xtpxlib-common

Common code

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0 Xatapult XML Library - Common code



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xtpxlib-common is part of the **xtpxlib** library. **xtpxlib** contains software for processing XML, using languages like XSLT and XProc. It consists of several separate components, all named xtpxlib-*. Everything can be found on GitHub (https://github.com/xatapult).

xtpxlib-common is xtpxlib's communal component. Most other xtpxlib components rely on it. It contains:

- XSLT libraries, with functionality for handling parameters, manipulating filenames/URIs, MIME types, etc.
- Parts of the functionality of the XSLT libraries were translated into XQuery.
- XProc (1.0) steps, implementing things like recursive directory lists, tee, creating ZIP files from directories, etc.
- Templates (empty XSLT, XProc, XQuery, etc. files) for use in the oXygen IDE. Installation and usage information can be found on **xtpxlib**'s main website http://www.xatapult.nl.

Technical information:

Component documentation: http://www.xatapult.nl

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Git URI: git@github.com:xatapult/xtpxlib-common.git

Git site: https://github.com/xatapult/xtpxlib-common

1 Description

xtpxlib-common is xtpxlib's communal component. Most other components in xtpxlib are dependent on it. If you start using xtpxlib, you'll also use it a lot yourself.

1.1 Contents

xtpxlib-common consists of the following parts (by subdirectory):

Directory	Contents
data	XML data files. See "XML Data Files" on page 4
doc	Sources for the generation of the component's documentation. Internal use only.
docs	GitHub pages site for this component.
etc	Auxiliary files, mainly for use in the oXygen IDE.
template	Template files. These files contain XSLT, XQuery, XProc, etc. files with the main structure and headers filled in. Contain macros for use in the oXygen IDE.
	To install/use these files in oXygen, open its preferences dialogue (Options > Preferences) and add the xtpxlib-common/template subdirectory to its Document templates section.
xplmod	General purpose XProc (1.0) modules. See "XProc Libraries" on page 5.
xqmod	General purpose XQuery modules. This is a partial translation of the XSLT module's functionality (especially from href.mod.xsl) into XQuery.
xsd	Schemas for some of the document types used in Xatapult XML Library. See "XML Schemas" on page 8.
xsl	Some general purpose XSLT stylesheets. See "XSLT Stylesheets" on page 9.
xslmod	General purpose XSLT modules. See "XSLT Modules" on page 10.

1.2 Parameter handling in xtpxlib-common



2 XML Data Files

The xtpxlib-common component contains the following XML data files:

Module	Description
dummy.xml	Dummy file to use as input for processes that require an XML input document but the input is ignored.
fop-default-config.xml	Default configuration file for the FOP XSL-FO renderer.
mimetypes-table.xml	Table used for transforming file extensions into a MIME type and vice versa.

Table 2-1 - Module overview

2.1 XML document: dummy.xml

File: data/dummy.xml Root element: <dummy>

Dummy file to use as input for processes that require an XML input document but the input is ignored.

2.2 XML document: fop-default-config.xml

File: data/fop-default-config.xml

Root element: <fop>

Default configuration file for the FOP XSL-FO renderer.

The only thing this configuration file does is set the font handling to "auto-detect" (meaning it will try the use the system fonts).

2.3 XML document: mimetypes-table.xml

File: data/mimetypes-table.xml

Root element: <mimetypes> (namespace: http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/mimetypes)

Table used for transforming file extensions into a MIME type and vice versa.

Follows the mimetypes.xsd schema. Used internally by the mimetypes.mod.xsl module, but might also be useful in other situations.

3 XProc Libraries

The xtpxlib-common component contains the following XProc (1.0) library module:

Module	Description
common.mod.xpl	

Table 3-1 - Module overview

3.1 XProc (1.0) library: common.mod.xpl

File: xplmod/common.mod/common.mod.xpl

XProc (1.0) library with generic steps.

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlc	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common

Step	Description
xtlc:copy-directory	Copies a full directory structure.
xtlc:copy-file	Copies a file, if necessary from inside a zip file.
xtlc:log	Writes a message to a log file.
xtlc:recursive- directory-list	Returns the contents of a directory, going into sub-directories recursively. When the requested directory does not exist, it returns only a c:directory root element with an error="true" attribute.
xtlc:remove-dir	Removes a full directory When the directory does not exist, everything continues without error.
xtlc:tee	Tees the input to a file and passes it unchanged (like the Unix tee command).
xtlc:zip-directory	Zips a directory and its sub-directories into a single zip file.

Step: xtlc:copy-directory

Copies a full directory structure.

Port	Type	Primary?	Description
source	in	yes	Input, will be passed unchanged.
result	out	yes	The input unchanged.

