

```

1. $(TARGETNAME).elf: $(LDFILE_MAIN)
2.     @$ (PRINTRELEASE) $(TARGETNAME)_$$ (VARIANTSTR)
3.     @echo creating $$
4.     @$ (ARMLINK) $(LDFLAGS_MAIN) $(ARFLAGSOPTION) $(LD_LINKLIB) $(LDLIBS) -o
   $$
5.     @$ (PRINTRELEASE) /$(TARGETNAME)_$$ (VARIANTSTR)

```

生成tx.elf

```

@ (ARMLINK) (LDFLAGS_MAIN) (ARFLAGSOPTION) (LD_LINKLIB)
(LDLIBS) - o@

```

也就是

```

arm-marvell-eabi-gcc -Wl,-Map,map.txt,-O,-sort-alignment -Wl,-cref -L
./Hal/6220/linker_common -Wl,-gc-sections -T ./Hal/6220/build/memory.ld
@Application/ar.flags base_lib.a -lm -lc -o tx.elf

```

这里的链接的文件list是 @Application/ar.flags

见ar的manual

```

1. @file
2.     Read command-line options from file. The options read are inserted in place of the original @file option.
3.     If file does not exist, or cannot be read, then the option will be treated literally, and not removed.
4.
5.     Options in file are separated by whitespace. A whitespace character may be included in an option by
6.     surrounding the entire option in either single or double quotes. Any character (including a backslash)
7.     may be included by prefixing the character to be included with a backslash. The file may itself contain
8.     additional @file options; any such options will be processed recursively.

```

gcc and gas都支持类似功能。

@Application/ar.flags 包含

```

1. @/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/ar.flags
2. @/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/Hal/ar.flags
3. @/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/Netstack/ar.flags
4. @/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/Os/ar.flags
5. @/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/Sys/ar.flags

```

而 @/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/ar.flags

1. `@/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/Test/ar.flags`
2. `@/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/init/ar.flags`

而 `@/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/Test/ar.flags`

1. `/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/Test/IgmpNetconn.o`
2. `/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/Test/TcpEchoSrv.o`
3. `/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/Test/TelnetSrv.o`
4. `/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/Test/UdpEchoSrv.o`
5. `/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/Test/WebServer.o`
6. `/home/walterzh/work2/LSP/ccsgit/r4-freertos/ApplicationMrv1/Test/monitor.o`

这些ar.flags是怎么generated ?

in Makefile-rules

1. `FLAGSFILE = .flags`
2. `ASFLAGSFILE = as$(FLAGSFILE)`
3. `CCFLAGSFILE = cc$(FLAGSFILE)`
4. `ARFLAGSFILE = ar$(FLAGSFILE)`

generate `as.flags` , `cc.flags` and `ar.flags`

generated file	description
as.flags	用于gas
cc.flags	gcc options
ar.flags	传递给ar的obj file list

in Makefile-os

1. `ASFLAGSOPTION = @$(ASFLAGSFILE)`
2. `CCFLAGSOPTION = @$(CCFLAGSFILE)`
3. `ARFLAGSOPTION = @$(ARFLAGSPATH)$(ARFLAGSFILE)`

in Makefile-rules

```
1. %.o :    %.asm $(ASFLAGSFILE)
2.    @echo AS $<
3.    @$ (ARMASM) $(ASFLAGSOPTION) $< -o $$@
4.
5. %.o :    %.s $(ASFLAGSFILE)
6.    @echo AS $<
7.    @$ (ARMASM) $(ASFLAGSOPTION) $< -o $$@
8.
9. %.o :    %.c $(CCFLAGSFILE)
10.   @echo CC $<
11.   @$ (ARMCC) $(CCFLAGSOPTION) $< -o $$@
```

比如 `.c ==> .0`

1. gcc \$(CCFLAGSOPTION) \$< -o \$@
2. gcc @\$\$(CCFLAGSFILE) \$< -o \$@

```
1. %.o :    %.c $(CCFLAGSFILE)
2.          gcc @cc.flags $< -o $@
```

