

step 1

向R4发送的command / value pair.

```
1.     send_low_power_cmd(e_lpp_sys_sleep_level,    (void*)e_lpp_sleep_level_deep,0,true,1);
2.     // reset mailbox AFTER R4 sync resp
3.     send_low_power_cmd(e_lpp_sys_initialize,      (void*)0xFFFFFFFF,0,false,1)
4.     ;
5.     send_low_power_cmd(e_lpp_sys_initialize,      (void*)LOWPOWER_COMMAND_DATA_CODE,0,false,1);
6.     send_low_power_cmd(e_lpp_sys_power_service,  (void*)lpi.lpp[e_lpp_level_deep].service,0,false,0);
7.     send_low_power_cmd(e_lpp_sys_power_wfi,      (void*)lpi.lpp[e_lpp_level_deep].wfi,0,false,0);
8.     send_low_power_cmd(e_lpp_sys_power_global,   (void*)lpi.lpp[e_lpp_level_deep].global,0,false,0);
9.     send_low_power_cmd(e_lpp_sys_ddr_mc_flags,    (void*)lpi.lpp[e_lpp_level_deep].mc,0,false,0);
10.    send_low_power_cmd(e_lpp_sys_avs,             (void*)lpi.lpp[e_lpp_level_deep].avs,0,false,0);
11.
12.    // send any commands queue for options/overrides
13.    send_low_power_cmd_q(NULL);
14.
15.    // send AP sync to activate LPP LP mode, it will now monitor system, looking to engage shutdowns..
16.    send_low_power_cmd(e_lpp_sys_sleep_level,      (void*)e_lpp_sleep_level_deep_rdy,0,false,1);
```

step 2

in asic_pwr_ipc.c/recv_callback()

```
1.     case e_lpp_sys_sleep_level:
2.         .....
3.         else if ((u32 == e_lpp_sleep_level_deep))
4.         {
5.             tx_event_flags_set(&pwr_ipc_event_flags, PWR_IPC_EVENT_SLEEP_DEEP, TX_OR);
6.         }
```

step 3

in pwr_mgr_ipc()

```

1.         if (set_flags & PWR_IPC_EVENT_SLEEP_DEEP)
2.         {
3.             ①      sleep_level = e_lpp_sleep_level_deep;
4.                 pwr_mgr_set_enable_pwr_mgmt(true);          // this allows us to rec
over from IOWake (IPC mgs)
5.                 // make sure we are awake from any possible 'suspend mode'
6.                 pwr_mgr_go_active_wait(PWRMGR_UID_FULL_WAKE);
7.             ②      tx_event_flags_set(&pwr_ipc_event_flags,PWR_IPC_EVENT_TRANSITION_
WAKE,TX_OR); // flag that we need to send a response when we wake up...
8.
9.                 pwr_mgr_set_module_pwr_level(PWRMGR_DRV_NAME_IPC, pwr_mgr_lowest
_power_e);          // transfer control to LP module
10.                pwr_mgr_set_module_pwr_level(PWRMGR_DRV_NAME_ASIC, pwr_mgr_lowes
t_power_e);          // transfer control to LP module
11.                pwr_mgr_set_module_pwr_level(PWRMGR_DRV_NAME_INTERRUPT, pwr_mgr_
lowest_power_e);    // transfer control to LP module
12.                pwr_mgr_set_module_pwr_level(PWRMGR_DRV_NAME_WDTIMER, pwr_mgr_lo
west_power_e);      // transfer control to LP module
13.                pwr_mgr_set_module_pwr_level(PWRMGR_DRV_NAME_WTM, pwr_mgr_off_e)
;                  // transfer control to LP module
14.                asic_pwr_set_cmd(e_lpp_sys_initialize,cmd_lpp_sys_initialize);
15.                pwr_mgr_go_low_power(true);
16.            }

```

②
???

