

## week6 exercise

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2023/11/1

### Exercise 1

1

```
f1 = function (df){  
  num_df = df[, sapply(df, is.numeric)]  
  summary_df = data.frame(colname = colnames(num_df), mean = unname(sapply(num_df, mean)))  
  result = list(dimensions = dim(df), names = colnames(df), summary = summary_df)  
  return(result)  
}
```

2

```
data(iris)  
iris_df = as.data.frame(iris)  
f1_result = f1(iris_df)  
f1_result
```

```
## $dimensions  
## [1] 150  5  
##  
## $names  
## [1] "Sepal.Length" "Sepal.Width"  "Petal.Length" "Petal.Width"  "Species"  
##  
## $summary  
##      colname      mean  
## 1 Sepal.Length 5.843333  
## 2 Sepal.Width 3.057333  
## 3 Petal.Length 3.758000  
## 4 Petal.Width 1.199333
```

3

```
print(f1_result[[3]])
```

```
##           colname      mean
## 1 Sepal.Length 5.843333
## 2  Sepal.Width 3.057333
## 3 Petal.Length 3.758000
## 4  Petal.Width 1.199333
```

4

```
print(f1_result[[2]][1])
```

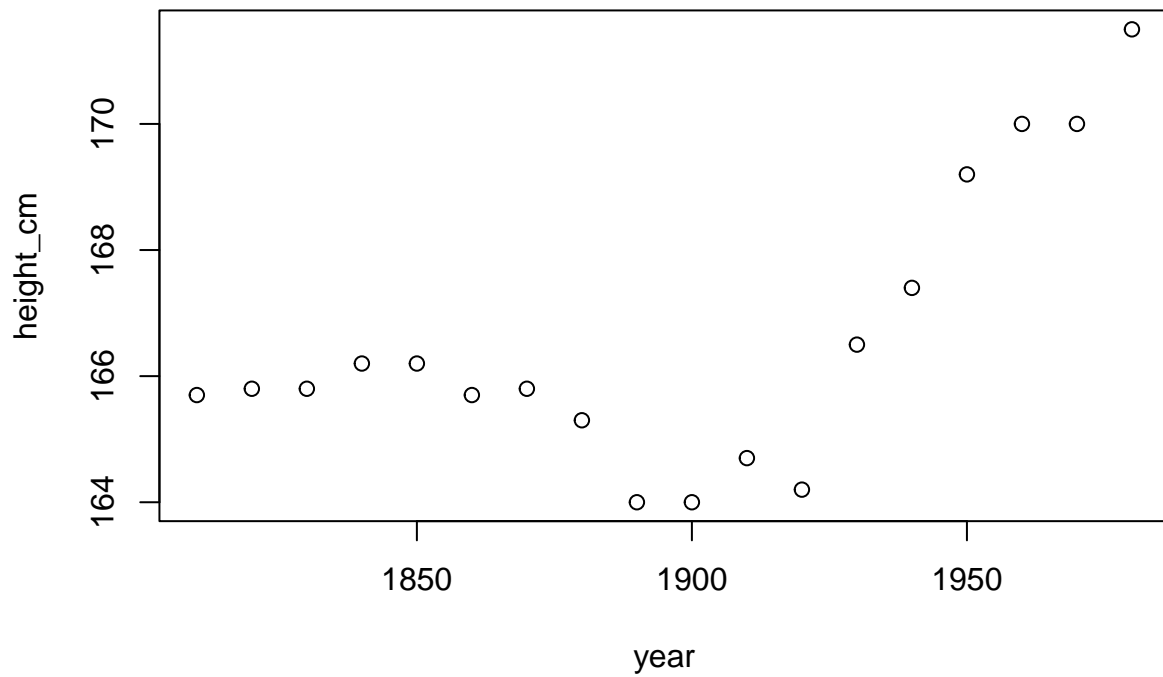
```
## [1] "Sepal.Length"
```

## Exercise 2

```
library(brolgar)
data(heights)
heights_df = as.data.frame(heights)
```

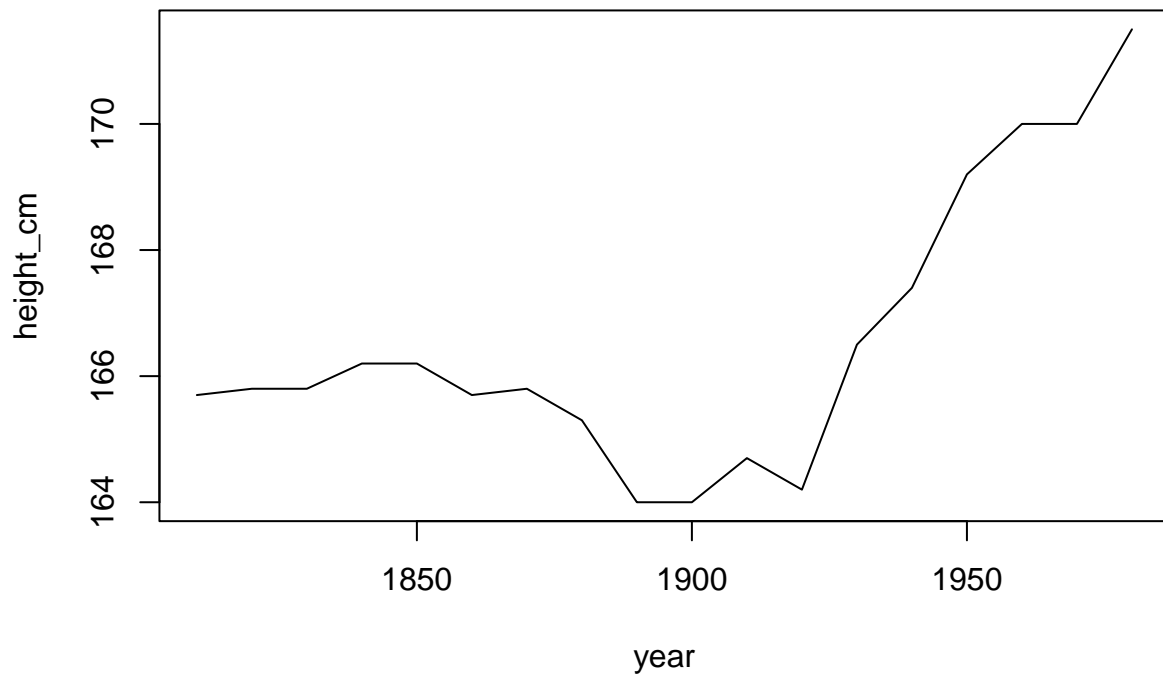
1

```
height_scatter = function(country_name){
  coun_heights_df = heights_df[heights_df$country == country_name, ]
  plot(coun_heights_df$year, coun_heights_df$height_cm, type = 'p', xlab = 'year', ylab = 'height_cm')
}
height_scatter('China')
```