即当前目录下的.c文件使用本目录下的cc.flags文件中的compiler option来编译！

比如Os/freertos/cc.flags

```

1. -DOS_freertos -DNETSTACK_lwipv6 -DSTATUS_BMU_ISR_MODE -DSYSTEM_HE
AP_SIZE="(40*1024)" -DAPP_HEAP_SIZE="(4*1024)" -DSYSTEM_STACK_SIZE="(1600)"
-DAPP_STACK_SIZE="(0x5000)" -DSTATE_CHANGE_ACTION_U0=1 -DSTATE_CHANGE_
ACTION_03=2 -DSTATE_CHANGE_ACTION_05=2 -DSTATE_CHANGE_ACTION_30=1
-DSTATE_CHANGE_ACTION_50=1 -DNUM_ARP_OFFLOAD_ENTRIES=1 -DNUM_NS_OF
FLOAD_ENTRIES=2 -DNUM_WAKE_PATTERN_ENTRIES=32 -DNUM_IPV4_TCP_SYN_PATTERN_ENT
RIES=12 -DNUM_IPV6_TCP_SYN_PATTERN_ENTRIES=8 -DREPORT_WAKE_REASON=1 -DENABLE
_WAKE_ON_MAGIC_PACKET=1 -DENABLE_WAKE_ON_LINK_CONNECT=1 -DENABLE_WAKE_ON_LIN
K_DISCONNECT=1 -DENABLE_SECOND_FILTER_STAGE -DMRVL_BSD_SOCKETS_ENABLED -DTX_
ENABLE_FIQ_SUPPORT -DMV_OSNET_LAYER -DENABLE_IP_V6_SUPPORT -DLWIP_IPV6=1 -DE
NABLE_IGMP_SUPPORT -DARCH_6220 -DMODE_ -I../Os/freertos/include -I../O
s/freertos/portable/GCC/6220 -I../Hal/6220/src -I../Hal/inc -I../mi
sc -I../Sys/debug/ -I../Sys/debug/ -I../Sys/fifo/ -I../Sys/filte
r/ -I../Sys/filter/ -I../Sys/hostcmd/ -I../Sys/init/ -I../Sys/jt
ag/ -I../Sys/lan/ -I../Sys/memory/ -I../Sys/memory/ -I../Sys/mem
ory/ -I../Sys/memory/ -I../Sys/memory/ -I../Sys/memory/ -I../Sys
/memory/ -I../Sys/memory/ -I../Sys/memory/ -I../Sys/memory/ -I../
Sys/memory/ -I../Sys/memory/ -I../Sys/sdk/ -I../Sys/sdk/ -I../S
ys/sdk/ -I../Sys/socket/ -I../Sys/socket/ -I../Sys/system/ -I../
Sys/system/ -I../Sys/system/ -I../Sys/system/ -I../Sys/system/ -I..
../Sys/thread/ -I../Sys/thread/ -I../Sys/timer/ -I../Sys/timer/ -I
../Sys/time/ -I../Sys/time/ -I. -I../misc -O0 -mcpu=cortex-r4
-g -ftabstop=4 -DDEBUG=1 -Wunreachable-code -Winit-self -Wimplicit -Wfloat
-equal -Wshadow -Wall -Wextra -Wpadded -Wswitch-default -Wswitch-enum -O0
-Wno-unknown-pragmas -fno-builtin-memcpy -mlittle-endian -std=iso9899:1999 -
mno-unaligned-access -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections -MD -c -march=armv7
-r -mtune=cortex-r4 -mthumb -mthumb-interwork -DTHUMB_INTERWORK -c

```

## generate ar.flags

```
1. $(ARFLAGSFILE):    $(TL_ARFLAGS) $(SPLINT_LOGS) $(CLANG_LOGS)
2.    @$$(PRINTRELEASE) $(TARGETNAME)_$$$(VARIANTSTR)
3.    @echo creating $$
4.    @echo \
5.        $(patsubst %, $(VIADIR)/%/$@, $(filter $(filter-out $(IGNORESUBMODUL
6.        ES), $(ALLSUBMODULES)), $^)) \
7.        $(patsubst %.o, "$(CURDIR)"/%.o, $(filter $(ALLOBSJS), $^)) \
8.        > $$
9.    @$$(PRINTRELEASE) /$(TARGETNAME)_$$$(VARIANTSTR)
```

