95.179.196.14

Scan time

Scan started 2019-03-12 21:21

Scan finished 2019-03-12 21:25



Finding summary

SQL Injection 4 Login Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF/XSRF) 1 Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF/XSRF) **Unencrypted Login Sessions** Login over HTTP-GET 1 Apache Icon Leakage Referrer-Policy / Missing Header Host Header Injection / 1 Potential Open Redirect Content-Security-Policy / Missing Header Crawled URL's 1 Discovered IP **Email Enumeration HTML Comments** 1

Scan settings

Crawl subdomains No

Scan as device Detectify

What does this mean?

our article about SQL Injection (http://support.detectify.com/customer/portal/articles/1711514-sql-injection).

What can happen?

An attacker may be able to execute SQL-code, which includes reading/writing to the database and possible write directly to the file system.

Entry	Found at	CVSS
1	http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example4/	10
2	http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example5/	10
3	http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example6/	10
4	http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example7/	10

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example4/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example4/?req=username%3d%27hacker%27%27%22%60%F0%9D%8C%86

CVSS

10 of 10.0

Command

python sqlmap.py --technique=EUS --url=http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example4/?req=username%3d%27hacker%27

Request Headers

GET

/sqlinjection/example 4/?req=username%3d%27hacker%27%27%22%60%F0%9D%8C%86 HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Reques1s

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Host 95.179.196.14

Cache-Control no-store, no-cache

Pragma no-cache

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Status 200

Vary Accept-Encoding

Content-Encoding gzip

Content-Length 800

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:24:09 GMT

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

```
40px;
  </style>
  k href="/css/bootstrap-responsive.css" rel="stylesheet">
 </head>
 <body>
  <div class="navbar navbar-inverse navbar-fixed-top">
   <div class="navbar-inner">
    <div class="container">
     <a class="btn btn-navbar" data-toggle="collapse" data-target=".nav-collapse">
       <span class="icon-bar"></span>
       <span class="icon-bar"></span>
       <span class="icon-bar"></span>
      <a class="brand" href="https://pentesterlab.com/">PentesterLab.com</a>
      <div class="nav-collapse collapse">
       ul class="nav">
        cli class="active"><a href="/">Home</a>
       </div><!--/.nav-collapse -->
    </div>
   </div>
  </div>
  <div class="container">
Mysql2::Error: You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your
MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 
''hacker''"`??' at line 1: SELECT * FROM users WHERE username='hacker''"`??;
idname
<footer>
    © PentesterLab 2013
   </footer>
  </div> <!-- /container -->
 </body>
</html>
```

Resources

DETECTIFY - Detectify Support Center - SQL Injection OWASP - SQL Injection WIKIPEDIA - SQL Injection

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example5/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example5/?limit=3E999%27%22%60%00

CVSS

10 of 10.0

Command

python sqlmap.py --technique=EUS --url=http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example5/?limit=3

Request Headers

GET /sqlinjection/example5/?limit=3E999%27%22%60%00 HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Host 95.179.196.14

Cache-Control no-store, no-cache

Pragma no-cache

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Status 200

Vary Accept-Encoding

Content-Encoding gzip

Content-Length 787

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:24:09 GMT

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

```
padding-bottom: 40px;
  </style>
  k href="/css/bootstrap-responsive.css" rel="stylesheet">
 </head>
 <body>
  <div class="navbar navbar-inverse navbar-fixed-top">
   <div class="navbar-inner">
    <div class="container">
     <a class="btn btn-navbar" data-toggle="collapse" data-target=".nav-collapse">
      <span class="icon-bar"></span>
      <span class="icon-bar"></span>
      <span class="icon-bar"></span>
     </a>
     <a class="brand" href="https://pentesterlab.com/">PentesterLab.com</a>
     <div class="nav-collapse collapse">
      ul class="nav">
       cli class="active"><a href="/">Home</a>
     </div><!--/.nav-collapse -->
    </div>
   </div>
  </div>
  <div class="container">
Mysql2::Error: You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your
MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near '3E999'"`' at line 1: SELECT * FROM users LIMIT 3E999'"`;
idname
<footer>
    © PentesterLab 2013
   </footer>
  </div> <!-- /container -->
 </body>
</html>
```