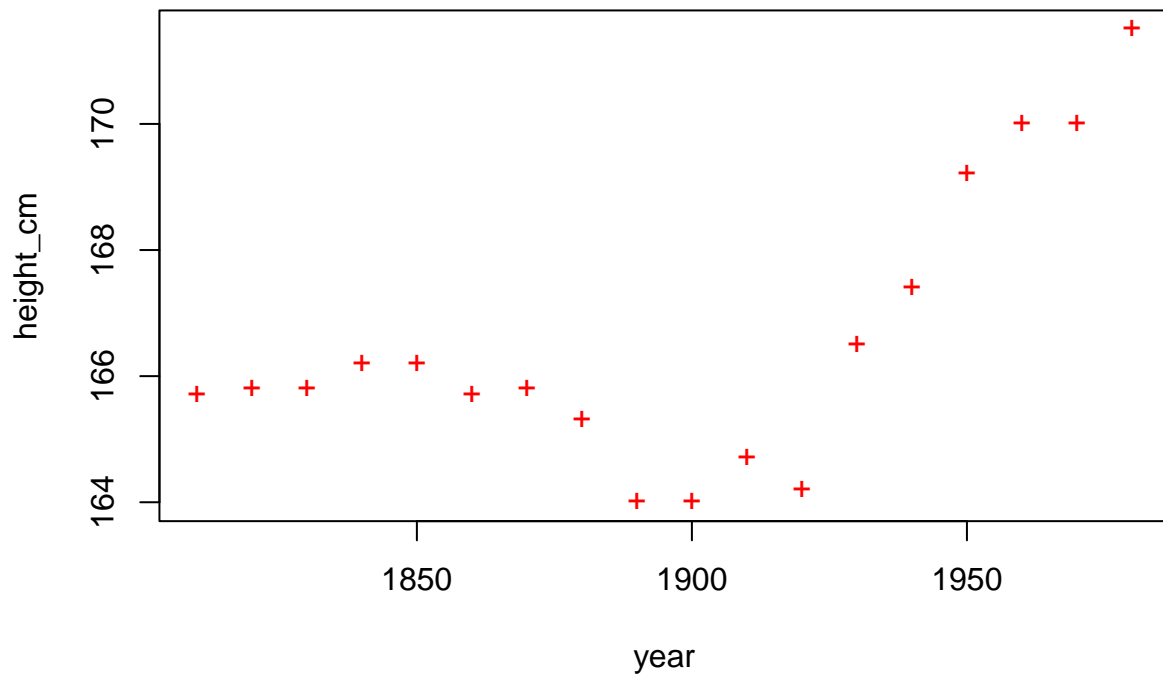
2

```
height_line = function(country_name){  
  coun_heights_df = heights_df[heights_df$country == country_name, ]  
  plot(coun_heights_df$year, coun_heights_df$height_cm, type = 'l', xlab = 'year', ylab = 'height_cm')  
}  
height_line('China')
```



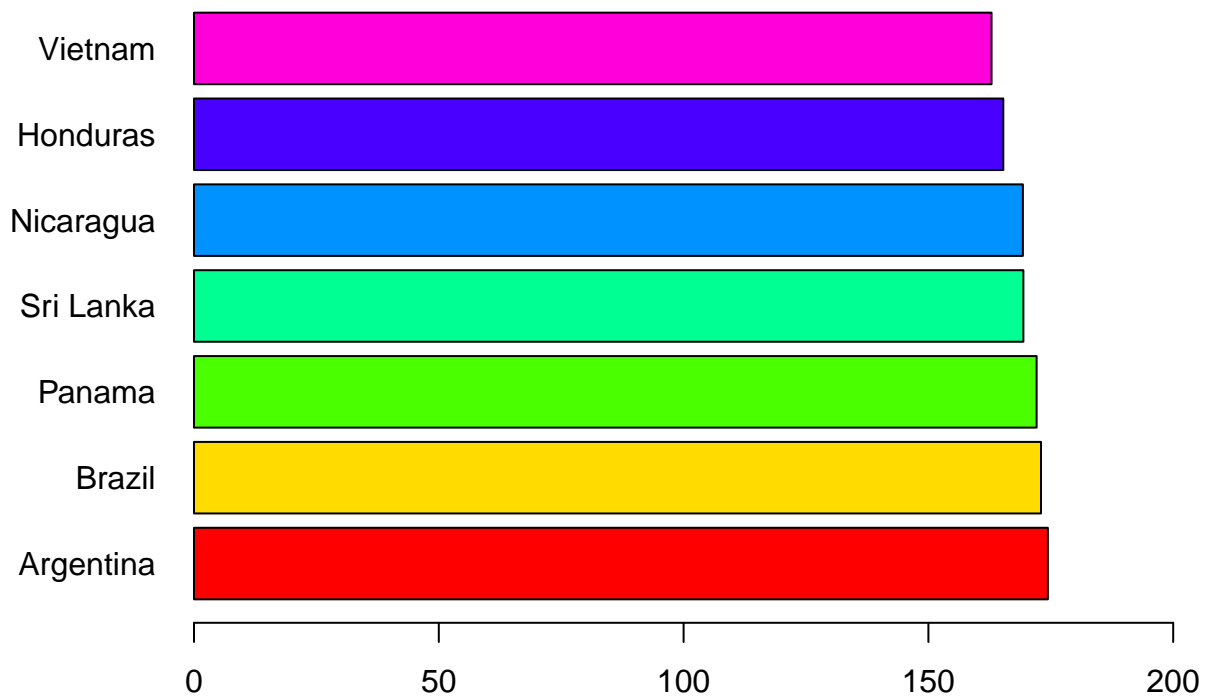
3

```
height_scatter = function(country_name, shape = '.', col = 'blue'){  
  coun_heights_df = heights_df[heights_df$country == country_name, ]  
  plot(coun_heights_df$year, coun_heights_df$height_cm, type = 'p', xlab = 'year', ylab = 'height_cm', col = col, shape = shape)  
}  
height_scatter('China', shape = '+', col = 'red')
```



4

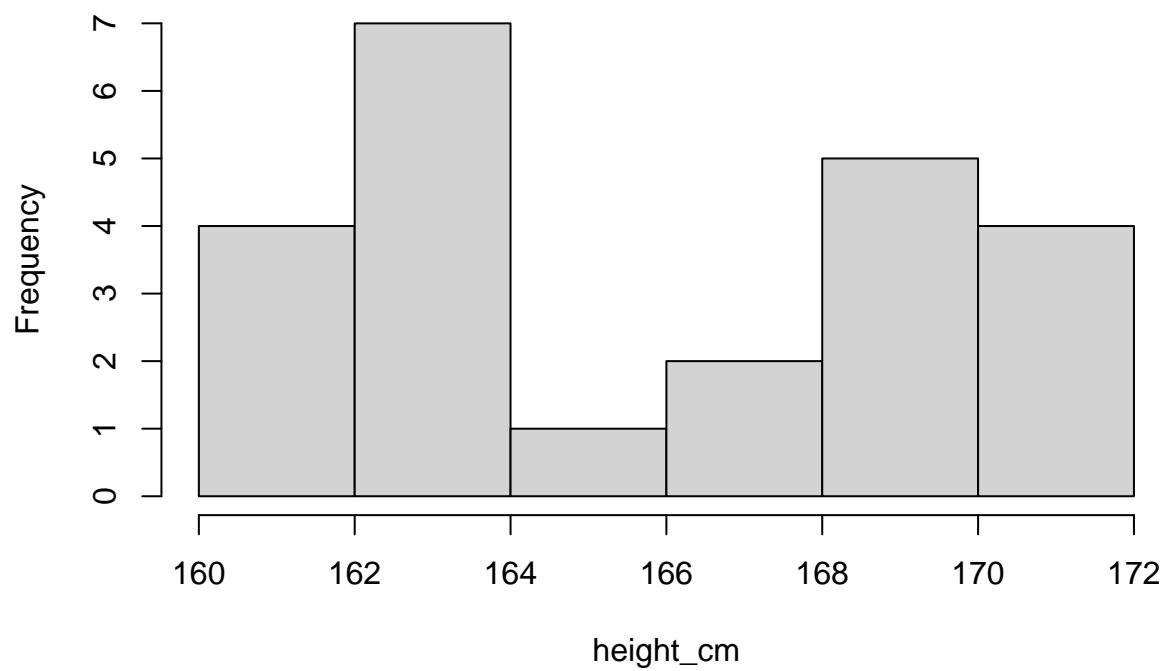
```
coun_v = c('Argentina', 'Brazil', 'Honduras', 'Nicaragua', 'Panama', 'Sri Lanka', 'Vietnam')
n = length(coun_v)
coun_heights_df = heights_df[(heights_df$country %in% coun_v) & (heights_df$year == 1990), ]
coun_heights_df = coun_heights_df[order(coun_heights_df$height_cm, decreasing = TRUE), ]
par(mar=c(3,5,3,2))
barplot(coun_heights_df$height_cm, names.arg = coun_heights_df$country, horiz = TRUE, xlab = 'height_cm')
```



