

Chapter 1

Problem 1

Evaluate Prey-Pradator Model $\frac{dx}{dt} = \alpha x + \beta xy + c$ using the quadrature rule with $\alpha = 0.01$, $\beta = 0.5$, $c = 0.4$ and $x(0) = 1$, taking $n = 2$ and $n = 4$

Solution

Given $\frac{dx}{dt} = \alpha x - \beta xy + c$

This can be re-written as votterral equation of the second order

$$\phi(x) = f(x) + \int_{x_0}^x k(x, y)\phi(y) \, dy$$

$$\phi(x) = 0.01x + 0.4 + \int_0^1 (0.5)(xy)\phi(y) \, dy$$

$$\phi(x) - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (xy)\phi(y) \, dy = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

When $n = 2$

$$h = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{1-0}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_0 = 0, y_1 = \frac{1}{2}, y_2 = 1$$

By Trapezoidal Rule

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(x) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{h}{2} [(xy_0)\phi(y_0) + 2(xy_1)\phi(y_1) + (xy_2)\phi(y_2)] &= \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi(x) - \frac{1}{8} [(xy_0)\phi(y_0) + 2(xy_1)\phi(y_1) + (xy_2)\phi(y_2)] &= \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}\quad (1)$$

Changing x terms to y_i

$$\phi(y_i) - \frac{1}{8} [(y_i y_0)\phi(y_0) + 2y_i y_1 \phi(y_1) + y_i y_2 \phi(y_2)] = \frac{1}{100}y_i + \frac{2}{5}$$

When $i = 0$

$$\phi_0 - \frac{1}{8} [y_0^2 \phi_0 + 2y_0 y_1 \phi_1 + y_0 y_2 \phi_2] = \frac{1}{100}y_0 + \frac{2}{5}$$

But $y_0 = 0$, $y_1 = \frac{1}{2}$, $y_2 = 1$, $\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5}$

$$\Rightarrow \phi_0 = 0.4 \quad (i)$$

When $i = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{8} [y_0 y_1 \phi_0 + 2y_1^2 \phi_1 + y_1 y_2 \phi_2] &= \frac{1}{100}y_1 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{1}{8} \left[0 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \phi_1 + \frac{1}{2} \phi_2 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{1}{8} \left[\frac{1}{2} \phi_1 + \frac{1}{2} \phi_2 \right] &= \frac{81}{200} \\ \frac{15}{16} \phi_1 + \frac{1}{16} \phi_2 &= \frac{81}{200}\end{aligned}\quad (ii)$$

When $i = 2$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_2 - \frac{1}{8} [y_0 y_2 \phi_0 + 2y_1 y_2 \phi_1 + y_2^2 \phi_2] &= \frac{1}{100}y_2 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_2 - \frac{1}{8} \left[0 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_1 + \phi_2 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_2 - \frac{1}{8} \phi_1 + \frac{1}{8} \phi_2 &= \frac{41}{100}\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{8}\phi_1 + \frac{7}{8}\phi_2 = \frac{41}{100} \quad (\text{iii})$$

Bringing together the system of equation

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5} \quad (\text{i})$$

$$\frac{15}{16}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{16}\phi_2 = \frac{81}{200} \quad (\text{ii})$$

$$-\frac{1}{8}\phi_1 - \frac{7}{8}\phi_2 = \frac{41}{100} \quad (\text{iii})$$

Solving the system of equations we obtain

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5}, \quad \phi_1 = \frac{152}{325}, \quad \phi_2 = \frac{174}{325}$$

From equation (1) we obtain

$$\phi(x) - \frac{1}{8} \left[0 + 2x \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{152}{325} \right) + \frac{174}{325}x \right] = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) - \frac{19}{325}x - \frac{87}{1300}x = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) = \frac{19}{325}x + \frac{87}{1300}x + \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) = \frac{44}{325}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{0.13538x} + \mathbf{0.4}$$

