# xtpxlib-container

**XML Container Handling** 

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## 0 Xatapult XML Library - XML Container Handling

## **X**tpxlib

xtpxlib library - component xtpxlib-container - v2.0 (2023-07-19)

Xatapult Content Engineering - http://www.xatapult.com - +31 6 53260792

Erik Siegel - erik@xatapult.com

**xtpxlib-container** is part of the **xtpxlib** library. **xtpxlib** contains software for processing XML, using languages like XSLT and XProc. It consists of several separate components, all named xtpxlib-\*. Everything can be found on GitHub (https://github.com/xatapult).

XML Containers provide support for working with multiple related files by wrapping them into a single one. Binary files are referenced instead of included.

The container structure is standardized. Once contents is in a container it's easy to analyze, change and/or write back. It can also be used to create a whole file structure, in a container, and then write it out to disk or zip file.

The xtpxlib-container component has XProc (1.0 and 3.0) pipelines for:

- Reading the contents of a zip file or directory structure into a container
- Writing a container out to a zip file or disk

Installation and usage information can be found on xtpxlib's main website https://www.xtpxlib.org.

#### Technical information:

Component documentation: https://container.xtpxlib.org

License: GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE - Version 3, 29 June 2007

Git URI: git@github.com:xatapult/xtpxlib-container.git

Git site: https://github.com/xatapult/xtpxlib-container

This component depends on:

• xtpxlib-common (Common component: Shared libraries and IDE support)

#### Release information:

#### v2.0 - 2023-07-19 (current)

Added XProc 3.0 support.

#### v1.1 - 2020-10-15

Added first versions of the 3.0 container pipelines.

#### v1.0.B - 2020-04-09

Bugfix for copying binary files referenced from a container.

#### v1.0.A - 2020-02-16

New logo and minor fixes

#### v1.0 - 2019-12-18

Initial release

(Abbreviated. Full release information in README.md)

## 1 Description

In working with XML or HTML, it is often the case that you need to work with multiple documents at the same time. And in most cases that's rather awkward. For instance, an XSLT transformation processes a single document. And yes, of course you can get others by calling the doc() function or produce others using <xsl:result-document>. But, especially when there are a lot of relations between the documents, this requires careful and sometimes heavy programming. The idea of XML containers tries to make this more manageable.

An XML container (as handled/used by this module) is an XML structure that holds other XML documents and references to binary files. Here is a short example:

Example 1-1 - Example of an XML container

This example shows a container, probably generated by some pipeline or XSLT stylesheet, that contains the contents of a simple website. All two pages and some image are there. Running this container through xtlcon:container-to-disk will write it to the path indicated in /\*/@href-target-path: /my/
website/location. The documents index.html and page1.html come from the container, the
binary image.jpg is copied from the indicated source location. Because everything, every separate file, is
in (or referenced in) a single encompassing document, lots of things get easier: creating or checking internal
referencing, making classes consistent, etc. An XSLT stylesheet that gets this as its main document has access
to all information.

#### 1.1 Applications

As it turned out, the whole idea of working with multiple documents in an XML container had several applications:

- An important application of the zip format is its use as an overarching storage format for applications. For instance, most office suites do this: a Microsoft Word .docx or Excel .xlsx file is actually a zip file with many smaller files inside (most of them in XML format). There are many other examples. Trying to interpret such a zip file and get something meaningful out of it can be a nightmarish experience, especially if you want to follow the standard (and not rely on some file naming convention some engineer cooked up and might change). It takes following links through several files to the place the actual interesting information is stored.
  - But if you run such a file through xtlcon:zip-to-container you get all files in a single encompassing one, making it much, much easier to follow internal links and find the right information. The xtpxlib-xoffice component does exactly this: it contains pipelines to get the contents of Word and Excel files in an easier to interpret XML format.
- Going even further with this, it is now much easier to change or even create such a horribly complex Word,
   Excel or other kind of office zip file:
  - Read a (template) office document in using xtlcon:zip-to-container.
  - Change what you need to change (text, spreadsheet cell values, etc.). Leave the rest, with all this complex linking and other stuff you don't really need to understand, alone.
  - Write it to a resulting zip file using xtlcon:container-to-zip.
- A file structure that needs to end up on disk or in a zip file can be created easily using this XML container mechanism.

### 1.2 Working with containers

The container format is described here Working with XML container documents is done using XProc 1.0 or XProc 3.0 pipelines.