step 4

```

1.  pwr_mgr_set_module_pwr_level(PWRMGR_DRV_NAME_IPC, pwr_mgr_lowest_power_e);
    // transfer control to LP module
2.  pwr_mgr_set_module_pwr_level(PWRMGR_DRV_NAME_ASIC, pwr_mgr_lowest_power_e);
    // transfer control to LP module
3.  pwr_mgr_set_module_pwr_level(PWRMGR_DRV_NAME_INTERRUPT, pwr_mgr_lowest_power
_e);    // transfer control to LP module
4.  pwr_mgr_set_module_pwr_level(PWRMGR_DRV_NAME_WDTIMER, pwr_mgr_lowest_power_e
);      // transfer control to LP module
5.  pwr_mgr_set_module_pwr_level(PWRMGR_DRV_NAME_WTM, pwr_mgr_off_e);          /
/ transfer control to LP module
6.  asic_pwr_set_cmd(e_lpp_sys_initialize,cmd_lpp_sys_initialize);
7.  pwr_mgr_go_low_power(true);

```

step 5

```

pwr_mgr_go_low_power(true);

```

```

1. void pwr_mgr_go_low_power(bool force)
2. {
3.     pwr_mgr_msg_t msg;
4.
5.     //DPRINTF(PWR_MGR_LOUD, ("PWR: %s\n", __FUNCTION__));
6.
7.     if (pwr_mgr_debug_off) dbg_printf_control(false, true);
8.     msg.msgType = MSG_PWR_MGR_POWER_DOWN;
9.     msg.param1 = force;
10.
11.     pwr_mgr_send_msg(&msg);
12. }

```

==> tx_queue_send(&pwr_mgr_queue, (void *)msg, TX_NO_WAIT);

step 6

in pwr_mgr()

```

1.     while (1)
2.     {
3.         tx_queue_receive (&pwr_mgr_queue, (uint32_t *)&msg, TX_WAIT_FOREVER)
4.         ;
5.
6.         state = pwr_mgr_state;
7.
8.         ASSERT((uint32_t)state < pwr_mgr_initializing_e);
9.         ASSERT((msg.msgType >= MSG_PWR_MGR_MSG_BASE) && (msg.msgType <= MSG_
10. PWR_MGR_MSG_END));
11.
12.         // given the STATE we are in, and MSG we received, call proper handl
13. er
14.         PFN_HANDLER pfn = pwrmgr_handler[state][PWRMGR_MSG_INDEX(msg.msgType
15. )].pfn;
16.         if (pwr_mgr_slog_on ) PWR_MGR_SLOG("PWRMGR: msg: %s\n", pwr_mgr_ms
17. g_name[PWRMGR_MSG_INDEX(msg.msgType)]);
18.         DPRINTF(PWR_MGR_DEBUG, ("PWR: %s @ %s\n", pwr_mgr_msg_name[PWRMGR_MSG
19. _INDEX(msg.msgType)], pwr_mgr_state_name[state]));
20.         if (pfn)
21.         {
22.             pfn(&msg);
23.         }
24.     }

```

```

PFN_HANDLER pfn = pwrmgr_handler[state]
[PWRMGR_MSG_INDEX(msg.msgType)].pfn;
state = pwr_mgr_ready_e
msg.msgType = MSG_PWR_MGR_POWER_DOWN

```

```

pwrmgr_handler[pwr_mgr_ready_e][MSG_PWR_MGR_POWER_DOWN] =
pwr_mgr_ready_powerdown

```

==>

pwr_mgr_ready_powerdown(&msg)

