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$[1 \ 1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1] = p_1$
 $[1 \ 1 \ -1 \ 1 \ -1 \ 1] = p_2$
 $N=6$
 $N_p=2$

$A_1 = [1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1]$
 $A_2 = [1 \ -1 \ 1 \ 1 \ -1 \ 1]$
 $A_3 = [1 \ 1 \ -1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1]$
 $x > 1 = 1$
 $x < 0 = -1$
 $x(0,1) = \text{mismo valor}$

$W = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

$\text{bias } \frac{N}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 6/2 \\ 6/2 \end{bmatrix}$

• U(0) Estado inicial

$A_1 = [1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1]$

$\frac{1}{N} = \frac{1}{6} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 \\ 1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6/2 \\ 6/2 \end{bmatrix} \right)$

$\frac{1}{6} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6/2 \\ 6/2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.66 \\ 0.66 \end{bmatrix}$

$U(0) = f(0.66, 0.66)$

$U(0) = [0.66, 0.66]$

→ Salida segunda capa.

$E = \frac{1}{N-1} = \frac{1}{6-1} = \frac{1}{5}$

$U(0) = [0.66, 0.66]$

$U_1(1) = (0.66 - 1/5(0.66)) = f(0.528) = 0.528$

$U_2(1) = (0.66 - 1/5(0.66)) = f(0.528) = 0.528$

(0.528, 0.528) → Sigue iterando

$[-0.528, 0.528]$

$U_1(2) = (0.528 - 1/5(0.528)) = f(0.4224) = 0.4224$

$U_2(2) = (0.528 - 1/5(0.528)) = f(0.4224) = 0.424$

[-0.4224, 0.4224] → Hay 2 salidas → Sigue iterando

$U_1(3) = (0.4224 - 1/5(0.4224)) = f(0.33) = 0.33$

$U_2(3) = (0.4224 - 1/5(0.4224)) = f(0.33) = 0.33$

$[0.33, 0.33] \rightarrow \text{Hea}$

$U(1) = (0.33 - 1/5(0.33)) = f(0.26) = 0.26$

$U(1) = (0.33 - 1/5(0.33)) = f(0.26) = 0.26$

$[0.26, 0.26] \rightarrow \text{Hea}$

$U(2) = (0.26 - 1/5(0.26)) = 0.20$

$U(2) = (0.26 - 1/5(0.26)) = 0.20$

$[0.20, 0.20] \rightarrow \text{Hea}$

$U(3) = f(0.20 - 1/5(0.20)) = 0.16$

$U(3) = f(0.20 - 1/5(0.20)) = 0.16$

$[0.16, 0.16] \rightarrow \text{Hea}$

$U(4) = f(0.16 - 1/5(0.16)) = 0.12$

$U(4) = f(0.16 - 1/5(0.16)) = 0.12$

$[0.12, 0.12] \rightarrow \text{Hea}$

$U_1(8) = f(0.12 - 1/5(0.12)) = 0$

$U_2(8) = f(0.12 - 1/5(0.12)) = 0$

• 2 Salidas con cero puede asociar con cualquier patron

• Estado INICIAL.

$A_2 = [1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1]$

$\frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 \\ 1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6/2 \\ 6/2 \end{bmatrix}$

$= \frac{1}{6} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6/2 \\ 6/2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.83 \\ 0.83 \end{bmatrix}$

$U(0) = f(0.83, 0.83)$

$U(0) = [0.83, 0.83]$

$U_1(1) = f(0.83 - 1/5(0.83)) = 0.79$

$U_2(1) = f(0.83 - 1/5(0.83)) = 0$

[0.79, 0] → Se tiene una salida y Az asocia con P1.

• Estado inicial

$A_3 = [1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1]$

$\frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 \\ 1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6/2 \\ 6/2 \end{bmatrix}$

$= \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6/2 \\ 6/2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.83 \end{bmatrix}$

$U(0) = f(0.5, 0.83); U(0) = [0.5, 0.83]$

$U_1(1) = f(0.5 - 1/5(0.83)) = 0.334$

$U_2(1) = f(0.83 - 1/5(0.83)) = 0.73$

$U_1(2) = f(0.334 - 1/5(0.73)) = 0.188$

$U_2(2) = f(0.73 - 1/5(0.334)) = 0.66 > \text{Hea}$

$U_1(3) = f(0.188 - 1/5(0.66)) = 0.05$

$U_2(3) = f(0.66 - 1/5(0.188)) = 0.62$

$U_1(4) = f(0.05 - 1/5(0.62)) = 0$

$U_2(4) = f(0.62 - 1/5(0.05)) = 0.61$

• Se tiene 1 salida y converge. Az asocia con P2