**WARNING:** The container formats and processing features differ between the 1.0 and the 3.0 version! More about this in the container format description.

There are some notable missing features in the current container handling. These are not impossible to implement, the need for them just hasn't arisen yet.

- When writing a zip file you cannot control the compression (different ones, on or off). This means that this mechanism currently can't produce e-books (which require an uncompressed first file).
- You can't work with binary contents *inside* the container, for instance when its base64 encoded.

### 2 Container format

**WARNING:** The container formats and processing features differ between the XProc 1.0 and the 3.0 version!

- Description of the container format for XProc 1.0
- Description of the container format for XProc 3.0

#### 2.1 XProc 1.0 container format

The schema for the XProc 1.0 container format can be found in xsd/container.xsd.

The root of an XProc 1.0 XML container document is an <xtlcon:document-container> element. The prefix xtlcon: must be bound to the namespace http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/container (xmlns:xtlcon="http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/container").

Attribute	#	Туре	Description
timestamp	1	xs:dateTime	The timestamp when this container was initially created/generated.
href-source-zip	?	xs:string	When the container was read from a zip file (using xtlcon:zip-to-container), this attribute holds the href of this zip file.
href-target-zip	5	xs:string	Holds the name of the zip file for writing the container to (using xtlcon:container-to-zip).
href-target-zip-result	?	xs:string	After the container is written to a zip file using xtlcon:container-to-zip, this attribute will hold the full canonical filename of the zip file.
href-target-zip-tmpdir	5	xs:string	After the container is written to a zip file using xtlcon:container-to-zip, this attribute will hold the full canonical name of the temporary directory used for this process (probably not very useful).
href-source-path	?	xs:string	When the container was read from a directory (using xtlcon:directory-to-container), this attribute holds the href of this directory.
href-target-path	5	xs:string	Holds the name of the directory for writing the container to (using xtlcon:container-to-disk).
href-target-result- path	?	xs:string	After the container is written to a directory file using xtlcon:container-to-disk, this attribute will hold the full canonical name of the directory.
(any)	5		Any other attributes are allowed, so additional information can be added for use during processing.

Child element	#	Description
xtlcon:document		A document inside the container structure. See "Internal documents" on page 6.
xtlcon:external-document		An external document, referenced from the container structure. See "External documents" on page 6.
(any)	*	Any other elements are allowed, so additional information can be added for use during processing.

#### 2.1.1 Internal documents

An *internal* document is a document whose contents is inside the container document. This will in most cases be XML documents, but text is also possible. It must be surrounded by an <xtlcon:document> element:

Attribute	#	Type	Description
href-source	?	xs:string	href of the source for this document.
			When this document comes from a zip file, it holds the href of the file <i>in</i> the zip.
href-source-result	?	xs:string	After processing holds the full canonical name of the source file.
href-target	?	xs:string	href of the target for this document.
href-target-result	5	xs:string	After processing holds the full canonical name of the target file.
mime-type	5	xs:string	Some specific values for this attribute trigger special conversions on output. See "Document MIME type values" on page 7.
(any)	?		Any other attributes are allowed, so additional information can be added for use during processing.

Child element	‡ Description	
(any)	Root element + contents of the document.	

#### 2.1.2 External documents

An external document is a document that is only referenced from the container. Usually binary files but anything goes. The referencing is done using an <xtlcon:external-document> element:

All attributes of an internal document plus the following:

Attribute	#	Type	Description
(attributes-from- internal-document)	5		See internal documents.
href-source-zip	5	xs:string	Reference to the source zip file for this document. If present overrides /*/@href-source-zip
href-source-zip-result	?	xs:string	After processing holds the full canonical name of the source zip file.
not-in-global-source- zip	3	xs:boolean	Default: false  When set to true, the global zip file /*/@href- source-zip is not used. This is necessary to allow references to external files that, when a global zip file is used, come from elsewhere.

Child	#	Description
element		
(any)	1	Any other elements are allowed, so additional information can be added for use during processing.

#### 2.1.3 Document MIME type values

The xtlcon:document/@mime-type attribute (see Internal documents) can trigger some special treatment of the contents of the element:

mime-type="application/pdf" and the root element is <fo:root xmlns:fo="http://
www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format">

The document is assumed to be an XSL-FO document and the FOP XSL-FO processor is called to create a PDF document. The pipelines (both xtlcon:container-to-disk and xtlcon:container-to-zip) allow you to specify an FOP configuration file.