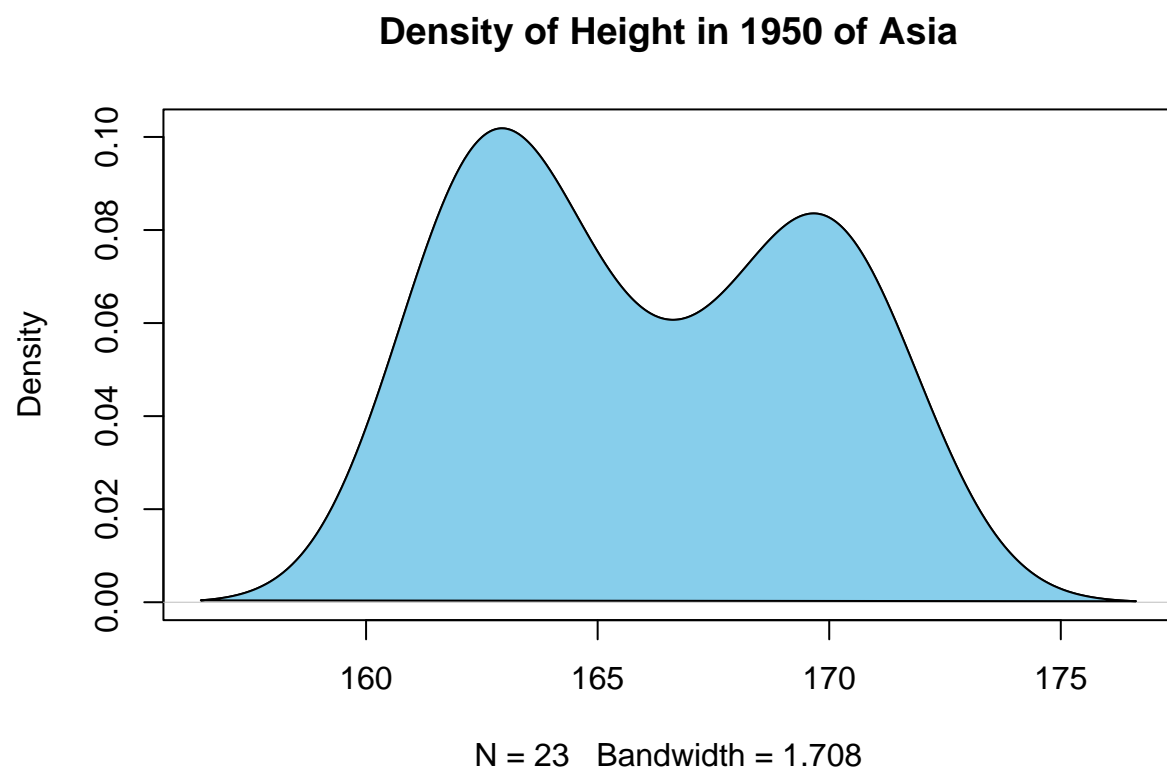
5

```
heights1950_df = heights_df[(heights_df$continent == 'Asia') & (heights_df$year == 1950), ]  
heights1990_df = heights_df[(heights_df$continent == 'Asia') & (heights_df$year == 1990), ]  
hist(heights1950_df$height_cm, xlab = 'height_cm', main = 'Histogram of Height in 1950 of Asia')
```

**Histogram of Height in 1950 of Asia**



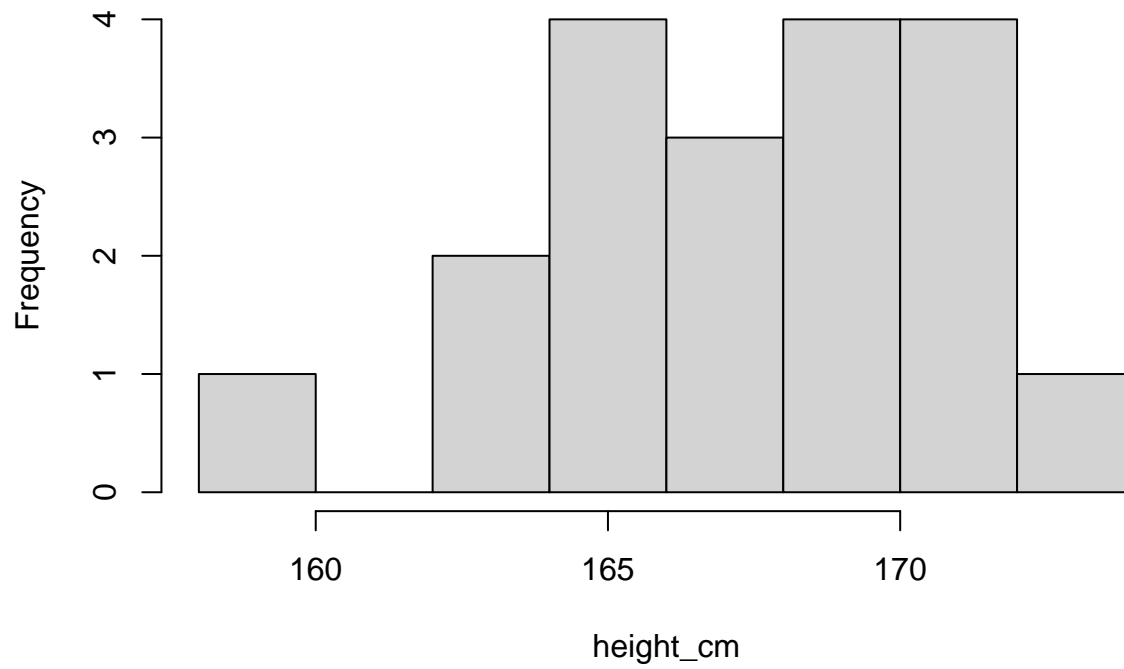
```
plot(density(heights1950_df$height_cm), main = 'Density of Height in 1950 of Asia')  
polygon(density(heights1950_df$height_cm), col = 'skyblue')
```



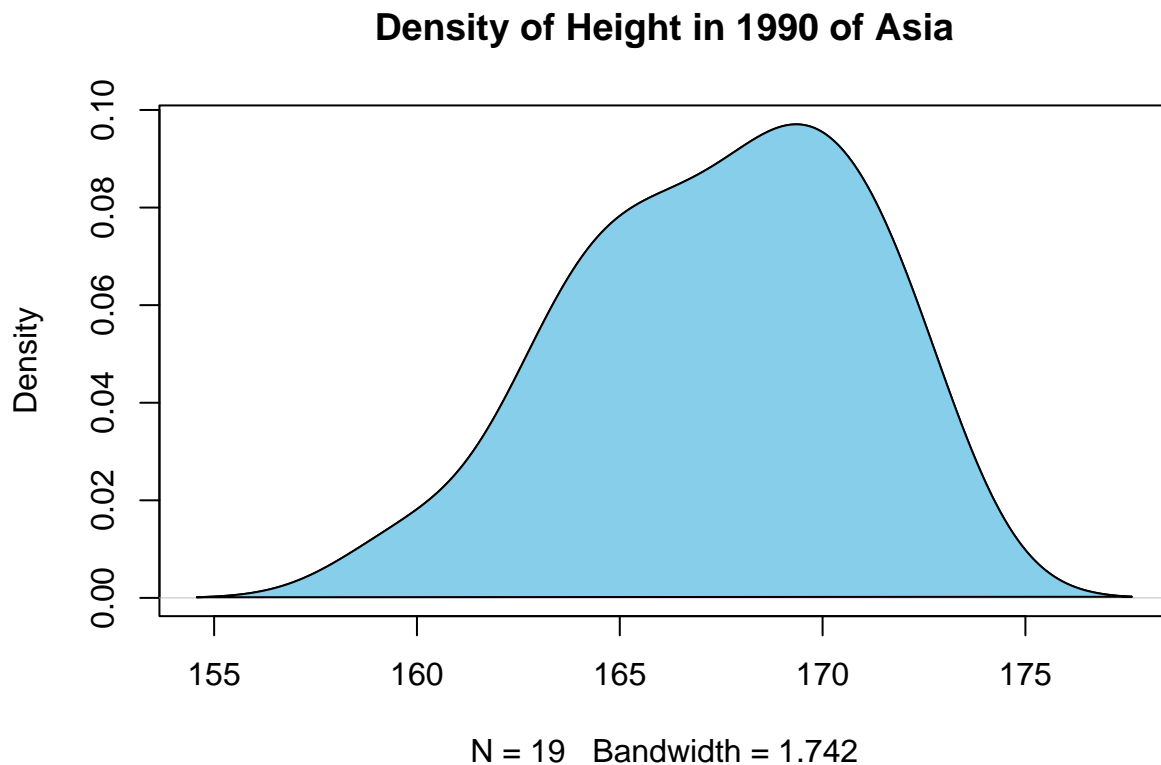
```
hist(heights1990_df$height_cm, xlab = 'height_cm', main = 'Histogram of Height in 1990 of Asia')
```



