

暨南大学本科实验报告专用纸

课程名称 python 程序设计实验 成绩评定

实验项目名称 环境与 IDE 搭建 指导教师 林聪

实验项目编号 01 实验项目类型 实验地点

学生姓名 王志涛 学号 2021102259

学院 智能科学与工程 系 专业 人工智能

实验时间 2022 年 2 月 23 日 午 ~ 3 月 20 日 午

一、 实验目的

建立与测试 Python 程序的完整开发环境

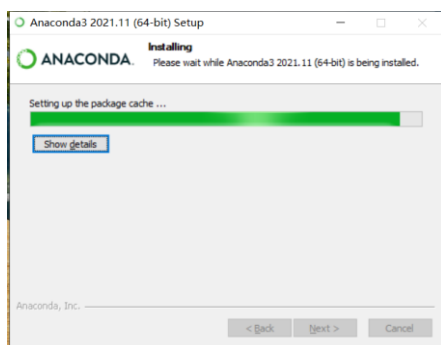
二、 实验原理

在 anaconda prompt 中可以实现对 anaconda 环境安装，删除，切换等操作。

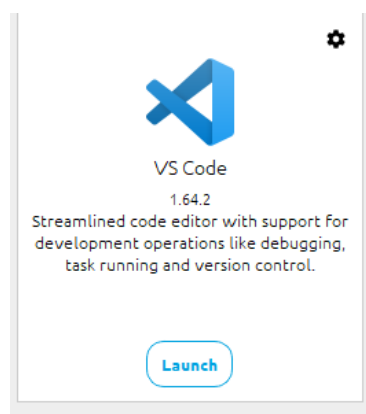
三、 实验过程

1. 安装 Anaconda 开发环境平台与 Python 解释器

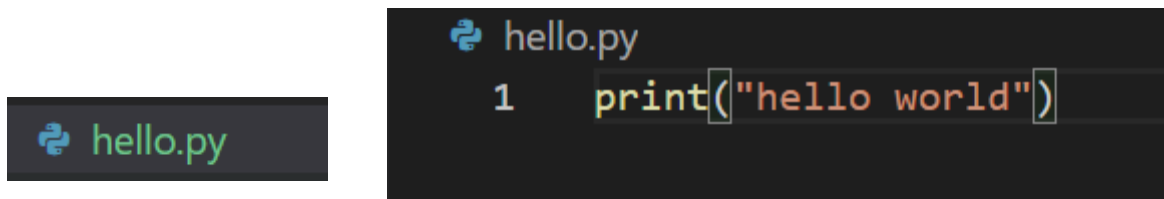
(1) 首先是安装 Anaconda 开发环境平台



(2) 安装 vs code 开发环境



(3) 测试简易程序，先创建一个文件，命名为 `hello.py`，然后输入代码运行



```
hello.py
1 print("hello world")
```

(4) 1. 在 Anaconda Prompt 中创建新的环境，输入 `conda create -name wangzhitao python=3.9` 安装，如果出现提醒 (y/n)，按 y 确定

出现这个便是安装成功

```
(base) C:\Users\86178>conda create --name wangzhitao python=3.9
WARNING: A directory already exists at the target location 'D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao'
but it is not a conda environment.
Continue creating environment (y/[n])?
```

```
done
#
# To activate this environment, use
#
#     $ conda activate wangzhitao
#
# To deactivate an active environment, use
#
#     $ conda deactivate
#
(base) C:\Users\86178>
```

2. 利用 “`conda env list`” 查看系统的全部环境

```
(base) C:\Users\86178>conda env list
# conda environments:
#
base                  * D:\Anaconda
wangzhitao            D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao

(base) C:\Users\86178>
```

