

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

N-P-N transistor in TO-39 metal package, with collector connected to the case. It is primarily intended for use in high frequency and very high frequency oscillators and amplifiers as well as for output stages of servo amplifiers.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

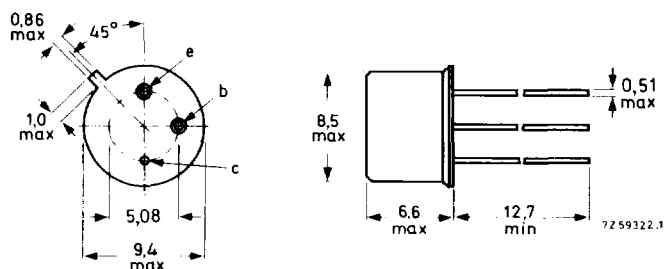
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	80 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	35 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	1 A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	800 mW
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	200 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
D.C. current gain at $T_j = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$; $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	h_{FE}		40 to 120
Transition frequency at $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$; $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	f_T	>	60 MHz
Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 1\text{ A}$; $I_B = 100\text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	<	1 V

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig. 1 TO-39.

Collector connected to case



Maximum lead diameter is guaranteed only for 12,7 mm.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CB0}	max.	80 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CE0}	max.	35 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EB0}	max.	7 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	1 A
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	1 A
Emitter current (d.c.)	$-I_E$	max.	1 A
Emitter current (peak value)	$-I_{EM}$	max.	1 A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	4 W
Total power dissipation without cooling fin up to $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	0,8 W
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-65 to +150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	200 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient in free air	$R_{th\ j-a}$	=	0,22 K/mW
From junction to case	$R_{th\ j-c}$	=	0,035 K/mW

CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Collector cut-off current

$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}$

$I_{CBO} < 10\text{ nA}$

$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}; T_j = 150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$I_{CBO} < 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$

Emitter cut off current

$I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 5\text{ V}$

$I_{EBO} < 10\text{ nA}$

Saturation voltages

$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; I_B = 15\text{ mA}$

$V_{CEsat} < 0,2\text{ V}$

$I_C = 1\text{ A}; I_B = 100\text{ mA} \text{ *) **}$

$V_{CEsat} < 1,0\text{ V}$

$V_{BEsat} < 1,6\text{ V}$

Sustaining voltage

$I_C = 30\text{ mA}; I_B = 0 \text{ **}$

$V_{CEOsust} > 35\text{ V}$

D.C. current gain **

$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$

$h_{FE} > 30$

$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$

$h_{FE} \quad 40\text{ to }120$

$I_C = 1\text{ A}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$

$h_{FE} > 15$

Feedback time constant

$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}; f = 4\text{ MHz}$

$r_b, C_c < 800\text{ ps}$

Collector capacitance at $f = 500\text{ kHz}$

$I_E = I_e = 0; V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$

$C_c < 12\text{ pF}$

Emitter capacitance at $f = 500\text{ kHz}$

$I_C = I_c = 0; V_{EB} = 0,5\text{ V}$

$C_e < 80\text{ pF}$

Transition frequency at $f = 100\text{ MHz}$

$I_C = 50\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$

$f_T > 60\text{ MHz}$

* Measured with a lead length of 1 cm.

** Measured under pulsed conditions to avoid excessive dissipation.
Pulse duration = 300 μs ; duty cycle $\delta < 0,01$.