

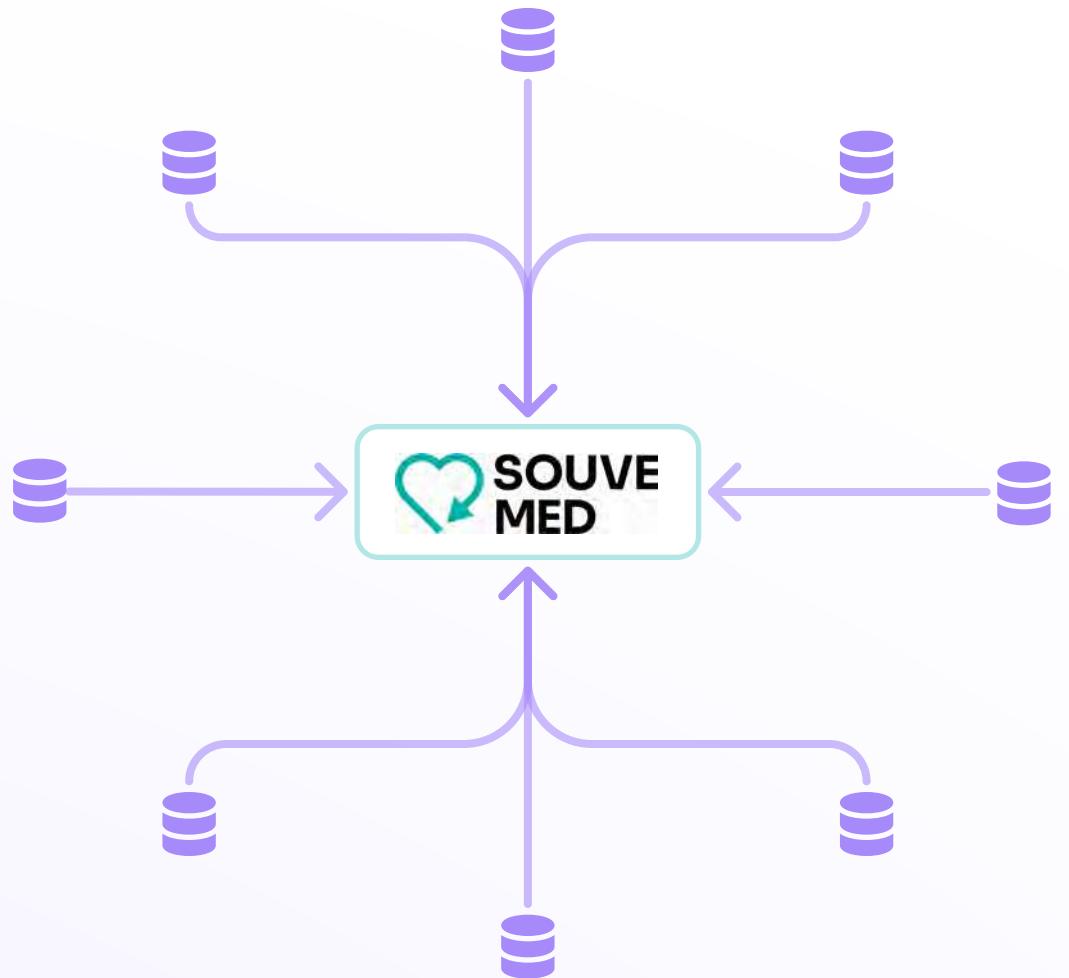
# **Transparency** of data processing within **data trustee** of sleep studies

presented by **Buwei Liao** ([buweiliao@gmail.com](mailto:buweiliao@gmail.com))

30/06/2023

# What is data trustee

1. Data trustee connects with different data silos, they are distributed among different clinics or labs originally.
2. Researchers can directly use the data prepared by the platform.
3. Great impact on digital innovation: big data analysis, machine learning, artificial intelligence.



# SouveMed



## a data trustee platform for sleep studies



# Urgency of sleep hygiene

- Sleep deprivation
- Sleep disorders
- Insomnia
- Sleep apnea
- Narcolepsy

**37%** of people between 20 and 39 years old reported short sleep duration

National Center For Biotechnology Information

**20%** of all car crash accidents and injuries are associated with sleepiness

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Sleep deprivation increases risk of obesity

Harvard School of Public Health

**35%** of Europeans struggles to get a full night's rest

STADA Health Report 2022

**4%** reported falling asleep or nodding off while driving in the last 30 days

CDC

**90 million** people in the U.S. have reported snoring problems

Yale Medicine

**1 billion** adults around the world experience obstructive sleep apnea.

National Library of Medicine

**13%** of men reported having obstructive sleep apnea.

National Library of Medicine

**50%** of insomnia cases result from anxiety, depression, or psychological stress.

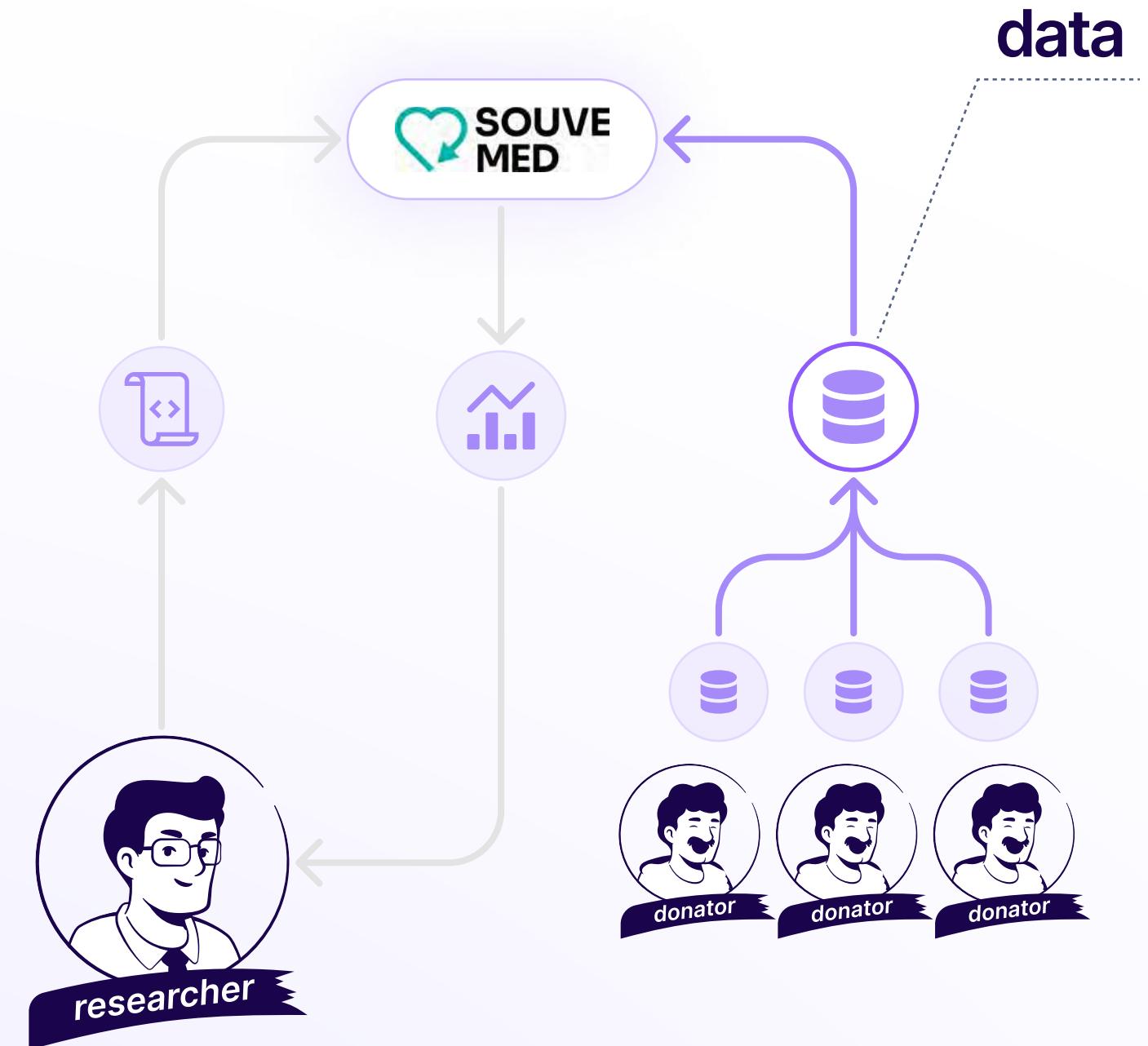
**90%** of obstructive sleep apnea cases go undiagnosed.