上面的 `> $$` 就是生成 `ar.flags`

## generate as.flags and cc.flags

```
1. $(ASFLAGSFILE):    $(DEPEND_MAKEFILES)
2.    @$$(PRINTRELEASE) $(TARGETNAME)_$$$(VARIANTSTR)
3.    @echo creating $(ASFLAGSFILE)
4.    @$$(PRINTCMD) AS flags: $(ASBINFLAGS)
5.    @echo $(ASBINFLAGS) > $(ASFLAGSFILE)
6.    @$$(PRINTRELEASE) /$(TARGETNAME)_$$$(VARIANTSTR)
7.
8. $(CCFLAGSFILE):    $(DEPEND_MAKEFILES)
9.    @$$(PRINTRELEASE) $(TARGETNAME)_$$$(VARIANTSTR)
10.   @echo creating $(CCFLAGSFILE)
11.   @$$(PRINTCMD) CC flags: $(CCBINFLAGS)
12.   @echo '$(CCBINFLAGS) $(CC_COMPILEONLY)' > $(CCFLAGSFILE)
13.   @$$(PRINTRELEASE) /$(TARGETNAME)_$$$(VARIANTSTR)
```

`echo $(ASBINFLAGS) > as.flag`  
`echo $(CCBINFLAGS) $(CC_COMPILEONLY)' > cc.flags`

## in Makefile-rules

```
1. #####
2. ###
3. # set up default ASBINFLAGS & CCBINFLAGS if not set
4. #####
5. ###
6. ifndef ASBINFLAGS
7. ASBINFLAGS = $(ASM_FLAGS)
8. endif # ASBINFLAGS
9.
10. ifndef CCBINFLAGS
11. CCBINFLAGS = $(CC_FLAGS)
12. endif # CCBINFLAGS
```

这是默认的设置

## in Makefile-rules

```

1. #####
2. ###
3. # setup default asm & cc flags
4. #####
5. ###
6. ASM_COMMON += \
7.     $(ASM_DEBUG) \
8.     $(ENDIAN_AS_PARAM) \
9.     $(CPUTYPE) # default ASM flags for all cpu modes
10.
11. ASM_FLAGS = \
12.     $(ASM_COMMON) -march=armv7-r # default ASM flags for auto
13.     cpu mode
14.
15. ASM_FLAGS_NORMAL_FORCED = \
16.     $(ASM_NORMALMODE) \
17.     $(ASM_COMMON) # default ASM flags for normal cpu mode
18.
19. ASM_FLAGS_THUMB_FORCED = \
20.     $(ASM_THUMBMODE) \
21.     $(ASM_COMMON) # default ASM flags for thumb cpu mode
22.
23. CC_FLAGS += \ASBINFLAGS
24.     $(CC_DFLAGS) \
25.     $(CC_IFLAGS) \
26.     $(CC_OFLAGS) \
27.     $(CPUTYPE) \
28.     $(CC_DEBUG) \
29.     $(ENDIAN_CC_PARAM) \
30.     $(CC_CMODE) \
31.     $(CC_AUTODEP) \
32.     $(CC_COMPILEONLY) \
33.     -march=armv7-r -mtune=cortex-r4

```

CC\_DFLAGS ==> -DXXX, define MACRO

CC\_IFLAGS ==> -IXXX, include header file directory

CC\_OFLAGS ==> -OX, OPTIMIZATION

CPUTYPE

in Makefile-os

```

1. CPUTYPE = -mcpu=$(TARGETCPU)

```

CC\_DEBUG ==> debug, control debug level in Makefile-os

ENDIAN\_CC\_PARAM ==> ENDIAN\_CC\_PARAM = -mlittle-endian in Makefile-os

CC\_CMODE ==> c compiler's other options

```

1.      # empty for compiler defaults
2.      C_MODE      ?=  c99
3.
4.      ifeq ($(C_MODE), ansi)
5.          CC_CMODE      =  -ansi
6.      else ifeq ($(C_MODE), c90)
7.          CC_CMODE      =  -std=iso9899:1990
8.      else ifeq ($(C_MODE), c99)
9.          CC_CMODE      =  -std=iso9899:1999
10.     else ifeq ($(C_MODE), c11)
11.         CC_CMODE      =  -std=iso9899:2011
12.     else
13.         # proceed with compiler default settings
14.         CC_CMODE      =
15.     endif
16.
17.     # extend c mode
18.     # CC_CMODE      +=  --param case-values-threshold=9999
19.     CC_CMODE      +=  -mno-unaligned-access
20.
21.     CC_CMODE      +=  -ffunction-sections -fdata-sections