Option	Rq?	Default	Description
href-source-dir	yes		Reference to the directory to copy from (must have a leading file:/ specifier!).
href-target-dir	yes		Reference to the directory to copy to (must have a leading file:/ specifier!). If it does not exist the step will try to create it.

Step: xtlc:copy-file

Copies a file, if necessary from inside a zip file.

Port	Type	Primary?	Description
source	in	yes	Input, will be passed unchanged.
result	out	yes	The input unchanged.

Option	Rq?	Default	Description
enable		true()	Whether the copying is done at all.
href-source	yes		Reference to the source file to copy (must have a leading file:/ specifier!).
href-source-zip		1.1	Document reference to a zip file (must have a leading file: / specifier!). When filled, \$href-source is assumed to be a path inside this zip.
href-target	yes		Reference to the target.

Step: xtlc:log

Writes a message to a log file.

Port	Type	Primary?	Description
source	in	yes	Input to the logging, will be passed unchanged to the output
result	out	yes	The input unchanged.

Option	Rq?	Default	Description	
enable		true()	Whether the logging will be done at all.	
href-log	yes		Name of the file to write the log messages to (must have a leading file:/ specifier!).	
keep-messages		100	The number of messages to keep in the logfile. If le 0, all messages are kept. Set by default to 100 to prevent overflowing files	
message	yes		The actual log message to write.	
status		'ok'	Status of the message. Must be ok, warning, error or debug.	

Step: xtlc:recursive-directory-list

Returns the contents of a directory, going into sub-directories recursively. When the requested directory does not exist, it returns only a c:directory root element with an error="true" attribute.

Adapted from Norman Walsh's example code.

Port	Type	Primary?	Description
result	out	yes	The resulting directory structure listing in XML format.

Option	Rq?	Default	Description
depth		-1	The sub-directory depth to go. When le 0, all sub-directories are processed.
exclude-filter			An optional regular expression exclude filter.
flatten		false()	When true, the list will be "flattened": All c:file children will be direct children of the root's c:directory element. These c:file elements get a @name, @href-abs (absolute filename) and @href-rel (relative filename) attribute.
include-filter			An optional regular expression include filter.
path	yes		The path to get the directory listing from.

Step: xtlc:remove-dir

Removes a full directory When the directory does not exist, everything continues without error.

Port	Type	Primary?	Description
source	in	yes	Input, will be passed unchanged.
result	out	yes	The input unchanged.

Option	Rq?	Default	Description
enable		true()	Whether the removal is done at all.
href-dir	yes		Reference to the directory to remove (must have a leading file:/ specifier!).

Step: xtlc:tee

Tees the input to a file and passes it unchanged (like the Unix tee command).

Port	Type	Primary?	Description
source	in	yes	Input to the tee.
result	out	yes	The input unchanged (unless a \$root-attribute-href was specified).

Option	Rq?	Default	Description
enable		true()	Whether to actually do the write. When false, nothing happens.
href	yes		Name of the file to write to (must have a leading file:/ specifier!)
root-attribute-href		1.1	If filled, \$href is recorded as an attribute with this name on the root element of the original input. Must be a valid attribute name.

Step: xtlc:zip-directory

Zips a directory and its sub-directories into a single zip file.

Port	Type	Primary?	Description
result	out	yes	The output of the actual zip step, listing all the files that went in.

Option	Rq?	Default	Description
base-path	yes		Directory which contents will be stored in the zip (must have a leading file:/specifier!)
href-target-zip	yes		Document reference for the zip file to produce (must have a leading file:/ specifier!)
include-base		true()	When true, the last part of $\beta = path (e.g. a/b/c => c)$ is used as the root directory in the zip file.

4 XML Schemas

The xtpxlib-common component contains the following XML Schemas:

Module	Description
message.xsd	Schema for messages used and created by this component.
mimetypes.xsd	Schema for the MIME type association datafile.
parameters.xsd	Schema for sets of parameters as used by this library.

Table 4-1 - Module overview

4.1 XML Schema: message.xsd

File: xsd/message.xsd

Target namespace: http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common Schema for messages used and created by this component.

See also message.mod.xsl.

Element	Description
message	A message generated by this component.

4.2 XML Schema: mimetypes.xsd

File: xsd/mimetypes.xsd

Target namespace: http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/mimetypes

Schema for the MIME type association datafile.

See also mimetypes-table.xml and mimetypes.mod.xsl.

Element	Description
mimetypes	Root element of the MIME types associaton list.

4.3 XML Schema: parameters.xsd

File: xsd/parameters.xsd

Schema for sets of parameters as used by this library.

Use parameters.mod.xsl for turning these lists into maps. An explanation of the parameter mechanism can be found here.