Resources

DETECTIFY - Detectify Support Center - SQL Injection OWASP - SQL Injection WIKIPEDIA - SQL Injection

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example6/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example6/?group=username%27%22%60% F0%9D%8C%86

CVSS

10 of 10.0

Command

python sqlmap.py --technique=EUS --url=http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example6/?group=username

Request Headers

GET /sqlinjection/example6/?group=username%27%22%60%F0%9D%8C%86 HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Host 95.179.196.14

Cache-Control no-store, no-cache

Pragma no-cache

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Status 200

Vary Accept-Encoding

Content-Encoding gzip

Content-Length 795

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:24:09 GMT

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

```
padding-bottom: 40px;
  </style>
  k href="/css/bootstrap-responsive.css" rel="stylesheet">
 </head>
 <body>
  <div class="navbar navbar-inverse navbar-fixed-top">
   <div class="navbar-inner">
    <div class="container">
     <a class="btn btn-navbar" data-toggle="collapse" data-target=".nav-collapse">
      <span class="icon-bar"></span>
       <span class="icon-bar"></span>
      <span class="icon-bar"></span>
     <a class="brand" href="https://pentesterlab.com/">PentesterLab.com</a>
     <div class="nav-collapse collapse">
      cli class="active"><a href="/">Home</a>
      </div><!--/.nav-collapse -->
    </div>
   </div>
  </div>
  <div class="container">
Mysql2::Error: You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your
MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near ''"`??' at line 1: SELECT * FROM users GROUP BY username'"`??;

idname
© PentesterLab 2013
   </footer>
  </div> <!-- /container -->
 </body>
</html>
```

Resources

DETECTIFY - Detectify Support Center - SQL Injection OWASP - SQL Injection WIKIPEDIA - SQL Injection

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example7/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example7/?id=1E999%27%22%60%00

CVSS

10 of 10.0

Command

python sqlmap.py --technique=EUS --url=http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example7/?id=1

Request Headers

GET /sqlinjection/example7/?id=1E999%27%22%60%00 HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Host 95.179.196.14

Cache-Control no-store, no-cache

Pragma no-cache

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Status 200

Vary Accept-Encoding

Content-Encoding gzip

Content-Length 727

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:24:09 GMT

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

```
k href="/css/bootstrap.css" rel="stylesheet">
  <style type="text/css">
   body
    padding-top: 60px;
    padding-bottom: 40px;
  </style>
  k href="/css/bootstrap-responsive.css" rel="stylesheet">
 </head>
 <body>
  <div class="navbar navbar-inverse navbar-fixed-top">
   <div class="navbar-inner">
    <div class="container">
      <a class="btn btn-navbar" data-toggle="collapse" data-target=".nav-collapse">
       <span class="icon-bar"></span>
<span class="icon-bar"></span>
<span class="icon-bar"></span>
<span class="icon-bar"></span>
      <a class="brand" href="https://pentesterlab.com/">PentesterLab.com</a>
      <div class="nav-collapse collapse">
   class="nav">
        cli class="active"><a href="/">Home</a>
       </div><!--/.nav-collapse -->
    </div>
   </div>
  </div>
  <div class="container">
Mysql2::Error: Illegal double '1E999' value found during parsing: SELECT * FROM
users WHERE id=1E999'"
idname
<footer>
    © PentesterLab 2013
   </footer>
  </div> <!-- /container -->
 </body>
</html>
```

Resources

DETECTIFY - Detectify Support Center - SQL Injection OWASP - SQL Injection WIKIPEDIA - SQL Injection

Login Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF/XSRF)

What does this mean?

The web site seems to be lacking CSRF token on a login form.

our knowledge base (http://support.detectify.com/customer/portal/articles/1969819-login-csrf).

What can happen?

An attacker can force an unsuspecting user to sign in to the attacker's account. What can be done from there depends on the application. Example: An attacker can force an unsuspecting user to login to the attacker's account and when the user buys something, the credit card is added to the attacker's account.