Yale Medicine

**60%** of Narcolepsy patients were misdiagnosed as obstructive sleep apnea or depression.

# How SouveMed works

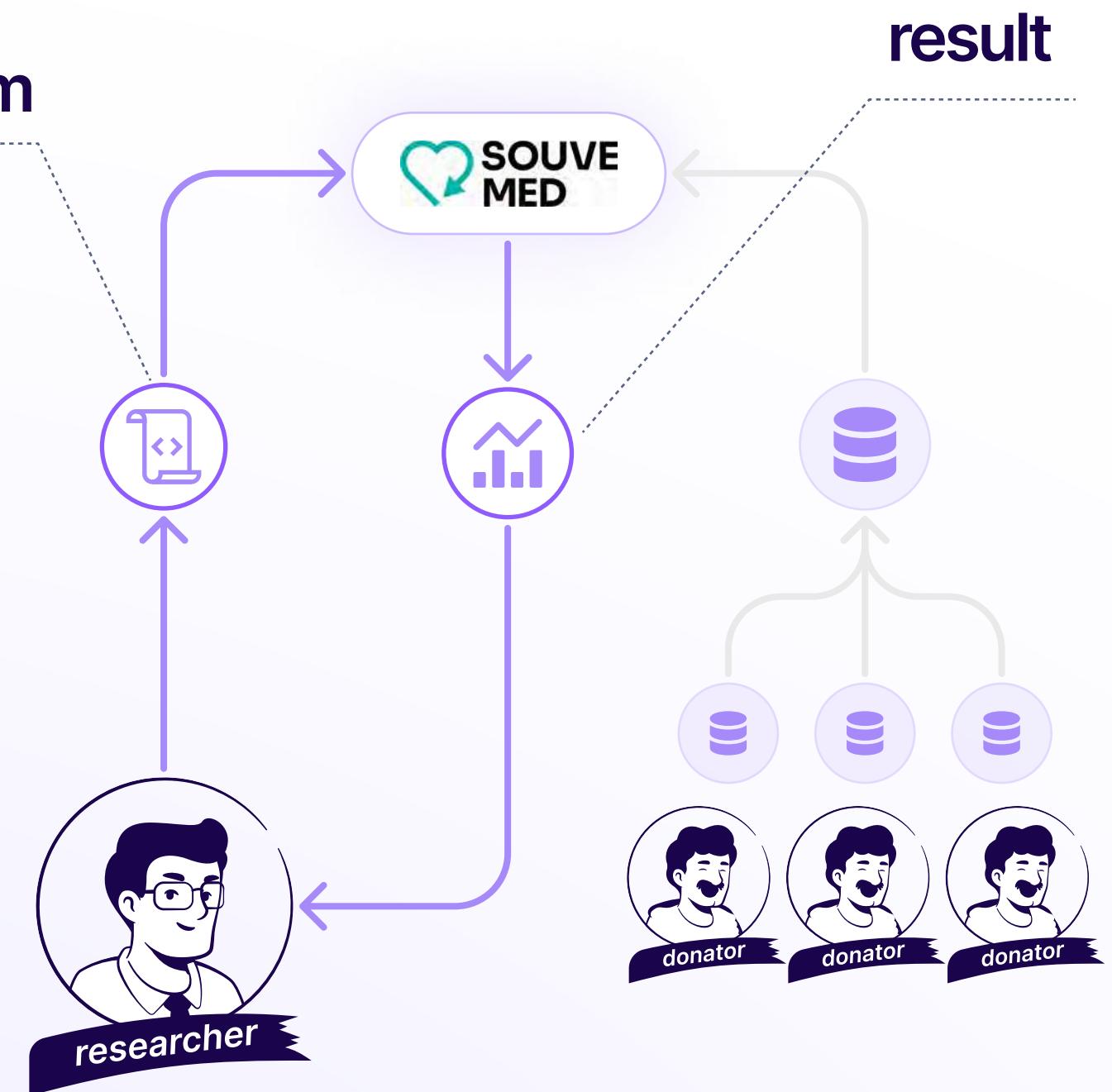
1. SouveMed build the data pipeline, and gathers required data from different clinics.
2. Researchers submit data analysis algorithm to the blackbox.
3. After the blackbox have finished the analysis, researchers will get the result.



# How SouveMed works

1. SouveMed build the data pipeline, and gathers required data from different clinics.
2. Researchers submit data analysis algorithm to the blackbox.
3. After the blackbox have finished the analysis, researchers will get the result.

algorithm



# Why transparency matters

## 1. GDPR, General Data Protection Regulation

- GDPR requires businesses to protect the personal data and privacy of EU citizens.

## 2. DGA, Data Governance Act

- DGA encourages data sharing through novel intermediaries.
- DGA will be officially applicable from September 2023.

## 3. BDSG, Federal Data Protection Act

- Governs the exposure of personal data in the national level.

BDSG

DGA

GDPR

GDPR → <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32016R0679>

DGA → <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32022R0868>

BDSG → [https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bdsg\\_2018/](https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bdsg_2018/)

# Research questions

1

## Authentic audit logs

Cyber attacks, internal attackers deter the authenticity of audit logs, making it unable to truly reflect data processing events on the platform.

So we need a technologically robust solution to ensure authenticity of audit logs.

2

## User requirements

Different stakeholders are connected to the data trustee platform. Each of them have their specific requirements for "transparency".

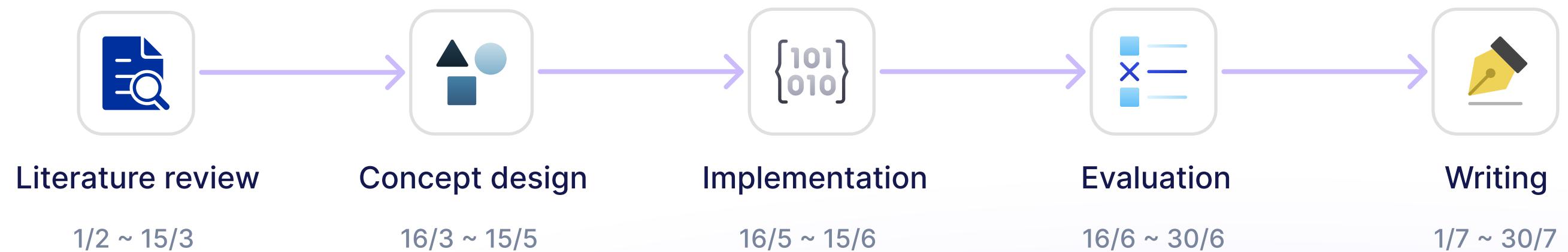
3

## Effectiveness of information disclosure

The more friendly the message is, the more efficient it is communicated to the user.

Log information is often cryptic for average users. It's crucial to convey these information in a user-friendly way.