SIMPSON'S 1/3 RULE

$$\phi(x) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{h}{3} [(xy_0)\phi y_0 + 4(y_1y_1)\phi y_1 + (xy_2)\phi y_2] = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5} \quad (2)$$

Changing x terms to y_i

$$\phi(y_i) \frac{1}{12} [(y_1y_0)\phi y_0 + 4(y_1y_1)\phi y_1 + (y_1y_2)\phi y_2] = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

When $i = 0$, $y_0 = 0$, $y_1 = \frac{1}{2}$, $y_2 = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_0 - \frac{1}{12} [y_0^2 \phi_0 + 4y_0 y_1 \phi_1 + y_0 y_2 \phi_2] &= \frac{1}{100} y_0 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_0 - \frac{1}{12} [0] &= \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_0 &= \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}\tag{i}$$

When $i = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{12} [y_0 y_1 \phi_0 + 4y_1^2 \phi_1 + y_1 y_2 \phi_2] &= \frac{1}{100} y_1 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{1}{12} \left[0 + 4 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \phi_1 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_2 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{1}{12} \phi_1 - \frac{1}{24} \phi_2 &= \frac{81}{200} \\ \frac{11}{12} \phi_1 - \frac{1}{24} \phi_2 &= \frac{81}{200}\end{aligned}\tag{ii}$$

When $i = 2$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_2 - \frac{1}{12} [y_0 y_2 \phi_0 + 4y_1 y_2 \phi_1 + y_2^2 \phi_2] &= \frac{1}{100} y_2 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_2 - \frac{1}{12} \left[0 + 4 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_1 + \phi_2 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_2 - \frac{1}{6} \phi_1 - \frac{1}{12} \phi_2 &= \frac{41}{100} \\ -\frac{1}{6} \phi_1 + \frac{11}{12} \phi_2 &= \frac{41}{100}\end{aligned}\tag{iii}$$

The System of equations are

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5}\tag{i}$$

$$\frac{11}{12}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{24}\phi_2 = \frac{81}{200} \quad (\text{ii})$$

$$-\frac{1}{6}\phi_1 + \frac{11}{12}\phi_2 = \frac{41}{100} \quad (\text{iii})$$

Solving the System of equation we obtain

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5}, \quad \phi_1 = \frac{233}{500}, \quad \phi_2 = \frac{133}{250}$$

Then, equation **(2)** becomes

$$\phi(x) - \frac{1}{12} \left[0 + 4x \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{233}{500} \right) + x(1) \frac{133}{250} \right] = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) - \frac{233}{3000}x - \frac{133}{250}x = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) = \frac{233}{3000}x + \frac{133}{250}x + \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) = \frac{1859}{3000}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{0.61967x} + \mathbf{0.4}$$

SIMPSON'S 3/8 RULE

$$\phi(x) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3h}{8} [(xy_0)\phi y_0 + 3(xy_1)\phi y_1 + (xy_2)\phi y_2] = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5} \quad (3)$$

$$\phi(x) - \frac{3}{32} [(xy_0)\phi y_0 + 3(xy_1)\phi y_1 + (xy_2)\phi y_2] = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

Changing x terms to y_i

$$\phi(y_i) - \frac{3}{32} [y_i y_0 \phi y_0 + 3y_i y_1 \phi y_1 + y_i y_2 \phi y_2] = \frac{1}{100}y_i + \frac{2}{5}$$

When $i = 0$, $y_0 = 0$, $y_1 = \frac{1}{2}$, $y_2 = 2$

$$\phi_0 - \frac{3}{32} [y_0^2 \phi_0 + 3y_0 y_1 \phi_1 + y_1 y_2 \phi_2] = \frac{1}{100} y_0 + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi_0 - \frac{3}{32} (0) = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5} \tag{i}$$

