Testing your package

DEVELOPING PYTHON PACKAGES



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The art and discipline of testing

Imagine you are working on this function

```
def get_ends(x):
    """Get the first and last element in a list"""
    return x[0], x[-1]
```

You might test it to make sure it works

```
# Check the function
get_ends([1,1,5,39,0])
```

```
(1, 0)
```

The art and discipline of testing

Good packages brag about how many tests they have



91% of the pandas package code has tests

Writing tests

```
def get_ends(x):
    """Get the first and last element in a list"""
    return x[0], x[-1]
def test_get_ends():
    assert get_ends([1,5,39,0]) == (1,0)
test_get_ends()
```

Writing tests

```
def get_ends(x):
    """Get the first and last element in a list"""
    return x[0], x[1]
def test_get_ends():
    assert get_ends([1,5,39,0]) == (1,0)
test_get_ends()
AssertionError:
```

Writing tests

```
def get_ends(x):
    """Get the first and last element in a list"""
    return x[0], x[-1]

def test_get_ends():
    assert get_ends([1,5,39,0]) == (1,0)
    assert get_ends(['n','e','r','d']) == ('n','d')
```

Organizing tests inside your package

Organizing tests inside your package

Test directory layout

```
mysklearn/tests/
-- __init__.py
|-- preprocessing
    |-- __init__.py
   |-- test_normalize.py
    -- test_standardize.py
|-- regression
    -- __init__.py
    |-- test_regression.py
-- test_utils.py
```

Code directory layout

```
mysklearn/mysklearn/
|-- __init__.py
-- preprocessing
    |-- __init__.py
    -- normalize.py
    |-- standardize.py
|-- regression
    |-- __init__.py
    -- regression.py
|-- utils.py
```

Organizing a test module

Inside test_normalize.py

```
from mysklearn.preprocessing.normalize import (
    find_max, find_min, normalize_data
def test_find_max(x):
    assert find_max([1,4,7,1])==7
def test_find_min(x):
    assert ...
def test_normalize_data(x):
    assert ...
```

Inside normalize.py

```
def find_max(x):
    return x_max
def find_min(x):
    return x_min
def normalize_data(x):
    return x_norm
```

DataCamp: Unit testing for data science

```
pytest
```

- pytest looks inside the test directory
- It looks for modules like test_modulename.py
- It looks for functions like test_functionname()
- It runs these functions and shows output

```
mysklearn/ <-- navigate to here
|-- mysklearn
|-- tests
|-- setup.py
|-- LICENSE
|-- MANIFEST.in</pre>
```

```
=========== test session starts ================
platform linux -- Python 3.7.9, pytest-6.1.2, py-1.9.0, pluggy-0.13.1
rootdir: /home/workspace/mypackages/mysklearn
collected 6 items
tests/preprocessing/test_normalize.py ...
                                                    [ 50%]
tests/preprocessing/test_standardize.py ...
                                                    [100%]
```

```
============ test session starts ====================
platform linux -- Python 3.7.9, pytest-6.1.2, py-1.9.0, pluggy-0.13.1
rootdir: /home/workspace/mypackages/mysklearn
                                          <-- ran in this directory
collected 6 items
                                          <-- found 6 test functions
tests/preprocessing/test_normalize.py ...
                                                    [ 50%]
                                                    [100%]
tests/preprocessing/test_standardize.py ...
```

```
platform linux -- Python 3.7.9, pytest-6.1.2, py-1.9.0, pluggy-0.13.1
rootdir: /home/workspace/mypackages/mysklearn
collected 6 items
tests/preprocessing/test_normalize.py ...
                                          [ 50%]
tests/preprocessing/test_standardize.py ...
                                          [100%] <--
```

```
=========== test session starts ================
platform linux -- Python 3.7.9, pytest-6.1.2, py-1.9.0, pluggy-0.13.1
rootdir: /home/workspace/mypackages/mysklearn
collected 6 items
tests/preprocessing/test_normalize.py ...
                                                    [ 50%]
tests/preprocessing/test_standardize.py ...
                                                    [100%]
```

```
tests/preprocessing/test_normalize.py .F.
                                  [ 50%]
tests/preprocessing/test_standardize.py ...
                                  [100%]
      tests/preprocessing/test_normalize.py:10: AssertionError
FAILED tests/preprocessing/test_normalize.py::test_mymax - assert -100 == 100 <-- test_mymax
```



Let's practice!

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Testing your package with different environments

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Testing multiple versions of Python

This setup.py allows any version of Python from version 2.7 upwards.

```
from setuptools import setup, find_packages

setup(
    ...
    python_requires='>=2.7',
)
```

To test these Python versions you must:

- Install all these Python versions
- Install your package and all dependencies into each Python
- Run pytest

Testing multiple versions of Python

This setup.py allows any version of Python from version 2.7 upwards.

```
from setuptools import setup, find_packages

setup(
    ...
    python_requires='>=2.7',
)
```

To test these Python versions you must:

- Install all these Python versions
- Run tox

What is tox?

• Designed to run tests with multiple versions of Python



Configure tox

Configuration file - tox.ini

```
mysklearn/
|-- mysklearn
-- tests
|-- setup.py
|-- LICENSE
-- MANIFEST.in
|-- tox.ini <--- configuration file
```

Configure tox

Configuration file - tox.ini

```
[tox]
envlist = py27, py35, py36, py37
[testenv]
deps = pytest
commands =
    pytest
    echo "run more commands"
```

- Headings are surrounded by square brackets [...].
- To test Python version X.Y add pyXY to envlist.
- The versions of Python you test need to be installed already.
- The commands parameter lists the terminal commands tox will run.
- The commands list can be any commands which will run from the terminal, like ls,
 cd, echo etc.