# My overall schedule



# Literature review

## Search string

(log OR audit OR provenance OR transparen OR accountab OR repudia)  
AND  
(secur OR immutab OR tamper OR distribut OR forensic OR blockchain OR cryptograph)

## Literature filtering

### First round

title, keywords and abstract

Wiley Online Library:	78	→	4
IEEE Xplore:	60	→	28
ACM DL:	48	→	19
ResearchGate:	152	→	28
ScienceDirect:	69	→	15
Scopus:	319	→	44
Springer Link:	123	→	10

114 items in total after deduplication

### Second round

quality and subtopic of fulltext

- 
1. Systematic review → 8
  2. Hardware-based → 14
  3. Cryptography-based → 16
  4. Blockchain-based → 29
  5. 3rd party service → 1
  - Some connected papers → 11

# Taxonomy development

## Covered phases

Generation → Transmission → Storage

## Attacks

- truncation attack
- delayed detection attack
- reorder attack
- insertion attack
- modification attack

## Security measures

- forward secure
- data encryption
- secure log retrieval
- public verifiability

paper	scheme name	technical means		
			forward secure	data encryption
(Schneier & Kelsey, 1998)(Schneier & Kelsey, 1999)	/	cryptography	✗	✓
(Bellare & Yee, 1997)	/	cryptography ( one-way hash chain, evolving symmetric keys, MACs)	✓	✓
(Ma & Tsudik, 2009)	FssAgg	cryptography (forward-secure signatures and aggregate signatures )	✓	✗
(Holt, 2006)	Logcrypt	cryptography (identity-based encryption)	✓	✓
(Yavuz et al., 2012)	LogFAS		✓	✗
(Yavuz & Ning, 2009)	BAF	cryptography (blind aggregate forward)	✓	✓
(Yavuz et al., 2012)	Fi-BAF	cryptography (blind aggregate forward)	✓	✓
(Kampanakis & Yavuz, 2015)	BAFi	cryptography (blind aggregate forward)	✓	✓
(Hartung et al., 2017)	/	cryptography (fault-tolerant forward-secure sequential aggregate signature)	✓	✓
(Wang & Zheng, 2003)	/	hardware (WORM device)		
(Chong et al., 2003)	/	hardware (iButton) + cryptography	✗	✓
(Sinha et al., 2014)	/	hardware (TPM) + cryptography	✓	✓
(Karande et al., 2017)	SGX-Log	hardware (Intel SGX) + cryptography	✓	✓
(Shepherd et al., 2017)	EmLog	hardware (TEE) + cryptography	✓	✓
(Accorsi, 2011)	BBox	hardware (TPM) + cryptography (symmetric keys)		
(Zawoad et al., 2013)	SecLaaS	third party service (cloud function) + cryptography		✓
(Snodgrass et al., 2004)	/	third party service (notary service) + cryptography		
(Cucurull & Puiggalí, 2016)	/	cryptography (MAC hash chain) + blockchain (store hash value of checkpoint)	✓	✓

# State of the art

## 1st generation

(1998 ~ 2009)

Focus on security of logs stored on local logging server.

Based on cryptographic method to construct a robust hash chain, but unable to avoid **single point of failure**.

(Schneier & Kelsey, 1998) (Schneier & Kelsey, 1999) (Bellare & Yee, 1997) (Ma & Tsudik, 2009)

## 2nd generation

(2009 ~ 2015)

Combines cryptography and **secure hardware** such as Intel SGX, TPM, or TEE together to make the entire logging system more robust.

(Sinha et al., 2014) (Karande et al., 2017) (Chong et al., 2003) (Karande et al., 2017)

## 3rd generation

(2015 ~ 2022)

The recent mainstream solutions have achieved **immutability** with the help of Blockchain and smart contract. But most of them focus only on technology and failed to mention how to effectively convey log information.

# Concept design

## Requirement engineering



# Concept design

## Requirement engineering



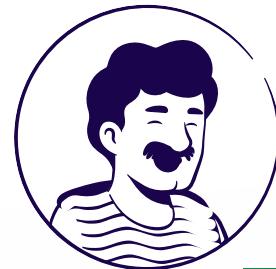
- What's included in my dataset?
- How will the data be processed by the platform?
- Who is using the data?
- How to adjust preferences?



- The third party includes legal enforcement agencies, technology enthusiasts and peer researchers from the community.
- Whether the platform has been compliant to laws?
- Reproduce research result.



- Lookup usage records.
- How to check the validity of proofs while facing disputes from the 3rd party or data donator?



# UI prototype

≡

SOUVE MED

Patrick Hubner data donator

**Data release**

Overview

My dataset

Consent management

**Usage records**

By dataset

Project list

**SouveMed**

About SouveMed

Contact us

User account

Your SouveMed ID  
777-333-928

next >

## How SouveMed protects your data

Let's not get too technical at first, we can explain this in simple words.

On the one hand, researchers who are in need of sleep data submit applications for the data access. On the other hand, SouveMed gathers data from multiple sleep health related clinics, and merge these small datasets together for researchers. Data gathering only happens when we get data request from researchers.

There are three fundamental rules in the underlying platform mechanism make sure your data privacy is under strict protection:

*1st rule*

Your data is under your own control.  
Researchers cannot use your data if you says "no".

**tips**



# UI prototype

≡

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777-333-928

**Dataset SM-00635A63**

Duration	19/5/2020 ~ 20/2/2021 (284 days)
Authorized by	Patrick Hubner
Collected by	Freiburg University
Upload time	9:30 1/3/2021

**Dataset SM-3012K90**

Duration	19/1/2018 ~ 20/5/2019 (1 year 108 days)
Authorized by	Patrick Hubner
Collected by	Freiburg University
Upload time	9:30 1/3/2021

**Dataset SM-007N95**

Duration	20/6/2017 ~ 20/5/2018 (323 days)
Authorized by	Patrick Hubner
Collected by	Freiburg University
Upload time	13:10 1/6/2018

**Basic information**

Name	(Pseudonym)
Gender	Male
Age	32

**Questionnaire**

Type	Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS)
Submission date	23/03/2022

Type	Berkeley Expressivity Questionnaire (BEQ)
Submission date	11/08/2022

[see details](#)

**Polysomnography**

**Scan record**

Date 25/01/2023

[see details](#)

**Hypnogram**

tips

15



# UI prototype

≡

SOUVE MED

Patrick Hubner

Data release

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Private area

Available for matching

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Upload time 13:10 1/6/2018

Preference setting

- For public research purposes only
- Researcher promised to publish the research result

change setting

Preference setting

- For both public and private research

change setting

tips



# UI prototype

≡

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Patrick Hubner data donator

Data release

Overview

My dataset

Dataset SM-3012K90

Usage records

By dataset

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SouveMed

About SouveMed

Contact us

User account

from date ~ to date

Your SouveMed ID  
777-333-928

Search

input keywords

Dataset

Research note

Available

Not available

Data category

Questionnaire

Polysomnography

Hypnogram

Project type

Public research

Private research

Date of usage

8 search results Dataset SM-3012K90 Public research

Project acronym	Project title	Organization	Status	Data category	Research note
Tracker3	Relation of sleep-disordered breathing to cardiovascular disease risk factors	Sleep track GmbH	In progress	questionnaire, hypnogram	Not available
MSSE	Ambulatory sleep scoring using accelerometers-distinguishing between nonwear and sleep/ wake states	Med Sci Sports	Ended	questionnaire, polysomnography	<a href="#">view online</a>
EBASO	Measure the correlation of age, blood pressure, heart rate and sleep	University of Freiburg	Ended	questionnaire, polysomnography	<a href="#">view online</a>
FSSG	Further Validation of Actigraphy for Sleep Studies	University Hospital Rechts der Isar	Ended	questionnaire	<a href="#">view online</a>
H.E.A.R.T	The corticothalamic system in sleep	FZI Forschungszentrum Informatik	In progress	questionnaire, polysomnography, hypnogram	Not available
DSMG	Cognitive Performance, Sleepiness, and Mood in Partially Sleep Deprived Adolescents: The Need for Sleep Study	University Hospital Heidelberg	Ended	questionnaire, polysomnography	<a href="#">view online</a>
DeepSleep	Use of home sleep studies for diagnosis of the sleep apnoea/hypopnoea syndrome.	Universitätsklinikum Carl Gustav Carus Dresden	Ended	questionnaire	<a href="#">view online</a>
SleepTight	To investigate the effects of sleep restriction on cognitive performance, subjective sleepiness, and mood in adolescents	Nordwest Hospital, Frankfurt	In progress	questionnaire, polysomnography, hypnogram	<a href="#">view online</a>