#### mime-type="text/plain"

The contents of the <xtlcon:document> element will be stringified and stored as text. The schema requires some root element to be present as child of <xtlcon:document> but this is ignored:

```
<xtlcon:documnent mime-type="text/plain" ...>
<dummy-root>Text to be stored
another line...</dummy-root>
</xtlcon:document>
```

#### 2.2 XProc 3.0 container format

The container format for XProc 3.0 allows documents in XML, HTML, text and JSON format. It can also process JSON as XML.

The schema for the XProc 3.0 container format can be found in xsd/container-xpl3.xsd.

The root of an XProc 3.0 XML container document is an <xtlcon: document-container> element. The prefix xtlcon: must be bound to the namespace http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/container (xmlns:xtlcon="http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/container").

#### NOTE:

When you get the container back after processing by one of the pipelines, you'll find most href related attributes (attributes that start with href-) copied to an attribute with the same name plus an underscore in front. The values of these added attributes will be the fully expanded and canonicalized references.

For instance: When the container has an attribute href-target-zip="../out.zip", after processing you'll find an attribute like \_href-target-zip="file:///ful/path/to/out.zip" on the result.

Attribute	#	Туре	Description
timestamp	1	xs:dateTime	The timestamp when this container was initially created/generated.
href-source-path	?	xs:string	When the container was read from a directory (using xtlcon:directory-to-container), this attribute holds the href of this directory.
href-target-path	?	xs:string	Contains the path for the directory when writing the container to (using xtlcon:container-to-disk).

Attribute	#	Туре	Description
href-source-zip	3	xs:string	When the container was read from a zip file (using xtlcon:zip-to-container), this attribute holds the href of this zip file.
href-target-zip	3	xs:string	Holds the path for the zip file when zipping the container's contents (using xtlcon:container-to-zip).
(any)	3		Any other attributes are allowed, so additional processing information can be added.

Child element	#	Description		
xtlcon:document	*	A document inside the container structure. See "Internal documents" on page 8.		
xtlcon:external-document	*	An external document, referenced from the container structure. See "External documents" on page 9.		
(any)	*	Any other elements are allowed (in a different namespace), so additional processing information can be added.		

### 2.2.1 Internal documents

An *internal* document is a document whose contents is *inside* the container document. It must be surrounded by an <xtlcon:document> element.

Attribute	#	Type	Description
href-source	5.	xs:string	href of the source for this document. Will be filled by xtlcon:directory-to-container and the xtlcon:zip-to-container pipelines.
			When this document comes from disk, it holds the the relative filename against the value of the container's /*/@href-source-path.
			When this document comes from a zip file, it holds the (relative) href of the file <i>in</i> the zip.
href-target	5	xs:string	href of the target location for this document. Used by the xtlcon:container-to-disk and xtlcon:container-to-zip pipelines.
			When writing to disk, a relative filename is made absolute against the container's /*/@href-target-path.
			When writing to a zip, it <i>must</i> be a relative filename. This will become the path of the file <i>in</i> the zip file.
href-source-zip	5	xs:string	If present, overrides the value of the container's /*/@href-source-zip
content-type	5	xs:string	Content (MIME) type of the document. Will be filled by xtlcon:directory-to-container and the xtlcon:zip-to-container pipelines.
			If not present when writing a container, text/xml is assumed for internal documents
serialization	5	xs:string	Serialization settings for this document, expressed as a JSON map. To allow the usual double quoted attribute values (""), all single quotes will be converted to double quotes before JSON parsing is done.
			For instance: serialization="{'indent': true}"
(any)	5		Any other attributes are allowed, so additional processing information can be added.

Child	#	Description
element		
(any)	1	Document contents (For text and JSON does not need to be XML).

### 2.2.2 External documents

An *external* document is a document that is only referenced from the container. Usually binary files but anything goes. The referencing is done using an <xtlcon:external-document> element:

Attribute	#	Туре	Description
href-source	?	xs:string	href of the source for this document. Will be filled by xtlcon:directory-to-container and the xtlcon:zip-to-container pipelines.
			When this document comes from disk, it holds the the relative filename against the value of the container's /*/@href-source-path.
			When this document comes from a zip file, it holds the (relative) href of the file <i>in</i> the zip.
href-target	5	xs:string	href of the target location for this document. Used by the xtlcon:container-to-disk and xtlcon:container-to-zip pipelines.
			When writing to disk, a relative filename is made absolute against the container's /*/@href-target-path.
			When writing to a zip, it <i>must</i> be a relative filename. This will become the path of the file <i>in</i> the zip file.
href-source-zip	5	xs:string	If present, overrides the value of the container's /*/@href-source-zip
not-in-zip	?	xs:boolean	Forces this document to load from disk, even when a zip file reference is specified.
(any)	?		Default: false Any other attributes are allowed, so additional processing information can be added.

