

DATA SHEET

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- The IC04 LOC莫斯 HE4000B Logic Family Specifications HEF, HEC
- The IC04 LOC莫斯 HE4000B Logic Package Outlines/Information HEF, HEC

HEF40192B MSI 4-bit up/down decade counter

Product specification
File under Integrated Circuits, IC04

January 1995

HEF40192B MSI

4-bit up/down decade counter

DESCRIPTION

The HEF40192B is a 4-bit synchronous up/down decade counter. The counter has a count-up clock input (CP_U), a count-down clock input (CP_D), an asynchronous parallel load input (\bar{PL}), four parallel data inputs (P_0 to P_3), an asynchronous master reset input (MR), four counter outputs (O_0 to O_3), an active LOW terminal count-up (carry) output (\bar{TC}_U) and an active LOW terminal count-down (borrow) output (\bar{TC}_D).

The counter outputs change state on the LOW to HIGH transition of either clock input. However, for correct

counting, both clock inputs cannot be LOW simultaneously. The outputs \bar{TC}_U and \bar{TC}_D are normally HIGH. When the circuit has reached the maximum count state of '9', the next HIGH to LOW transition of CP_U will cause \bar{TC}_U to go LOW. \bar{TC}_U will stay LOW until CP_U goes HIGH again. Likewise, output \bar{TC}_D will go LOW when the circuit is in the zero state and CP_D goes LOW. When \bar{PL} is LOW, the information on P_0 to P_3 is asynchronously loaded into the counter. A HIGH on MR resets the counter independent of all other input conditions. The counter stages are of a static toggle type flip-flop.

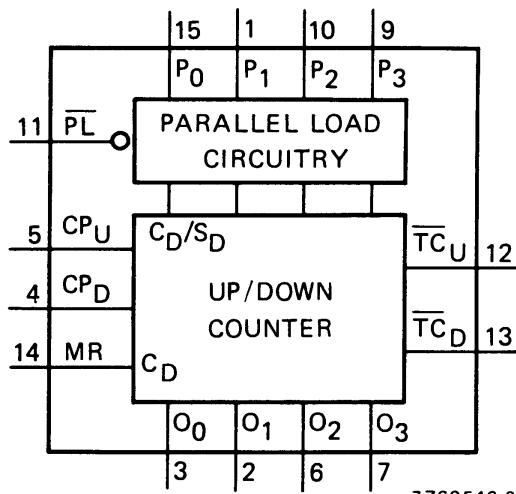


Fig.1 Functional diagram.

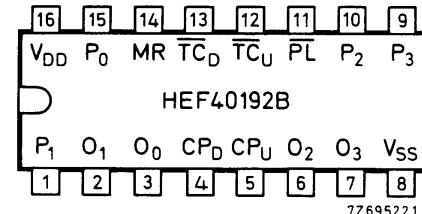


Fig.2 Pinning diagram.

PINNING

\bar{PL}	parallel load input (active LOW)
P_0 to P_3	parallel data inputs
CP_U	count-up clock pulse input (LOW to HIGH, edge-triggered)
CP_D	count-down clock pulse input (LOW to HIGH, edge-triggered)
MR	master reset input (asynchronous)
\bar{TC}_U	buffered terminal count-up (carry) output (active LOW)
\bar{TC}_D	buffered terminal count-down (borrow) output (active LOW)
O_0 to O_3	buffered counter outputs

HEF40192BP(N): 16-lead DIL; plastic (SOT38-1)

HEF40192BD(F): 16-lead DIL; ceramic (cerdip) (SOT74)

HEF40192BT(D): 16-lead SO; plastic (SOT109-1)