Although this is schema for no namespace, parameters can be in *any* namespace (if you use parameters.mod.xsl for processing them).

Element	Description
parameters	Root element for a set of parameters (either in a document on its own or embedded).

5 XSLT Stylesheets

The xtpxlib-common component contains the following XSLT Stylesheets:

Module	Description
get-system-	Gets all the XSLT available system properties (as returned by system-
properties.xsl	property()).
xslmod2xqmod-stub.xsl	This stylesheet translates an XSLT module (in xtpxlib "style") into a stub for an
	XQuery Module. After this you still need to hand-edit it to make it all work.

Table 5-1 - Module overview

5.1 XSLT (2.0): get-system-properties.xsl

File: xsl/get-system-properties.xsl

Gets all the XSLT available system properties (as returned by ${\tt system-property()}$).

5.2 XSLT (2.0): xslmod2xqmod-stub.xsl

File: xsl/xslmod2xqmod-stub.xsl

This stylesheet translates an XSLT module (in xtpxlib "style") into a stub for an XQuery Module. After this you still need to hand-edit it to make it all work.

See as an example href.mod.xsl. Large parts of this module were turned into XQuery by this stylesheet. The result (edited after this initial conversion) is in the xqmod directory of this component.

6 XSLT Modules

The xtpxlib-common component contains the following XSLT modules. The ones used most frequently are general.mod.xsl and href.mod.xsl.

Module	Description
compare.mod.xsl	XSL library module with support for comparing XML documents/elements:
date-time.mod.xsl	XSLT library module containing functions for working with dates and times.
format-output.mod.xsl	XSLT library with functions for formatting output/strings.
general.mod.xsl	XSLT library module with general constants and code.
href.mod.xsl	XSLT library module with functions for the generic handling of href-s. (filenames/
	paths).
message.mod.xsl	Message related templates.
mimetypes.mod.xsl	MIME type conversion related functions.
parameters.mod.xsl	Takes an XML document with parameters and turns this into a parameter map.
uuid.mod.xsl	UUID related functions.

Table 6-1 - Module overview

6.1 XSLT (2.0): compare.mod.xsl

File: xslmod/compare.mod.xsl

XSL library module with support for comparing XML documents/elements:

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlc	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common

Named template	Description
xtlc:compare-documents	Compares two XML documents with each other:

Named template: xtlc:compare-documents as element(xtlc:message)*

Compares two XML documents with each other:

- · Comments and processing instructions are ignored
- · Text nodes are normalized before comparison
- Empty text nodes (after normalization) are ignored
- The comparison stops after the first difference is encountered.
- The result is either:
 - An empty set, when no differences found
 - One or more xtlc:message elements, status="error" when differences were found (you can only get more than one message on attribute differences)

Parameter	Type	Rq? Default	Description
doc1	document-node()	yes	First document to compare.
doc2	document-node()	yes	Second document to compare.

6.2 XSLT (2.0): date-time.mod.xsl

File: xslmod/date-time.mod.xsl

XSLT library module containing functions for working with dates and times.

When language based, it only distinguishes between Dutch and non-Dutch (usually English). Some functions will not work using Saxon HE (week-numbers for instance).

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlc	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common

Variable	Type	Value	Description
xtlc:month-names-en	xs:string+	('January', 'February', 'March', 'April', 'May', 'June', 'July', 'August', 'September', 'October', 'November', 'December')	Sequence with the names of the months in English
xtlc:month-names-nl	xs:string+	<pre>('januari', 'februari', 'maart', 'april', 'mei', 'juni', 'juli', 'augustus', 'september', 'oktober', 'november', 'december')</pre>	Sequence with the names of the months in Dutch

Function	Description
xtlc:days-in-month()	Computes the number of days in a particular month. If values are out of range it returns 0.
<pre>xtlc:format-date-as- text()</pre>	Formats a date as a string with the month name in full.
<pre>xtlc:format-date-as- text-short()</pre>	Formats a date as a string with the month name in short.
xtlc:is-leap-year()	Returns true when a given year is a leap year
xtlc:month-name()	Returns the name of a month.
<pre>xtlc:month-name- short()</pre>	Returns the name of a month in short (abbreviated to 3 characters).
xtlc:to-date()	Creates a date from its components.
xtlc:unix-epoch()	Computes the UNIX "epoch" code (number of seconds since 1-1-1970) for a given date/time.
xtlc:week-number()	Computes the week number for a given date.
xtlc:weekday-name()	Computes the name of the weekday for a given language. Will be capitalized.
xtlc:weekday-number()	The number of the weekday (1=Monday, 7=Sunday).

