B112040003 張景旭

Lex 版本: flex 2.6.4

Yacc 版本: bison (GNU Bison) 3.8.2

OS: ubuntu 22.04

執行方式:

1. Compile:

\$ make clean

\$ make

- 2. Execute:
 - \$./myjavac <inputfile>

e.g. \$./myjavac ./tes1.java

你/妳如何處理這份規格書上的問題

● 在文法 <Program> ::= class <ClassName> { <MemberList> } 中,

定義 Java 類別的基本架構。包含:

- class 關鍵字遺漏
- { 或 } 括號缺漏
- 類別主體 <MemberList> 為空時,視情況顯示提示
- 不合法的類別名稱識別字
- 漏寫分號、括號不對稱、參數遺漏、重複宣告等問題,讓語法分析器 具備基礎的錯誤恢復能力。

這些錯誤會被攔截處理,印出錯誤訊息,且不會導致 parser 直接終止。

- 在文法 <Declaration> ::= <Type> <IDList>; 中,檢查變數宣告的格式是否正確,包括漏寫分號、錯用 = 或 := 賦值符號等錯誤情況,並透過語意分析階段回報具體錯誤訊息。
- 在 <IDList> ::= ID | <IDList> , ID 中 , 結合 symbol table 功能 , 對每個出現的 ID 進行重複性檢查 , 若發現相同變數名稱重複宣告 , 將產生錯誤提示 , 並持續分析後續語法。
- 在賦值運算 <Assignment> ::= <LHS> = <Expression> 中,偵測是否使用了 非 Java 標準賦值符號 (例如 :=),若出現類 Pascal 語法,將回報不合法 的賦值操作。
- 在邏輯與算術運算式中,進行基本型別一致性檢查。例如:int + boolean 或 float && string 等情況,將產生型別錯誤訊息。此外,也會對非法常數格式 (如 12.,.34e+,1.2.3)進行過濾。
- 在條件語句 <IfStmt> ::= if (<Expr>) <Stmt> 與 <WhileStmt> ::= while (<Expr>) <Stmt> 中,檢查括號是否完整封閉,並提示漏寫右括號或語法結構不完整的情況。
- 在 <MethodDecl> 中,檢查是否有缺漏的引數括號或回傳型別,並對未正確結束的 method block (例如缺少 })提出錯誤提示。

遇到問題

- 1. lex 把 多行 comment 都視做同一行字串,對於多行 comment 要分成標示 出不同不同行號需透過字串行數及陣列處理
- 2. lex 把 '' 和 '\t' 都視做長度為一,所以針對 '\t' 計算位置會有問題,需另 行處理
- 3. Yacc 在做 recovery 時的訊息判別,會因為 comment 在其上下列,造成行 號標示錯誤,必須另行判斷
- 4. 可利用 yacc 指令使用特殊記號名稱 error 進行錯誤處理。 設計 error recovery 時,如果此位置發生輸入錯誤,剖析器會執行 ,可以快速判別文 法錯誤位置,利於程式設計

結果:

test1.java

```
edward@ubuntu3:~/compiler/myjavav3$ ./myjavac test1.java
      1: /* Test file: Perfect test file
line
       2: * Compute sum = 1 + 2 + ... + n
line
      3: */
line
line
      4: class sigma {
       5: // "final" should have const_expr
line
line
       6: final int n = 10;
      7: int sum , index ;
line
line
      8:
line
      9: main ( )
line 10: {
line 11: index = 0;
line 12: sum = 0;
line 13: while ( index <= n )</pre>
line 14: {
line 15: sum = sum + index ;
line 16: index = index + 1;
line 17: }
line 18: print ( sum );
line 19: }
line 20:
```

test2.java

```
edward@ubuntu3:~/compiler/myjavav3$ ./myjavac test2.java
line
      1: /*Test file: Duplicate declare variable in the same scope*/
      2: class Point
line
line
      3: {
      4: static int counter;
line
      5: int x , y ;
line
line
      6: /*Duplicate declare x*/
      7: int x;
line
>'x' is a duplicate identifier.
line 8: void clear ( )
line
     9: {
line 10: x = 0;
line 11: y = 0;
line 12:
line 13:
```

test3.java

```
edward@ubuntu3:~/compiler/myjavav3$ ./myjavac test3.java
        1: /*Test file of Syntax errer: Out of symbol. But it can go through*/
line
       2: class Point {
line
       3: int z ;
4, char: 12 , a syntax error at 'y'
line
Line
       4: int x y ;
5: /*Need ',' before y*/
6: float w ;
line
line
line
line 7: }
line 8: class Test {
line 9: int d;
line 10: Point p = new Point ( )
Line 10, char: 12, statement without semicolon line 11: /*Need ';' at EOL*/ line 12: int w , q
line 13: }
edward@ubuntu3:~/compiler/myjavav3$
```

test4.java

```
edward@ubuntu3:~/compiler/myjavav3$ ./myjavac test4.java

line 1: /*Test file: Duplicate declaration in different scope and same scope*/
line 2: class Point

line 3: {
    ine 4: int x , y ;
    line 5: int p ;
    line 6: boolean test ()

line 7: {
    ine 8: /*Another x, but in different scopes*/
line 9: int x ;
line 10: /*Another x in the same scope*/
**** 'x' in the next line is a duplicated identifier in the current scope.***

line 11: char x

line 12: {
    line 13: boolean w ;
line 14: }
line 15: /*Another w in the same scope*/
line 16: int w ;
line 17: }
line 18: }
line 19: class Test
line 20: {
    line 21: /*Another p, but in different scopes*/
line 22: Point p = new Point () ;
line 23: }
```

```
iler/myjavav3$ ./myjavac test5.java
line
         1: class test5 {
         2: int add(int a1 , int a2){
3: return ( a1 + a2 ) ;
line
line
line
line
          5: void main ( ) {
         6: int x , y , z ;

7: for ( int i = 0 ; i < 2 ; i++ ) {

8: if ( i == 0 ) {

9: //-----ELSE WITHOUT IF
line
line
line
line
*****Else Without If at line 10, char 4*****
line 10: else
line 11: i = 1
line 12: }
line 13: for ( x ; x < 5 ; x++ ) {
line 14: y++;
line 15: //------FUNCTION CALL
line 16: x = add(x , y);
line 17: x = z(x , y);
line 1/: x = z(x , y);
line 18: }
line 19: }
line 20: print ( "x:" + x + "y:" + y );
line 21: z = ( x + y ) * 5 / 2 -- - y;
line 22: }
line 23: }
line 24:
line 25:/* this is a comment // line// with some /* /*and line 26:// delimiters */
```

test6.java

```
edward@ubuntu3:~/compiler/myjavav3$ ./myjavac test6.java
line 1: class test6 {
line 2: void sum () {
line 3: //----NEVER USED
line 4: int sumxyz = x + y + z;
line 5: }
line 6: void main () {
line 7: //-----ARRAY
line 8: int [] i = new int [1];
line 9: for (i [0] = 0; i [0] < 5; i [0] ++ )
line 10: i[0] ++;
line 11:
line 12: //-----NEW CLASS
line 13: Point lowerLeft = new Point ();
line 14:
line 15: //-----ERROR CONDITION
*******Invalid Boolean Expression at line 16, char 9 ******
line 16: while ( * * / a ++ ) {
line 17: print ( "error!!" )
d line 18: }
line 19: //-----CLASS DECLARE
line 20: class Point {
line 21: int x , y , z ;
line 22: }
line 23: }
line 24:
line 25: }</pre>
```