# UI prototype



Home

Project list

How to audit

Contact

◀ back to detail page

Verify blockchain hash

## Blockchain record

Platform Ethereum blockchain

Transaction hash 0xDB65702A9b26f8a643a31a4c84b9392589e03D7c

Block id 17266044



## Hash input

Organization *Sleep track GmbH*

Project URL <https://souvemed.de/project/72hhadf-j83hasdfj-09ahdfj>

Experiment URL <https://souvemed.de/experiment/a3biusdf-sdhfuba-q2bnd>

Timestamp 10:13:56 07/05/2023 UTC+8

Algorithm file path <https://docker.io/project/ajsidf7723/experiment-636>

Algorithm file hash 0xD7S7eUds9f89ahndfui883jad7fyhij92nmxc

copy all

## Online validation

Input

```
{  
  "organization": "Sleep track GmbH",  
  "projectURL": "https://souvemed.de/project/72hhadf-j83hasdfj-09ahdfj",  
  "experimentURL": "https://souvemed.de/experiment/a3biusdf-sdhfuba-  
q2bnd",  
  "timestamp": "10:13:56 07/05/2023 UTC+8",  
  "algorithm": {  
    "filePath": "https://docker.io/project/ajsidf7723/experiment-636",  
    "fileHash": "0xD7S7eUds9f89ahndfui883jad7fyhij92nmxc"  
  }  
}
```