When $i = 1$

$$\phi_1 - \frac{3}{32} [y_0 y_1 \phi_0 + 3y_1^2 \phi_1 + y_1 y_2 \phi_2] = \frac{1}{100} y_1 + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi_1 - \frac{3}{32} \left[0 + 3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \phi_1 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_2 \right] = \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi_1 - \frac{3}{32} \left[\frac{3}{4} \phi_1 + \frac{1}{2} \phi_2 \right] = \frac{81}{200}$$

$$\phi_1 - \frac{9}{128} \phi_1 - \frac{3}{64} \phi_2 = \frac{81}{200}$$

$$\frac{119}{128} \phi_1 - \frac{3}{64} \phi_2 = \frac{81}{200}$$

(ii)

When $i = 2$

$$\phi_2 - \frac{3}{32} [y_0 y_2 \phi_0 + 3y_1 y_2 \phi_1 + y_2^2 \phi_2] = \frac{1}{100} y_2 + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi_2 - \frac{3}{32} \left[0 + 3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_1 + \phi_2 \right] = \frac{1}{100} + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi_2 - \frac{9}{64} \phi_1 - \frac{3}{32} \phi_2 = \frac{41}{100}$$

$$-\frac{9}{64} \phi_1 + \frac{29}{32} \phi_2 = \frac{41}{100}$$

(iii)

The System of equations are

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5} \tag{i}$$

$$\frac{119}{128}\phi_1 - \frac{3}{64}\phi_2 = \frac{81}{200} \tag{ii}$$

$$-\frac{9}{64}\phi_1 + \frac{29}{32}\phi_2 = \frac{41}{100} \tag{iii}$$

Solving the System of equation we obtain

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5}, \phi_1 = \frac{1236}{2675}, \phi_2 = \frac{1402}{2675}$$

Equation(3) becomes

$$\phi(x) - \frac{3}{32} \left[0 + 3x \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1236}{2675} \right) + x(1) \left(\frac{1402}{2675} \right) \right] = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) - \frac{3}{32} \left[\frac{1854}{2675}x + \frac{1402}{2675}x \right] = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) - \frac{2781}{42800}x - \frac{2103}{42800}x = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) = \frac{2781}{42800}x + \frac{2103}{42800}x + \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) = \frac{332}{2675}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{0.12411x} + \mathbf{0.4}$$

$$\phi(x) - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (xy)\phi(y) \, dy = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

When $n = 4$

$$h = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{1-0}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$y_0 = 0, y_1 = \frac{1}{4}, y_2 = \frac{1}{2}, y_3 = \frac{3}{4}, y_4 = 1$$

TRAPEZOIDAL RULE

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(x) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{h}{2} [(xy_0)\phi(y_0) + 2(xy_1)\phi(y_1) + 2(xy_2)\phi(y_2) + 2(xy_3)\phi(y_3) + (xy_4)\phi(y_4)] \\ = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(x) - \frac{1}{16} [(xy_0)\phi y_0 + 2(xy_1)\phi y_1 + 2(xy_2)\phi y_2 + 2(xy_3)\phi y_3 + (xy_4)\phi y_4] \\ = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}\tag{4}$$

Changing x terms to y_i

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(x) - \frac{1}{16} [(y_i y_0)\phi y_0 + 2(y_i y_1)\phi y_1 + 2(y_i y_2)\phi y_2 + 2(y_i y_3)\phi y_3 + (y_i y_4)\phi y_4] \\ = \frac{1}{100}y_i + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}$$

When $i = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_0 - \frac{1}{16} [y_0^2 \phi_0 + 2y_0 y_1 \phi_1 + 2y_0 y_2 \phi_2 + 2y_0 y_3 \phi_3 + y_0 y_4 \phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100}y_0 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_0 - \frac{1}{6} [0] &= \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_0 &= \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}\tag{i}$$