step 7

in pwr_mgr.c/pwr_mgr_ready_powerdown()

```
1.  /**
2.   *
3.   * pwr_mgr_ready_powerdown - handle POWERDOWN in state ready
4.   *
5.   * @param state
6.   * @param msg
7.   */
8.  static void pwr_mgr_ready_powerdown(pwr_mgr_msg_t *msg)
9.  {
10.     uint32_t force = msg->param1;
11.
12.     // If the "force" parameter is set, then the power down
13.     // transition must occur - ignore if power manager is
14.     // enabled or if the system is online. Force power down
15.     // typically comes from soft power switch press.
16.     if ((pwr_mgr_enabled == true) || force)
17.     {
18.         DPRINTF(PWR_MGR_SOFT, ("PWR: Got power down message! Online: %d\n",
19. pwr_mgr_sys_status_online));
20.         if (force)
21.         {
22.             // ignore/erase IOwake controls on force sleep
23.             pwr_mgr_io_up_extension_ticks=0;
24.             pwr_mgr_io_up_until_ticks=0;
25.         }
26.         if ((pwr_mgr_sys_status_online == true) || force)
27.         {
28.             // Only power down if fully "awake". Don't try to
29.             // change power levels if transitioning to wake, or
30.             // are already awake.
31.             if ((!ATIsListEmpty(&active_list)) && !force) ①
32.             {
33.                 DPRINTF(PWR_MGR_DEBUG, ("PWR: Skip power down message! Activ
34. e\n"));
35.                 return;
36.             }
37.             // if timer was running, stop it now
38.             pwr_mgr_cancel_idle_timer();
39.             pwr_mgr_change_power_level(pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_down_e,true); ②
40.         }
41.     }
42. }
```

①

由于这里force = true，所以无论active_list空与非空，都会运行②


```

1.  /**
2.   * pwr_mgr_change_power_level
3.   *
4.   * @param cmd - either power up, or power down
5.   * @param start - true if need to initialize starting priority.
6.   *
7.   * @return bool - true is successful, false on any error.  TBD -
8.   *               never fails now!!!
9.   */
10. static bool pwr_mgr_change_power_level(pwr_mgr_cmd_t cmd, bool start)
11. {
12.     bool pending;
13.     static pwr_mgr_pri_t priority=pwr_mgr_pri_start;
14.     static pwr_mgr_state_t pwr_mgr_rollback_state = pwr_mgr_transition_to_re
ady_e;
15.
16.     // if start, we will pick which end of priority list to start at.
17.     if (start)                                (A)
18.     {
19.         // set some defaults
20.         pwr_mgr_abort_powerdown=0;            (B)
21.         pwr_mgr_rollback_state = pwr_mgr_transition_to_ready_e;
22.
23.         if (pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_up_e == cmd)
24.         {
25.             if (pwr_mgr_state == pwr_mgr_io_ready_e)
26.             {
27.                 // we have already sent IOs pwr_IOup_e, but situations they
could ignore
28.                 // so tell IOs again to wake, this time ALL will wake to rea
dy
29.                 // then wake rest of drivers
30.                 priority = pwr_mgr_pri_io_pwr_e;
31.                 pwr_mgr_set_state(pwr_mgr_transition_to_ready_e);
32.             }
33.             else
34.             {
35.                 priority = pwr_mgr_pri_system_1_e-1; //system drivers are a
lready up, start with next enum...
36.             }
37.         }
38.         else                                (C)
39.         {
40.             if (pwr_mgr_state == pwr_mgr_io_ready_e)
41.             {
42.                 // we have IO ready, now resleep, START at IO priority
43.                 priority = pwr_mgr_pri_io_low_e;
44.                 pwr_mgr_rollback_state = pwr_mgr_transition_to_io_ready_e;
45.             }
46.             else                                (D)
47.             {
48.                 priority=pwr_mgr_pri_lowest_e;
49.             }

