

Week 8
AMP Sheet 06

Useful Formulae

Conjugate

$$z = x + jy \Rightarrow \bar{z} = x - jy$$

Real part

$$\Re\{z\} = \frac{1}{2}(z + \bar{z})$$

Imaginary part

$$\Im\{z\} = \frac{1}{j2}(z - \bar{z})$$

Squaring a complex number

$$z\bar{z} = |z|^2$$

Simplifying complex numbers in the denominator

$$z = x + jy \Rightarrow \frac{1}{z} = \frac{1}{x + jy} = \frac{1}{x + jy} \frac{(x - jy)}{(x - jy)} = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} + j \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

Drills

1. Express $(-1 + j3)^{-1}$ in polar form.

2. You have:

$$\frac{2 + j}{2 - j}$$

and need to express it as $x + jy$ to enter it into a MATLAB function – what is x and what is y ?

3. You have a function to describe the output of your modelled system as:

$$e^{st}$$

(where $s = \sigma + j\omega$)

You must find the amplitude of the output to ensure it doesn't exceed the ratings of your electrical components. What is the mathematical expression for the amplitude, A ?

De Moivre's Theorem

4. Using de Moivre's theorem, find:

$$z^{10} = 2 \angle \frac{\pi}{2}$$

5. Using de Moivre's theorem, find:

$$\sqrt[3]{e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}}$$

Satisfying Proofs

6. Use the Euler's formula, $\Re\{z\}$ and $\Im\{z\}$ to prove the double-angle formulae of $\sin(\theta + \phi)$ and $\cos(\theta + \phi)$

7. You only have the value of $\tan(\theta)$ and want to find the tangent of triple the angle. Using de Moivre's Theorem and $z = 1 + j\tan(\theta)$, find the expression for:

$$\tan(3\theta)$$