When $i = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{16} [y_0 y_1 \phi_0 + 2y_1^2 \phi_1 + 2y_1 y_2 \phi_2 + 2y_1 y_3 \phi_3 + y_1 y_4 \phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100}y_1 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{1}{16} \left[0 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^2 \phi_1 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_2 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_3 + \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) (1) \phi_4 \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi_1 - \frac{1}{16} \left[\frac{1}{8}\phi_1 + \frac{1}{4}\phi_2 + \frac{3}{8}\phi_3 + \frac{1}{4}\phi_4 \right] = \frac{1}{400} + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi_1 - \frac{1}{128}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{64}\phi_2 - \frac{3}{128}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{64}\phi_4 = \frac{161}{400}$$

$$\frac{127}{128}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{64}\phi_2 - \frac{3}{128}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{64}\phi_4 = \frac{161}{400} \quad (\text{ii})$$

When $i = 2$

$$\phi_2 - \frac{1}{16} [y_0 y_2 \phi_0 + 2y_1 y_2 \phi_1 + 2y_2^2 \phi_2 + 2y_2 y_3 \phi_3 + y_2 y_4 \phi_4] = \frac{1}{100} y_2 + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_2 - \frac{1}{16} \left[0 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_1 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^2 \phi_2 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_3 + \frac{1}{2} \phi_4 \right] \\ = \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\phi_2 - \frac{1}{16} \left[\frac{1}{4}\phi_1 + \frac{1}{2}\phi_2 + \frac{3}{4}\phi_3 + \frac{1}{2}\phi_4 \right] = \frac{1}{200} + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi_2 - \frac{1}{64}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{32}\phi_2 - \frac{3}{64}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{32}\phi_4 = \frac{81}{200}$$

$$-\frac{1}{64}\phi_1 - \frac{31}{32}\phi_2 - \frac{3}{64}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{32}\phi_4 = \frac{81}{200} \quad (\text{iii})$$

When $i = 3$

$$\phi_3 - \frac{1}{16} [y_0 y_3 \phi_0 + 2y_3 y_1 \phi_1 + 2y_2 y_3 \phi_2 + 2y_3^2 \phi_3 + y_3 y_4 \phi_4] = \frac{1}{100} y_3 + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{16} \left[0 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_1 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_2 + 2 \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^2 \phi_3 + \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) (1) \phi_4 \right] \\ = \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_3 - \frac{3}{128} \phi_1 - \frac{3}{64} \phi_2 - \frac{9}{128} \phi_3 - \frac{3}{64} \phi_4 &= \frac{163}{400} \\ -\frac{3}{128} \phi_1 - \frac{3}{64} \phi_2 + \frac{119}{128} \phi_3 - \frac{3}{64} \phi_4 &= \frac{163}{400}\end{aligned}\tag{iv}$$

When $i = 4$

$$\phi_4 - \frac{1}{16} [y_0 y_4 \phi_0 + 2y_4 y_1 \phi_1 + 2y_2 y_4 \phi_2 + 2y_3 y_4 \phi_3 + y_4^2 \phi_4] = \frac{1}{100} y_4 + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_4 - \frac{1}{16} \left[0 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) (1) \phi_1 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) (1) \phi_2 + 2 \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) (1) \phi_3 + (1)^2 \phi_4 \right] \\ = \frac{1}{100} (1) + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_4 - \frac{1}{32} \phi_1 - \frac{1}{16} \phi_2 - \frac{3}{32} \phi_3 - \frac{1}{16} \phi_4 &= \frac{41}{100} \\ -\frac{1}{32} \phi_1 - \frac{1}{16} \phi_2 - \frac{3}{32} \phi_3 + \frac{15}{16} \phi_4 &= \frac{41}{100}\end{aligned}\tag{v}$$