Entry	Found at	cvss
1	http://95.179.196.14/mongodb/example1/	6.2

1. Login Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF/XSRF)

Summary

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/mongodb/example1/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/mongodb/example1/?username=&submit=Submit+Query &password=

CVSS

6.2 of 10.0

Request Headers

GET /mongodb/example1/?username=&submit=Submit+Query&password= HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

Status 200

Keep-Alive timeout=15, max=46

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

Connection Keep-Alive

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:23:23 GMT

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Content-Encoding gzip

Vary Accept-Encoding

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

Content-Length 660

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

```
<form action="" action="get">

Username: <input type="text" name="username">
Password: <input type="password" name="password">
    <input type="submit" name="submit">
    </form>
```

Resources

DETECTIFY - Detectify Support Center - Login CSRF STACKOVERFLOW - How to protect against login CSRF?

Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF/XSRF)

What does this mean?

The site doesn't check for tokens or make sure that the request really is from the user in any other way.

here (http://support.detectify.com/customer/portal/articles/2792245-csrf).

What can happen?

An attacker can force a victim to perform unwanted actions at the site.

Entry	Found at	CVSS
1	http://95.179.196.14/captcha/example2/	5.8

1. Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF/XSRF)

Summary

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/captcha/example2/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/captcha/example2/

CVSS

5.8 of 10.0

Request Headers

GET /captcha/example2/ HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

Status 200

Keep-Alive timeout=15, max=94

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

Connection Keep-Alive

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:23:21 GMT

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Content-Encoding gzip

Vary Accept-Encoding

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

Content-Length 716

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

```
<form action="submit" action="get">

<img src="captcha.png?t=1552425801.903983">
Answer: <input type="text" name="captcha">
<input type="hidden" name="answer" value="^fnYZA^RuS">
<input type="submit" name="submit">
</form>
```

Resources

DETECTIFY - CAPTCHA does not prevent CSRF

Unencrypted Login Sessions

What does this mean?

The login form isn't using HTTPS.

here (http://support.detectify.com/customer/portal/articles/2792104-unencrypted-login-sessions).

What can happen?

An attacker can, if intercepting the traffic, read login credentials in plain text.

Entry	Found at	CVSS
1	http://95.179.196.14/mongodb/example1/	5.5

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/mongodb/example1/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/mongodb/example1/?username=&submit=Submit+Query &password=

CVSS

5.5 of 10.0

Request Headers

GET /mongodb/example1/?username=&submit=Submit+Query&password= HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

Status 200

Keep-Alive timeout=15, max=46

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

Connection Keep-Alive

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:23:23 GMT

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Content-Encoding gzip

Vary Accept-Encoding

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

Content-Length 660

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

```
<form action="" action="get">

Username: <input type="text" name="username">
Password: <input type="password" name="password">
    <input type="submit" name="submit">
    </form>
```

Resources

OWASP - Testing for Sensitive information sent via unencrypted channels (OTG-CRYPST-003)

Login over HTTP-GET

What does this mean?

The login form is sending data using HTTP GET-request.

What can happen?

Passwords may appear visible in the URL and stored in the browser's history. It may also be cached by immediate proxies and getting stored in remote server logs.

Entry	Found at	cvss
1	http://95.179.196.14/mongodb/example1/	5

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/mongodb/example1/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/mongodb/example1/?username=&submit=Submit+Query &password=

CVSS

5 of 10.0

Request Headers

GET /mongodb/example1/?username=&submit=Submit+Query&password= HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

Status 200

Keep-Alive timeout=15, max=46

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

Connection Keep-Alive

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:23:23 GMT

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Content-Encoding gzip

Vary Accept-Encoding

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

Content-Length 660

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

```
<form action="" action="get">

Username: <input type="text" name="username">
Password: <input type="password" name="password">
<input type="submit" name="submit">
</form>
```

Apache Icon Leakage

What does this mean?

The HTTP server discloses what type of technology that is currently used on the HTTP-server. here (http://support.detectify.com/customer/portal/articles/2792281-technology-disclosure).

What can happen?

An attacker can use that information to look up known vulnerabilities in the specific technology and then use them against the website.