(): Package Designator North America

FAMILY DATA, I_{DD} LIMITS category MSI

See Family Specifications

4-bit up/down decade counter

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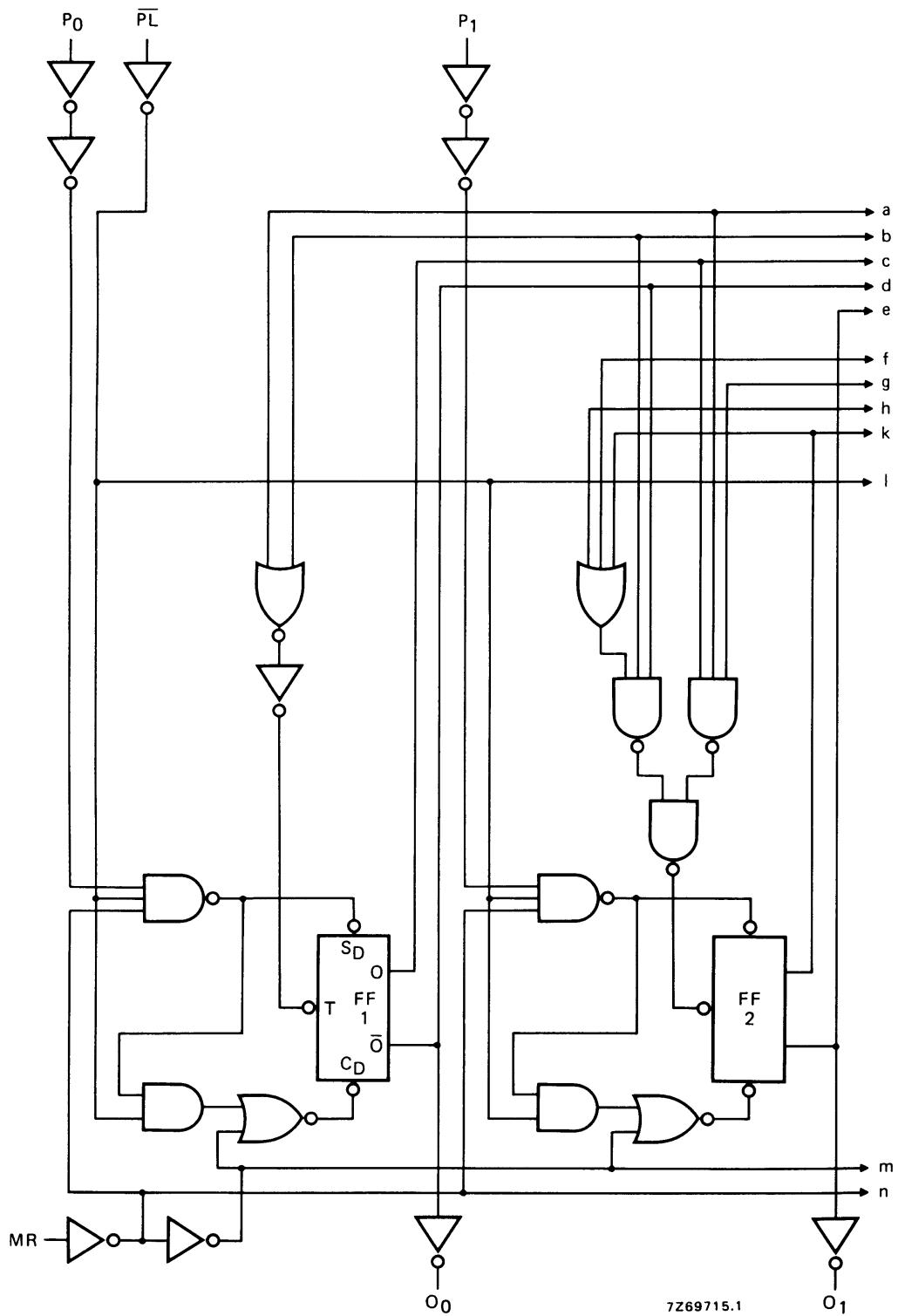


Fig.3 Logic diagram (continued on next page).

