

Probability Practice Exam 2023

1. (a) $1 - 0.1 \times 3 - 0.2 - 0.15 = 0.35$ (iii)

(b) $P(X_1 \leq 1 \cap X_2 \leq 1) = 0.1 + 0.1 = 0.2$ (iii)

(c) ~~(ii)~~ (iv) $E(X_1, X_2) = 0 \times 0.3 + 1 \times 0.2 + 2 \times 0.35 + 4 \times 0.15 = 1.5$

(d) (iii) $E(X_1) = 0 \times 0.1 + 1 \times 0.3 + 2 \times 0.6 = 1.5$

(e) (ii) $E(X_2) = 0 \times 0.3 + 1 \times 0.55 + 2 \times 0.15 = 0.85$

(f) $0 \times \frac{1}{3} + 1 \times \frac{1}{3} + 2 \times \frac{1}{3} = 1$ (ii) $Cov(X_1, X_2) = 1.5 - 1.5 \times 0.85 = 0.225$

2. (a) $X \sim \text{Poi}(4)$ $P(X=k) = \frac{4^k}{k!} e^{-4}$

$P(X=5 \cup X=6 \cup X=7) = \frac{4^5}{5!} e^{-4} + \frac{4^6}{6!} e^{-4} + \frac{4^7}{7!} e^{-4}$

(b) $P(X=0) = e^{-4}$

$[P(X=0)]^{10} = (e^{-4})^{10} = e^{-40}$

(c) $E(10X) = 10 \times 4 = 40$ $E(Y) = 10\lambda = 40$

~~$Var(10X) = 100 \times 4 = 400$~~ $Var(Y) = 10\lambda = 40$

~~$\sqrt{Var(10X)} = 20$~~

$\sqrt{Var(Y)} = \sqrt{40}$

(d) $Y \sim \text{Exp}(4)$

$1 - e^{-4 \times \frac{1}{3}}$

$P(Y > \frac{1}{3}) = 1 - P(Y \leq \frac{1}{3}) = 1 - [F_X(\frac{1}{3}) - F_X(0)] = 1 - [(1 - e^{-\frac{4}{3}}) - 0] = e^{-\frac{4}{3}}$ 0.26

3. (a) X_i $E(X_i) = p = 0.5$, $Var(X_i) = p(1-p) = 0.25$

$Y = \sum_{i=1}^{900} X_i \sim N(n\mu, n\sigma^2) = N(450, 225)$

$P(Y \geq 495) = P(\frac{Y-450}{15} \geq 3) = 1 - \Phi(3) = 0.0044$

(b) $P(440 \leq Y \leq m) = P(\frac{440-450}{15} \leq \frac{Y-450}{15} \leq \frac{m-450}{15}) = \Phi(\frac{m-450}{15}) - \Phi(-\frac{2}{3}) \approx 0.5$

$\Phi(\frac{m-450}{15}) - [1 - \Phi(0.67)] = \Phi(\frac{m-450}{15}) + \Phi(0.67) - 1 = 0.5$

$\Phi(\frac{m-450}{15}) = 0.75143$

$\frac{m-450}{15} = 0.68$

$m = 460.2$

4. (a) $P(A) = 0.8$, $P(B) = 0.2$

$$P(I|A)=0.15, P(I|B)=0.9$$

$$P(I) = P(I|A) \times P(A) + P(I|B) \times P(B)$$

$$= 0.15 \times 0.8 + 0.9 \times 0.2$$

$$= 0.3$$

$$(b) P(B|I) = \frac{P(I, B)}{P(I)} = \frac{P(I|B) \cdot P(B)}{P(I)} = \frac{0.9 \times 0.2}{0.3} = \frac{2}{5}$$