Yousef Jarrar, Jose Perez

CSE 461

Lab 1

20 Total Points.

1. Writing a Simple Shell

```
/*Yousef Jarrar - Jose Perez
Dr. Tong Yu
Part 1 - Writing a Simple Shell
Lab 1
*/
#include < stdio.h >
#include < stdlib.h >
#include < sys / wait.h >
#include < unistd.h >
#include < string.h >
 void read_command(char cmd[], char * par[]) {
  char line[1024];
  int count = 0, i = 0, j = 0;
  char * array[100], * pch;
  for (;;) {
   int c = fgetc(stdin);
   line[count++] = (char) c;
   if (c == '\n') break;
  }
  if (count == 1) return;
  pch = strtok(line, " \n");
```

```
//Parse the line into words
  while (pch != NULL) {
   array[i++] = strdup(pch);
   pch = strtok(NULL, " \n");
  }
  //first word is the command
  strcpy(cmd, array[0]);
  for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
   par[j] = array[j];
  par[i] = NULL;
 }
void type_prompt() {
 static int first_time = 1;
 if (first_time) {
  const char * CLEAR_SCREEN_ANSI = " \e[1;1H\e[2J";
  write(STDOUT_FILENO, CLEAR_SCREEN_ANSI, 12);
  first_time = 0;
 }
 printf("#");
}
int main() {
 char cmd[100], command[100], * parameters[20];
 char * envp[] = {
```

```
(char * )
  "PATH=/bin",
  0
};
 while (1) {
  type_prompt();
  read_command(command, parameters);
  if (fork() != 0) {
   wait(NULL);
  } else {
   strcpy(cmd, "/bin/");
   strcat(cmd, command);
   execve(cmd, parameters, envp);
  }
  if (strcmp(command, "exit") == 0) {
   break;
  }
}
return 0;
}
```

```
Jarrar@linux:~/Documents
                                                                            my#sl
 #ls
  aShell aShell.cpp
  #1s -1
  total 24
  -rwxrwxr-x. 1 yjarrar yjarrar 19032 Jan  7 19:04 aShell
  -rw-rw-r--. 1 yjarrar yjarrar 1516 Jan 7 19:03 aShell.cpp
  #clear
  TERM environment variable not set.
  #ls -1
  total 24
  -rwxrwxr-x. 1 yjarrar yjarrar 19032 Jan  7 19:04 aShell
  rw-rw-r-. 1 yjarrar yjarrar 1516 Jan 7 19:03 aShell.cpp
 #ps
  F S
       UID
               PID
                     PPID
                           C PRI
                                  NI ADDR SZ WCHAN
                                                    TTY
                                                                  TIME CMD
      1000
             35223
                    35207
                              80
                                   0 - 54507 -
                                                    pts/0
                                                              00:00:00 bash
      1000
            35328
                    35223 0
                              80
                                   0 - 1404 -
                                                    pts/0
                                                              00:00:00 aShell
                                   0 - 1404 -
                                                              00:00:00 aShell
      1000
            35329
                    35328
                              80
                                                    pts/0
                                   0 - 1795 -
      1000
             35340
                    35329 0
                              80
                                                    pts/0
                                                              00:00:00 ps
```

3. Debugging

Part A:

```
[yjarrar@linux xv6-public]$ gdb

GNU gdb (GDB) Fedora 8.2-5.fc29

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License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <a href="http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html">http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html</a>

This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.

There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.

Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details.

This GDB was configured as "x86_64-redhat-linux-gnu".

Type "show configuration" for configuration details.

For bug reporting instructions, please see:

<a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/">http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/</a>.
```

```
Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
    <http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/>.
For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word".
warning: File "/home/yjarrar/Documents/Lab 1/xv6-public/.gdbinit" auto-loading .
To enable execution of this file add
        add-auto-load-safe-path /home/yjarrar/Documents/Lab 1/xv6-public/.gdbint
line to your configuration file "/home/yjarrar/.gdbinit".
To completely disable this security protection add
        set auto-load safe-path /
line to your configuration file "/home/yjarrar/.gdbinit".
For more information about this security protection see the
--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--c
"Auto-loading safe path" section in the GDB manual. E.g., run from the shell:
        info "(gdb) Auto-loading safe path"
(gdb) target remote:26000
Remote debugging using :26000
warning: Remote gdbserver does not support determining executable automatically.
RHEL <=6.8 and <=7.2 versions of gdbserver do not support such automatic executable
detection.
The following versions of gdbserver support it:
- Upstream version of gdbserver (unsupported) 7.10 or later
- Red Hat Developer Toolset (DTS) version of gdbserver from DTS 4.0 or later (only on
x86 64)
- RHEL-7.3 versions of gdbserver (on any architecture)
warning: No executable has been specified and target does not support
determining executable automatically. Try using the "file" command.
0x0000fff0 in ?? ()
(qdb) file kernel
A program is being debugged already.
Are you sure you want to change the file? (y or n) y
Reading symbols from kernel...done.
(gdb) break swtch
Breakpoint 1 at 0x8010479b: file swtch.S, line 11.
```

```
Continuing.
Thread 1 hit Breakpoint 1, swtch () at swtch.S:11
11 movl 4(%esp), %eax
(gdb) step
12 movl 8(%esp), %edx
(gdb) step
15 pushl %ebp
(gdb) step
swtch () at swtch.S:16
16 pushl %ebx
(gdb) step
swtch () at swtch.S:17
17 pushl %esi
(gdb) step
swtch () at swtch.S:18
18 pushl %edi
(gdb) steo
Undefined command: "steo". Try "help".
(gdb) step
swtch () at swtch.S:21
21 movl %esp, (%eax)
(gdb) step
22 movl %edx, %esp
(gdb) step
swtch () at swtch.S:25
25 popl %edi
(gdb) step
swtch () at swtch.S:26
26 popl %esi
(gdb) step
swtch () at swtch.S:27
27 popl %ebx
```