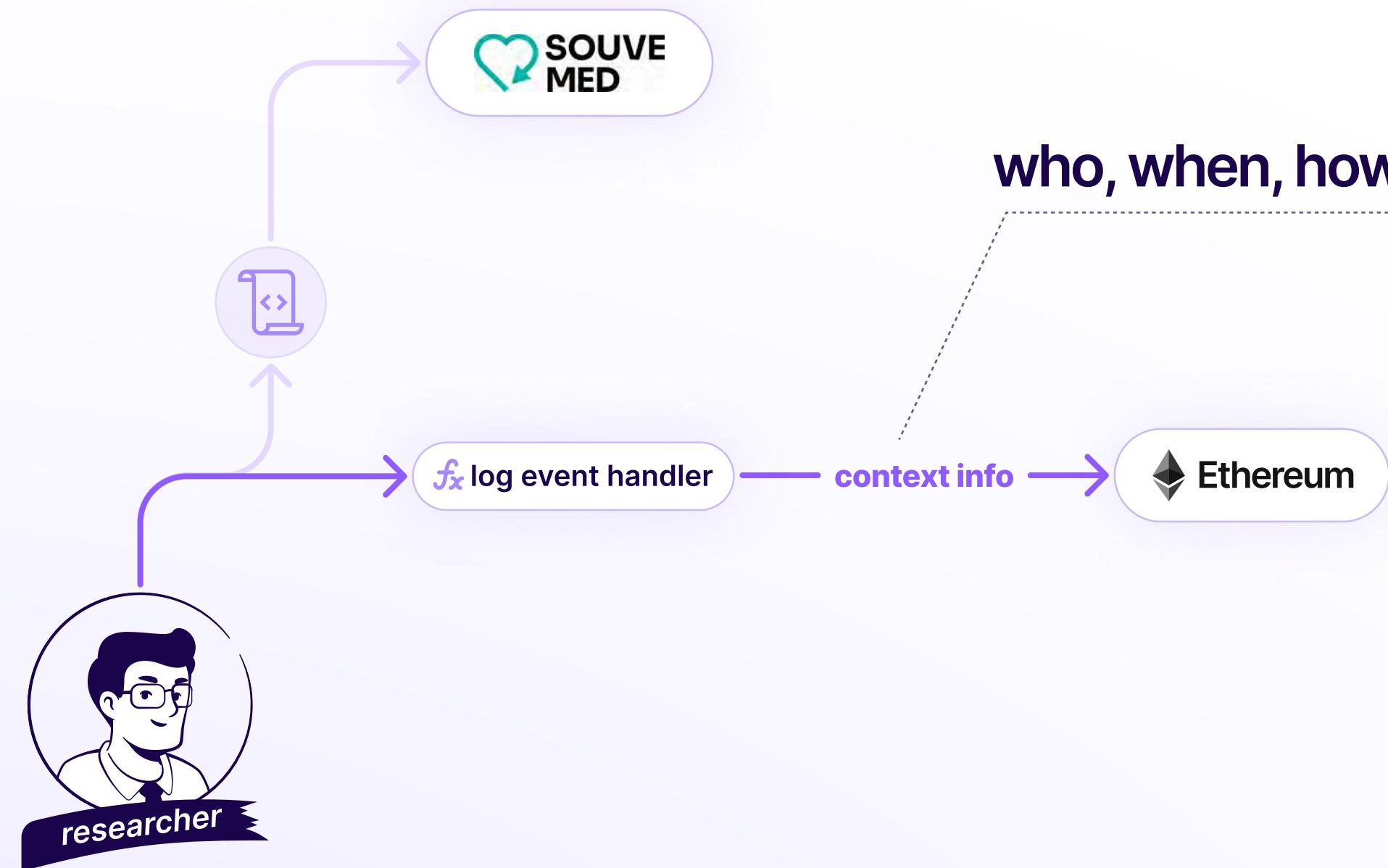
json

Hash function

Keccak256

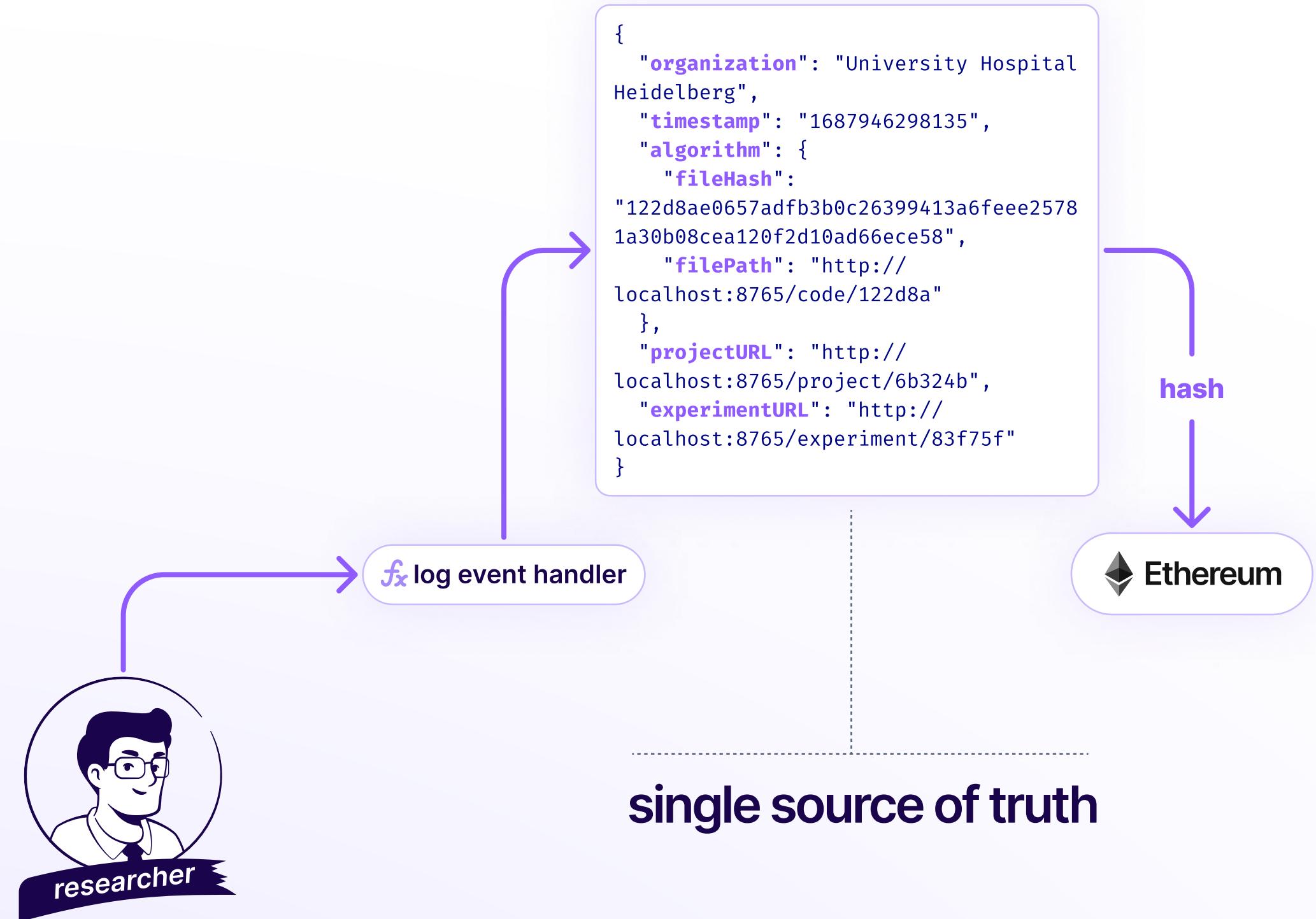
# Implementation

1. Each time the researcher runs an experiment, the log event handler will be triggered.
2. The log event handler gather context information about this experiment.
3. The **context information** includes who, when, how & why the data is being used.
4. The context information will be used to generate a **hash**.