**Histogram of Height in 1990 of Asia**



```
plot(density(heights1990_df$height_cm), main = 'Density of Height in 1990 of Asia')  
polygon(density(heights1990_df$height_cm), col = 'skyblue')
```



### Exercise 3

```
data_df = read.csv('data/data.csv', skip = 4)
```

1

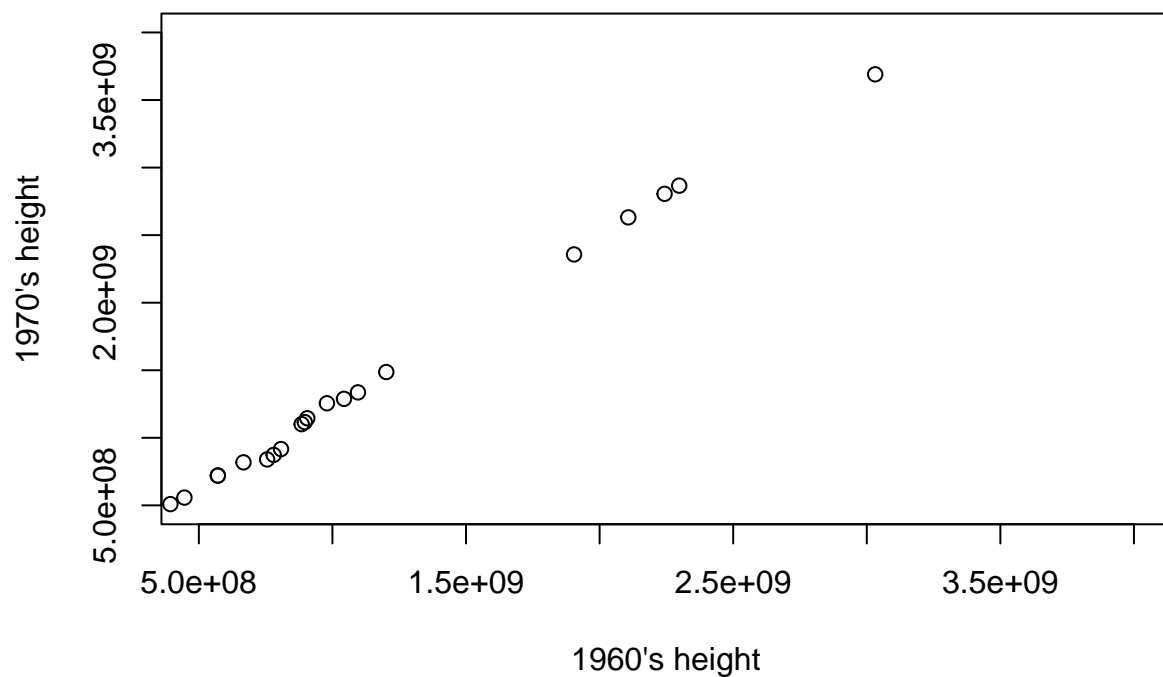
```
data1990_df = data_df[order(data_df$X1990, decreasing = TRUE), ]  
top20 = head(data1990_df$Country.Name, n = 20)  
top20
```

```
## [1] "World"  
## [2] "IDA & IBRD total"  
## [3] "Low & middle income"  
## [4] "Middle income"  
## [5] "IBRD only"  
## [6] "Upper middle income"  
## [7] "Early-demographic dividend"  
## [8] "Late-demographic dividend"  
## [9] "Lower middle income"  
## [10] "East Asia & Pacific"
```

```
## [11] "East Asia & Pacific (excluding high income)"
## [12] "East Asia & Pacific (IDA & IBRD countries)"
## [13] "South Asia"
## [14] "South Asia (IDA & IBRD)"
## [15] "China"
## [16] "OECD members"
## [17] "High income"
## [18] "Post-demographic dividend"
## [19] "India"
## [20] "IDA total"
```

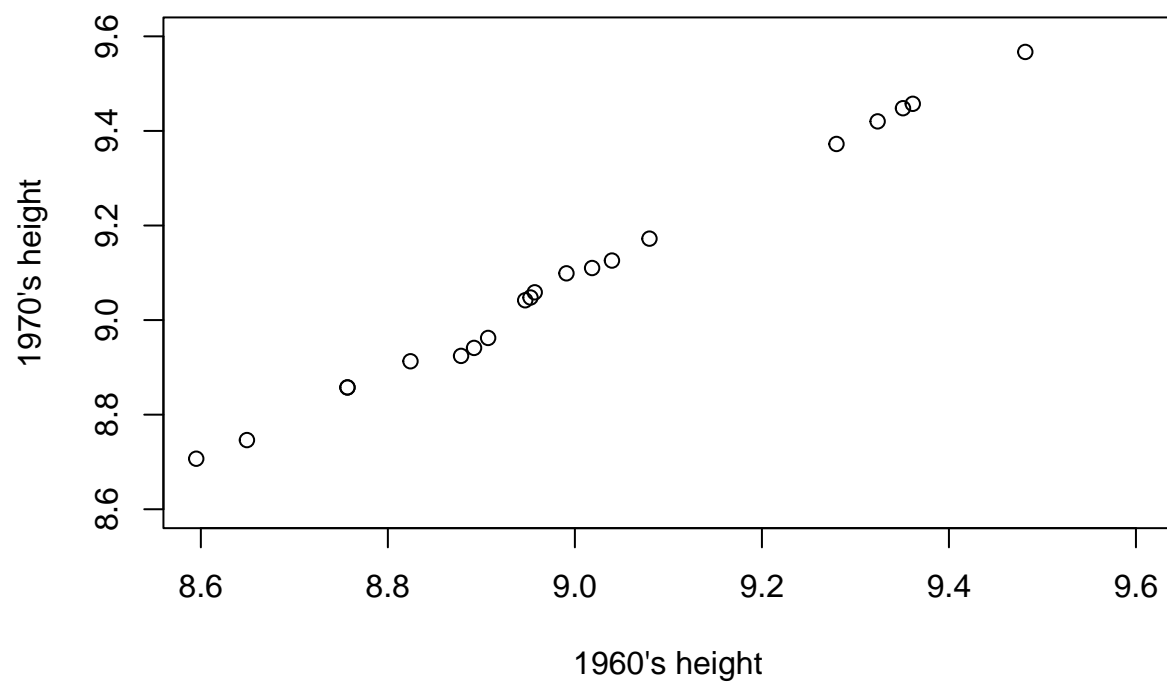
2

```
top20_df = data_df[data_df$Country.Name %in% top20, ]
plot(top20_df$X1960, top20_df$X1970, type = 'p', xlab = "1960's height", ylab = "1970's height", xlim = c(5.0e+08, 3.5e+09), ylim = c(5.0e+08, 3.5e+09))
```