(gdb) continue

```
(gdb) step
swtch () at swtch.S:28
28 popl %ebp
(gdb) step
swtch () at swtch.S:29
29 ret
(gdb) step
forkret () at proc.c:401
401 release (&ptable.lock);
(gdb) step
release (lk=0x80112d20 <ptable>) at spinlock.c:49
(gdb) step
holding (lock=0x80112d20 <ptable>) at spinlock.c:94
r = lock \rightarrow locked \&\& lock \rightarrow cpu == mycpu();
(gdb) step
mycpu () at x86.h:99
99 return eflags;
(gdb) step
45 apicid = lapicid();
(gdb) step
lapicid () at lapic.c:103
103 if (!lapic)
(gdb) step
105    return lapic[ID] >> 24;
(gdb) step
mycpu () at proc.c:48
48 for (i = 0; i < ncpu; ++i) {
(gdb) step
if (cpus[i].apicid == apicid)
(gdb) step
50
    return &cpus[i];
(gdb) step
popcli () at x86.h:99
```

```
99 return eflags;
(gdb) step
(gdb) stpe
Undefined command: "stpe". Try "help".
(gdb) step
mycpu () at x86.h:99
99 return eflags;
(gdb) step
(gdb) continue
Continuing.
Thread 1 hit Breakpoint 1, swtch () at swtch.S:11
11 movl 4(%esp), %eax
(gdb) clear
Deleted breakpoint 1
(gdb) break exec
Breakpoint 2 at 0x80100a80: file exec.c, line 20.
(qdb) continue
Continuing.
[Switching to Thread 2]
Thread 2 hit Breakpoint 2, exec (path=0x1c "/init", argv=0x8dfffed0) at exec.c:20
20      struct proc *curproc = myproc();
(gdb) continue
Continuing.
Thread 2 hit Breakpoint 2, exec (path=0x846 "sh", argv=0x8dffeed0) at exec.c:20
20      struct proc *curproc = myproc();
(gdb) continue
Continuing.
[Switching to Thread 1]
```

Explanation: We started off with running "xv6" in a terminal. We then opened a second session of the terminal command line and started a gbd connection on port 26000. We then loaded the Kernel File and inserted a Breakpoint (context switching) to start the debugging process. We were able to determine the different points of how the xv6 boots, and observed the different opcodes that were being used during the process. Once completed, we cleared the breakpoint and inserted another (exec system call). We noticed that at this point the kernel loaded it's first user-mode process "init". It then loads into an interactive shell program and stops as it is waiting for a command (we noticed this on the operating system side, opposite of gdb). Once it was supplied with a system call "ls -l" the operating system continued to work, until the next hang (user input).

Part B:

```
(gdb) disass
```

```
Dump of assembler code for function mycpu:
```

```
0x80103840 <+0>: push ebp
```

0x80103841 <+1>: mov ebp,esp

0x80103843 <+3>: push esi

0x80103844 <+4>: push ebx

0x80103845 <+5>: pushf

0x80103846 <+6>: pop eax

0x80103847 <+7>: test ah,0x2

0x8010384a <+10>: jne 0x801038a9 <mycpu+105>

0x8010384c <+12>: call 0x80102830 <lapicid>

=> 0x80103851 <+17>: mov esi,DWORD PTR ds:0x80112d00

0x80103857 <+23>: test esi,esi

0x80103859 <+25>: jle 0x8010389c <mycpu+92>

0x8010385b <+27>: movzx edx,BYTE PTR ds:0x80112780

0x80103862 <+34>: cmp eax,edx

0x80103864 <+36>: je 0x80103895 <mycpu+85>

0x80103866 <+38>: xor edx,edx

0x80103868 <+40>: lea esi,[esi+eiz*1+0x0]

0x8010386f <+47>: nop

0x80103870 <+48>: add edx,0x1

0x80103873 <+51>: cmp edx,esi

0x80103875 <+53>: je 0x8010389c <mycpu+92>

0x80103877 <+55>: imul ecx,edx,0xb0

--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--c

0x8010387d <+61>: movzx ebx,BYTE PTR [ecx-0x7feed880]