```

CC\_AUTODEP = -MD

"used to generate a dependency output file"

CC\_COMPILEONLY = -c

只是生成.o文件

Makefile.rules中的macro很多在Makefile-os中定义，所以Makefile.os用于定制化

Makefile.rules

而各个source directory中的Makefile-cfg则用于定制特定与该目录的code generating.

for example

in r4-freertos/Hal/6220/src/Makefile

```

1.      # set the relative path to the project root dir
2.      PROJECTDIR  :=  ../../..
3.
4.      # include global project config
5.      include $(PROJECTDIR)/Makefile-cfg ①
6.
7.      # include local module project config
8.      include $(PROJECTDIR)/Hal/$(ARCH)/Makefile-cfg ②
9.
10.     # include the global rule set
11.     include $(PROJECTDIR)/Makefile-rules ③

```

①

Global cfg

②

使用local cfg中的macros setting修改global cfg中的setting

③

build rules中用到的macros就是上面①②中的macros.

---

Makefile.rules include Makefile-os

即修改Makefile-os中的macros就可以customize Makefile.rules

---

## 那些source文件会被编译?

in Makefile-rules

```
1. #####
2. ###
3. # set up default SRC_C, SRC_ASM & SRC_S if not set
4. #####
5. ###
6. ifndef SRC_C
7. SRC_C = $(wildcard *.c)
8. endif # SRC_C
9.
10. ifndef SRC_ASM
11. SRC_ASM = $(wildcard *$(TOOLTYPE).asm)
12. endif # SRC_ASM
13.
14. ifndef SRC_S
15. SRC_S = $(wildcard *$(TOOLTYPE).s)
16. endif # SRC_S
```

即如果没有指定SRC\_C macro,则compile当前目录下所有.c file

```
1. #####
2. ###
3. # set up default OBJ_C, OBJ_ASM & OBJ_S if not set
4. #####
5. ###
6. ifndef OBJ_C
7. OBJ_C = $(sort $(SRC_C:.c=.o))
8. endif # OBJ_C
9.
10. ifndef OBJ_ASM
11. OBJ_ASM = $(sort $(SRC_ASM:.asm=.o))
12. endif # OBJ_ASM
13.
14. ifndef OBJ_S
15. OBJ_S = $(sort $(SRC_S:.s=.o))
16. endif # OBJ_S
```

```

1. #####
   ###
2. # set up default ALLOBS if not set
3. #####
   ###
4. ifndef ALLOBS
5. ALLOBS = $(OBJ_ASM) $(OBJ_S) $(OBJ_C)
6. endif # ALLOBS

```

这样在对应的source directory下的Makefile有2种情况

1. 不指定 `SRC_C` macro  
for example

in Hal/6220/88pa6220/a0/config/Makefile

```

1. # set the relative path to the project root dir
2. PROJECTDIR := ../../../../..
3.
4. # include global project config
5. include $(PROJECTDIR)/Makefile-cfg
6.
7. # include local module project config
8. include $(PROJECTDIR)/Hal/$(ARCH)/Makefile-cfg
9.
10. # include the global rule set
11. include $(PROJECTDIR)/Makefile-rules

```

没有指定 `SRC_C` macro , 所以该目录下的all .c files都编译成了.o files

1. 在Makefile中指定 `SRC_C` macro

for example

in Hal/6220/cpu/cortex\_r4-r1p3/src

```

1. # set the relative path to the project root dir
2. PROJECTDIR := ../../../../..
3.
4. # include global project config
5. include $(PROJECTDIR)/Makefile-cfg
6.
7. # include local module project config
8. include $(PROJECTDIR)/Hal/$(ARCH)/Makefile-cfg
9.
10. # include the global rule set
11. include $(PROJECTDIR)/Makefile-rules
12.
13. SRC_C = \
14.     cortex_r4.o

```

////////////////////////////////////