Power Circuit Theory - Lab Report 3 $\,$

Alex Hiller - 11850637

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Y-Neutral/Y-Neutral Transformer

DC Resistance of the Windings

i++i

Explain the reasons for your position of the ammeter and the voltmeter.

1++1.

$$V_1 = <++> \tag{1}$$

$$I_1 = V_2 = <++>$$
 (2)

$$I_2 = <++> \tag{3}$$

$$R_1 = <++> \tag{4}$$

$$R_2 = <++> \tag{5}$$

Measured Voltage and Current on the Primary Side of the Transformer

Primary Voltage:

$$|V^{'}| = 4.53V$$
 (6)

$$|I^{'}| = 5.7A$$
 (7)

Calculate the Transformer's Parameters

$$Z_b = \frac{(V_{base})^2}{S_{base}} = \frac{(\sqrt{3} \times 240)^2}{4500} = <++>\Omega$$
 (8)

$$R_0 = <++> (p.u.)$$
 (9)

$$|Z_0| = \frac{|V_0|}{|I_0|} = \frac{|V'|}{\left|\frac{I'}{3}\right|} = <++> (p.u.)$$
(10)

$$X_0 = \sqrt{|Z_0|^2 - R_0^2} = <++> \tag{11}$$

Measure the secondary neutral current with the Fluke clamp meter

$$|I^{"}| = 10.02 A \text{ (rms)}$$
 (12)

1++5

Measure the voltage between the neutral points with DMM

$$|V_{Nn}| = 3.9V \tag{13}$$

This measurement was oscillating a lot.

Draw the zero sequence equivalent circuit of the transformer

j++j

Explain:

j++;

Y-Neutral to Y Transformer

Predict $|I_s|$

1++5

Explain:

j++;

If |I'| = 5.4A, expectations are that:

V' to be: i++i Z_0 to be: i++i

The current in each primary winding to be: i++i.

Give explanations using Faraday's Law, Ampere's Law and the magnetic equivalent circuit. ;++;.

Measure voltage, current and power one the primary side of the transformer

Primary Voltage:

$$|V'| = 16.95 \text{ V (rms)}$$
 (14)

Primary Current:

$$|I'| = \frac{5.53}{3} = 1.843 \text{ A (rms)}$$
 (15)

Primary Power:

$$P^{'} = 21 \text{ W}$$
 (16)

Secondary Winding Current:

$$|I_s| = 0.4 \text{ A (rms)} \tag{17}$$

Calculate the transformer's parameters (referred to the primary)

$$\frac{1}{3}R_0 = \frac{P'}{|I'|^2} = <++> \text{ (p.u.)}$$
(18)

Comparing R_0 with that measured in part 1: i++i

$$|Z_0| = \frac{|V_0|}{|I_0|} = \frac{|V|}{|\frac{I'}{3}|} = <++> \text{ (p.u.)}$$

$$X_0 = \sqrt{|Z_0|^2 - R_0^2} = <++> \text{ (p.u.)}$$

Draw the zero sequence equivalent circuit of the transformer

1++5



1++5

Clamp meter measurements of each primary winding

$$|I_A^{'}| = 1.70 \text{ A}$$
 (21)

$$|I_{B}^{'}| = 1.74 \text{ A}$$
 (22)

$$|I_C^{'}| = 1.59 \text{ A}$$
 (23)

The measurements are slightly unequal this is because:

j++;

With secondary terminals open-circuited and |I'| = 5.4 A

Primary voltage measured was:

$$|V'| = 16.94 \text{ V (rms)}$$
 (24)

Calculated zero sequence impedance is:

$$|Z_0| = <++> \text{ (p.u.)}$$

Draw the zero sequence equivalent circuit of the transformer

1++;

Explain

1++5

Comparing the transformer's parameters with the zero sequence impedance $_{i^{++}\boldsymbol{\lambda}}$