输入 `conda activate wangzhitao` 来切换激活新环境

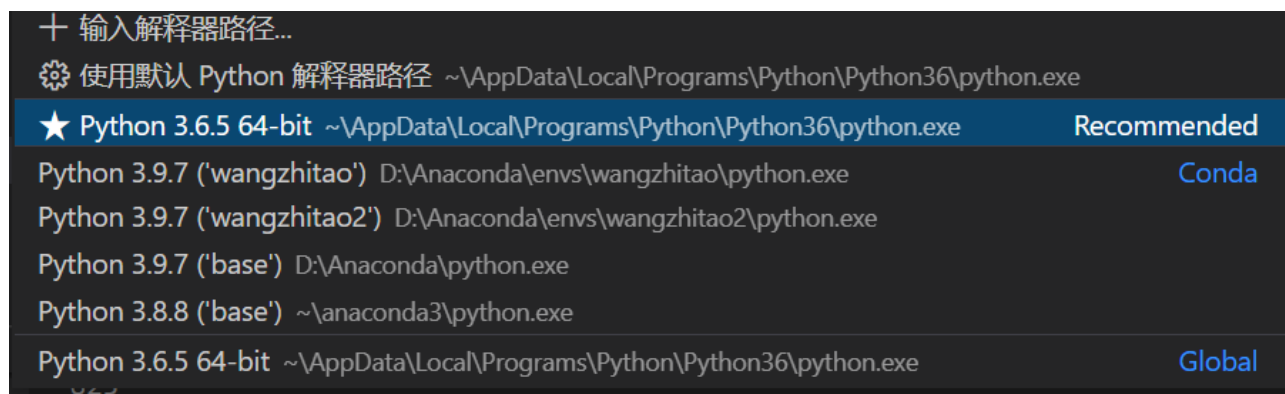
```
(base) C:\Users\86178>conda activate wangzhitao
(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>
```

3. 利用“conda info”显示该新环境下的 Python 版本和路径.

```
(base) C:\Users\86178>conda info

active environment : base
active env location : D:\Anaconda
shell level : 1
user config file : C:\Users\86178\.condarc
populated config files : C:\Users\86178\.condarc
conda version : 4.10.3
conda-build version : 3.21.6
python version : 3.9.7.final.0
virtual packages : __cuda=11.4=0
                  __win=0=0
                  __archspec=1=x86_64
base environment : D:\Anaconda (writable)
conda av data dir : D:\Anaconda\etc\conda
conda av metadata url : None
channel URLs : https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/main/win-64
               https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/main/noarch
               https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/r/win-64
               https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/r/noarch
               https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/msys2/win-64
               https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/msys2/noarch
package cache : D:\Anaconda\pkgs
                 C:\Users\86178\.conda\pkgs
                 C:\Users\86178\AppData\Local\conda\conda\pkgs
envs directories : D:\Anaconda\envs
                   C:\Users\86178\.conda\envs
                   C:\Users\86178\AppData\Local\conda\conda\envs
platform : win-64
user-agent : conda/4.10.3 requests/2.26.0 CPython/3.9.7 Windows/10 Windows/10.0.19042
administrator : False
netrc file : None
offline mode : False
```

然后进入 vs code 中按 CTRL+SHIFT+P, 在其中的 Python: Select Interpreter 中选择, 这么一看, 我有两个 base, python 版本有点多。



4. 在 Anaconda prompt 中输入 conda install keras 来安装第三方包 keras, 并通过输入 conda list keras 来查看版本

```
(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>conda install keras
Collecting package metadata (current_repodata.json): done
Solving environment: done

==> WARNING: A newer version of conda exists. <==
  current version: 4.11.0
  latest version: 4.12.0

Please update conda by running

    $ conda update -n base -c defaults conda

## Package Plan ##

  environment location: D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao

  added / updated specs:
    - keras

The following NEW packages will be INSTALLED:

  keras                pkgs/main/noarch::keras-2.6.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0

Proceed ([y]/n)? y
```

```
(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>conda list keras
# packages in environment at D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao:
#
# Name          Version           Build    Channel
keras           2.6.0             pyhd3eb1b0_0

(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>
```

在 Anaconda prompt 中输入 `pip install zfp` 来安装第三方包 `zfp`, 并通过输入 `conda list zfp` 来查看版本

```
(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>pip install zfp
Collecting zfp
  Using cached zfp-0.5.5-cp39-cp39-win_amd64.whl (125 kB)
Installing collected packages: zfp
Successfully installed zfp-0.5.5

(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>conda list zfp
# packages in environment at D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao:
#
# Name          Version           Build    Channel
zfp             0.5.5             pypi_0   pypi
```