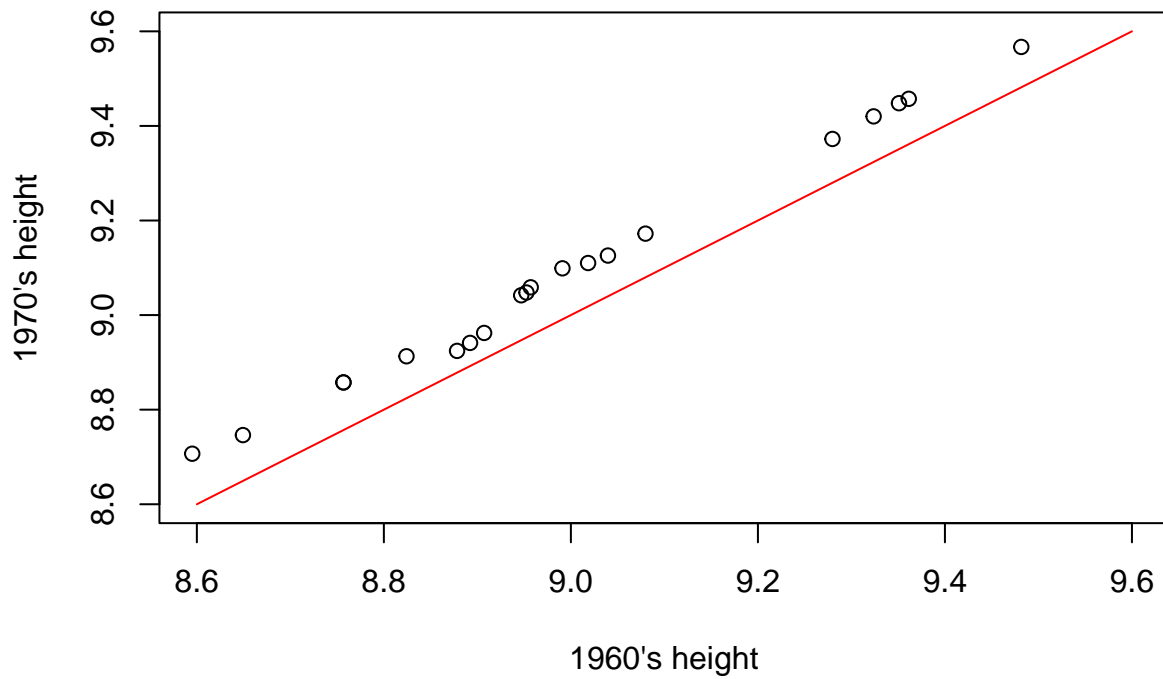
3

```
plot(log(top20_df$X1960, base = 10), log(top20_df$X1970, base = 10), type = 'p', xlab = "1960's height", ylab = "1970's height", xlim = c(5.0e+08, 3.5e+09), ylim = c(5.0e+08, 3.5e+09))
```



4

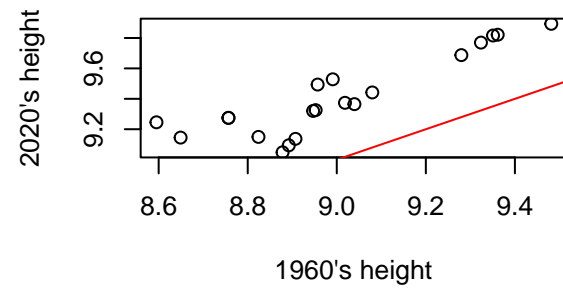
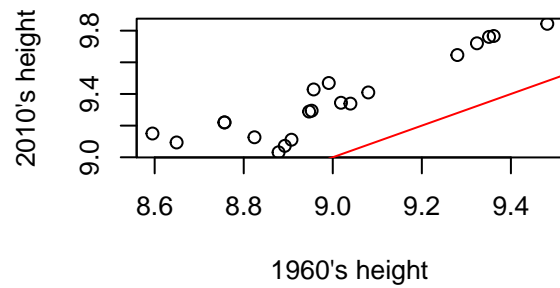
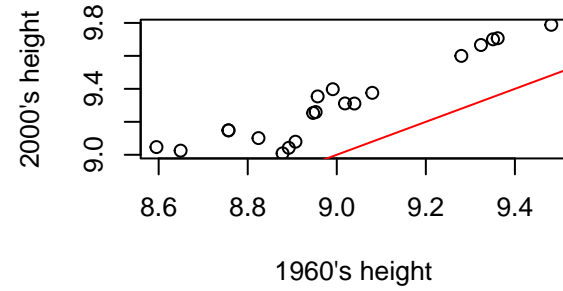
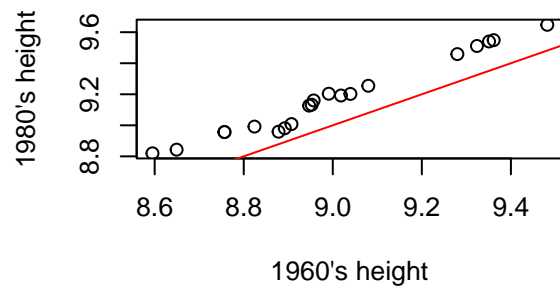
```
plot(log(top20_df$X1960, base = 10), log(top20_df$X1970, base = 10), type = 'p', xlab = "1960's height",  
lines(x = seq(8.6, 9.6, 0.1), y = seq(8.6, 9.6, 0.1), col = 'red', type = 'l'))
```



All of top20 countries experienced a population growth.

5

```
par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
plot(log(top20_df$X1960, base = 10), log(top20_df$X1980, base = 10), type = 'p', xlab = "1960's height",
lines(x = seq(8, 10, 0.1), y = seq(8, 10, 0.1), col = 'red', type = 'l'))
plot(log(top20_df$X1960, base = 10), log(top20_df$X2000, base = 10), type = 'p', xlab = "1960's height",
lines(x = seq(8, 10, 0.1), y = seq(8, 10, 0.1), col = 'red', type = 'l'))
plot(log(top20_df$X1960, base = 10), log(top20_df$X2010, base = 10), type = 'p', xlab = "1960's height",
lines(x = seq(8, 10, 0.1), y = seq(8, 10, 0.1), col = 'red', type = 'l'))
plot(log(top20_df$X1960, base = 10), log(top20_df$X2020, base = 10), type = 'p', xlab = "1960's height",
lines(x = seq(8, 10, 0.1), y = seq(8, 10, 0.1), col = 'red', type = 'l'))
```