Function: xtlc:days-in-month() as xs:integer

Computes the number of days in a particular month. If values are out of range it returns 0.

Parameter	Type	Description
month-number	xs:integer	The month to calculate the number of days for.
year	xs:integer	The year this month is in (important because of leap years).

Function: xtlc:format-date-as-text() as xs:string

Formats a date as a string with the month name in full.

Parameter	Type	Description	
date	xs:date	The date to format.	
lang	xs:string	The language for the conversion.	

$\underline{Function:} \\ \texttt{xtlc:format-date-as-text-short()} \\ \text{ as } \\ \texttt{xs:string} \\$

Formats a date as a string with the month name in short.

Parameter	Type	Description
date	xs:date	The date to format.
lang	xs:string	The language for the conversion.

Function: xtlc:is-leap-year() as xs:boolean

Returns true when a given year is a leap year

Parameter	Type	Description
year	xs:integer	The year to check.

Function: xtlc:month-name() as xs:string

Returns the name of a month.

Parameter	Type	Description
month-number	xs:integer	The month number (1-12).
lang	xs:string	The language you want the month name in.

Function: xtlc:month-name-short() as xs:string

Returns the name of a month in short (abbreviated to 3 characters).

Parameter	Type	Description
month-number	xs:integer	The month number (1-12).
lang	xs:string	The language you want the month name in.

Function: xtlc:to-date() as xs:date

Creates a date from its components.

Parameter	Type	Description
day	xs:integer	Day number to use.
month	xs:integer	Month number to use.
year	xs:integer	Year to use.

Function: xtlc:unix-epoch() as xs:decimal

Computes the UNIX "epoch" code (number of seconds since 1-1-1970) for a given date/time.

Parameter	Type	Description
datetime	xs:dateTime	The date/time to compute the epoch code for.

Function: xtlc:week-number() as xs:integer

Computes the week number for a given date.

Parameter	Type	Description
date	xs:date	Date to use.

Function: xtlc:weekday-name() as xs:string

Computes the name of the weekday for a given language. Will be capitalized.

Parameter	Type	Description
date	xs:date	Date to use.
lang	xs:string	The language you want the name in.

Function: xtlc:weekday-number() as xs:integer

The number of the weekday (1=Monday, 7=Sunday).

Parameter	Type	Description
date	xs:date	Date to use.

6.3 XSLT (2.0): format-output.mod.xsl

File: xslmod/format-output.mod.xsl

XSLT library with functions for formatting output/strings.

When language based, we only distinguish between Dutch and non-Dutch (usually English).

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlc	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common

Function	Description
xtlc:duration2str()	Turns a day/time duration into a more readable string, e.g. 1d3h40m12s
xtlc:format-amount()	Formats an amount by adding a € sign and always use double digits.
xtlc:format-double()	Formats a double as a string with a given amount of digits.
xtlc:size2str()	Turns an integer (e.g. a file size) into a (rounded) number using a Kb/Mb/Gb suffix.

Function: xtlc:duration2str() as xs:string

Turns a day/time duration into a more readable string, e.g. 1d3h40m12s

Parameter	Type	Description
duration	xs:dayTimeDuration	The duration to convert.
round-seconds	xs:boolean	Whether the seconds part must be rounded.

Function: xtlc:format-amount() as xs:string

Formats an amount by adding a € sign and always use double digits.

For the Dutch language, . and , are swapped.

Parameter	Type	Description
amount	xs:double	The amount to format.
lang	xs:string	The language for the conversion.

Function: xtlc:format-double() as xs:string

Formats a double as a string with a given amount of digits.

For the Dutch language, . and , are swapped.

Parameter	Type	Description
dbl	xs:double	Number to convert
digits	xs:integer	The number of digits to use. When < 0 this is left open.
lang	xs:string	The language for the conversion.

Function: xtlc:size2str() as xs:string

Turns an integer (e.g. a file size) into a (rounded) number using a Kb/Mb/Gb suffix.

Parameter	Type	Description
size	xs:integer	The size to convert.

6.4 XSLT (2.0): general.mod.xsl

File: xslmod/general.mod.xsl

XSLT library module with general constants and code.

