

| Elected Officials

Elected Officials is the group of singular Elected Officials which form a set of people who make important decisions about the world and its Jurisdiction.

Elected Officials are elected into their position during an Election.

| Elected Official

An **Elected Official** is an individual who has been voted into the Government's group of **Elected Officials**.

| Rights of an Elected Official

An **Elected Official** also has all the rights of a Citizen and in addition has the following elevated abilities when compared to Citizens.

| Participate in Government Meetings

All **Elected Officials** must attend Governmental Meetings when available to. Citizens cannot participate in Governmental Meetings, however they are allowed to view them.

| Call for Governmental Meetings

Any **Elected Official** can call for a Governmental Meeting at any time, however, this doesn't mean the meeting will occur.

| Add Public Tasks *without* a Government Meeting

An **Elected Official** can add a Public Task without requiring the approval of a Governmental Meeting, however they cannot exploit this to complete a Public Project in small parts. Additionally, Public Tasks cannot be assigned without giving at least 1 tax period of notice before the assigner of the Public Task can participate in completion of the Task or until another Citizen has already partaken in completion of the Task.

| Add Public Projects *with* the approval of a Governmental Meeting

An **Elected Official** can add a Public Project if they gain the approval of the **Elected Officials**.

I Act Through the Treasurer *with* the approval of a Government Meeting or the Treasurer

An **Elected Official** has the ability to force the Treasurer to use one of their rights if they are approved to do so at a Governmental Meeting. The Treasurer may also solely agree with usage of their rights without the approval of a Governmental Meeting.

I Officialize Fines

An **Elected Official** can officialize Fines that Citizens (including themselves) submit. If a Fine is too little or too much for the Crime the **Elected Official** can negotiate the terms of the Fine in order to officialize it.

I Incur Criminal Punishments

An **Elected Official** can incur (issue) Criminal Punishments on Citizens who have committed a Crime. However, an **Elected Official** cannot incur a Temporary Ban without the approval of a Governmental Meeting.

I Release Prisoners *with* the approval of a Governmental Meeting

An **Elected Official** can release a prisoner from Prison early with the approval of a Governmental Meetings.

I Allocate Small Properties *without* the approval of a Governmental Meeting

An **Elected Official** can allocate Small Property for themselves and others without approval of a Governmental Meeting. Allocated land must be allocated via purchase detailed in Purchasing Land.

I Allocate Large Properties *with* the approval of a Governmental Meeting

An **Elected Official** can allocate Large Property for themselves and others with the approval of a Governmental Meeting. Allocated land must be allocated via purchase detailed in Purchasing Land.

I Allocate Subsurface Land Provisions

An **Elected Official** can allocate Subsurface Land Provisions for themselves and others. They must determine a provision Y level before granting a provision.

I Adjust the Circumstantial Tax Value

An **Elected Official** who is currently present in MC:BSR-S2 can adjust the Circumstantial Tax Value by 0.05 on each Tax Period before tax collection. Two or multiple **Elected Officials** can adjust in opposite directions and cancel each other out. The adjustment goes into effect the *this* Tax Period.

I Postpone a Tax Period

An **Elected Official** can postpone the Tax Period if no **Elected Officials** are present to collect Taxes. If a Tax Period is postponed, the Taxes for the current period are owed during the next period. A Tax Period cannot be postponed more than 2 times consecutively.

I Terminate Vehicles

An **Elected Official** has the right to terminate vehicles in Public Property.

I Create Millages *with* the Approval of a Government Meeting

An **Elected Official** can create a Millage with the approval of a approval of a Governmental Meeting.

I Organize Task Forces *with* the approval of a Governmental Meeting

An **Elected Official** can organize a task force of either volunteers or conscripts with approval of a Governmental Meeting. Volunteers should always be taken before conscription is applied. If users are conscripted and refuse to comply it is considered a Crime. It is also considered a Crime if members do not put effort into completing the assigned task.

All members of a task force must be fairly and equally* compensated in currency for their participation. Volunteers may be compensated extra, however, no more than 150% the rate of conscripts. The amount of compensation is to be decided during the initial Governmental Meeting. Task force members have the right to request food and other supplies to aid them with their assignment. If the Government fails to supply resources necessary for the task it is considered a Crime on all **Elected Officials**.

Members of the task force must sign a contract for their participation to be valid and enforceable. Task forces should not be formed without a probable cause and task force

participation enforcement becomes invalid if conscription is permanent; task forces including conscripts must have a definitive ending period where conscripts are released. Task forces including conscripts cannot last for more than 10 [Tax Periods](#).

| Access the Collection

The collection is a set of assets owned by the [Government](#) which are not of high value (high value items are kept in the [Treasure](#)). This set of assets can specifically be accessed by all [Elected Officials](#).

| Approve Nether Highway Extensions

An **Elected Officials** can approve [Private Nether Tunnel Extensions](#) to [Nether Highways](#). They cannot self-approve their own [Private Nether Tunnel Extensions](#) and cannot approve more than 5 extensions in less than 10 [Tax Periods](#).

| Provision Land Mutation

An **Elected Official** has the right to provision a land mutation; an **Elected Official** can legally disobey [Jurisdiction](#) regarding [Public Property and Unowned Property Mutation](#). However, **Elected Officials** are to be held responsible for changes to this [Land](#) such that if their changes work to destroy [Land](#) overall *without* the approval of a [Governmental Meeting](#) or cause the death of others due to a preventable issue then it is considered a [Crime](#).

| Rules for Elected Officials

| Satisfy Governmental Service Requests

Elected Officials must satisfy [Governmental Service Requests](#) within the appropriate time frame listed with each request. This includes collaborating with the [Treasurer](#) when necessary.

| Due Notice

An **Elected Official** can not inform [Citizens](#) of critical matters such as fines, notices of regulation infringement or important notices without a minimum of 3 Minecraft days for a [Citizen](#) to respond.

| Public Supplier Requirement

An **Elected Official** must always structure asset requests for Public Assignments such that the resources can be supplied by all Citizens without restriction; **Elected Officials** can not privatize the supplement of assets into the Treasure.

This, by extension, means that even if a particular supplier has shown great value and decency in behavior they cannot be accepted as the sole supplier for an asset.

I Impeachment

An **Elected Official** may be forcefully removed from office if at least one **Elected Official** and a Citizen agree to start an impeachment vote. An impeachment vote follows the following steps:

1. The **Elected Official** calls for a Governmental Meeting
2. During the meeting all Citizens vote yea or nay on whether to remove an **Elected Official** from the Government where yea is confirmation to remove the **Elected Official**
3. If the **Elected Official** has more than 2/3rds of the votes as yea then they will be forced to leave the Government for the current term and the next person in order from the previous Election will be moved into the Government.

I Maximum Term Length

If any one **Elected Official** is part of the Government for more than 5 consecutive terms the top **Elected Official** of the last Election should be removed from vote in the next Election. The count of consecutive terms resets if any one **Elected Official** is removed from the Government as a result of this policy.