Child element	Description	
(any)	Any contents allowed for additional processing purposes.	

## 3 XProc 1.0 Libraries

The xtpxlib-container component contains the following support (pipelines and/or libraries) for XProc 1.0:

Module/Pipeline	Description
container.mod.xpl	XProc library with steps for handling xtpxlib containers.

Table 3-1 - Module overview

## 3.1 XProc (1.0) library: container.mod.xpl

File: xplmod/container.mod/container.mod.xpl XProc library with steps for handling xtpxlib containers.

Prefix	Namespace URI
xtlcon	http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/container

Step	Description
xtlcon:container-to-	Writes the contents of a container to disk.
disk	
xtlcon:container-to-	Writes the contents of a container to a zip file.
zip	
xtlcon:directory-to-	Reads a directory into a container. All XML files will be read into the container, all
container	other files will be included/referenced as external contents.
xtlcon:zip-to-	Reads a zip file into a container. All XML files will be read into the container, all other
container	files will be included/referenced as external contents.

### 3.1.1 Step: xtlcon:container-to-disk

Writes the contents of a container to disk.

Port	Type	Primary?	Description		
source	in	yes	The container to process.		
result	out	yes	The input container, but with changes that reflect the writing process.		

Option	Rq?	Default	Description
href-fop-config		resolve-uri('// xtpxlib-common/ data/fop-default- config.xml', static- base-uri())	Optional reference to an Apache FOP configuration file. Must be absolute! When not present a default file will be used.
href-target		F-1	Base path where to write the container. When you specify this it will have precedence over a /*/@hreftarget-path.
indent-xml		false()	Whether to indent the XML we create or not.
remove-target		true()	Whether to attempt to remove the target directory before writing.

### 3.1.2 Step: xtlcon:container-to-zip

Writes the contents of a container to a zip file.

Port	Туре	Primary?	Description		
source	in	yes	The container to process.		
result	out	yes	The input container, but with all the changes in links, paths, etc.		

Option	Rq?	Default	Description
href-fop-config			Optional reference to an Apache FOP configuration file. Must be absolute! When not present a default file will be used.
href-target-zip			Base path where to write the container. When you specify this it will have precedence over /*/@href-target-zip.
indent-xml		false()	Whether to indent the XML we create or not.

## 3.1.3 Step: xtlcon:directory-to-container

Reads a directory into a container. All XML files will be read into the container, all other files will be included/referenced as external contents.

Port	Туре	Primary?	Description	
result	out	yes	The output container.	

Option	Rq?	Default	Description
add-document-target-		true()	Adds (relative) source paths as the target paths to the individual
paths			documents.
href-source-directory	yes		Reference to the directory to read.
href-target-path		1 1	Optional target path to record on the container.

## 3.1.4 Step: xtlcon:zip-to-container

Reads a zip file into a container. All XML files will be read into the container, all other files will be included/referenced as external contents.

Port	Туре	Primary?	Description
result	out	yes	The output container.

Option	Rq?	Default	Description
add-document-target-		true()	Adds source paths as the target paths to the individual documents.
paths			
href-source-zip	yes		Reference to the zip file to read.
href-target-path		1 1	Optional target path to record on the container.

## 4 XProc 3.0 Support

The xtpxlib-container component contains the following support (pipelines and/or libraries) for XProc 3.0:

Module/Pipeline	Description
container-to-disk.xpl	Writes an xtpxlib (3) container structure to disk. A base path must be provided, either
	as option \$href-target path or as /*/@href-target.
container-to-zip.xpl	Writes an xtpxlib (3) container structure to a zip file. A name for the output zip
	can be specified in either option \$href-target-zip or on the container in /*/
	@href-target-zip.
directory-to-	Loads a directory (with optional sub-directories) into an xtpxlib (3) container
container.xpl	structure.
load-for-container.xpl	Local support step that loads a single file from a zip or file, and performs all the
	necessary container loading handling. The result will be a single container entry.
load-from-	Step that loads the files, as specified by a container, that need to be written to disk:
container.xpl	
report-error.xpl	Creates a standard error message for errors occurring in the container pipelines.
zip-to-container.xpl	Loads the contents of a zip file (directory depth can be set) into an xtpxlib (3)
	container structure.

