

Pharmaceutical

## Sodium Hydrogen Carbonate in Stomach Medicine

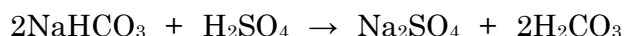
Acid-base titration by  
Automatic Potentiometric Titrator

Standard

Japanese pharmacopoeia  
codex 15

### 1. Abstract

Sodium hydrogen carbonate is used in antacid or other pharmaceuticals. Here, a sample from commercially sold stomach medicine is titrated with 0.5mol/L sulfuric acid according to Japanese Pharmacopoeia codex 15. The contained sodium hydrogen carbonate is determined by the endpoint, which is the maximum inflexion point on titration curve.



### 2. Reference

- 1) Japanese pharmacopoeia codex 15 :  
Quantitative determination of Sodium hydrogen carbonate

### 3. Cautions in measurement

- 1) Use water or solvent without carbon dioxide in it. Refrain from ambient carbon dioxide which may affect chemical reaction during measurement.
- 2) Obtain the factor of standard 0.5mol/L sulfuric acid using carbon dioxide according to JIS K 8001.
- 3) Sodium hydrogen carbonate gradually dissolves in damp air. Handle with care.

#### 4. Post-measurement care

The electrode after rinsed with pure water must be kept in pure water in a beaker so that its tip may not dry up.

#### 5. Test equipment

Main unit : Automatic potentiometric titrator (Standard preamplifier: STD—)

Electrode : standard Combination glass electrode

standard Temperature compensation electrode

#### 6. Reagent

Reagent : 0.5mol/L sulfuric acid

#### 7. Measurement procedure

—Measurement—

- 1) Prepare approximately 2g of sample in a 200mL beaker.
- 2) Add pure water to make it total 100mL.
- 3) Titrate with 0.5mol/L sulfuric acid.

#### 8. Formula

$$\text{Content (\%)} = (\text{EP1} - \text{BL1}) \times \text{TF} \times \text{C1} \times \text{K1} / \text{SIZE}$$

EP1 : Titration volume (mL)

BL1 : Blank level (mL)=0

TF : Factor =1.008

C1 : Concentration conversion coefficient =84.01

(Sodium hydrogen carbonate (mg) equivalent to 1mL of 0.5mol/L H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>)

K1 : Unit conversion coefficient =0.1

SIZE : Sample size (g)

## 9.Example of measurement

—Ambient condition—

Room temperature : 22.5 °C	Humidity : 47 %	Weather : Cloudy
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The below test data were obtained from titration by AT-510 unit.

### -Titration parameter-

Model : AT-510	
Method No. : 19	
<Auto Intermit>	
<Titration>	<Calculation>
Form : EP Stop	Calc. Type : Sample
APB No. : 1	Conc.1 : Set
Unit No. : 1	CO1=
Detector No. : 1	(EP1-BL1)*TF*K1*C1/SIZ
Unit : pH	E
Max.Volume : 8.0mL	
Wait Time : 0s	Unit : %
Direction : Auto	EP No. : 1
	Temp.Comp. : Off
<Control>	<Constant>
End Point No. : 1	C1(mg/mL) : 84.01
End sense : Auto	K1 : 0.1
End Point Area : Off	<Titr. Constant>
Separation : Off	Factor : 1.008
Over Titr.Vol. : 0mL	Conc : 0.5
Gain : 3	<Blank>
Data samp.Pot. : 4.0mV	Blank1 : 0.0
Data samp.Vol. : 0.5mL	
Stability : 0.5mV/s	
Delay Time : 1s	
Limit Time : 30s	

### -Titration curve-

*** Result ***
Sample No. : 60-01
Date : 1999/08/10 10:10
Sample ID : NaHCO3
Method No. : 19
<Auto Intermit>
Method Name : NaHCO3
Tit. Time : 00:10:45
Size : <u>1.960g</u>
Conc-1 : <u>5.2084%</u>
End point-1
Volume : <u>1.2055mL</u>
Potential : <u>5.45pH</u>
5.0 [pH] 6.0
0.000
0.000
[mL]

### Meaning of printout data:

#### «Titration parameter»

Form: of titration / APB No. the power burette used in titration / Unit No.: [APB Unit File number](#)

Detector No.: the detector used in titration / Max Volume: of titration / Wait Time: before titration starts

Direction.: of titration

#### «Control parameter»

End Point No.: total EPs / End sense: EP direction / End Point Area: detection area

Separation: of potential level / Over Titr.Vol.: over-titration volume / Gain: of detection signal

Data samp.Pot. potential changes of sampling detection signal / Data samp.Vol.: titration volume of sampling signal

Stability: level of EP stability / Delay Time: before stability check / Limit Time: for stability check

#### «Result parameter»

Calc.Type of formula / Conc.1: formula 1 / Unit: of results / EP No. for calculation / Temp.Comp.: of titration liquid

C1(mg/mL): concentration conversion coefficient / K1: unit conversion coeff. / Factor: of reagent

Blank1 blank level 1

—Measurement results—

n	Sample (g)	Titration (mL)	Content (%)
1	<u>1.960</u>	<u>1.2055</u>	<u>5.2084</u>
2	1.960	1.2077	5.2179
3	1.960	1.2045	5.2041

Statistics	
Mean	5.2101%
SD	0.007%
RSD	0.136%

\* The above results were obtained by 3 tests of the same sample.

\* Red underline shows the data from page 3/4.

## 10.Summary

Sodium hydrogen carbonate is used in antacid for stomach ulcer or irritation. Since it gradually dissolves in damp air, it is necessary to check its concentration for quality control by way of titration.

The sample measurement this time shows a good repeatability with 0.1% relative standard deviation.

Precise and reliable measurement is assured by the automated potentiometry.