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlc	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common

Variable	Type	Value	Description
xtlc:default-dt-format	xs:string	'[Y]-[M01]-[D01] [H01]:[m01]:[s01]'	Default date/time format string (yyyy-mm-dd).
xtlc:default-dt- format-en	xs:string	'[M01]-[D01]-[Y] [H01]:[m01]:[s01]'	Date/time format string (English: mm-dd-yyyy).
xtlc:default-dt- format-nl	xs:string	'[D01]-[M01]-[Y] [H01]:[m01]:[s01]'	Date/time format string (Dutch: dd-mm-yyyy).
xtlc:internal-error- prompt	xs:string	'Internal error: '	Add this in front of any internal error raised.
xtlc:language-en	xs:string	'en'	Language code for English
xtlc:language-nl	xs:string	'nl'	Language code for Dutch
xtlc:namespace-xtlc-common	xs:string	<pre>namespace-uri-for- prefix('xtlc', doc('')/*)</pre>	Namespace used for xtpxlib-common.
xtlc:status-codes	xs:string+	(\$xtlc:status-info, \$xtlc:status-warning, \$xtlc:status-error, \$xtlc:status-debug)	Sequence with all valid status codes.
xtlc:status-debug	xs:string	'debug'	Generic debug status/severity code.
xtlc:status-error	xs:string	'error'	Generic error status/severity code.
xtlc:status-info	xs:string	'info'	Generic info (a.k.a. OK) status/ severity code.
xtlc:status-warning	xs:string	'warning'	Generic warning status/severity code.

Named template	Description
xtlc:raise-error	Stops any processing by raising an error.

Function	Description
xtlc:att2str()	Turns an attribute into a string representation, suitable for display (e.g.
	name="value").
xtlc:capitalize()	Capitalizes a string (makes the first character uppercase).
xtlc:char-repeat()	Returns a string with a single character repeated a given number of times.
<pre>xtlc:count-leading- whitespace()</pre>	Counts the number of whitespace characters at the beginning of a string
xtlc:elm2str()	Turns an element into a descriptive string (the element with all its attributes, excluding schema references).
xtlc:item2element()	Tries to find the element belonging to a given item.
xtlc:items2str()	Creates a string from a sequence of items.
xtlc:prefix-to-	Prefixes a string with a given character so it will get at least a given length.
length()	
xtlc:q()	Returns the input string quoted ("\$in")
xtlc:str2bln()	Safe conversion of a string into a boolean.
xtlc:str2id()	Turns a string into a valid identifier, adding a prefix.
xtlc:str2id()	Turns a string into a valid identifier.
xtlc:str2int()	Safe conversion of a string to an integer.
xtlc:str2seq()	Converts a string with a list of words into a sequence of words.
xtlc:text2lines()	Converts text into separate lines.

Named template: xtlc:raise-error

Stops any processing by raising an error.

Parameter	Type	Rq?	Default	Description
error-name	xs:string		\$xtlc:status-error	The (optional) name of the error. Must be an NCName.
msg-parts	item()+	yes		Error message to show (in parts, all parts will be concatenated by xtlc:items2str()).

Function: xtlc:att2str() as xs:string

Turns an attribute into a string representation, suitable for display (e.g. name="value").

Parameter	Type	Description
att	attribute()?	Attribute to convert.

Function: xtlc:capitalize() as xs:string

Capitalizes a string (makes the first character uppercase).

Parameter	Type	Description
in	xs:string	The string to work on.

Function: xtlc:char-repeat() as xs:string

Returns a string with a single character repeated a given number of times.

Parameter	Type	Description
char	xs:string	The first character of this string is the character to repeat. If empty, an empty string is returned.
repeat	xs:integer	The number of repeats. If <= 0, an empty string is returned.

Function: xtlc:count-leading-whitespace() as xs:integer

Counts the number of whitespace characters at the beginning of a string

Parameter	Type	Description
text	xs:string	Text to work on.

Function: xtlc:elm2str() as xs:string

Turns an element into a descriptive string (the element with all its attributes, excluding schema references).

Parameter	Type	Description
elm	element()?	Element to convert

Function: xtlc:item2element() as element()?

Tries to find the element belonging to a given item.

- When the item is of type xs:string or xs:anyURI, it is assumed to be a document reference. The root element of this is returned.
- When the item is of type document-node(), the root element of this document is returned
- When the item is of type element(), this is returned

You can choose whether to produce an error message or () when the item cannot be resolved.

Parameter	Type	Description	
item	item()	The item to work on	
error-on-non-resolve	xs:boolean	Whether to generate an error when \$item could not be resolved. Otherwise, the function will return ().	

Function: xtlc:items2str() as xs:string

Creates a string from a sequence of items.

Useful for easy creation of messages consisting of multiple parts and pieces.

Parameter	Type	Description	
items	item()*	The message parts to combine	

Function: xtlc:prefix-to-length() as xs:string

Prefixes a string with a given character so it will get at least a given length.

Parameter	Type	Description	
in	xs:string	String to prefix	
prefix-char	xs:string	String to prefix with. Only first character is used. If empty, * is used.	
length	xs:integer	The length to reach.	

