在kernel中要访问i2c adapter,必须知道该adapter被赋值的编号。

- 1. struct i2c\_adapter \*i2c\_get\_adapter(int nr) 这里的nr就是编号
- 2. 由step 1获得i2c\_adapter object int i2c\_transfer(struct i2c\_adapter \*adap, struct i2c\_msg \*msgs, int num) i2c\_transfer()支持多个i2c message的操作
- 3. void i2c\_put\_adapter(struct i2c\_adapter \*adap) release该adaptor

所以这里的关键是知道对应i2c adaptor的编号!

in i2c-pxa.c/i2c\_pxa\_probe()

```
/* Default adapter num to device id; i2c_pxa_probe_dt can override. */
i2c->adap.nr = dev->id;
ret = i2c_pxa_probe_dt(dev, i2c, &i2c_type);
```

## 即初始由dev->id设定,但可以由i2c\_pxa\_probe\_dt()改写

```
1.
      static int i2c_pxa_probe_dt(struct platform_device *pdev, struct pxa_i2c *i2c,
 2.
                                   enum pxa_i2c_types *i2c_types)
 3.
              struct device_node *np = pdev->dev.of_node;
 4.
 5.
              const struct of_device_id *of_id =
6.
                               of match device(i2c pxa dt ids, &pdev->dev);
 7.
8.
              if (!of_id)
9.
                       return 1;
10.
11.
              /* For device tree we always use the dynamic or alias-assigned ID */
12.
              i2c->adap.nr = -1;
13.
14.
              if (of_get_property(np, "mrvl,i2c-polling", NULL))
15.
                       i2c->use pio = 1;
              if (of_get_property(np, "mrvl,i2c-fast-mode", NULL))
16.
                       i2c->fast_mode = 1;
17.
18.
              *i2c_types = (u32)(of_id->data);
19.
              return 0;
20.
```

```
1. ret = i2c_add_numbered_adapter(&i2c->adap);
```

```
int i2c_add_adapter(struct i2c_adapter *adapter)
 1.
 2.
      {
 3.
              struct device *dev = &adapter->dev;
              int id;
 4.
 5.
              if (dev->of_node) {
6.
                       id = of_alias_get_id(dev->of_node, "i2c");
                       if (id >= 0) {
8.
9.
                               adapter->nr = id;
10.
                               return __i2c_add_numbered_adapter(adapter);
11.
                       }
12.
              }
13.
              mutex_lock(&core_lock);
14.
              id = idr_alloc(&i2c_adapter_idr, adapter,
15.
                               __i2c_first_dynamic_bus_num, 0, GFP_KERNEL);
16.
17.
              mutex_unlock(&core_lock);
18.
              if (id < 0)
19.
                       return id;
20.
21.
              adapter->nr = id;
22.
23.
              return i2c_register_adapter(adapter);
24.
      }
```

```
1.
               aliases {
                       ethernet0 = "/stmmac@d0700000";
 3.
4.
                       serial0 = "/uart@d4030000";
 6.
                       serial1 = "/uart@d4017000";
8.
                       serial2 = "/uart@d4018000";
9.
10.
11.
                       serial3 = "/uart@d4016000";
12.
13.
                       i2c0 = "/i2c@d4011000";
14.
                       i2c1 = "/i2c@d4031000";
15.
16.
                       i2c2 = "/i2c@d4032000";
17.
18.
19.
                       i2c3 = "/i2c@d4033000";
20.
21.
                       i2c4 = "/i2c@d4033800";
22.
                       i2c5 = "/i2c@d4034000";
23.
24.
25.
                       spi0 = "/ssp@0xd4035000";
26.
                       spi1 = "/ssp@0xd4036000";
27.
28.
29.
              };
```

所以在Gemstone2上注册了6个I2C adapter , 其编号分别为0,1,2,3,4,5。