Vim Up your LATEX

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Table of Contents

Contents

1 Introduction

1.1 What is Vim?

This is Vim



Figure 1: Vim

Vim is hard



How do you generate a random string? Put a web designer in front of VIM and tell him to save and exit.

Figure 2:

This is Vim

- Vim = Vi improved, it is an improvement over the old editor Vi
- It does have three modes normal, visual and insert
- It does have a really hard learning curve, but it is worth it!
- Configure it with the vimrc file

1.2 What do we need?

Requirements

Please keep in mind: those are only my recommendations. There are various other possibilities.

- An Unix like operating system. For running Vim natively.
- vim-latex, the LATEX plugin.
- A PDF reader which supports PDF-TeX Sync. You can use Skim for example.
- gVim

2 Working with Vim

2.1 Compiling with Vim

Compile

The fastest way to this is to use one of many vim-latex shortcuts

- \ll ... two lower case L
- You can also set compilation rules. Either with menu TeX-Suit or with the command g:Tex_CompileRule_<format>
- Take a look here: http://vim-latex.sourceforge.net/documentation/latex-suite/compiler-rules.html

2.2 Navigating Code

Use the Power of Vim to navigate through your code

- Just use the normal Vim commands to move around.
- h ... left
- j ... down
- k ... up
- 1 ... right

Those letters may seem arbitary, but just take a look at your keyboard ©

Jump Points

vim-latex uses jump points. Everytime you generate something with vimlatex it creates those points. It may be disturbing at the beginning, since you are getting used to it, it becomes really handy

- You can jump there in normal mode or even the insert mode.
- The shortcut is $\mathbf{CTRL} + \mathbf{j}$

Jump Points

```
\begin \{ figure \} [<+htpb+>]
\centering
\includegraphics \{<+file+>\}
\caption \{<+caption text+>\}
\label \{ fig:<+label+>\}
\end \{ figure \}<++>
```

Listing 1: Jump Points

2.3 Helpful Shortcuts

A List of handy Shortcuts

Just type them in, they even work directly in the insert mode.

- SSE for section
- SSS for subsection
- more section mappings can be found here: http://vim-latex.sourceforge.net/documentation/latex-suite/section-mappings.html
- EFI for images
- All mappings can be found here: http://vim-latex.sourceforge.net/documentation/latex-suite.html

3 Setup Guide

3.1 Setup

Recommended Setup

- gVim
- Vundle
- Skim
- vim-latex

3.2 Installation

Installation Steps

- 1. Install gVim
- 2. Setup Vundle
- 3. Edit your .vimrc file
- 4. Install vim-latex
- 5. Start working

\sim /.vimrc

```
Prigis 'Nilegrain carties'

" Auto transcending control of the con
```

Figure 3: vimrc

3.3 Guide

Download the Complete Guide

- You can find a complete installation guide in the paper on Github.
- https://github.com/x21L/vim-up-your-latex

4 Vim vs. TeXstudio

4.1 Pros

Vim over TeXstudio

- \bullet Really fast
- Great UI
- Extremly customizable
- Nearlly unlimited possibilities
- \bullet Versioning vimrc files with git \to same config on different systems

4.2 Cons

TeXstudio over Vim

- Feature rich
- Easy to use
- $\bullet\,$ Download and go
- $\bullet\,$ Runs easily on every major system

5 Outlook

5.1 Alternatives to vim-latex

- \bullet vimtex
- Just Vim with latexmk
- \bullet latex-box
- Take a look at https://vimawesome.com/?q=latex

5.2 Download it from Github

- https://github.com/x21L/vim-up-your-latex
- You can also find an A4 version of the slides there.
- $\bullet\,$ You can exit and save with $:\!\mathbf{wq}$

5.3 Live Demo

Demo Time



Figure 4: Questions