpio pin。

```

1.  static int dec_exp_sampling_trigger(unsigned pin, unsigned int delay)
2.  {
3.      gpio_set_value(pin, 0);
4.      udelay(delay);
5.      gpio_set_value(pin, 1);
6.
7.      return 0;
8.  }

```