The System of equations are

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5} \quad (i)$$

$$\frac{127}{128}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{64}\phi_2 - \frac{3}{128}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{64}\phi_4 = \frac{161}{400} \quad (ii)$$

$$-\frac{1}{64}\phi_1 - \frac{31}{32}\phi_2 - \frac{3}{64}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{32}\phi_4 = \frac{81}{200} \quad (iii)$$

$$-\frac{3}{128}\phi_1 - \frac{3}{64}\phi_2 + \frac{119}{128}\phi_3 - \frac{3}{64}\phi_4 = \frac{163}{400} \quad (iv)$$

$$-\frac{1}{32}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{16}\phi_2 - \frac{3}{32}\phi_3 + \frac{15}{16}\phi_4 = \frac{41}{100} \quad (v)$$

Solving the System of equation we obtain

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5}, \phi_1 = 0.43321, \phi_2 = 0.46642, \phi_3 = 0.49962, \phi_4 = 0.53283$$

Then equation(4) implies

$$\begin{aligned} \phi(x) - \frac{1}{16} \left[0 + 2x \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) (0.43321) + 2x \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) (0.46642) + 2x \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) (0.49962) + x(1)(0.53283) \right] \\ = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(x) - \frac{1}{16} [0.216605x + 0.46642x + 0.74943x + 0.53283x] = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) - 0.013537x - 0.029151x - 0.046339x - 0.033302x = 0.01x + 0.4$$

$$\phi(x) = 0.122829x + 0.01x + 0.4$$

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{0.132829x} + \mathbf{0.4}$$

SIMPSON'S 1/3 RULE

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(x) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{h}{3} [(xy_0)\phi(y_0) + 4(xy_1)\phi(y_1) + 2(xy_2)\phi(y_2) + 4(xy_3)\phi(y_3) + (xy_4)\phi(y_4)] \\ = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(x) - \frac{1}{24} [(xy_0)\phi y_0 + 4(xy_1)\phi y_1 + 2(xy_2)\phi y_2 + 4(xy_3)\phi y_3 + (xy_4)\phi y_4] \\ = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}\tag{5}$$

Changing x terms to y_i

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(x) - \frac{1}{24} [(y_i y_0)\phi y_0 + 4(y_i y_1)\phi y_1 + 2(y_i y_2)\phi y_2 + 4(y_i y_3)\phi y_3 + (y_i y_4)\phi y_4] \\ = \frac{1}{100}y_i + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}$$

When $i = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_0 - \frac{1}{24} [y_0^2 \phi_0 + 4y_0 y_1 \phi_1 + 2y_0 y_2 \phi_2 + 4y_0 y_3 \phi_3 + y_0 y_4 \phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100}y_0 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_0 - \frac{1}{24} [0] &= \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_0 &= \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}\tag{i}$$

When $i = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{24} [y_0 y_1 \phi_0 + 4y_1^2 \phi_1 + 2y_1 y_2 \phi_2 + 4y_1 y_3 \phi_3 + y_1 y_4 \phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100}y_1 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{1}{24} \left[0 + 4 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^2 \phi_1 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_2 + 4 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_3 + \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{1}{24} \left[\frac{1}{4} \phi_1 + \frac{1}{4} \phi_2 + \frac{3}{4} \phi_3 + \frac{1}{4} \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{400} + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{1}{96} \phi_1 - \frac{1}{96} \phi_2 - \frac{1}{32} \phi_3 - \frac{1}{96} \phi_4 &= \frac{161}{400} \\ \frac{95}{96} \phi_1 - \frac{1}{96} \phi_2 - \frac{1}{32} \phi_3 - \frac{1}{96} \phi_4 &= \frac{161}{400}\end{aligned}\tag{ii}$$

