## Problem 7.2 (First-Order Semantics) 30 pt

Let  $= \in \Sigma_p^2$ ,  $P \in \Sigma_1^p$  and  $+ \in \Sigma_2^f$ . We use the semantics of first-order logic without equality. Prove or refute the following formulas semantically. That means you show that  $I \varphi(A) = T$  for all models I and assignments  $\varphi$  (without using a proof calculus) or to give some I,  $\varphi$  such that  $I \varphi(A) = F$ .

- 1.  $\forall X. \forall Y. = (+(X, Y), +(Y, X))$
- 2.  $\exists X. (P(X) \Rightarrow \forall Y. P(Y))$
- 3.  $P(Y) \Rightarrow \exists X. P(X)$

We make  $\varphi$  be any value function.

## Question 1

We use Not valid - Counter-model:

We make  $I\phi(=)$  be the empty relation on an arbitrary domain.

## Question 2

$$I_{\phi}(\exists X. (P(X) \Rightarrow \forall Y. P(Y))) = \top$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists a \in D_1 \text{ s. t. } I_{\varphi}((P(a) \Rightarrow \forall Y. P(Y))) = \top$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists a \in D_{\tau} \text{ s. t. } I_{\phi}(\neg(P(a) \land \neg \forall Y.P(Y))) = \top$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists a \in D_{\tau} \text{ s. t. } I_{\varphi}(P(a) \land \neg \forall Y. P(Y)) = \bot$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists a \in D_r \text{ s. t. } I_{\varphi}(P(a)) = \bot \text{ or } I_{\varphi}(\neg \forall Y. P(Y)) = \bot$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists a \in D_1 \text{ s.t. } I_{\varphi}(P(a)) = \bot \text{ or } I_{\varphi}(\forall Y.P(Y)) = \top$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists a \in D_i \text{ s. t. } I_{\varphi}(P(a)) = \bot \text{ or } \forall b \in D_i : I_{\varphi}(P(b)) = \top$$

## Question 3

$$\begin{split} & I_{\phi}(P(Y)) \Rightarrow \exists X. P(X)) = \top \\ \Leftrightarrow & I_{\phi}(\neg(P(Y)) \land \neg \exists X. P(X))) = \top \\ \Leftrightarrow & I_{\phi}(P(Y)) \land \neg \exists X. P(X)) = \bot \\ \Leftrightarrow & I_{\phi}(P(Y)) = \bot \text{ or } I_{\phi}(\neg \exists X. P(X)) = \bot \\ \Leftrightarrow & I_{\phi}(P(Y)) = \bot \text{ or } I_{\phi}(\exists X. P(X)) = \top \\ \Leftrightarrow & I_{\phi}(P(Y)) = \bot \text{ or } \exists a \in D_{I} \text{ s. t. } I_{\phi}(P(a)) = \top \end{split}$$