Calculas Exercise Week 2

[33.
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 - x}$$
 $D(f) = \{X \neq 0 \text{ and } x \neq 1\}$
 $f(o) \text{ undefined}$
 $\lim_{x \to 0} f(x) = 1 \Rightarrow X = 0 \text{ is removable discontinuity}$
 $f(1) \text{ undefined}$
 $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x) = -\infty$, $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x) = +\infty \Rightarrow X = 1$ is infinite discontinuity

139.
$$f(1)$$
 is undefined
 $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 1} \frac{2x^2 - 5x + 3}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \to 1} \frac{(2x - 3)(x - 1)}{x - 1} = -1$

X=1 is removable continuity

14.
$$\lim_{u\to 1} g(u) = \lim_{u\to 1} \frac{6u^2 + u^2 + 2}{2u - 1} = \lim_{u\to 1} \frac{(3u + 2)(2u - 1)}{2u - 1} = \frac{7}{2} = g(\frac{1}{2})$$

continuous

Section 3.2

议业

lim f(x)=f(a)

145,
$$k_{1}$$
 k_{2} k_{3} k_{1} k_{3} k_{3} k_{4} k_{5} k_{5} k_{5} k_{5} k_{5} k_{5} k_{5}

Section 3.)

$$21. \int (-1) = \frac{\lim_{x \to -1} f(x) - f(x)}{X - (-1)} = \lim_{x \to -1} \frac{f(x) - f(x)}{X + 1} = \lim_{x \to -1} \frac{f(x) - f(x)}{X + 1} = f(x)$$

$$21. \int (-1) = \frac{\lim_{x \to -1} f(x) - f(x)}{X - (-1)} = \lim_{x \to -1} \frac{f(x) - f(x)}{X - 1} = \lim_{x \to -1} \frac{f(x) - f(x)}{X - 2$$

67.
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} <0, x>0 & kx(k<0) \\ 0, x=0 \\ >0, x\geq 0 \end{cases}$$

b. None b.连续不微

80.
$$f'(-0.5) = \frac{0-3}{-3-0} = 1$$

 $f'(0)$ DNE
 $f'(1) = \frac{3-1}{0-2} = -1$
 $f'(2)$ DNE