5. The hash will be send to the **smart contract** and be notarized.



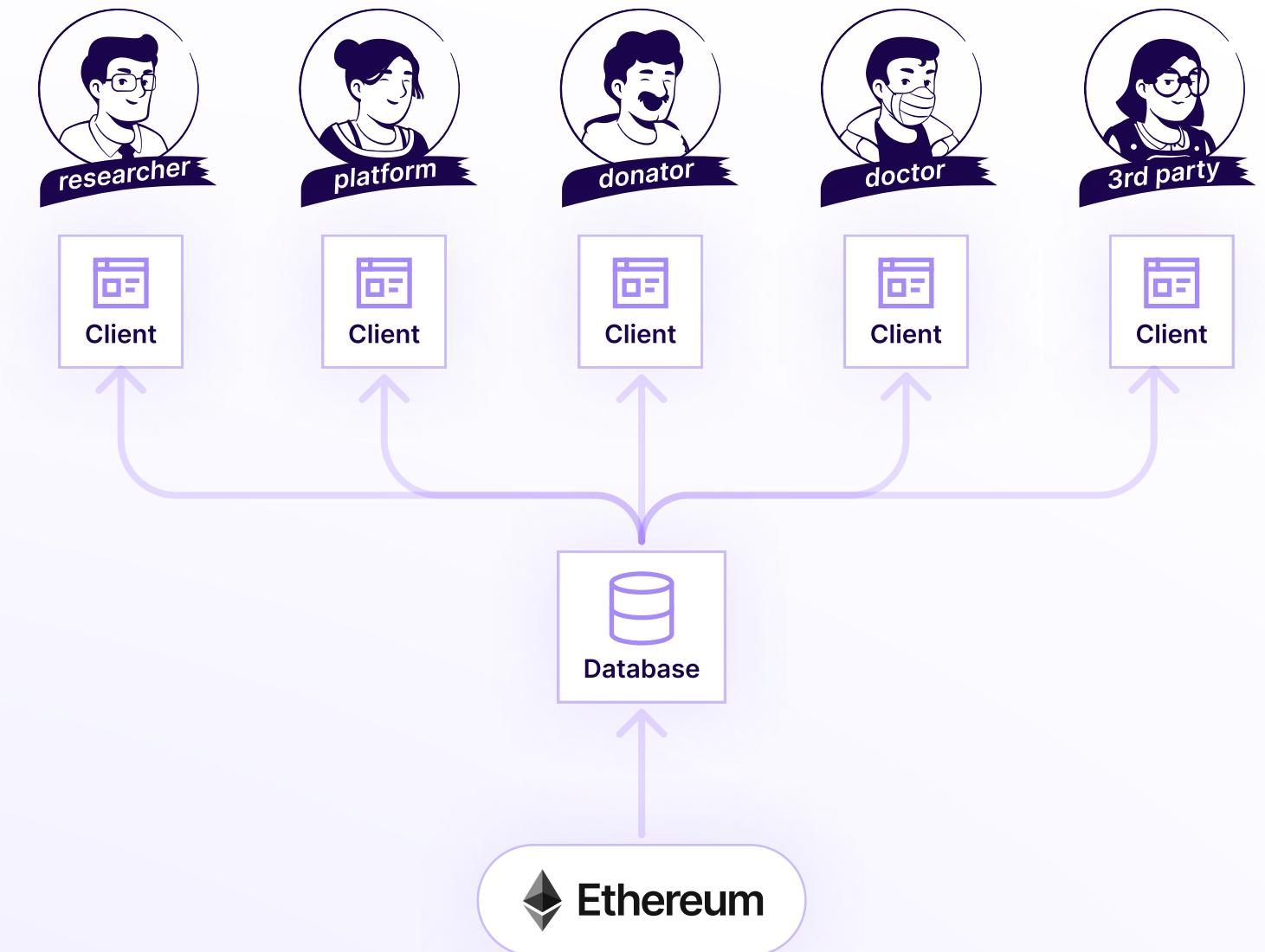
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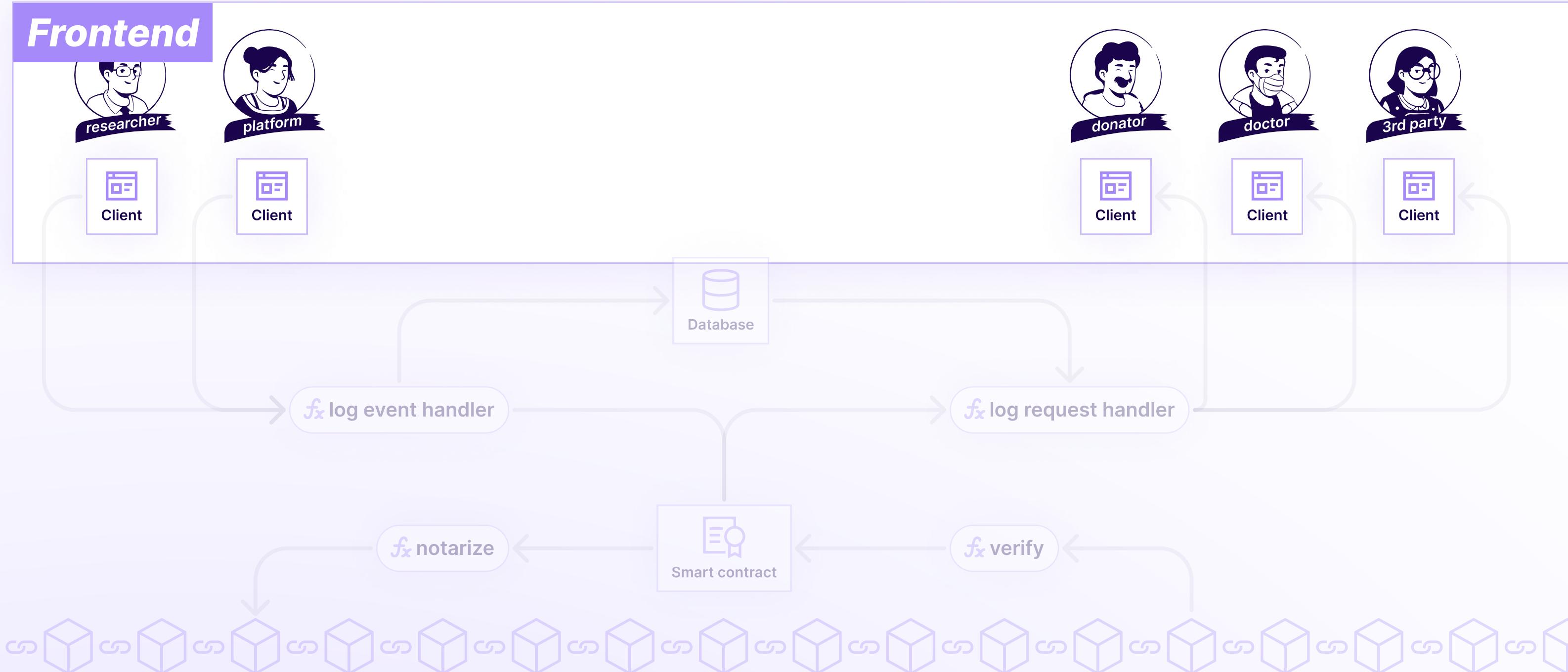
- Dedicated client apps for different stakeholders.
- Able to check the validity of log events.
- Professional user, for example technology enthusiasts from the community should be able to verify the logs by themselves.