5. 在 anaconda prompt 中输入 `conda list` 来列出环境中已经安装的包, 其

中刚安装的包在里面。

```
(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>conda list keras
# packages in environment at D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao:
#
# Name          Version          Build          Channel
keras           2.6.0            pyhd3eb1b0_0

(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>conda list
# packages in environment at D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao:
#
# Name          Version          Build          Channel
ca-certificates 2022.2.1         haa95532_0
certifi         2021.10.8        py39haa95532_2
keras           2.6.0            pyhd3eb1b0_0
openssl         1.1.1m           h2bbff1b_0
pip             21.2.4           py39haa95532_0
python          3.9.7            h6244533_1
setuptools      58.0.4           py39haa95532_0
sqlite          3.38.0           h2bbff1b_0
tzdata          2021e            hda174b7_0
vc              14.2             h21ff451_1
vs2015_runtime  14.27.29016      h5e58377_2
wheel           0.37.1           pyhd3eb1b0_0
wincertstore    0.2              py39haa95532_2
zfp             0.5.5            pypi_0         pypi
```

7. 在 anaconda prompt 中输入 `conda create -n wangzhitao2--clone wangzhitao` 来克隆环境

```
(base) C:\Users\86178>conda create -n wangzhitao2 --clone wangzhitao
```

8. 利用 “`conda list --explicit > env.txt`” 保存当前环境 并用 `conda env list` 来查看环境

```
(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>conda list --explicit>env.txt
(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>conda env list
# conda environments:
#
base                D:\Anaconda
wangzhitao          * D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao
wangzhitao2         D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao2
```

9. 输入 `conda deactivate` 退出该环境

```
(wangzhitao2) C:\Users\86178>conda deactivate
(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>
```

10. 输入 `conda remove -n wangzhitao2 --all` 来删除环境

```
(wangzhitao) C:\Users\86178>conda remove -n wangzhitao2 --all
Remove all packages in environment D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao2:

## Package Plan ##

  environment location: D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao2

The following packages will be REMOVED:

bzip2-1.0.8-he774522_0
ca-certificates-2022.2.1-haa95532_0
certifi-2020.6.20-pyhd3eb1b0_3
libffi-3.4.2-h604cdeb_1
openssl-1.1.1m-h2bbff1b_0
pip-21.2.4-py310haa95532_0
python-3.10.0-h96c0403_3
setuptools-58.0.4-py310haa95532_0
sqlite-3.37.2-h2bbff1b_0
tk-8.6.11-h2bbff1b_0
tzdata-2021e-hda174b7_0
vc-14.2-h21ff451_1
vs2015_runtime-14.27.29016-h5e58377_2
wheel-0.37.1-pyhd3eb1b0_0
wincertstore-0.2-py310haa95532_2
xz-5.2.5-h62dcd97_0
zlib-1.2.11-h8cc25b3_4

Proceed ([y]/n)? y
```

11. 利用“conda env create --file bio-env.txt”恢复该环境. 输入发现错误

```
(base) C:\Users\86178>conda env create --file bio-env.txt
EnvironmentFileNotFound: 'C:\Users\86178\bio-env.txt' file not found
```

输入 conda create -name wangzhitao2 -file env.txt 后恢复环境

```
(base) C:\Users\86178>conda create --name wangzhitao2 --file env.txt
WARNING: A directory already exists at the target location 'D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao2'
but it is not a conda environment.
Continue creating environment (y/[n])?
```

输入 conda env list 发现该环境正常恢复

```
(base) C:\Users\86178>conda env list
# conda environments:
#
base                * D:\Anaconda
wangzhitao          D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao
wangzhitao2         D:\Anaconda\envs\wangzhitao2
```

四、 实验结果

五、 在老师的指导和自己的琢磨下，实验得以顺利成功完成

六、 实验总结

初步熟悉了在 **anaconda prompt** 中进行一些环境上的操作，对 **python** 的了解更进一步。