4-bit up/down decade counter

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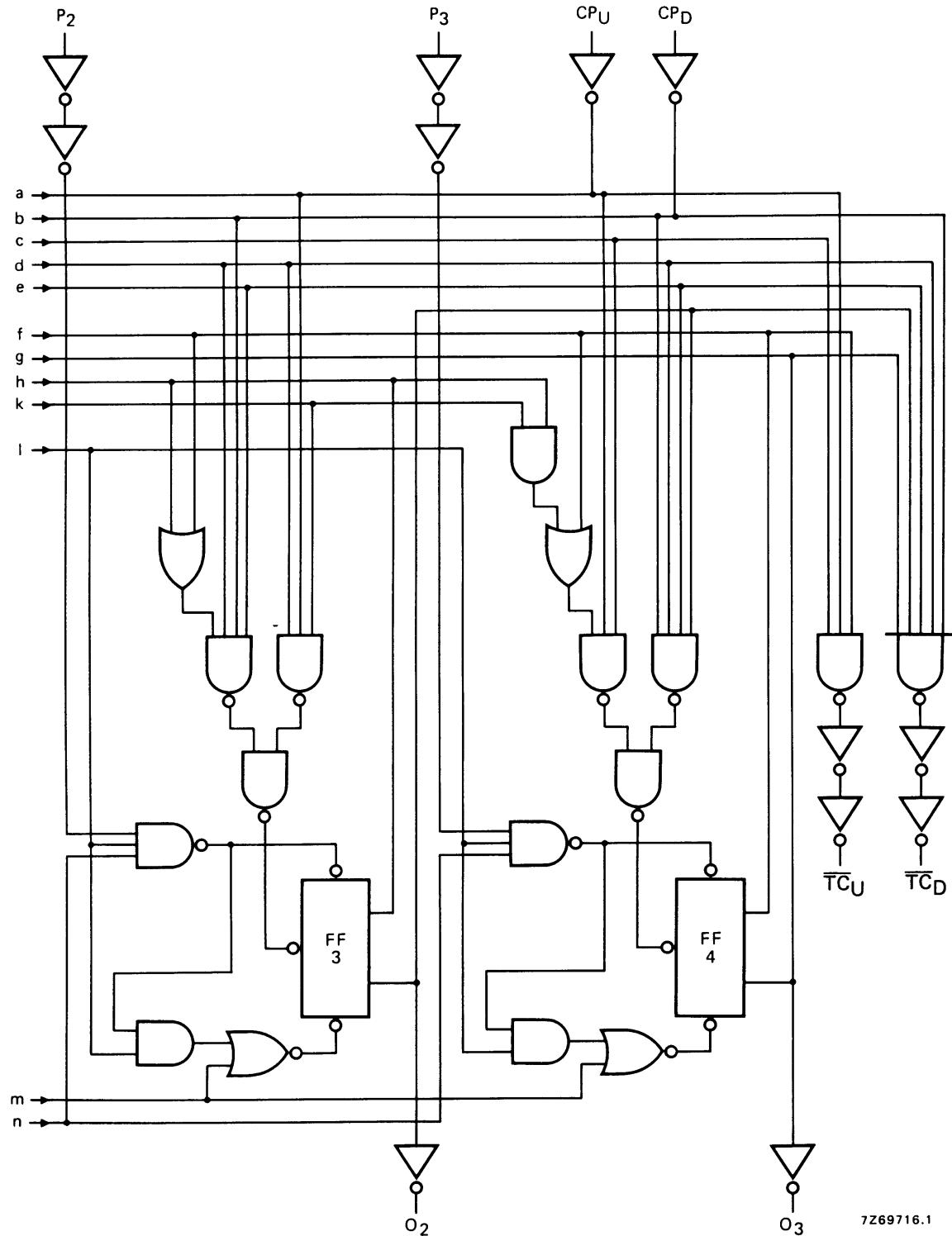


Fig.4 Logic diagram (continued from Fig.3).

4-bit up/down decade counter

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FUNCTION TABLE

MR	\overline{PL}	CP_U	CP_D	MODE
H	X	X	X	reset (asyn.)
L	L	X	X	parallel load
L	H		H	count-up
L	H	H		count-down

Notes

1. H = HIGH state (the more positive voltage)
L = LOW state (the less positive voltage)
X = state is immaterial
 = positive-going transition