When $i = 2$

$$\begin{aligned}
\phi_2 - \frac{1}{24} [y_2 y_1 \phi_0 + 4y_1 y_2 \phi_1 + 2y_2^2 \phi_2 + 4y_2 y_3 \phi_3 + y_2 y_4 \phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100} y_2 + \frac{2}{5} \\
\phi_2 - \frac{1}{24} \left[0 + 4 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_1 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \phi_2 + 4 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_3 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) (1) \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} \\
\phi_2 - \frac{1}{24} \left[\frac{1}{2} \phi_1 + \frac{1}{2} \phi_2 + \frac{3}{2} \phi_3 + \frac{1}{2} \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{200} + \frac{2}{5} \\
\phi_2 - \frac{1}{48} \phi_1 - \frac{1}{48} \phi_2 - \frac{1}{16} \phi_3 - \frac{1}{48} \phi_4 &= \frac{81}{200} \\
-\frac{1}{48} \phi_1 + \frac{47}{48} \phi_2 - \frac{1}{16} \phi_3 - \frac{1}{48} \phi_4 &= \frac{161}{200} \tag{iii}
\end{aligned}$$

When $i = 3$

$$\begin{aligned}
\phi_3 - \frac{1}{24} [y_3 y_1 \phi_0 + 4y_1 y_3 \phi_1 + 2y_2 y_3 \phi_2 + 4y_3^2 \phi_3 + y_3 y_4 \phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100} y_3 + \frac{2}{5} \\
\phi_3 - \frac{1}{24} \left[0 + 4 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_1 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_2 + 4 \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^2 \phi_3 + \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) (1) \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) + \frac{2}{5} \\
\phi_3 - \frac{1}{24} \left[\frac{3}{4} \phi_1 + \frac{3}{4} \phi_2 + \frac{9}{4} \phi_3 + \frac{3}{4} \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{3}{400} + \frac{2}{5} \\
\phi_3 - \frac{1}{32} \phi_1 - \frac{1}{32} \phi_2 - \frac{3}{32} \phi_3 - \frac{1}{32} \phi_4 &= \frac{163}{400} \\
-\frac{1}{32} \phi_1 - \frac{1}{32} \phi_2 + \frac{29}{32} \phi_3 - \frac{1}{32} \phi_4 &= \frac{163}{400} \tag{iv}
\end{aligned}$$

When $i = 4$

$$\begin{aligned}
\phi_4 - \frac{1}{24} [y_4 y_1 \phi_0 + 4y_1 y_4 \phi_1 + 2y_2 y_4 \phi_2 + 4y_3 y_4 \phi_3 + y_4^2 \phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100} y_4 + \frac{2}{5} \\
\phi_4 - \frac{1}{24} \left[0 + 4 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \phi_1 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_2 + 4 \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_3 + \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} + \frac{2}{5} \\
\phi_4 - \frac{1}{24} [\phi_1 + \phi_2 + 3\phi_3 + \phi_4] &= \frac{41}{100}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\phi_4 - \frac{1}{24}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{24}\phi_2 - \frac{1}{8}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{24}\phi_4 &= \frac{41}{100} \\
-\frac{1}{24}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{24}\phi_2 - \frac{1}{8}\phi_3 + \frac{23}{24}\phi_4 &= \frac{41}{100}
\end{aligned} \tag{v}$$

The System of equations are

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5} \tag{i}$$

$$\frac{95}{96}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{96}\phi_2 - \frac{1}{32}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{96}\phi_4 = \frac{161}{400} \tag{ii}$$

$$-\frac{1}{48}\phi_1 + \frac{47}{48}\phi_2 - \frac{1}{16}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{48}\phi_4 = \frac{161}{200} \tag{iii}$$

$$-\frac{1}{32}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{32}\phi_2 + \frac{29}{32}\phi_3 - \frac{1}{32}\phi_4 = \frac{163}{400} \tag{iv}$$

$$-\frac{1}{24}\phi_1 - \frac{1}{24}\phi_2 - \frac{1}{8}\phi_3 + \frac{23}{24}\phi_4 = \frac{41}{100} \tag{v}$$

Solving the system of equations, we have

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5}, \quad \phi_1 = 0.43300, \quad \phi_2 = 0.4660, \quad \phi_3 = 0.49989, \quad \phi_4 = 0.5320$$