Table 4-1 - Module overview

## 4.1 XProc (3.0) pipeline: container-to-disk.xpl

File: xpl3mod/container-to-disk/container-to-disk.xpl

Type: xtlcon:container-to-disk

Writes an xtpxlib (3) container structure to disk. A base path must be provided, either as option \$href-target path or as /\*/@href-target.

Port	Туре	Primary?	Description				
source	in	yes	The container to process.				
result	out	yes	The input container structure with additional shadow attributes filled.				

Option	Туре	Rq?	Default	Description
href-target-path	xs:string?			Base path where to write the container. When you specify this it will have precedence over a /*/@href-target-path.
remove-target	xs:boolean		true()	Whether to attempt to remove the target directory before writing.

## 4.2 XProc (3.0) pipeline: container-to-zip.xpl

File: xpl3mod/container-to-zip/container-to-zip.xpl

Type: xtlcon:container-to-zip

Writes an xtpxlib (3) container structure to a zip file. A name for the output zip can be specified in either option \$href-target-zip or on the container in /\*/@href-target-zip.

Port	Type	Primary?	Description			
source	in	yes	The container to process.			
result	out	yes	The input container structure with additional shadow attributes filled.			

Option	Type	Rq?	Default	Description
href-target-zip	xs:string?		()	Name of the zip file to write. When you specify this it will
				have precedence over a /*/@href-target-zip.

## 4.3 XProc (3.0) pipeline: directory-to-container.xpl

File: xpl3mod/directory-to-container/directory-to-container.xpl

Type: xtlcon:directory-to-container

Loads a directory (with optional sub-directories) into an xtpxlib (3) container structure.

Port	Туре	Primary?	Description
result	out	yes	The resulting container structure.

Option	Туре	Rq?	Default	Description
add-document-target- paths	xs:boolean		false()	Copies the relative source path as the target path @target-path for the individual documents.
				The idea behind this is that in some cases you want to write almost the same structure back to disk. Recording the relative source path as the target path makes this easier: you don't have to set it explicitly.
depth	xs:integer		-1	The sub-directory depth to go. When lt 0, all sub-directories are processed.
exclude-filter	xs:string*		'\.git/'	Optional regular expression exclude filters. By default, .git directories are excluded.
href-source-directory	xs:string	yes		URI of the directory to read.
href-target-path	xs:string?		()	Optional target path to record on the container.  The idea behind this is that this makes it easier to write the container back to another location on disk, the target path is already there.
include-filter	xs:string*		()	Optional regular expression include filters.
json-as-xml	xs:boolean		false()	When JSON files are loaded (option \$load-json is true): whether to add them to the container as XML or as JSON text. It will set the entry's content type to application/json+xml.
load-html	xs:boolean		false()	Whether to load HTML files.
load-json	xs:boolean		false()	Whether to load JSON files.
load-text	xs:boolean		false()	Whether to load text files.
override-content-types	array(array(xs:string))?		()	Override content types specification (see description of p:directory-list).

## 4.4 XProc (3.0) pipeline: load-for-container.xpl

File: xpl3mod/local/load-for-container.xpl

Type: xtlcon:load-for-container

Local support step that loads a single file from a zip or file, and performs all the necessary container loading handling. The result will be a single container entry.

Port	Type	Primary?	Description
result	out	yes	The resulting container entry

Option	Туре	Rq?	Default	Description
add-document-target-	xs:boolean	yes		If true, copies the relative source path as the target
paths				path @target-path for the individual documents.
content-type	xs:string?	yes		Expected content-type of the entry.
href-source-abs	xs:string?		()	Absolute filename of the file to load from the file
				system. Ignored when loading from zip.

Option	Туре	Rq?	Default	Description
href-source-rel	xs:string	yes		Relative filename of the file to load. Used when loading files from a zip and recorded as @href-source on the entry.
href-zip	xs:string?		()	Name of the zip file to use. If (), load from the file system.
json-as-xml	xs:boolean	yes		When json files are loaded (option \$load-json is true): whether to add them to the container as XML or as JSON text. It will set the entry's content type to application/json+xml.
load-html	xs:boolean	yes		Whether to load HTML files.
load-json	xs:boolean	yes		Whether to load JSON files.
load-text	xs:boolean	yes		Whether to load text files.

