VE280 Lab2

Out: May 24, 2022; Due: 23:59, May 31, 2022

Ex1. Eratosthenes Sieve

Problem: Zed brags that he can immediately point out all prime numbers from a sequence of integers. You don't believe that so you are going to write a program to check. Given a sequence of integers within a certain range, you need to find out all the prime numbers without changing their order. Recall that a prime number is a natural number greater than 1 divisible only by itself and 1.

Requirement: To check if an integer is a prime, intuitively we can achieve that by dividing integers smaller than itself. However, there is a more efficient algorithm called <code>Eratosthenes Sieve</code>, and you are required to implement it for this exercise. The algorithm works as follows:

- 1. For all integers within a given range, mark them as prime
- 2. For 0 and 1, mark them as not prime
- 3. Find the next smallest integer i that is marked as prime
- 4. For all integers that can be divided by i, mark them as not prime
- 5. Repeat Steps 3-4 until no more i can be found in Step 3

After running the above algorithm, you have generated a lookup table. To check if a given integer is a prime, simply check that lookup table and see if it is marked as prime or not.

Input Format: The first line: an integer $n (1 \le n \le 20)$ that stands for the length of the sequence in the second line. The second line: $n = n \le 20$ that stands for the length of the sequence in the second line.

```
# sample
5
3 4 5 6 7
```

Output Format: All the primes in the original order.

```
# sample
3 5 7
```

Takeaway: In this exercise, we used more space to store the lookup table, but thanks to that we can solve the problem in less time. Time-space Tradeoff is very common when you try to solve problems and hope this exercise gives you a basic sense.

Tags: #array #time-complexity

Ex2. Which Building Will Be Destroyed?

Problem: Scientists have predicted an upcoming earthquake. You live in an square area full of buildings. The scientists say that how the earthquake destroys buildings will follow the following algorithm:

- 1. Equally divide the square into 4 smaller squares, and the right-upper part will all be destroyed.
- 2. For each of the remaining 3 smaller squares, also divide them into 4 smaller squares, and the right-upper part will be destroyed
- 3. Repeat until the square can no longer be divided

You need to write a program to calculate which buildings will be destroyed in order to save your own life.

Requirement: You will use simple recursion to solve this exercise. Recursion is to call the function itself inside the function body, as if the function has already been implemented. See Takeaway for some hints.

Input Format: An integer $n (1 \le n \le 10)$ that stands for a 2^n by 2^n square.

```
# sample
3
```

Output Format: A 2ⁿ by 2ⁿ square, where 0 indicates destroyed, 1 indicates safe.

Takeaway: We used simple recursion in this exercise. Many people think recursion is the first difficult concept when learning programming. However if you are familiar with the concept of procedural abstraction and specification comment, you can understand recursion easily by imagining the function as a black box with properly defined behavior, and calling the function inside itself is like using that black box in advance.

Tags: #abstraction #specification #recursion

Ex3. Strength Ranking

Problem: In a high school, all final exam grades have been released. The teachers want to rank the students according to their total score. If two students have the same total score, just keep the order the same as in the input. As a programming expert, can you help design a system that solves this problem elegantly?

Requirement: You are required to use a struct to store information for each soldier. Also, you are required to use qsort() in <cstdlib> to achieve sorting. Check http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/cstdlib/qsort/ on how to use that.

Input Format: The first line: an integer n = 10 that stands for the number of students. The following n = 10 lines: Name(string) ChineseScore(int) MathScore(int) EnglishScore(int). You can assume that there is no space in name and the length is less than 16.

```
# sample
3
Eren 9 10 3
Mikasa 10 9 8
Levi 11 10 8
```

Output Format: Students sorted in descending total score.

```
# sample
Levi 11 10 8
Mikasa 10 9 8
Eren 9 10 3
```

Tags: #function #struct #qsort #pointer

Files

- 2. *lab2_description.pdf*: description in pdf
- 3. *lab2_starter_files.zip*: starter files

Submission

Compress each .cpp file into a .tar/.zip file and submit to JOJ. Do not change the name of the .cpp file.

For example, when submitting ex1, your file name should be ex1.cpp. You should compress ex1.cpp into ex1.tar and submit ex1.tar to JOJ.