```

```

50.         pwr_mgr_set_state(pwr_mgr_transition_to_low_power_e);      (E)
51.     }
52. }
53. // now loop on all priorities.
54. // If one priority has a pending driver completion, we will exit and wait
for the msg CONTINUE.
55. do
56. {
57.     if (pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_down_e == cmd)          (F)
58.     {
59.         pwr_mgr_check_for_abort();
60.     }
61.     // check for aborts at start of each priority level, we can unwind
the drivers...
62.     if (pwr_mgr_abort_powerdown)                (G)
63.     {
64.         if (pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_down_e == cmd)
65.         {
66.             // only handling aborts on - pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_down_e
67.             if (pwr_mgr_abort_powerdown == PWRMGR_UID_IO_WAKE)
68.             {
69.                 // ignore IOWake aborts, until we reach IO priorities
70.                 if (priority >= pwr_mgr_pri_io_low_e)
71.                 {
72.                     // either we failed in our callbacks, or IO wake came
in,
73.                     pwr_mgr_set_state(pwr_mgr_rollback_state);
74.                     cmd = pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_up_e;
75.                     priority--;
76.                     pwr_mgr_abort_powerdown = 0;
77.                     pwr_mgr_go_active_nowait(PWRMGR_UID_IO_WAKE_SET_MS(1
0)); // give a short IO wake, retry.
78.                 }
79.             }
80.             else
81.             {
82.                 // either we have a job or request for full wake
83.                 pwr_mgr_set_state(pwr_mgr_transition_to_ready_e);
84.                 cmd = pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_up_e;
85.                 priority--;
86.                 pwr_mgr_abort_powerdown = 0;
87.             }
88.         }
89.         else
90.         {
91.             ASSERT(0);
92.         }
93.     }
94.     if ((priority == pwr_mgr_pri_start) || (priority == pwr_mgr_pri_sys
em_1_e))    (H)
95.     {
96.         // detected the completion of the power transition, send respect
ive msg
97.         pwr_mgr_msg_t msg;

```

```

98.         if (pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_up_e == cmd)
99.         {
100.             msg.msgType = MSG_PWR_MGR_WAKE_READY;
101.             msg.param1 = 0;
102.         } else
103.         {
104.             msg.msgType = MSG_PWR_MGR_DOWN_READY;
105.             msg.param1 = PWR_MGR_DOWN_READY_PHASE_1;
106.         }
107.         pwr_mgr_send_msg(&msg);
108.         break;
109.     }
110.     if ((priority == pwr_mgr_pri_io_low_e-1) &&          (I)
111.         ((pwr_mgr_state == pwr_mgr_transition_to_io_ready_e) || (pwr_mgr_s
112. tate == pwr_mgr_transition_to_io_ready_continue_e)))
113.     {
114.         // detected the completion of the power IO ready transition, sen
115. d respective msg
116.         pwr_mgr_msg_t msg;
117.         ASSERT (pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_up_e == cmd);
118.         msg.msgType = MSG_PWR_MGR_WAKE_READY;
119.         msg.param1 = 0;
120.         pwr_mgr_send_msg(&msg);
121.         break;
122.     }
123.     pending = pwr_mgr_exec_callbacks(cmd, priority);      (J)
124.     if (pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_up_e == cmd)
125.     {
126.         priority -= 1;
127.     } else          (K)
128.     {
129.         priority += 1;          (L)
130.         // if we have reached IO, rollbacks will attempt to stay at IO..
131. (unless full wake is required)
132.         if (priority == pwr_mgr_pri_io_low_e)
133.         {
134.             pwr_mgr_rollback_state = pwr_mgr_transition_to_io_ready_e;
135.         }
136.     }
137. } while (!pending);
138. return true;
139. }

```

(A)

start = true

(B)

make global variable pwr_mgr_abort_powerdown = 0

在pwr_mgr_exec_callbacks()中调用各个driver的callback，如果return fail，则会设置该global variable

in pwr_mgr_exec_callbacks()


```

1. success = p_node->function(level, send_cmd);
2. if (!success)
3. {
4.     // any ONE driver fails, means set global and deal with it at completion
    of this priority...
5.     DPRINTF( PWR_MGR_DEBUG, ("PWR %s: ABORTED callback %s with priority %d, l
    evel %d\n", (cmd == pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_up_e)? "up": "down", p_node->name, p_node->
    priority, p_node->level));
6.     pwr_mgr_abort_powerdown = (priority >= pwr_mgr_pri_io_low_e)?PWRMGR_UID_
    IO_WAKE:PWRMGR_UID_FULL_WAKE;
7. }

```

(C)

cmd = pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_down_e , so branch here

(D)

pwr_mgr_state = pwr_mgr_ready_e, so branch here.