Function: xtlc:q() as xs:string

Returns the input string quoted ("\$in")

Parameter	Type	Description	
in	xs:string?	String to convert.	

Function: xtlc:str2bln() as xs:boolean

Safe conversion of a string into a boolean.

When \$in is empty or not convertible into a boolean, \$default is returned.

Parameter	Type	Description	
in	xs:string?	String to convert.	
default	xs:boolean	Default value to return when \$in is empty or cannot be converted.	

Function: xtlc:str2id() as xs:string

Turns a string into a valid identifier, adding a prefix.

All characters that are not allowed in an identifier are converted into underscores.

When the result does not start with a letter or underscore, the prefix id- is added.

Parameter	Type	Description	
in	xs:string	String to convert.	
prefix	xs:string?	Prefix to apply.	

Function: xtlc:str2id() as xs:string

Turns a string into a valid identifier.

All characters that are not allowed in an identifier are converted into underscores.

When the result does not start with a letter or underscore, the prefix id- is added.

Parameter	Type	Description	
in	xs:string	String to convert.	

Function: xtlc:str2int() as xs:integer

Safe conversion of a string to an integer.

When \$in is empty or not convertible to an integer, \$default is returned.

Parameter	Type	Description	
in	xs:string?	String to convert.	
default	xs:integer	Default value to return when \$in is empty or cannot be converted.	

Function: xtlc:str2seq() as xs:string*

Converts a string with a list of words into a sequence of words.

Parameter	Type	Description
in	xs:string?	String to convert.

Function: xtlc:text2lines() as xs:string*

Converts text into separate lines.

Uses the LF as separator; CRs are removed.

Parameter	Type	Description	
text	xs:string?	The text to convert.	
remove-empty-start- end-lines	xs:boolean	When true any empty (containing whitespace only) lines at the beginning and end are removed.	
normalize-indents	xs:boolean	When true the indents of the lines are normalized: the indent of the non-whitespace line with the minimum leading whitespace is removed from all other lines. Lines that contain only whitespace will become zero length.	

6.5 XSLT (2.0): href.mod.xsl

File: xslmod/href.mod.xsl

XSLT library module with functions for the generic handling of href-s. (filenames/paths).

Module dependencies: None

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlc	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common

Variable	Type	Value	Description
xtlc:protocol-file	xs:string	'file'	File protocol specifier.

Function	Description
xtlc:href-add-	Encodes all "strange" characters with %xx. Any existing %xx parts will be kept as is.
encoding()	
xtlc:href-canonical()	Makes an href canonical (remove any and . directory specifiers).
xtlc:href-concat()	Performs a safe concatenation of href components:
xtlc:href-ext()	Returns the extension part of an href.
xtlc:href-is-	Returns true if the href can be considered absolute.
absolute()	
xtlc:href-name()	Returns the (file)name part of an href.
xtlc:href-name-noext()	Returns the (file)name part of an href, but without its extension.
xtlc:href-noext()	Returns the complete href path but without its extension.
xtlc:href-path()	Returns the path part of an href.
xtlc:href-protocol()	Returns the protocol part of an href (without the ://).
xtlc:href-protocol()	Returns the protocol part of an href (without the ://) or a default value when none present.
xtlc:href-protocol-	Adds a protocol part (written without the trailing ://) to an href.
add()	Adds a protocol part (written without the training .//) to an incr.
xtlc:href-protocol-	Returns true when an href has a protocol specifier (e.g. file:// or http://).
present()	
xtlc:href-protocol-	Removes the protocol part from an href.
remove()	
xtlc:href-relative()	Computes a relative href from one document to another.
xtlc:href-relative-	Computes a relative href from a path to a document.
from-path()	
xtlc:href-result-doc()	Transforms an href into something <xsl:result-document> can use.</xsl:result-document>

Function: xtlc:href-add-encoding() as xs:string

Encodes all "strange" characters with %xx. Any existing %xx parts will be kept as is.

Parameter	Type	Description	
href	xs:string	href to work on.	

Function: xtlc:href-canonical() as xs:string

Makes an href canonical (remove any .. and . directory specifiers).

Examples:

• href-canonical('a/b/../c') ==> a/c

Parameter	Type	Description	
href	xs:string	href to work on.	

Function: xtlc:href-concat() as xs:string

Performs a safe concatenation of href components:

- • Translates all backslashes into slashes
- · Makes sure that all components are separated with a single slash
 - If somewhere in the list is an absolute path, the concatenation stops.

Examples:

- xtlc:href-concat(('a', 'b', 'c')) ==> a/b/c
 - xtlc:href-concat(('a', '/b', 'c')) ==> /b/c

Parameter	Type	Description
href-path-components	xs:string*	The path components that will be concatenated into a full href.