The Equation(5) implies

$$\begin{aligned}
\phi(x) - \frac{1}{24} \left[0 + 4x \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) (0.4330) + 2x \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) (0.4660) + 4x \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) (0.49989) + x(1)(0.5320) \right] \\
= \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(x) - \frac{433}{24000}x - \frac{233}{12000}x - 0.06249 - \frac{133}{6000}x = \frac{x}{100} + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) - 0.01804x - 0.01942x - 0.06249 - 0.02216x = \frac{x}{100} + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\phi(x) - 0.12211x = 0.01x + 0.4$$

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{0.13211x} + \mathbf{0.4}$$

SIMPSON'S 3/8 RULE

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(x) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3h}{8} [(xy_0)\phi(y_0) + 3(xy_1)\phi(y_1) + 3(xy_2)\phi(y_2) + 2(xy_3)\phi(y_3) + (xy_4)\phi(y_4)] \\ = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(x) - \frac{3}{64} [(xy_0)\phi(y_0) + 3(xy_1)\phi(y_1) + 3(xy_2)\phi(y_2) + 2(xy_3)\phi(y_3) + (xy_4)\phi(y_4)] \\ = \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}\tag{6}$$

Changing x terms to y_i

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(y_i) - \frac{3}{64} [(y_i y_0)\phi(y_0) + 3(y_i y_1)\phi(y_1) + 3(y_i y_2)\phi(y_2) + 2(y_i y_3)\phi(y_3) + (y_i y_4)\phi(y_4)] \\ = \frac{1}{100}y_i + \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}$$

When $i = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_0 - \frac{3}{64} [y_0^2\phi_0 + 3y_0y_1\phi_1 + 3y_0y_2\phi_2 + 2y_0y_3\phi_3 + y_0y_4\phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100}y_0 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_0 &= \frac{2}{5}\end{aligned}\tag{i}$$

When $i = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_1 - \frac{3}{64} [y_0y_1\phi_0 + 3y_1^2\phi_1 + 3y_1y_2\phi_2 + 2y_1y_3\phi_3 + y_1y_4\phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100}y_1 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{3}{64} \left[3\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 \phi_1 + 3\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\phi_2 + 2\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)\phi_3 + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{100}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{3}{64} \left[\frac{1}{16}\phi_1 + \frac{3}{8}\phi_2 + \frac{3}{8}\phi_3 + \frac{1}{4}\phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{400} + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_1 - \frac{3}{1024}\phi_1 - \frac{9}{512}\phi_2 - \frac{9}{512}\phi_3 - \frac{3}{256}\phi_4 &= \frac{161}{400}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1021}{1024}\phi_1 - \frac{9}{512}\phi_2 - \frac{9}{512}\phi_3 - \frac{3}{256}\phi_4 = \frac{161}{400} \quad (\text{ii})$$

When $i = 2$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_2 - \frac{3}{64} [y_0 y_2 \phi_0 + 3y_1 y_2 \phi_1 + 3y_2^2 \phi_2 + 2y_2 y_3 \phi_3 + y_2 y_4 \phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100} y_2 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_2 - \frac{3}{64} \left[3 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_1 + 3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \phi_2 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_3 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_2 - \frac{3}{64} \left[\frac{3}{8} \phi_1 + \frac{3}{4} \phi_2 + \frac{3}{4} \phi_3 + \frac{1}{2} \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{200} + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_2 - \frac{9}{512} \phi_1 - \frac{9}{256} \phi_2 - \frac{9}{256} \phi_3 - \frac{3}{128} \phi_4 &= \frac{81}{200} \\ -\frac{9}{512} \phi_1 + \frac{247}{256} \phi_2 - \frac{9}{256} \phi_3 - \frac{3}{128} \phi_4 &= \frac{81}{200} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{iii})$$