Logic equations for terminal count:

$$\overline{TC}_D = \overline{O}_0 \cdot \overline{O}_1 \cdot \overline{O}_2 \cdot \overline{O}_3 \cdot \overline{CP}_D$$

$$\overline{TC}_U = O_0 \cdot O_3 \cdot \overline{CP}_U$$

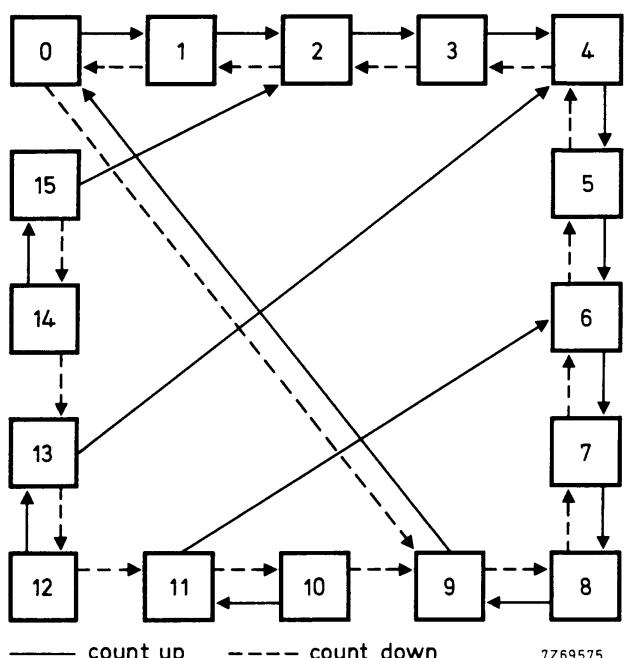


Fig.5 State diagram.

AC CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{SS} = 0$ V; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; input transition times ≤ 20 ns

	V_{DD} V	TYPICAL FORMULA FOR P (μ W)	
Dynamic power dissipation per package (P)	5 10 15	$550 f_i + \sum(f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$ $2400 f_i + \sum(f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$ $6500 f_i + \sum(f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	where f_i = input freq. (MHz) f_o = output freq. (MHz) C_L = load capacitance (pF) $\sum(f_o C_L)$ = sum of outputs V_{DD} = supply voltage (V)

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AC CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; input transition times $\leq 20 \text{ ns}$

	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
Propagation delays	CP _U → O _n HIGH to LOW	t _{PHL}	210	415	ns	183 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			85	165	ns	74 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			60	120	ns	52 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	LOW to HIGH	t _{PLH}	170	340	ns	143 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			70	140	ns	59 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			50	100	ns	42 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	CP _D → O _n HIGH to LOW	t _{PHL}	210	420	ns	183 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			85	170	ns	74 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			65	125	ns	57 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	LOW to HIGH	t _{PLH}	170	340	ns	143 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			70	140	ns	59 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			50	100	ns	42 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
CP _U → \overline{TC}_U	HIGH to LOW	t _{PHL}	125	250	ns	98 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			50	100	ns	39 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			35	70	ns	27 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	LOW to HIGH	t _{PLH}	95	185	ns	68 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			40	80	ns	29 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			30	60	ns	22 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	CP _D → \overline{TC}_D HIGH to LOW	t _{PHL}	140	280	ns	113 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			55	110	ns	44 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			40	80	ns	32 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	LOW to HIGH	t _{PLH}	100	195	ns	73 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			40	85	ns	29 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			30	65	ns	22 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
MR → O _n	HIGH to LOW	t _{PHL}	195	390	ns	168 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			80	160	ns	69 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			60	120	ns	52 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	LOW to HIGH	t _{PLH}	145	285	ns	118 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			60	115	ns	49 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			45	90	ns	37 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	MR → \overline{TC}_D HIGH to LOW	t _{PHL}	365	730	ns	338 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			130	265	ns	119 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			100	205	ns	92 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
$\overline{PL} \rightarrow O_n$	HIGH to LOW	t _{PHL}	185	360	ns	158 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
			75	150	ns	64 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
			55	110	ns	47 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L

4-bit up/down decade counter

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	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
LOW to HIGH	5	t_{PLH}	145	290	ns	118 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
	10		60	120	ns	49 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15		45	90	ns	37 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L

AC CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{SS} = 0$ V; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; $C_L = 50$ pF; input transition times ≤ 20 ns