Function: xtlc:href-ext() as xs:string

Returns the extension part of an href.

Examples:

- xtlc:href-ext('a/b/c.xml') ==> xml
- xtlc:href-ext('a/b/c') ==> "

Parameter	Type	Description	
href	xs:string	href to work on.	

Function: xtlc:href-is-absolute() as xs:boolean

Returns true if the href can be considered absolute.

An href is considered absolute when it starts with a / or \, contains a protocol specifier (e.g. file://) or starts with a Windows drive letter (e.g. C:).

Parameter	Type	Description	
href	xs:string	href to work on.	

Function: xtlc:href-name() as xs:string

Returns the (file)name part of an href.

Examples:

- xtlc:href-name('a/b/c') ==> c
- xtlc:href-name('c') ==> c

Parameter	Type	Description	
href	xs:string	href to work on.	

Function: xtlc:href-name-noext() as xs:string

Returns the (file)name part of an href, but without its extension.

Examples:

- xtlc:href-name-noext('a/b/c.xml') ==> c
- xtlc:href-name-noext('a/b/c') ==> c

Parameter	Type	Description	
href	xs:string	href to work on.	

Function: xtlc:href-noext() as xs:string

Returns the complete href path but without its extension.

Examples:

- xtlc:href-noext('a/b/c.xml') ==> a/b/c
- xtlc:href-noext('a/b/c') ==> a/b/c

Parameter	Type	Description	
href	xs:string	href to work on.	

Function: xtlc:href-path() as xs:string

Returns the path part of an href.

Examples:

- xtlc:href-path('a/b/c') ==> a/b
- xtlc:href-path('c') ==> "

Parameter	Type	Description	
href	xs:string	href to work on.	

Function: xtlc:href-protocol() as xs:string

Returns the protocol part of an href (without the ://).

Parameter	Type	Description	
href	xs:string	href to work on.	

Function: xtlc:href-protocol() as xs:string

Returns the protocol part of an href (without the ://) or a default value when none present.

Parameter	Type	Description
href	xs:string	href to work on.
default-protocol	xs:string	Default protocol to return when \$ref contains none.

Function: xtlc:href-protocol-add() as xs:string

Adds a protocol part (written without the trailing ://) to an href.

Parameter	Type	Description	
href	xs:string	nref to work on.	
protocol	xs:string	The protocol to add, without a leading :// part (e.g. just 'file' or 'http').	
force	xs:boolean	When true an existing protocol is removed first. When false, a reference with an existing protocol is left unchanged.	

<u>Function: xtlc:href-protocol-present() as xs:boolean</u>

Returns true when an href has a protocol specifier (e.g. file:// or http://).

Parameter	Type	Description
href	xs:string	href to work on.

Function: xtlc:href-protocol-remove() as xs:string

Removes the protocol part from an href.

Examples (it is tricky and inconsistent!)

- xtlc:protocol-remove('file:///a/b/c') ==> /a/b/c Weird exceptions:
- xtlc:protocol-remove('file:/a/b/c') ==> /a/b/c
- xtlc:protocol-remove('file:/C:/a/b/c') ==> C:/a/b/c

Parameter	Type	Description
href	xs:string	href to work on.

Function: xtlc:href-relative() as xs:string

Computes a relative href from one document to another.

Examples:

- href-relative('a/b/c/from.xml', 'a/b/to.xml') ==> ../to.xml
- href-relative('a/b/c/from.xml', 'a/b/d/to.xml') ==> ../d/to.xml

Parameter	Type	Description			
from-href	xs:string	href (of a document) of the starting point.			
to-href	xs:string	href (of a document) of the target.			

Function: xtlc:href-relative-from-path() as xs:string

Computes a relative href from a path to a document.

Examples:

- href-relative-from-path('a/b/c', 'a/b/to.xml') ==> ../to.xml
- href-relative-from-path('a/b/c', 'a/b/d/to.xml') ==> ../d/to.xml

Parameter	Type	Description
from-href-path	xs:string	href (of a directory) of the starting point.
to-href	xs:string	href (of a document) of the target.

Function: xtlc:href-result-doc() as xs:string

Transforms an href into something <xsl:result-document> can use.

<xsl:result-document> instruction always needs a file:// in front and has some strict rules about the formatting. Make sure the input is an absolute href!

Parameter	Type	Description
href	xs:string	href to work on. Must be absolute!

6.6 XSLT (2.0): message.mod.xsl

File: xslmod/message.mod.xsl

Message related templates.

A message is a standardized piece of XML used for inserting error, debug, etc., messages into XML documents. Message schema: ../xsd/message.xsd

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlc	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common

Named template	Description
xtlc:msg-create	Generates a standard xtlc:message construct.