When $i = 3$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_3 - \frac{3}{64} [y_0 y_3 \phi_0 + 3y_1 y_3 \phi_1 + 3y_2 y_3 \phi_2 + 2y_3^2 \phi_3 + y_3 y_4 \phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100} y_3 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_3 - \frac{3}{64} \left[3 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_1 + 3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_2 + 2 \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^2 \phi_3 + \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_3 - \frac{3}{64} \left[\frac{9}{16} \phi_1 + \frac{9}{8} \phi_2 + \frac{9}{8} \phi_3 + \frac{3}{4} \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{3}{400} + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_3 - \frac{27}{1024} \phi_1 - \frac{27}{512} \phi_2 - \frac{27}{512} \phi_3 - \frac{9}{256} \phi_4 &= \frac{163}{400} \\ -\frac{27}{1024} \phi_1 - \frac{27}{512} \phi_2 + \frac{485}{512} \phi_3 - \frac{9}{256} \phi_4 &= \frac{163}{400} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{iv})$$

When $i = 4$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_4 - \frac{3}{64} [y_0 y_4 \phi_0 + 3y_1 y_4 \phi_1 + 3y_2 y_4 \phi_2 + 2y_3 y_4 \phi_3 + y_4^2 \phi_4] &= \frac{1}{100} y_4 + \frac{2}{5} \\ \phi_4 - \frac{3}{64} \left[3 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) \phi_1 + 3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \phi_2 + 2 \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \phi_3 + \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{1}{100} + \frac{2}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\phi_4 - \frac{3}{64} \left[\frac{3}{4}\phi_1 + \frac{3}{2}\phi_2 + \frac{3}{2}\phi_3 + \phi_4 \right] &= \frac{41}{100} \\
\phi_4 - \frac{9}{256}\phi_1 - \frac{9}{128}\phi_2 - \frac{9}{128}\phi_3 - \frac{3}{64}\phi_4 &= \frac{41}{100} \\
-\frac{9}{256}\phi_1 - \frac{9}{128}\phi_2 - \frac{9}{128}\phi_3 + \frac{61}{64}\phi_4 &= \frac{41}{100}
\end{aligned} \tag{v}$$

The System of equation are

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5} \tag{i}$$

$$\frac{1021}{1024}\phi_1 - \frac{9}{512}\phi_2 - \frac{9}{512}\phi_3 - \frac{3}{256}\phi_4 = \frac{161}{400} \tag{ii}$$

$$-\frac{9}{512}\phi_1 + \frac{247}{256}\phi_2 - \frac{9}{256}\phi_3 - \frac{3}{128}\phi_4 = \frac{81}{200} \tag{iii}$$

$$-\frac{27}{1024}\phi_1 - \frac{27}{512}\phi_2 + \frac{485}{512}\phi_3 - \frac{9}{256}\phi_4 = \frac{163}{400} \tag{iv}$$

$$-\frac{9}{256}\phi_1 - \frac{9}{128}\phi_2 - \frac{9}{128}\phi_3 + \frac{61}{64}\phi_4 = \frac{41}{100} \tag{v}$$

Solving the System of equations we have

$$\phi_0 = \frac{2}{5}, \quad \phi_1 = 0.42639, \quad \phi_2 = 0.45778, \quad \phi_3 = 0.48667, \quad \phi_4 = 0.51556$$

Equation(6) implies

$$\begin{aligned}
\phi(x) - \frac{3}{64} \left[0 + 3x \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) (0.42639) + 3x \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) (0.45778) + 2x \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) (0.48667) + x(1)(0.51556) \right] \\
= \frac{1}{100}x + \frac{2}{5}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(x) - 0.011499x - 0.03218x - 0.03421x - 0.02416x = 0.01x + 0.4$$

$$\phi(x) - 0.10554x = 0.01x + 0.4$$

$$\phi(x) = 0.01x + 0.10554x + 0.4$$

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{0.11554x} + \mathbf{0.4}$$