	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
Output transition times HIGH to LOW	5	t_{THL}	60	120	ns	10 ns + (1,0 ns/pF) C_L
	10		30	60	ns	9 ns + (0,42 ns/pF) C_L
	15		20	40	ns	6 ns + (0,28 ns/pF) C_L
	5	t_{TLH}	60	120	ns	10 ns + (1,0 ns/pF) C_L
	10		30	60	ns	9 ns + (0,42 ns/pF) C_L
	15		20	40	ns	6 ns + (0,28 ns/pF) C_L
Set-up time $P_n \rightarrow \overline{PL}$	5	t_{SU}	160	80	ns	
	10		60	30	ns	
	15		50	25	ns	
Hold time $P_n \rightarrow \overline{PL}$	5	t_{hold}	10	-70	ns	
	10		5	-25	ns	
	15		5	-20	ns	
Minimum CP _U or CP _D pulse width; LOW	5	t_{WCPL}	150	75	ns	
	10		50	25	ns	
	15		35	20	ns	
Minimum MR pulse width; HIGH	5	t_{WMRH}	180	90	ns	
	10		70	35	ns	
	15		60	30	ns	
Minimum \overline{PL} pulse width; LOW	5	t_{WPLL}	120	60	ns	
	10		45	20	ns	
	15		30	15	ns	
Recovery time for MR	5	t_{RMR}	125	65	ns	
	10		70	35	ns	
	15		50	25	ns	
Recovery time for \overline{PL}	5	t_{RPL}	90	45	ns	
	10		35	15	ns	
	15		25	10	ns	
Maximum clock pulse frequency	5	f_{max}	2,5	5	MHz	
	10		7	14	MHz	
	15		9	18	MHz	

see also waveforms
Fig.6

4-bit up/down decade counter

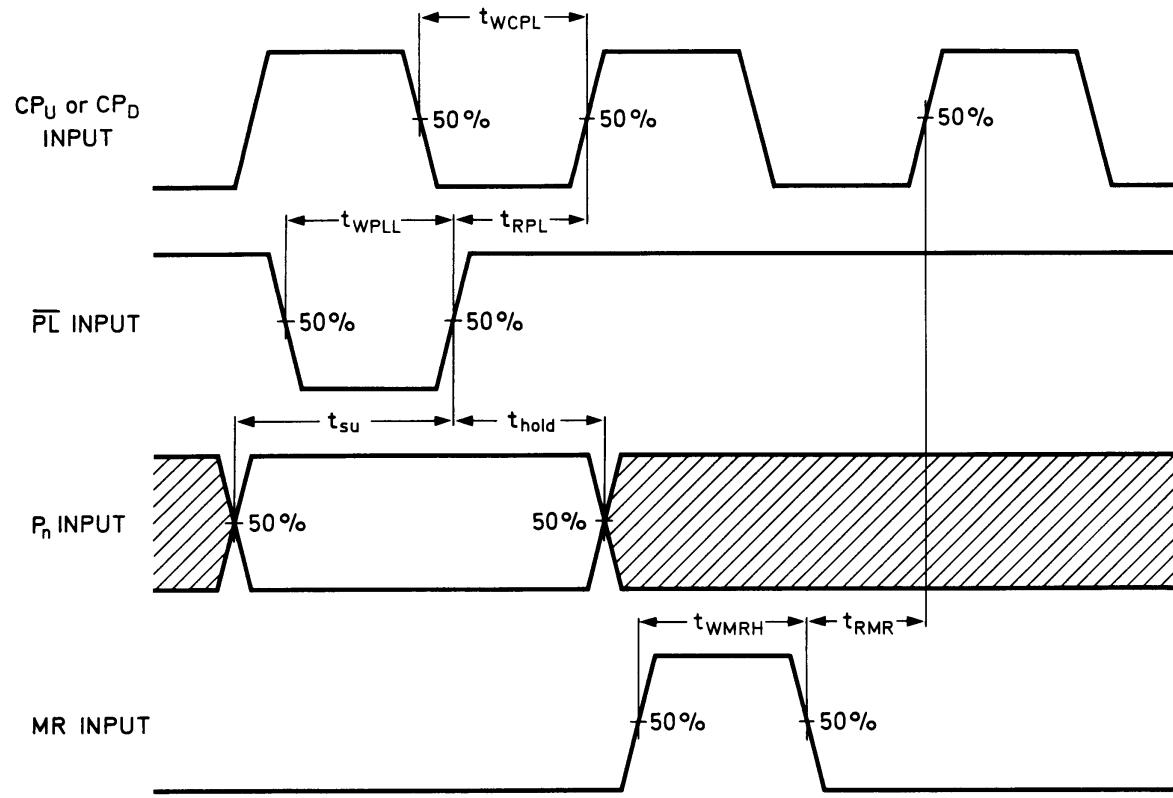
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Fig.6 Waveforms showing recovery times for \overline{PL} and MR, minimum pulse widths for CP_U , CP_D , \overline{PL} and MR, and set-up and hold times for P to \overline{PL} . Set-up times and hold times are shown as positive values but may be specified as negative values.