Entry	Found at	CVSS
1	http://95.179.196.14/	2.9

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/

CVSS

2.9 of 10.0

Request Headers

GET / HTTP/1.1

text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8 Accept

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent

Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify) +https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

200 Status

Keep-Alive timeout=15, max=96

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

Connection Keep-Alive

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:23:18 GMT

SAMEORIGIN X-Frame-Options

Content-Encoding gzip

Vary Accept-Encoding

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

Content-Length 1541 X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

By observing the checksums of the files accessible from /icons/ it's possible to work out what versions of Apache that is used. You can reconfigure your Apache setup to disable access to /icons/.

Resources

MISC - Removal of the /var/www/icons alias from Apache config

MISC - Hardening an Apache Server

MISC - Apache hardening cheat sheet

Referrer-Policy / Missing Header

What does this mean?

No referrer policy was found in the response and browsers will therefore use their default referrer policy.

What can happen?

Browsers may send sensitive information if it is stored in the URL to external websites.

Entry	Found at	cvss
1	http://95.179.196.14/	1.8

1. Referrer-Policy / Missing Header

Summary

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/

CVSS

1.8 of 10.0

Request Headers

GET / HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Host 95.179.196.14

Cache-Control no-store, no-cache

Pragma no-cache

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Status 200

Vary Accept-Encoding

Content-Encoding gzip

Content-Length 1541

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:24:06 GMT

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

Resources

OWASP - Referrer-Policy

MOZILLA - Referrer-Policy

MOZILLA - Tighter Control Over Your Referrers

MISC - A new security header: Referrer Policy

MISC - Using CORS policies to implement CSRF protection

W3 - Referrer Policy

Host Header Injection / Potential Open Redirect

What does this mean?

It's possible to cause the web application to redirect the victim to a site of the attacker's choice.

What can happen?

An attacker may, by redirecting the user to the attacker's site, launch an online phishing scam and steal user credentials or other sensitive information.

Entry	Found at	CVSS
1	http://95.179.196.14/captcha/example2/submit	1.2

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/captcha/example2/submit

Request URL

http://pentest.detectify.com/captcha/example2/submit?submit=Submit+Query &captcha=&answer=%5EfnYZA%5ERuS

CVSS

1.2 of 10.0

Request Headers

GET

/captcha/example2/submit?submit=Submit+Query&captcha=&answer=%5EfnYZA%5ERuSHTTP/1.1

Host pentest.detectify.com

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Connection close

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 302 Found

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:24:08 GMT

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Location http://pentest.detectify.com/captcha/example2/

Content-Length 0

Status 302

Vary Accept-Encoding

Connection close

This can potentially be abused in Safari.

Resources

DETECTIFY - Scratching the surface of host headers in Safari OWASP - Cache Poisoning MISC - Practical HTTP Host header attacks

Content-Security-Policy / Missing Header

What does this mean?

The header contain an undefined policy.

What can happen?

Browsers may interpret this in different ways, and may open up for undefined behaviors.

Entry	Found at	cvss
1	http://95.179.196.14/	0

Summary

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/

CVSS

0 of 10.0

Request Headers

GET / HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Host 95.179.196.14

Cache-Control no-store, no-cache

Pragma no-cache

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Status 200

Vary Accept-Encoding

Content-Encoding gzip

Content-Length 1541

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:24:06 GMT

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

There is no direct impact of not implementing CSP on your website. However, if your website is vulnerable to a cross-site Scripting (XSS) attack, then the CSP can mitigate the flaw. By not implementing CSP you will be missing out on this layer of security.

Resources

MISC - Content Security Policy Reference

OWASP - Content Security Policy

OWASP - Content Security Policy Cheat Sheet

GOOGLE - Content Security Policy

MOZILLA - Content Security Policy

WIKIPEDIA - Content Security Policy

Crawled URL's

What does this mean?

This finding is generated for debugging purposes. A link is associated with this finding containing a CSV file with all crawled URL's.

What can happen?

A scan might take too long due to representative content on the application. Vulnerabilities may also be missed if Detectify lack coverage in some area of the application. If you suspect Detectify can perform better, then take a look at the associated CSV.