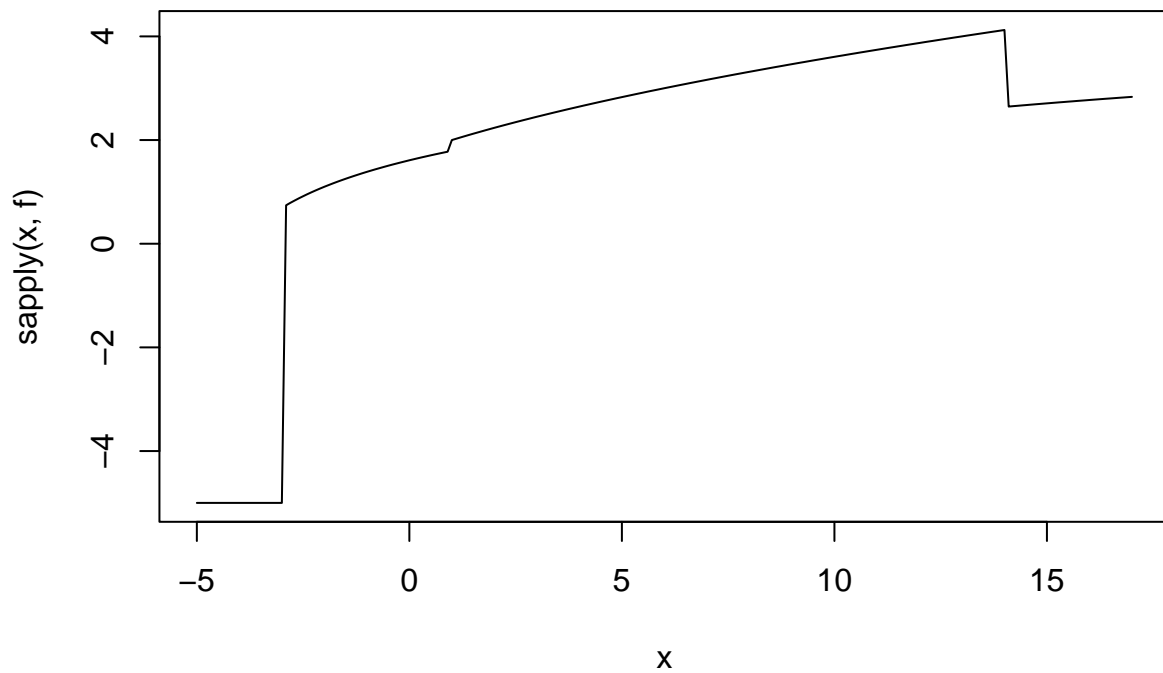


## Exercise 4

1

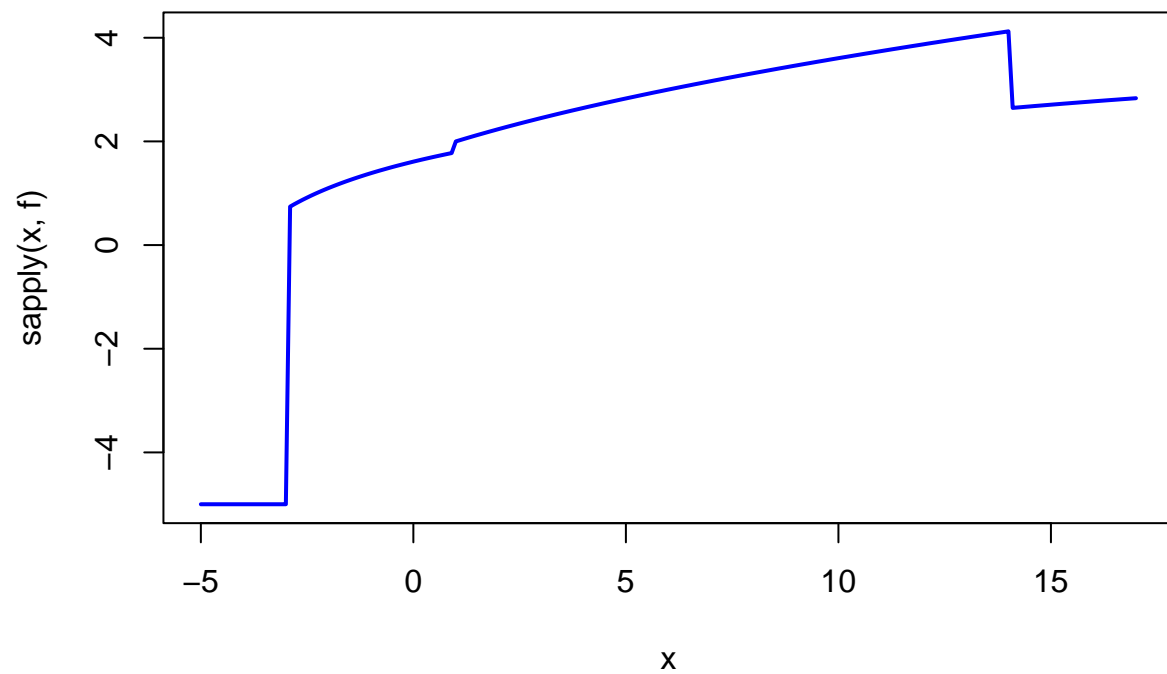
```
f = function (x){
  if (x <= -3){
    result = -5
  }
  else if((x > -3) & (x < 1)){
    result = log(x+5)
  }
  else if (x == 1){
    result = 2
  }
  else if ((x > 1) & (x <= 14)){
    result = (x+3)**0.5
  }
  else {
    result = log(x)
  }
  return(result)
}
```

```
x = seq(-5, 17, 0.1)
plot(x, sapply(x, f), type = 'l')
```



2

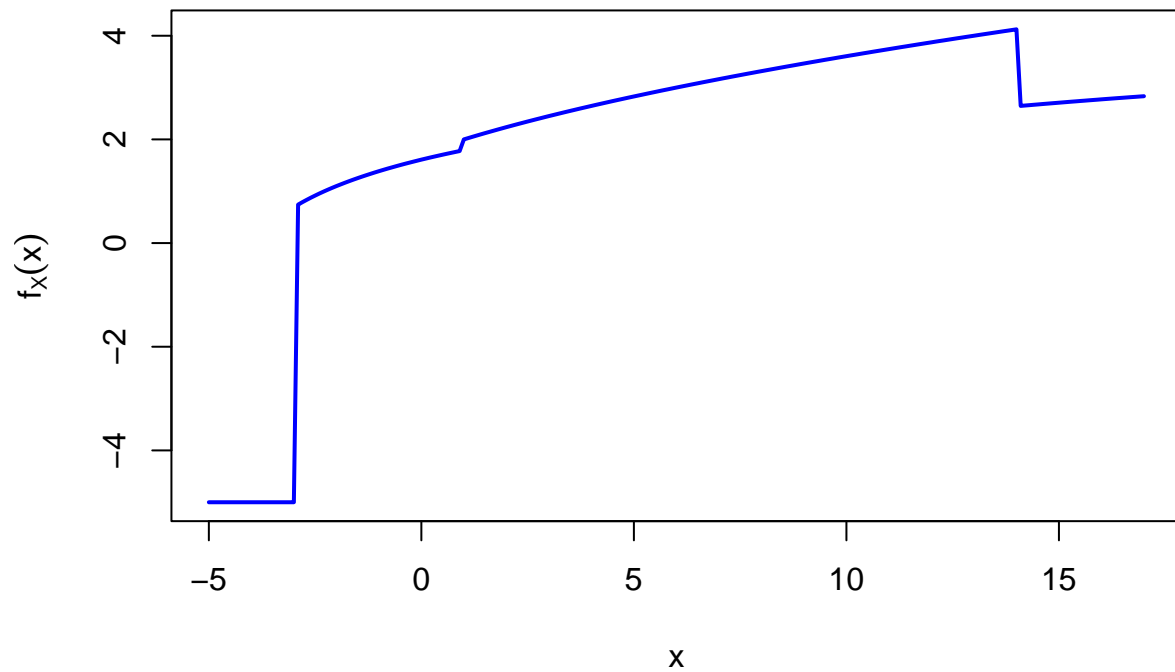
```
plot(x, sapply(x, f), type = 'l', col = 'blue', lwd = 2)
```



3

```
plot(x, supply(x, f), type = 'l', col = 'blue', lwd = 2, ylab = expression(f[X](x)))
```