4-bit up/down decade counter

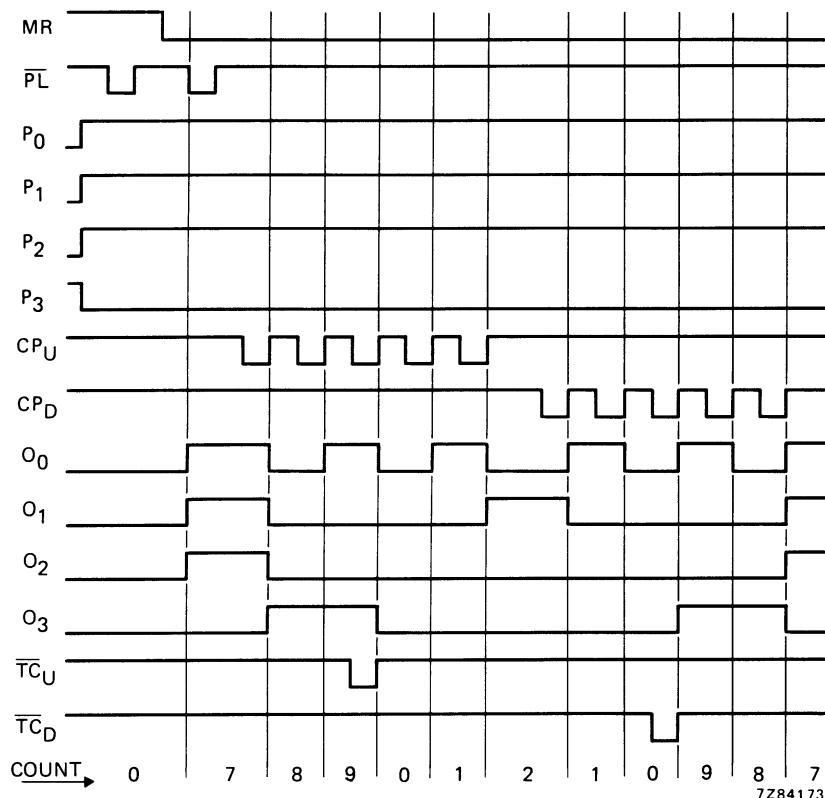
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Fig.7 Timing diagram.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Some examples of applications for the HEF40192B are:

- Up/down difference counting
- Multistage ripple counting
- Multistage synchronous counting.

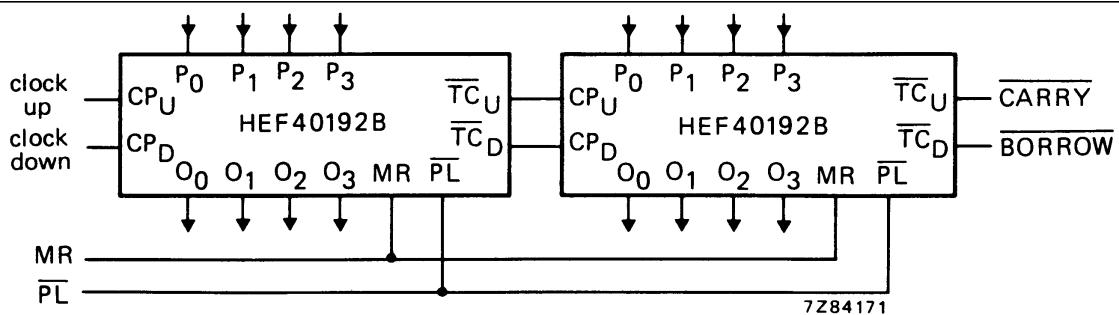


Fig.8 Example of cascaded HEF40192B ICs.