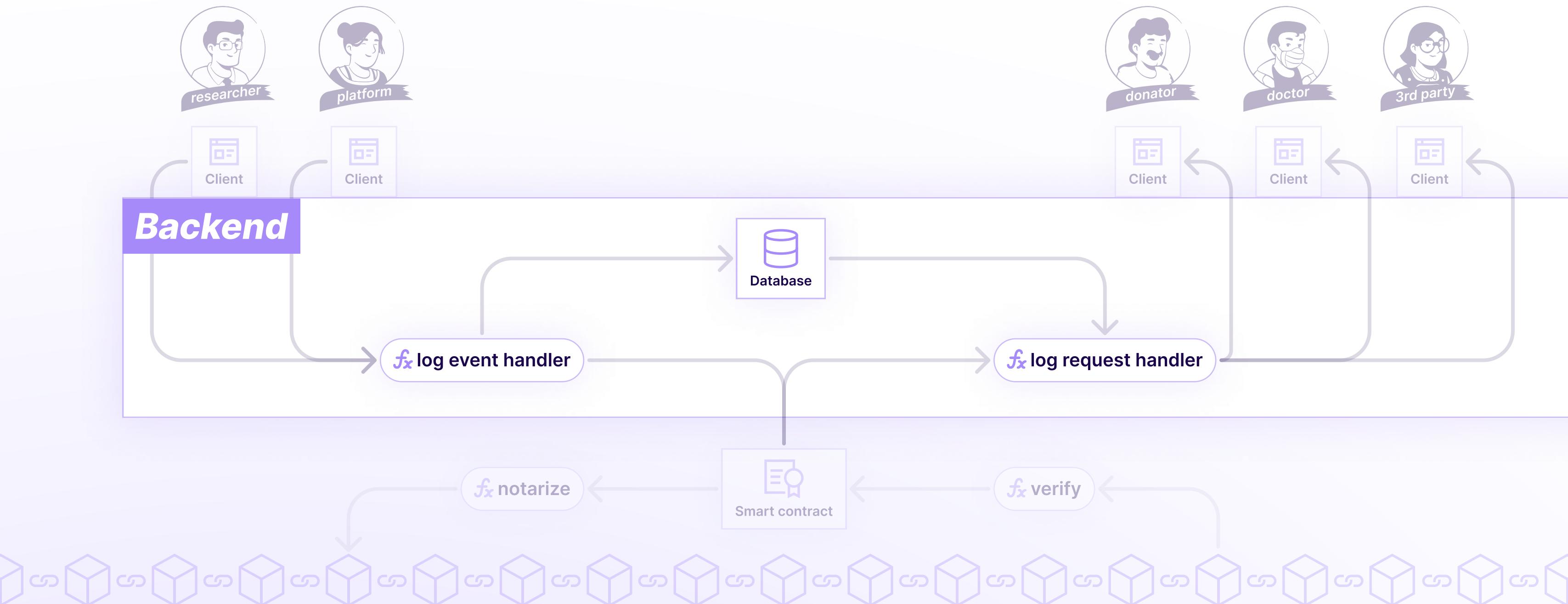
# 3-layer technology architecture



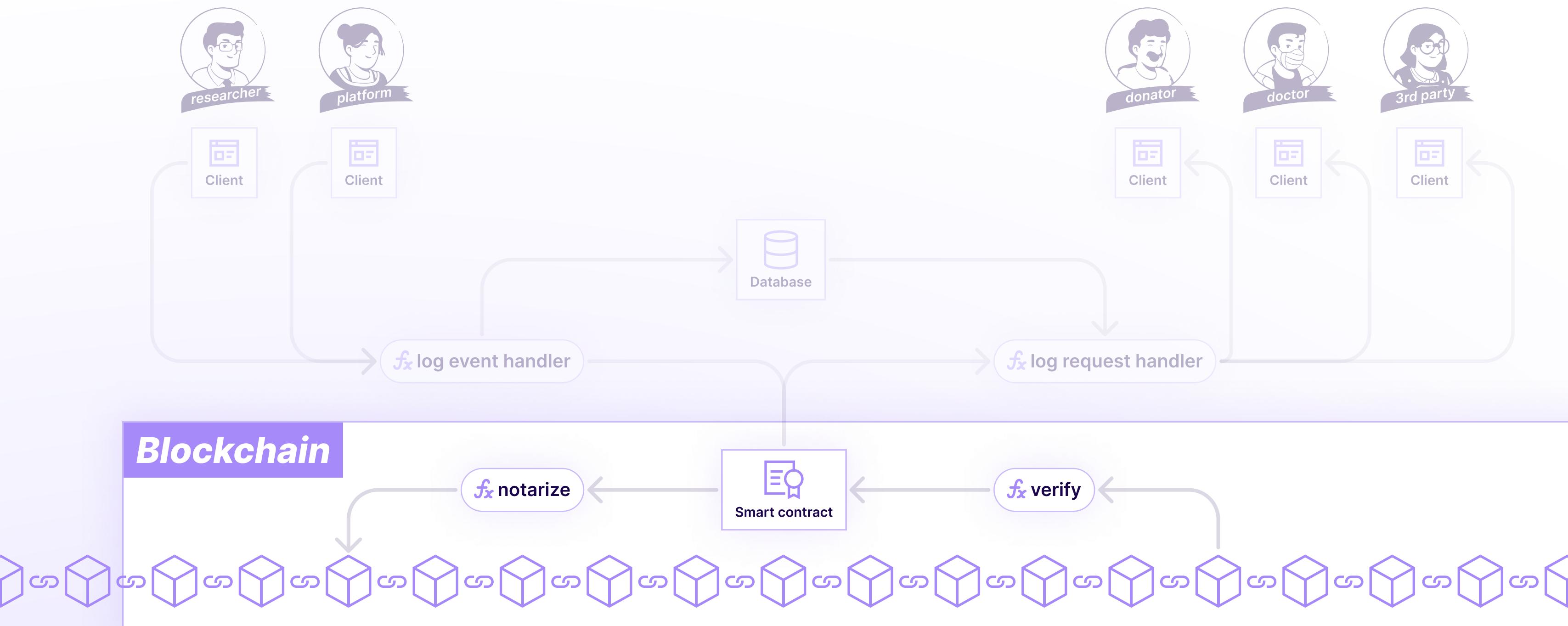
# 3-layer technology architecture



# 3-layer technology architecture



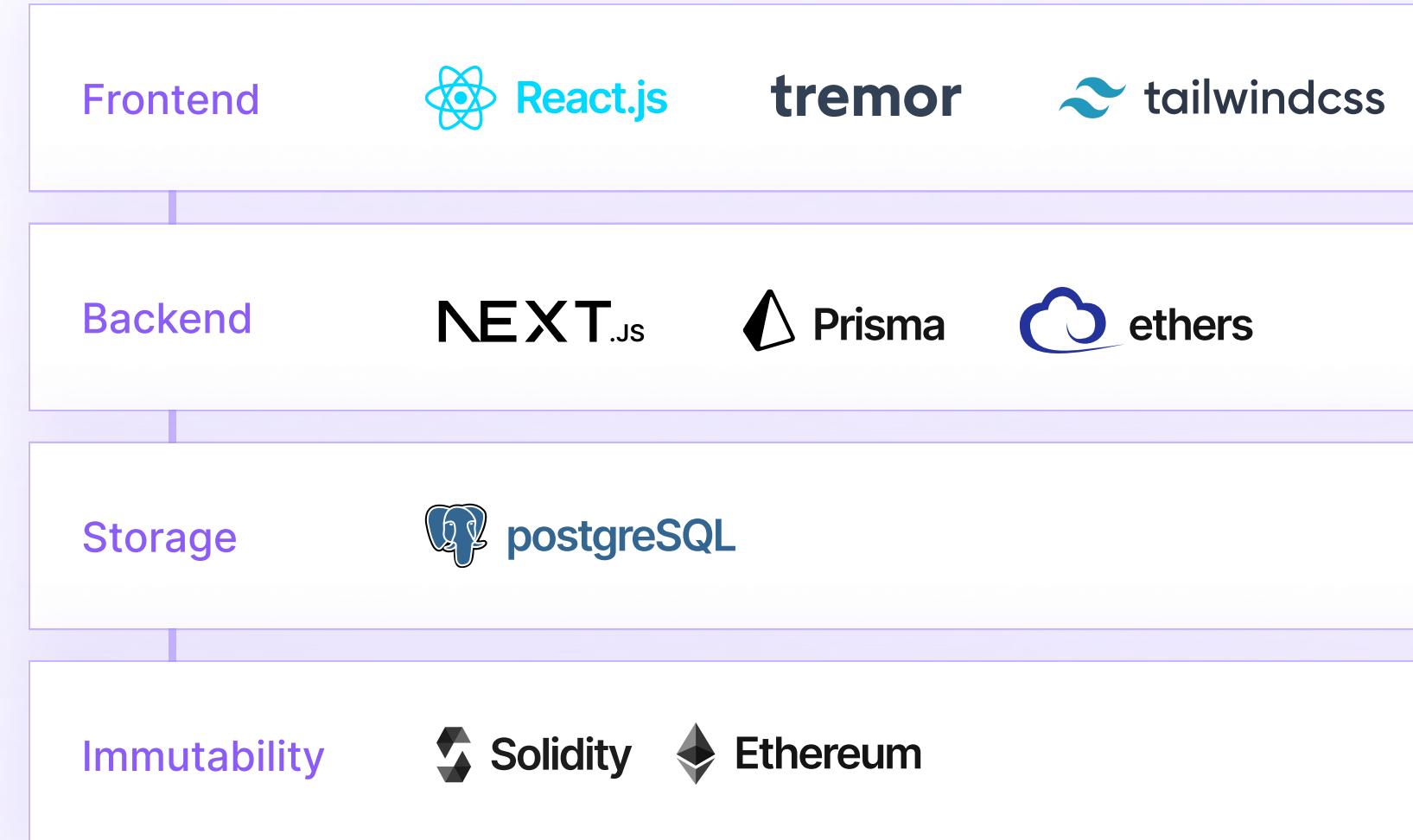
# 3-layer technology architecture



# Implementation

## Technology stack

- React.js to build frontend UI, tremor and tailwindcss to add styles.
- Next.js to handle requests from frontend.  
Prisma to connect with the database.  
Ethers to interact with smart contract.
- PostgreSQL as the database.
- Ethereum is one of the most secure and stable public blockchain.  
Solidity to write smart contracts.



# Demo of the mockup system

<https://extropy.dev/loglock>

Immutable logging (PoC)

This prototype is a proof of concept that demonstrates how Ethereum blockchain could be used to immutabilize log information.

Statistic    Project list Project list    Mock data    Verification tool

**Filter options**

Project type	Organization	Keywords
Select...	Select...	Type...

Acronym	Project title	Project type	Project URL	Experiment URL
Med-5	Further Validation of Actigraphy for Sleep Studies	Public	Visit project	Visit experiment
HealthMed	Cognitive Performance, Sleepiness, and Mood in Partially Sleep Deprived Adolescents: The Need for Sleep Study	Private	Visit project	Visit experiment
FastNight	To investigate the effects of sleep restriction on cognitive performance, subjective sleepiness, and mood in adolescents.	Private	Visit project	Visit experiment
SleepSci	Sleep and circadian rhythms in health and disease	Public	Visit project	Visit experiment

# Evaluating the prototype & mockup system

<https://forms.gle/JEzsB8SJC3Ab4X2RA>

## Test the prototype of SouveMed platform



**About this survey**

Hello,

My name is Buwei Liao, I study information system engineering and management at Karlsruhe Institute of Technology. I'm currently writing a master thesis about "Transparency of data processing within data trustee platform of sleep research" at FZI (Research Center for Information Technology).

For this purpose I created a web application (prototype), and hope to gather real feedbacks with the help from you.

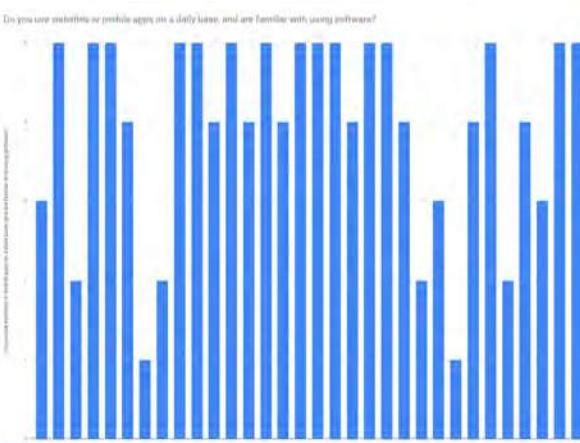
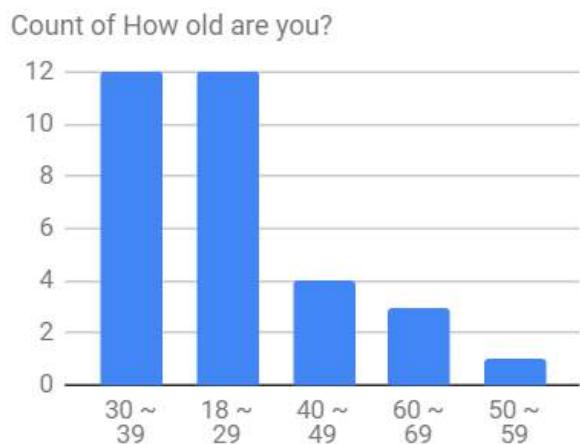
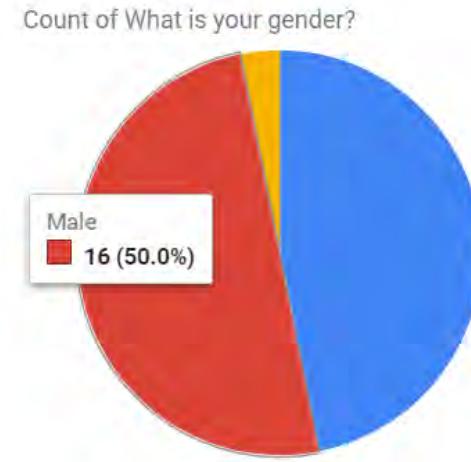
**Note:** The prototype is designed for web, so it makes sense if you test them on a relatively larger



1. general information
2. tasks
3. System Usability Scale (SUS)



 TeamViewer



## Task 1

### About SouveMed & My dataset

**81.2%**

32 feedbacks  
5 live session

## Task 2

### Consent management

**84.3%**

## Task 3 & Task 4

### Usage records: two different modes

**82.2%**

How transparent do you think SouveMed platform is?

**9.37**

## System Usability Scale

**77.1**



# Future improvements

## Low throughput

Ethereum is the second most secure public blockchain available, but it also take a little bit longer and high gas fee to process each log event.

Apply a Layer 2 blockchain and make it collaborate with Ethereum.

1



## weakness of the system

# Future improvements

## Partial proof

There are 4 primary process might cause security problems: gathering data consent, signing usage policy, building data pipeline, and using data. Currently we are focusing on the first part.

Build proofs for entire life cycle.