因为是system由ready到low power down , 所以通知driver的次序是从最低优先级到最高优先级。

(E)

pwr_mgr_state = pwr_mgr_transition_to_low_power_e;

pwr_mgr_state用于追踪system当前state。正在向low_power state过渡。(调用各个driver的callback期间被定义为过渡状态)

(F)

这里已经进入按照优先级调用各个driver的callback,有可能callback return fail , 所以在这里要检查是否abort进入low power的过程

(G)

有driver的低 power callback返回失败 , 就是表示该driver现在不能进入low power , 这里是该情况的处理。

(H)

不是太明白???

(I)

pwr_mgr_state = pwr_mgr_pri_io_pwr_e, (E)处设置 , 所以if的条件不满足

(J)

按priority由低到高依次调用注册的driver的低 power callback.

(K)(L)

因为是ready to low power , 所以调用次序是由低到高

driver通过pwr_mgr_reg_callback()来注册low power的callback。

```

uint32_t pwr_mgr_reg_callback(char *name, pfn_pwr_mgr_change_callback_t function,
pwr_mgr_pri_t priority)

```

for example

```

pwr_mgr_id = pwr_mgr_reg_callback(PWR_MGR_MY_NAME, audio_power_save,

```

```
PWRMGR_AUDIO_PRIORITY);
pwr_mgr_cpu_event = pwr_mgr_reg_callback("CPU", cpu_low_pwr_mode,
pwr_mgr_pri_high_e);
pwr_mgr_id = pwr_mgr_reg_callback(PWR_MGR_MY_NAME, gpio_power_save,
PWRMGR_GPIO_PRIORITY);
```

step 8

在pwr_mgr_reg_callback()中priority应该到pwr_mgr_pri_asic_e为止啊！？
那么最后被调用的应该是asic_power_save()

```
pwr_mgr_reg_callback(PWR_MGR_MY_NAME, asic_power_save,
PWRMGR_ASIC_PRIORITY);
```

in ccsgit/r4/common/asic/88pa6220/lowpower/src/asic_pwr_drv.c

```
1.  bool asic_power_save(pwr_mgr_level_t target_level, pwr_mgr_cmd_t cmd)
2.  {
3.      // given the pwr STATE we are in (pwr_our_level), and new target level w
e received, call proper handler
4.      PFN_HANDLER pfn = pwr_handler[pwr_our_level][target_level].pfn;
5.      DPRINTF(PWR_DBG_LVL, ("%s: @ <%s> ->> <%s>\n", __FUNCTION__, pwr_mgr_get_p
wr_level_name(pwr_our_level), pwr_mgr_get_pwr_level_name(target_level)));
6.      if (pfn)
7.      {
8.          return pfn(pwr_our_level, target_level, cmd);
9.      }
10.     return true;
11. }
```

```
pfn(pwr_our_level, target_level, cmd)
```

调用的应该是

```
pwr_on2lowest(pwr_mgr_on_e, pwr_mgr_lowest_power_e,
pwr_mgr_cmd_pwr_down_e)
```

```

1. static bool pwr_on2lowest(pwr_mgr_level_t current_level, pwr_mgr_level_t tar
   get_level, pwr_mgr_cmd_t cmd)
2. {
3.     static uint32_t low2on = 0;
4.     uint32_t on2low = asic_pwr_time_get();
5.
6.     if (low2on && !asic_pwr_starting_session)
7.     {
8.         asic_pwr_add_sample(on2low, low2on);
9.     }
10.    asic_pwr_starting_session = false;
11.    ASIC_PWR_SLOG("asic %s entry\n", __FUNCTION__);
12.    asic_r4_to_lpp();
13.    low2on = asic_pwr_time_get();
14.    pwr_our_level = target_level;
15.    ASIC_PWR_SLOG("asic %s exit\n", __FUNCTION__);
16.    return true;
17. }

```

asic_r4_to_lpp();

ASIC在该function完成由r4-threadx向lpp的切换。