

### PROBLEMA 7.11

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - \sin x - 1}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{1} + \cancel{x} + \frac{x^2}{2} - \cancel{x} - \cancel{1} + o(x^2)}{x^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - x + x^3/6}{x^5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{x} - \cancel{x^3/6} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \cancel{x} + \cancel{x^3/6} + o(x^5)}{x^5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5!}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - \sqrt{1-x}}{\sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{1} - (\cancel{1} - x/2) + o(x)}{x + o(x)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{x} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \cancel{x} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + o(x^3)}{x^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \sin x}{x(1 - \cos(3x))} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{x} - \cancel{x} + x^3/3! + o(x^3)}{x(\cancel{1} - \cancel{1} + \frac{3^2 x^2}{2} + o(x^2))}$$

$$= \frac{1}{27}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x + e^x - x - 2}{x^3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{1} - \frac{x^2}{2} + \cancel{1} + \cancel{x} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3!} - \cancel{x} - \cancel{2} + o(x^3)}{x^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\sin x} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - x}{x \sin x} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - x + o(x^3)}{x^2 + o(x^2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{o(x^3)}{x^2 + o(x^2)} = 0$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{x^2 \sin x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \frac{x^3}{3!} - x + \frac{x^3}{2!} + o(x^3)}{x^3 + o(x^3)} = \frac{1}{2!} - \frac{1}{3!} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{3/2} \left( \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x-1} - 2\sqrt{x} \right) =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^2 \left( \sqrt{1+1/x} + \sqrt{1-1/x} - 2 \right) \quad [x = 1/z]$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{z^2} \left( \sqrt{1+z} + \sqrt{1-z} - 2 \right)$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{z^2} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{2}z - \frac{1}{8}z^2 + 1 - \frac{1}{2}z - \frac{1}{8}z^2 - 2 + o(z^2) \right)$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{z^2} \left( -\frac{1}{4}z^2 + o(z^2) \right) = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( x - x^2 \log(1+1/x) \right) = \quad [z = 1/x]$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow 0^+} \left( \frac{1}{z} - \frac{1}{z^2} \log(1+z) \right) =$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow 0^+} \left( \frac{z - \log(1+z)}{z^2} \right) =$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{z - z + \frac{z^2}{2} + o(z^2)}{z^2} = \frac{1}{2}$$