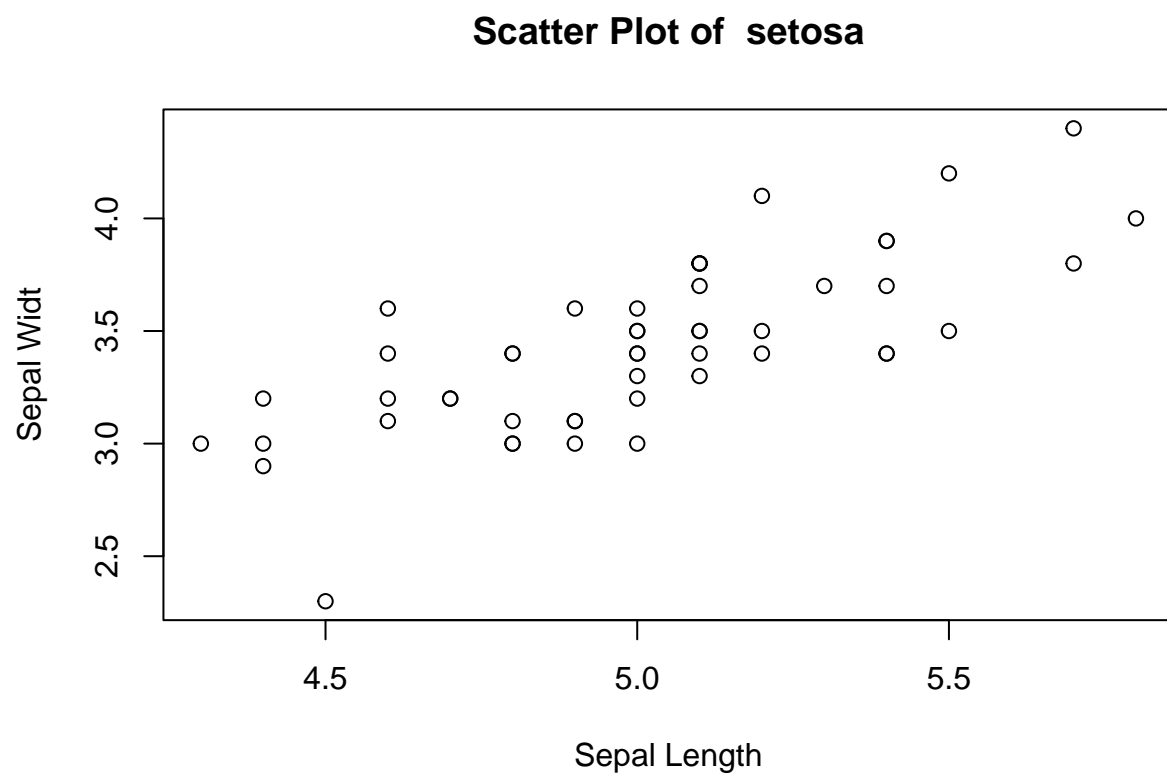
## Exercise 5

1

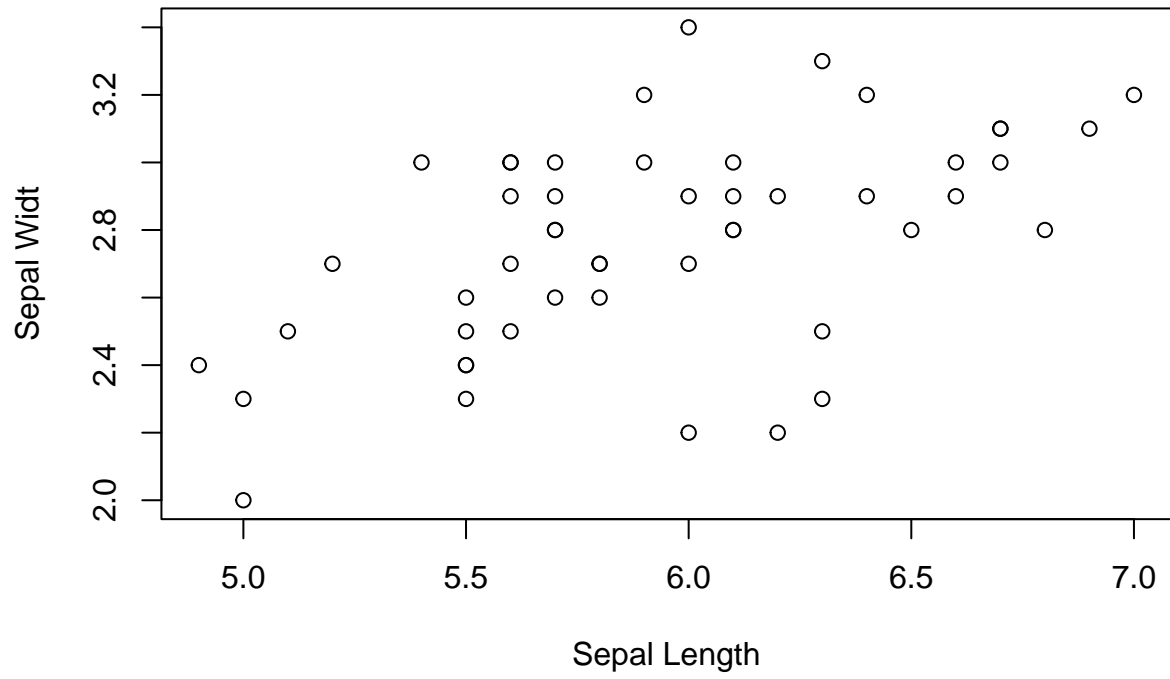
```
splitiris = split(iris, iris$Species)
```

2

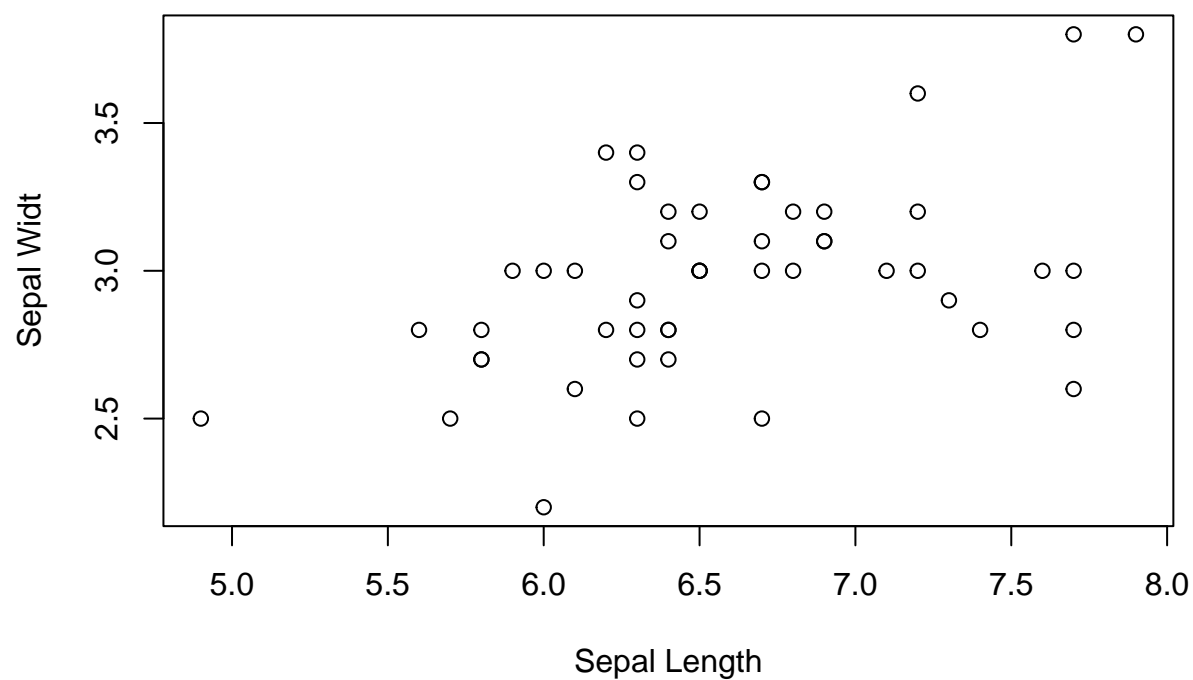
```
n = length(splitiris)
for (i in 1:n){
  i_df = splitiris[[i]]
  plot(x = i_df$Sepal.Length, y = i_df$Sepal.Width, xlab = 'Sepal Length', ylab = 'Sepal Width', main = )
}
```