Named template: xtlc:msg-create as element(xtlc:message)

Generates a standard xtlc:message construct.

Parameter	Type	Rq?	Default	Description
extra-attributes	attribute()*		()	Any extra attributes to add to the message.
extra-contents	element()*		()	Any extra elements to add to the message.
msg-parts	item()+	yes		Message to show (in parts, all parts will be concatenated).
status	xs:string	yes		The status of the message. Must be one of the \$xtlc:status-* constants.

6.7 XSLT (2.0): mimetypes.mod.xsl

File: xslmod/mimetypes.mod.xsl MIME type conversion related functions.

Module dependencies: None

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlc	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common

Function	Description
<pre>xtlc:ext2mimetype()</pre>	Turns a dref extension (e.g. 'xml') into the correct MIME type ('text/xml'). When it cannot find the extension, it returns the empty string.
<pre>xtlc:mimetype2ext()</pre>	Turns a MIME type (e.g. 'text/xml') into a corresponding dref extension ('xml'). When it cannot find the MIME type, it returns the empty string.

Function: xtlc:ext2mimetype() as xs:string

Turns a dref extension (e.g. 'xml') into the correct MIME type ('text/xml'). When it cannot find the extension, it returns the empty string.

This conversion works with an external MIME type/extension table in data/mime-types-table.xml

Parameter	Type	Description
ext	xs:string	The extension to convert.

Function: xtlc:mimetype2ext() as xs:string

Turns a MIME type (e.g. 'text/xml') into a corresponding dref extension ('xml'). When it cannot find the MIME type, it returns the empty string.

This conversion works with an external MIME type/extension table in data/mime-types-table.xml

Parameter	Type	Description
mimetype	xs:string	The MIME type to convert.

6.8 XSLT (3.0): parameters.mod.xsl

File: xslmod/parameters.mod.xsl

Takes an XML document with parameters and turns this into a parameter map.

More information here

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlc	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common

Variable	Type	Value	Description
xtlc:parameter-group-	xs:string	'.'	When a <group> element is encountered, this character is</group>
separator			used as a separator after the group's name.
xtlc:parameter-main-	xs:string	'\$'	Use this variable for a quick check on whether something
trigger-character			might contain a parameter: contains(, \$xtlc:parameter-
			main-trigger-character)

Function	Description
xtlc:expand-text-	Expands parameter references in \$text (either {\$}) or \${}) against the parameters
against-parameters()	in \$parameter-map. If a parameter has multiple values, only the first one is used.
xtlc:parameters-get()	Tries to locate a <parameters> element underneath \$root-item and processes the</parameters>
	<parameter> elements in here into a parameters map. The <value> elements are</value></parameter>
	filtered according to the entries in \$filters. Parameter references (either {\$} or
	\${}). are expanded. If a parameter has multiple values, only the first one is used.

Function: xtlc:expand-text-against-parameters() as xs:string

Expands parameter references in \$text (either {\$...}) or \${...}) against the parameters in \$parameter-map. If a parameter has multiple values, only the first one is used.

Parameter	Type	Description
text	xs:string	Text to expand.
parameter-map	<pre>map(xs:string, xs:string*)</pre>	Map with parameter values.

Function: xtlc:parameters-get() as map(xs:string, xs:string*)

Tries to locate a <parameters> element underneath \$root-item and processes the <parameter> elements in here into a parameters map. The <value> elements are filtered according to the entries in \$filters. Parameter references (either {\$...}) or \${...}), are expanded. If a parameter has multiple values, only the first one is used.

Parameter	Type	Description
root-item	<pre>item()</pre>	Root item under which the first <parameters> element is processed. Can be a URI, a document node or an element. See xtlc:item2element() on how this is processed.</parameters>
filters	<pre>map(xs:string, xs:string*)?</pre>	Any filters for the parameter's <value> elements. See module header for more information.</value>

6.9 XSLT (2.0): uuid.mod.xsl

File: xslmod/uuid.mod.xsl

UUID related functions.

Works only in Saxon PE or EE (not in the free HE), because we are calling an underlying Java function.

Module dependencies: None

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlc	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/common

Function	Description
xtlc:get-uuid()	Returns a random unique UUID (by calling an underlying Java function)
xtlc:is-real-uuid()	Checks whether a string contains a "real" UUID (conforms to the UUID formatting rules).

Function: xtlc:get-uuid() as xs:string

Returns a random unique UUID (by calling an underlying Java function)

Function: xtlc:is-real-uuid() as xs:boolean

Checks whether a string contains a "real" UUID (conforms to the UUID formatting rules).

Parameter	Type	Description
id	xs:string?	UUID to check.