Running tox

tox

```
mysklearn/ <-- navigate to here
|-- mysklearn
|-- tests
|-- setup.py
|-- LICENSE
-- MANIFEST.in
|-- tox.ini
```

```
py27 create: /mypackages/mysklearn/.tox/py27
py27 installdeps: pytest
py27 inst: /mypackages/mysklearn/.tox/.tmp/package/1/mysklearn-0.1.0.zip
py27 installed: mysklearn==0.1.0,numpy==1.16.6,pandas==0.24.2,pytest==4.6.11,...
py27 run-test-pre: PYTHONHASHSEED='2837498672'
...
```

```
py27 run-test: commands[0] | pytest
   platform linux2 -- Python 2.7.17, ...
rootdir: /home/workspace/mypackages/mysklearn
collected 6 items
tests/preprocessing/test_normalize.py ...
                                           [ 50%]
tests/preprocessing/test_standardize.py ...
                                           [100%]
```

```
py27: commands succeeded
py35: commands succeeded
py36: commands succeeded
py37: commands succeeded
```

```
py27: commands succeeded
py35: commands succeeded
py36: commands succeeded
ERROR: py37: commands failed
```

Let's practice!

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Keeping your package stylish

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Introducing flake8

- Standard Python style is described in PEP8
- A style guide dictates how code should be laid out
- pytest is used to find bugs
- flake8 is used to find styling mistakes

Running flake8

Static code checker - reads code but doesn't run

```
flake8 features.py
```

```
features.py:2:1: F401 'math' imported but unused
..
```

```
<filename>:<line number>:<charcter number>:<error code> <desciption>
```



Using the output for quality code

```
1. import numpy as np
 2. import math
 3.
 4. def mean(x):
      """Calculate the mean"""
 5.
      return np.mean(x)
 7. def std(x):
        """Calculate the standard deviation"""
 8.
 9.
        mean_x = mean(x)
        std = mean((x-mean(x))**2)
10.
      return std
11.
12.
```

flake8 features.py

```
2:1: F401 'math' imported but unused
4:1: E302 expected 2 blank lines, found 1
7:1: E302 expected 2 blank lines, found 0
5:4: E111 indentation is not a multiple
    of four
6:4: E111 indentation is not a multiple
    of four
9:5: F841 local variable 'mean_x' is
    assigned to but never used
```

Using the output for quality code

```
1. import numpy as np
 2.
3.
4. def mean(x):
      """Calculate the mean"""
 5.
   return np.mean(x)
 7.
8.
9. def std(x):
       """Calculate the standard deviation"""
10.
11.
       mean_x = mean(x)
   std = mean((x - mean_x)**2)
12.
13.
   return std
14.
```

```
flake8 features.py
```



quadratic.py

```
4. ...
5. quadratic_1 = 6 * x**2 + 2 * x + 4;
6. quadratic_2 = 12 * x**2 + 2 * x + 8
7. ...
```

quadratic.py

```
4. ...
5. quadratic_1 = 6 * x**2 + 2 * x + 4;
6. quadratic_2 = 12 * x**2 + 2 * x + 8
7. ...
```

```
flake8 quadratic.py
```

```
quadratic.py:5:14: E222 multiple spaces after operator
quadratic.py:5:35: E703 statement ends with a semicolon
```

quadratic.py

```
4. ...
5. quadratic_1 = 6 * x**2 + 2 * x + 4; # noqa
6. quadratic_2 = 12 * x**2 + 2 * x + 8
7. ...
flake8 quadratic.py
```

quadratic.py

```
4. ...
5. quadratic_1 = 6 * x**2 + 2 * x + 4; # noqa: E222
6. quadratic_2 = 12 * x**2 + 2 * x + 8
7. ...
```

flake8 quadratic.py

quadratic.py:5:35: E703 statement ends with a semicolon

flake8 settings

Ignoring style violations without using comments

```
flake8 --ignore E222 quadratic.py
```

```
quadratic.py:5:35: E703 statement ends with a semicolon
```

```
flake8 --select F401,F841 features.py
```

```
2:1: F401 'math' imported but unused
```

9:5: F841 local variable 'mean_x' is assigned

to but never used



Choosing package settings using setup.cfg

Create a setup.cfg to store settings

Package file tree

```
|-- example_package
   |-- __init__.py
   `-- example_package.py
-- tests
   |-- __init__.py
   `-- test_example_package.py
-- README.rst
-- LICENSE
-- MANIFEST.in
-- setup.py
```

Choosing package settings using setup.cfg

Create a setup.cfg to store settings

```
[flake8]

ignore = E302
exclude = setup.py

per-file-ignores =
   example_package/example_package.py: E222
```

Package file tree

```
-- example_package
   |-- __init__.py
   `-- example_package.py
-- tests
   |-- __init__.py
   `-- test_example_package.py
-- README.rst
-- LICENSE
-- MANIFEST.in
-- setup.py
-- setup.cfg
```

The whole package

```
$ flake8
```

Package file tree

```
-- example_package
   |-- __init__.py
   `-- example_package.py
-- tests
   |-- __init__.py
   `-- test_example_package.py
-- README.rst
-- LICENSE
-- MANIFEST.in
-- setup.py
-- setup.cfg
```

Use the least filtering possible

Least filtering

```
1. # noqa : <code>
```

- 2. # noqa
- 3. setup.py → per-file-ignores
- 4. setup.py → exclude, ignore

Most filtering

Let's practice!

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