**Scatter Plot of versicolor**

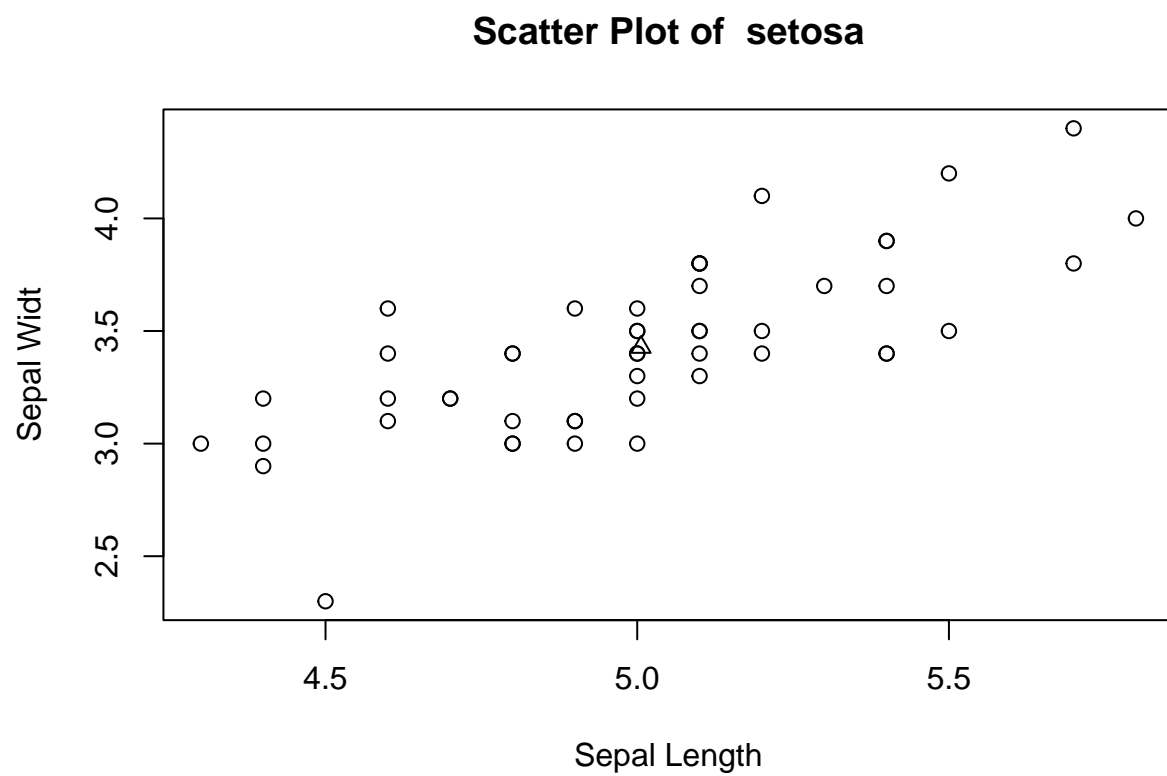


### Scatter Plot of virginica

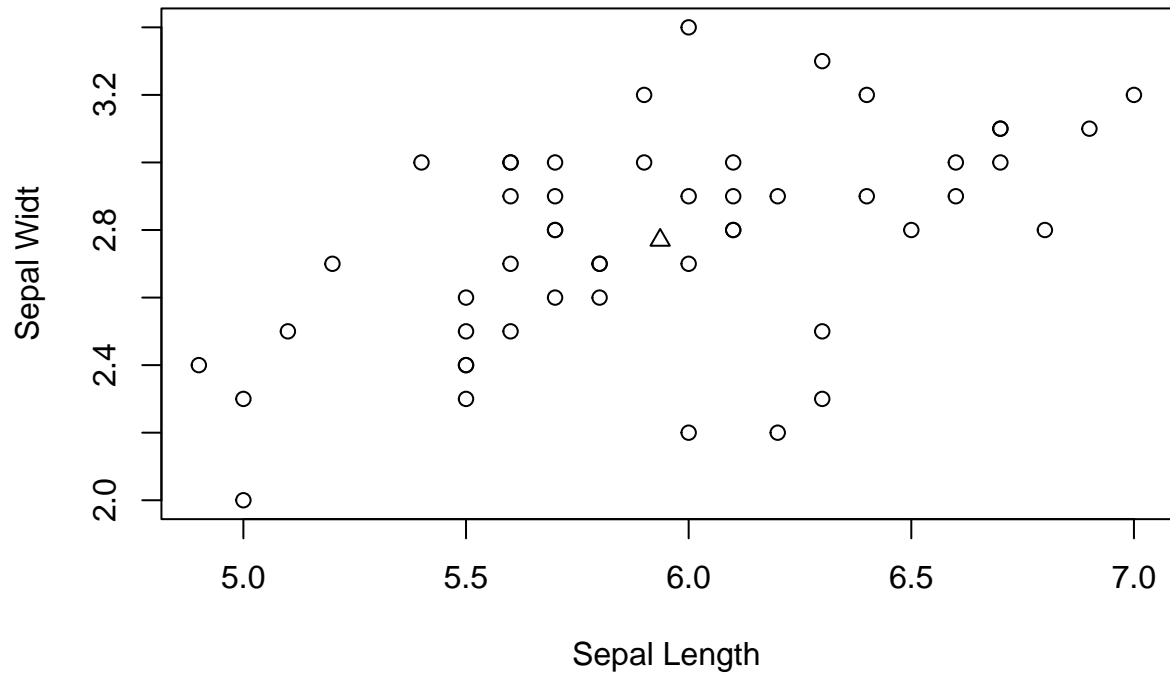


3

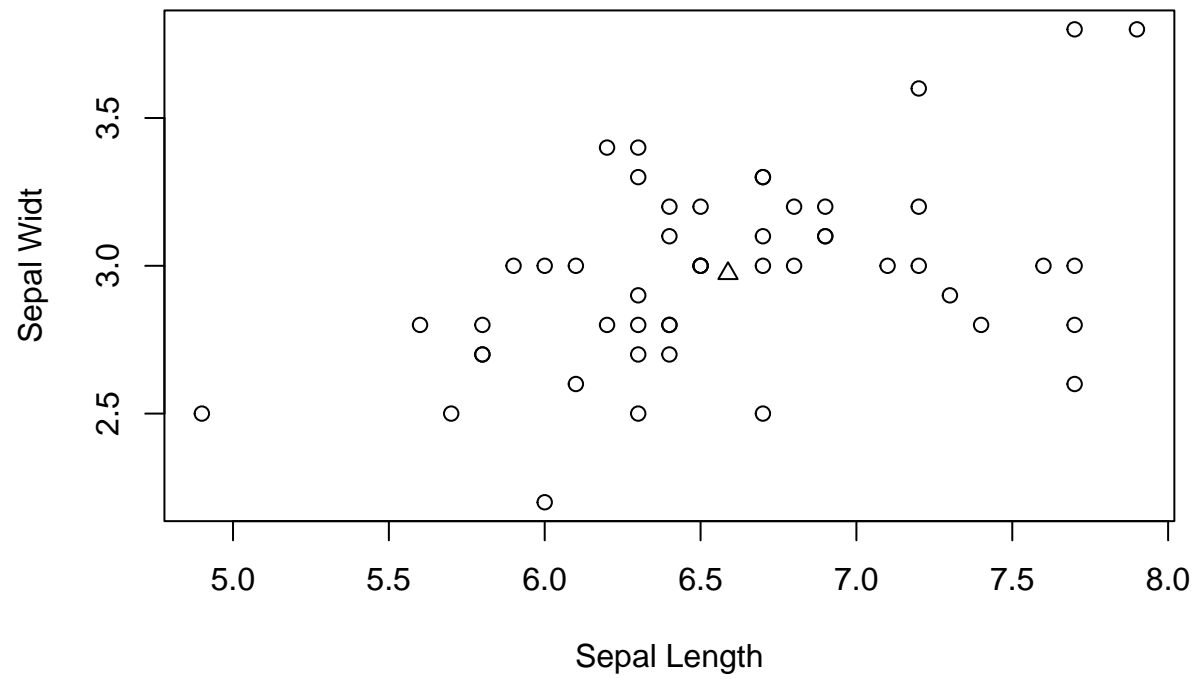
```
n = length(splitiris)
for (i in 1:n){
  i_df = splitiris[[i]]
  plot(x = i_df$Sepal.Length, y = i_df$Sepal.Width, xlab = 'Sepal Length', ylab = 'Sepal Width', main = 'Scatter Plot of virginica')
  points(x = mean(i_df$Sepal.Length), y = mean(i_df$Sepal.Width), pch = 24, col="black")
}
```



**Scatter Plot of versicolor**



**Scatter Plot of virginica**



4

```
splitiris1 = splitiris[-which(names(splitiris) == 'setosa')]
```