0x80103884 <+68>: cmp ebx,eax

0x80103886 <+70>: jne 0x80103870 <mycpu+48>

0x80103888 <+72>: lea eax,[ecx-0x7feed880]

```
0x8010388e <+78>: lea esp,[ebp-0x8]
 0x80103891 <+81>: pop ebx
 0x80103892 <+82>: pop esi
 0x80103893 <+83>: pop ebp
 0x80103894 <+84>: ret
 0x80103895 <+85>: mov eax,0x80112780
 0x8010389a <+90>: jmp 0x8010388e <mycpu+78>
 0x8010389c <+92>: sub esp,0xc
 0x8010389f <+95>: push 0x801074dc
 0x801038a4 <+100>: call 0x80100390 <panic>
 0x801038a9 <+105>: sub esp,0xc
 0x801038ac <+108>: push 0x801075b8
 0x801038b1 <+113>: call 0x80100390 <panic>
End of assembler dump.
Part C:
* cp.c
* By: Yousef Jarrar and Jose Perez
* CSE 461 Lab 1
#include "types.h"
#include "stat.h"
#include "user.h"
#include "fcntl.h"
char buf[512];
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
int fd0, fd1, fd2, n;
if (argv <= 2) {
```

```
printf(1, "Need 2 Arguements!\n");
 exit();
}
for (int i =2; i<=argc; i++){
 //opens README file
 if((fd0 = open(argv[1], O_RDONLY))<0) {</pre>
  printf(1, "cp: Cannot Open %s\n", argv[1]);
  exit();
 }
 //opens myFile1
 if((fd1 = open(argv[2], O_CREATE|O_RDWR))<0) {</pre>
  printf(1, "cp: Cannot Open %s\n", argv[2]);
  exit();
 }
 //opens the myFile2
 if((fd2 = open(argv[3], O_CREATE|O_RDWR))<0) {</pre>
  printf(1, "cp: Cannot Open %s\n", argv[3]);
  exit();
 }
 while((n = read (fd0, buf, sizeof(buf)))>0){
  //writes onto the myFiles
  write (fd1, buf, n);
  write (fd2, buf, n);
 }
 //closes README File
 close(fd0);
```

```
//closes myFile1 and myFile2
close(fd1);
close(fd2);
}
exit();
}
```

```
iPXE (http://ipxe.org) 00:03.0 C980 PCI2.10 PnP PMM+1FF913E0+1FED13E0 C980
Booting from Hard Disk..xv6...
cpul: starting l
cpu0: starting 0
sb: size 1000 nblocks 941 ninodes 200 nlog 30 logstart 2 inodestart 32 bmap sta8
init: starting sh
$ ls
               1 1 512
               1 1 512
README
               2 2 2327
               2 3 16164
cat
               2 4 14980
echo
               2 5 9260
forktest
grep
               2 6 18432
init
               2 7 15600
kill
               2 8 15016
ln
               2 9 14900
               2 10 17504
1s
mkdir
               2 11 15132
               2 12 15108
rm
               2 13 27668
sh
               2 14 15952
stressfs
usertests
               2 15 65948
               2 16 16856
WC
               2 17 15824
               2 18 14716
zombie
console
myFile
               2 20 2327
```

```
Need 2 Arguements!
$ cp README myFile1 myFile2
              1 1 512
README
             2 2 2327
             2 3 16164
cat
             2 4 14980
echo
             2 5 9260
forktest
             2 6 18432
             2 7 15600
init
kill
             2 8 15016
1n
             2 9 14900
             2 10 17504
ls
             2 11 15132
mkdir
rm
             2 12 15108
             2 13 27668
sh
stressfs
            2 14 15952
usertests
            2 15 65948
             2 16 16856
WC
             2 17 15824
ср
             2 18 14716
zombie
             3 19 0
console
myFile
             2 20 2327
myFilel
             2 21 2327
myFile2
             2 22 2327
$ cat myFile2
xv6 is a re-implementation of Dennis Ritchie's and Ken Thompson's Unix
Version 6 (v6). xv6 loosely follows the structure and style of v6,
but is implemented for a modern x86-based multiprocessor using ANSI C.
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS
xv6 is inspired by John Lions's Commentary on UNIX 6th Edition (Peer
```

```
99999999999
```

\$ cat myFilel

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

xv6 is inspired by John Lions's Commentary on UNIX 6th Edition (Peer to Peer Communications; ISBN: 1-57398-013-7; 1st edition (June 14, 2000)). See also https://pdos.csail.mit.edu/6.828/, which provides pointers to on-line resources for v6.

xv6 borrows code from the following sources:
 JOS (asm.h, elf.h, mmu.h, bootasm.S, ide.c, console.c, and others)
Plan 9 (entryother.S, mp.h, mp.c, lapic.c)
FreeBSD (ioapic.c)
NetBSD (console.c)

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The code in the files that constitute xv6 is Copyright 2006-2018 Frans Kaashoek, Robert Morris, and Russ Cox.

ERROR REPORTS

Please send errors and suggestions to Frans Kaashoek and Robert Morris (kaashoek,rtm@mit.edu). The main purpose of xv6 is as a teaching operating system for MIT's 6.828, so we are more interested in