### 4.5 XProc (3.0) pipeline: load-from-container.xpl

File: xpl3mod/local/load-from-container.xpl

Type: xtlcon:load-from-container

Step that loads the files, as specified by a container, that need to be written to disk:

- Only loads the documents for which an href-target is there
- For every document loaded, it adds the following additional properties:
  - href-target: The actual target URI for the document (absolute for writing to disk, relative for writing to zips)s
  - href-target-original: The original value as set by @href-target
  - base-uri: Something unique (necessary for creating the zip since we need to address the loaded files as unique by their base-uris). Not reflects anything in the real world!
- For documents stated *in* the container, it sets the property:
  - serialization: The serialization options for this document (including, most importantly, method and media-type)
- External documents are always loaded as application/octet-stream.

Provides an additional output port "container" that outputs the original container, supplemented with all the appropriate shadow attributes (starting with \_).

Port	Туре	Primary?	Description	
source	in	yes	The container to load	
result	out	yes	The resulting documents with some additional document properties (see pipeline description).	
container	out		The original container, supplemented with additional shadow attributes for the paths and filenames.	

Option	Туре	Rq?	Default	Description
do-container-paths- for-zip	xs:boolean	yes		Set to true for container-to-zip, false otherwise.
href-target-path	xs:string?		()	Base path where to write the documents, used for computing the target locations. When you specify this it will have precedence over a /*/@href-target-path.
href-target-zip	xs:string?		()	Zip file location. When you specify this it will have precedence over a /*/@href-target-zip.
main-pipeline-static- base-uri	xs:string	yes		The static-base-uri() of the calling pipeline.

### 4.6 XProc (3.0) pipeline: report-error.xpl

File: xpl3mod/local/report-error.xpl

Type: xtlcon:report-error

Creates a standard error message for errors occurring in the container pipelines.

Port	Type	Primary?	Description
source	in	yes	The original error document (c:errors element).
result	out	yes	This output port is just here for convenience. No document will ever appear on it because the step always fails.

Option	Type	Rq?	Default	Description
error-code	xs:QName	yes		
href-target	xs:string?		()	
message	xs:string	yes		

## 4.7 XProc (3.0) pipeline: zip-to-container.xpl

 $File: \verb|xpl3mod/zip-to-container/zip-to-container.xpl|\\$ 

Type: xtlcon:zip-to-container

Loads the contents of a zip file (directory depth can be set) into an xtpxlib (3) container structure.

Port	Туре	Primary?	Description
result	out	yes	The resulting container structure

Option	Туре	Rq?	Default	Description
add-document-target- paths	xs:boolean		false()	Copies the relative source path as the target path @target-path for the individual documents.  The idea behind this is that in some cases you want to write almost the same structure back to disk or zip. Recording the relative source path as the target path makes this easier: you don't have to set it explicitly.
depth	xs:integer		-1	The sub-directory depth to go. When lt 0, all sub-directories are processed.
exclude-filter	xs:string*		'\.git/'	Optional regular expression exclude filters. By default, .git directories are excluded.
href-source-zip	xs:string	yes		URI of the zip file to read.
href-target-path	xs:string?		()	Optional target path to record on the container.  The idea behind this is that this makes it easier to write the container back to another location on disk, the target path is already there.
include-filter	xs:string*			Optional regular expression include filters.
json-as-xml	xs:boolean		false()	When JSON files are loaded (option \$load-json is true): whether to add them to the container as XML or as JSON text. It will set the entry's content type to application/json+xml.
load-html	xs:boolean		false()	Whether to load HTML files.
load-json	xs:boolean		false()	Whether to load JSON files.
load-text	xs:boolean		false()	Whether to load text files.
override-content-types	array(array(xs:string))?		()	Override content types specification (see description of p:archive-manifest).

## 5 XML Schemas

The xtpxlib-container component contains the following XML Schemas:

Module/Pipeline	Description
container-xpl3.xsd	Schema for an XML container (XProc 3 based pipelines)
container.xsd	Schema for an XML container.

Table 5-1 - Module overview

## 5.1 XML Schema: container-xpl3.xsd

File: xsd/container-xpl3.xsd

Target namespace: http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/container

Schema for an XML container (XProc 3 based pipelines)

Element	Description
document-container	Root element for a document container.

#### 5.2 XML Schema: container.xsd

File: xsd/container.xsd

Target namespace: http://www.xtpxlib.nl/ns/container

Schema for an XML container.

Element	Description
document-container	Root element for a document container.