2

 Gathering data consent from donators

 Signing usage policy by researchers

 Building data pipeline by the platform

 Consuming data by researchers

 Ethereum

## weakness of the system

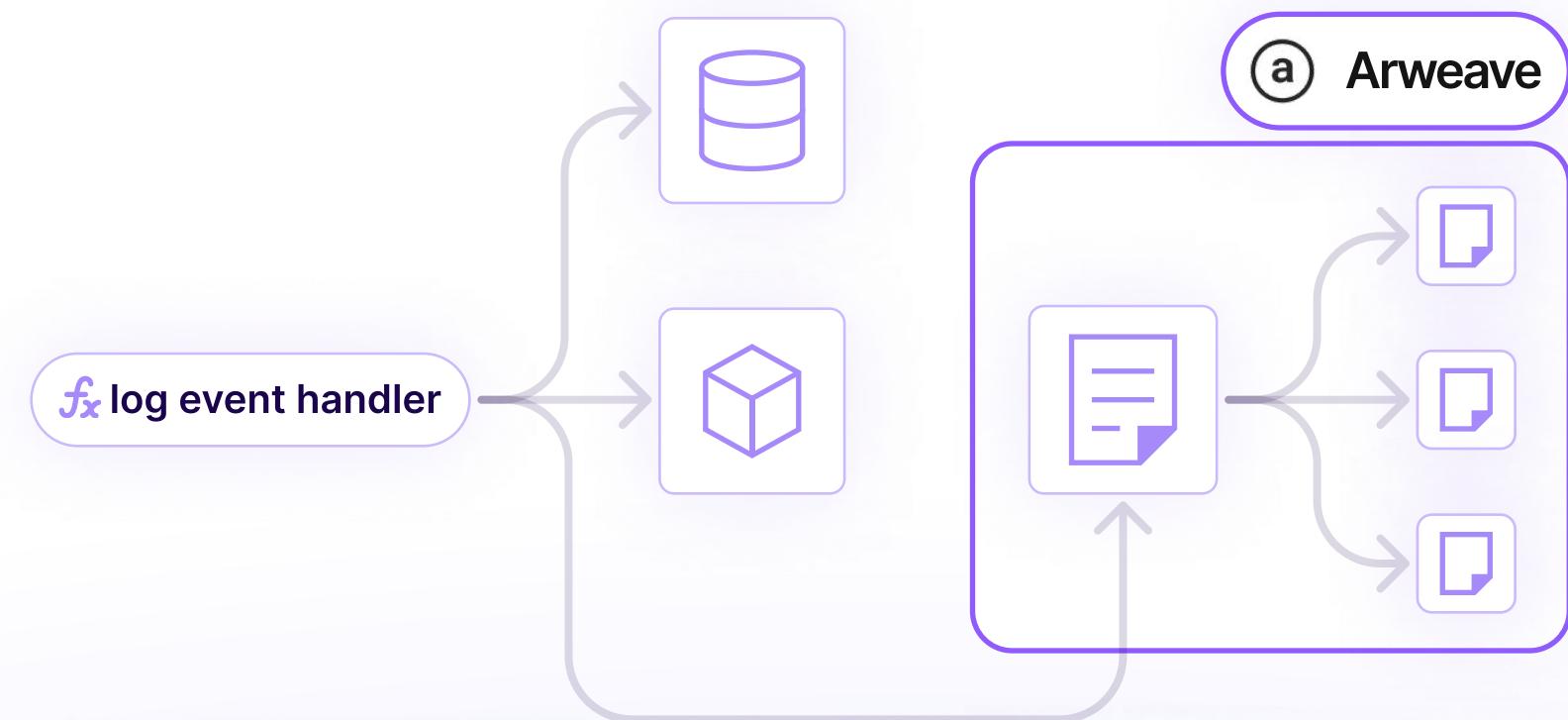
# Future improvements

## Insider attack

Our solution is based on the assumption that we can trust the database of the platform. We assume it's secure and won't be modified out of unjustified reasons.

Use a 3rd party decentralized permanent storage service like Arweave

3



## weakness of the system

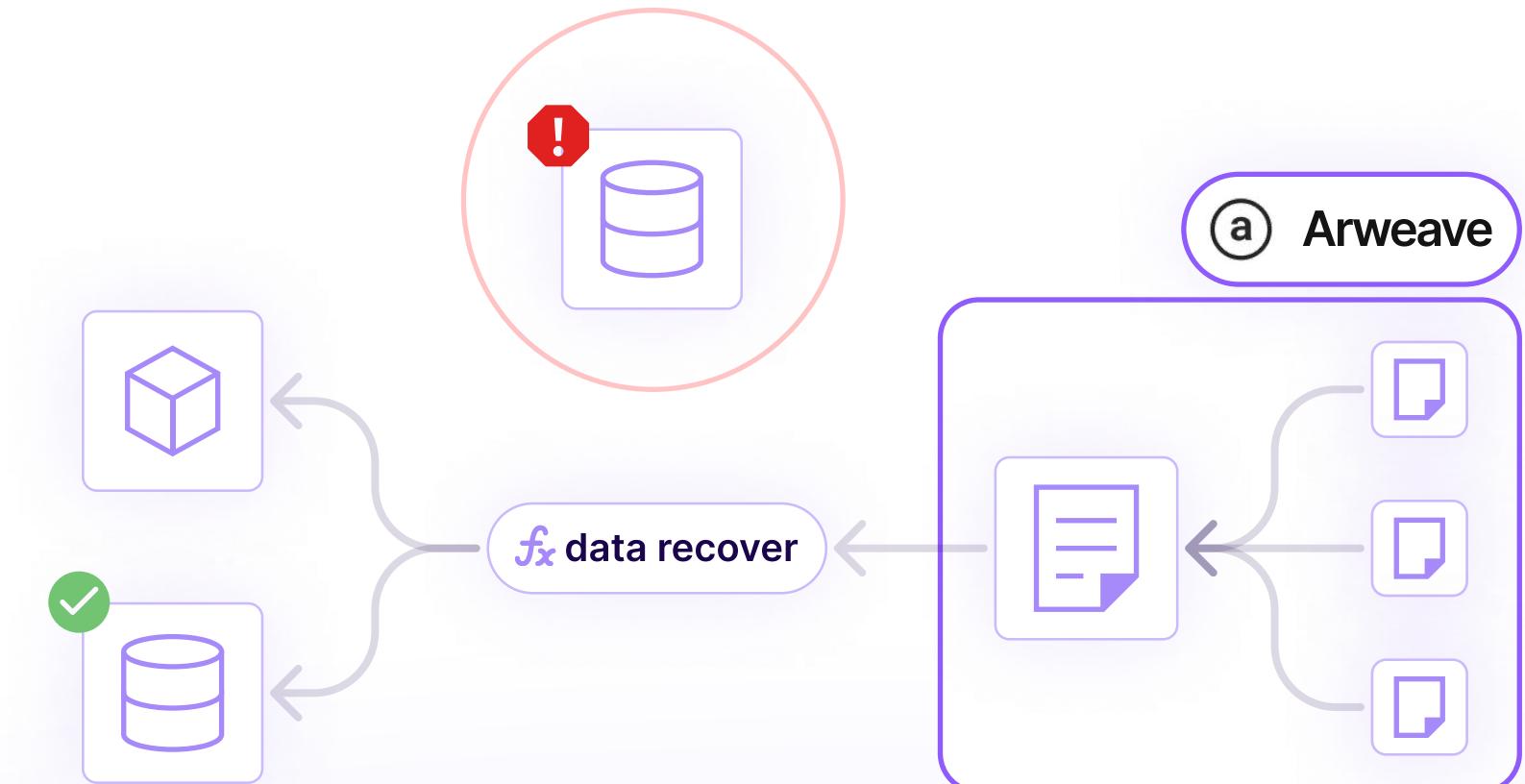
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3





# Thanks for listening!

presented by **Buwei Liao** ([buweiliao@gmail.com](mailto:buweiliao@gmail.com))

30/06/2023