Entry	Found at	CVSS
1	95.179.196.14	0

1. Crawled URL's

Summary

Found At 95.179.196.14

CVSS 0 of 10.0

Detectify tried to access 416 URL's, 16 of these were identified as unique during crawling and went through further testing.

Resources

DETECTIFY - Download Crawled URL's CSV

Discovered IP

What does this mean?

Detectify has found the following hosts. This is in no way a vulnerability, but should be considered an indicator for what has been covered.

here (http://support.detectify.com/customer/portal/articles/2792024-discovered-endpoint).

Entry	Found at	CVSS
1	95.179.196.14	0

Summary

Found At 95.179.196.14

CVSS 0 of 10.0

95.179.196.14: 80/http http open 81/unknown closed 443/unknown closed 444/unknown closed 1443/unknown closed 2082/unknown closed 2083/unknown closed 3000/unknown closed 3001/unknown closed 3128/unknown closed 3790/unknown closed 4443/unknown closed 4444/unknown closed 4502/unknown closed 4505/unknown closed 4567/unknown closed 5050/unknown closed 5051/unknown closed 5984/unknown closed 5985/unknown closed 5986/unknown closed 6443/unknown closed 7001/unknown closed 7077/unknown closed 8000/unknown closed 8001/unknown closed 8047/unknown closed 8080/unknown closed 8081/unknown closed 8083/unknown closed 8088/unknown closed 8089/unknown closed 8090/unknown closed 8100/unknown closed 8111/unknown closed 8161/unknown closed 8181/unknown closed 8443/unknown closed 8444/unknown closed 8500/unknown closed 8880/unknown closed 8888/unknown closed 8983/unknown closed 9000/unknown closed 9001/unknown closed 9002/unknown closed 9003/unknown closed 9080/unknown closed 9090/unknown closed 9093/unknown closed 9100/unknown closed 9200/unknown closed 9300/unknown closed 9443/unknown closed 11211/unknown closed 16686/unknown closed 17000/unknown closed 28017/unknown closed 50000/unknown closed 50013/unknown closed 50014/unknown closed 50070/unknown closed 50470/unknown closed 61680/unknown closed 61681/unknown closed

Email Enumeration

What does this mean?

The web site reveals one or more email addresses in plain text.

here (http://support.detectify.com/customer/portal/articles/2792087-email-enumeration).

What can happen?

Spammers can easily gather these email addressess and use them in spam campaigns. An attacker may also use those email adressess for spear phishing and other attacks.

Entry	Found at	cvss
1	http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example5/	0

Summary

Found At

http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example5/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/sqlinjection/example5/?limit=3

CVSS

0 of 10.0

Request Headers

GET /sqlinjection/example5/?limit=3 HTTP/1.1

Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml; q=0.9,image/webp,*/*; q=0.8

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests

User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Detectify)

+https://detectify.com/bot/701e6f4763d16abda616d359d41752bc3d76f3b6

Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate

Accept-Language en-US

Response Headers

HTTP/ 1.1 200 OK

Status 200

Keep-Alive timeout=15, max=76

Server Apache/2.2.16 (Debian)

X-Content-Type-Options nosniff

Connection Keep-Alive

Date Tue, 12 Mar 2019 21:23:22 GMT

X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN

Content-Encoding gzip

Vary Accept-Encoding

X-XSS-Protection 1; mode=block

Content-Length 670

X-Powered-By Phusion Passenger (mod_rails/mod_rack) 3.0.12

Content-Type text/html;charset=utf-8

Email

louis@pentesterlab.com

HTML Comments

What does this mean?

knowledge base (http://support.detectify.com/customer/en/portal/articles/2243487-html-comments).

What can happen?

The snippets of code within comments will remain inactive until you remove the comment brackets. The comments might also contain sensitive information not meant for the public.

Entry	Found at	cvss
1	http://95.179.196.14/captcha/example2/	0

1. HTML Comments

Summary

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http://95.179.196.14/captcha/example2/

Request URL

http://95.179.196.14/captcha/example2/

CVSS

0 of 10.0

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<!-- /container -->