De Xaman Burmopula 601-302 no regular. aranazy, 4 cen 3 againe 1

.cs **§**ss

129 EUn-publice the (-0,+0), en cymun - f(x)

1(x) = 00+ 2 (Quasni+ businux)

Cymum pubricx, pagis is never of the - mane of the => f(x) - temp;

Pubricx, pag uz trenp. of the home up amount would not the mountain-une

[f(4)d+= 20.20+ 2 (an]cosntd+-Bulsonn+d+); a0== = [f(4)d+

Bagularyen m:

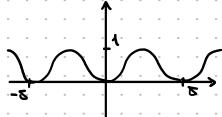
 $f(x) \cos mx = \frac{do}{2}\cos mx + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (0in \cos nx \cos nx + b \sin nx \cos mx) - \frac{cx. rabr. era (-10, 10)}{r.u. \cos mx - 0.20}.$ $f(t) \cos mt dt = \frac{do}{2} \int \cos mt dt + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (0in \cos nt \cos mt dt + b in \int \sin nt \cos mt dt) =$

= anscosintat = ans (11 coszum) de = Dan => an= = If(4) cosunt dt

anosovano bu - ung

244 Ibs. in pager paganers Pyper?

21 1) Passon & reg Pyroe

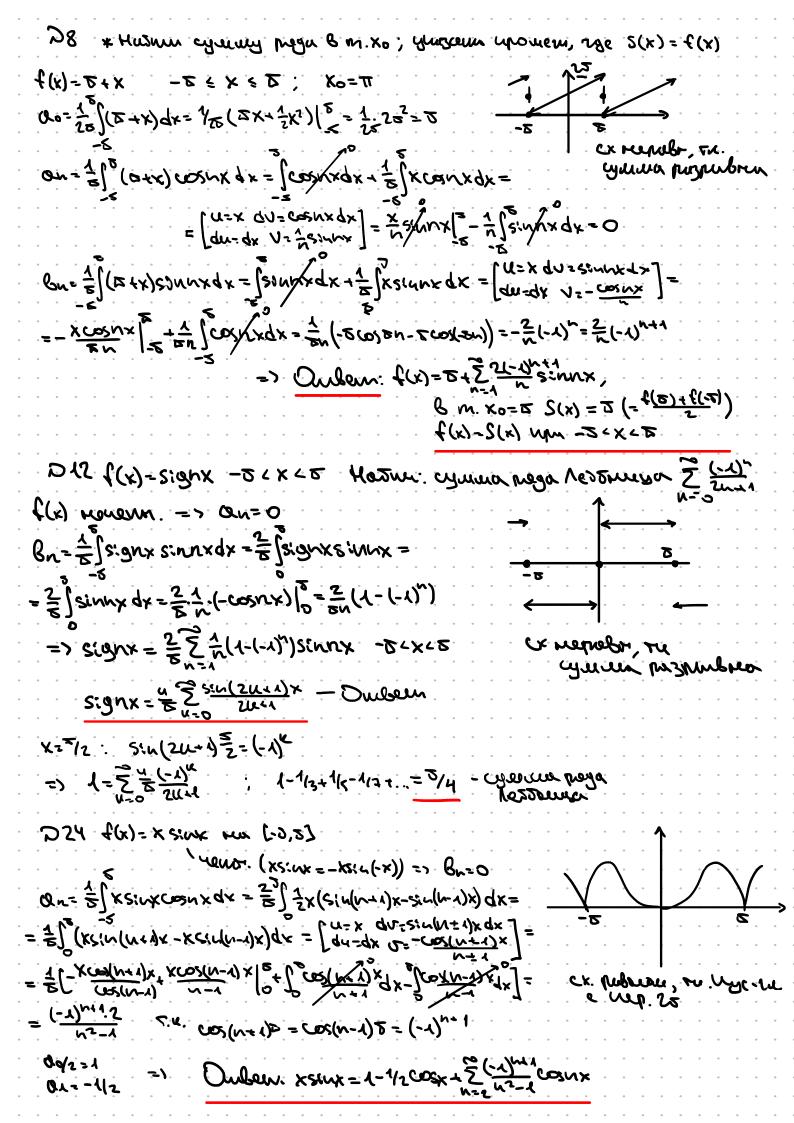


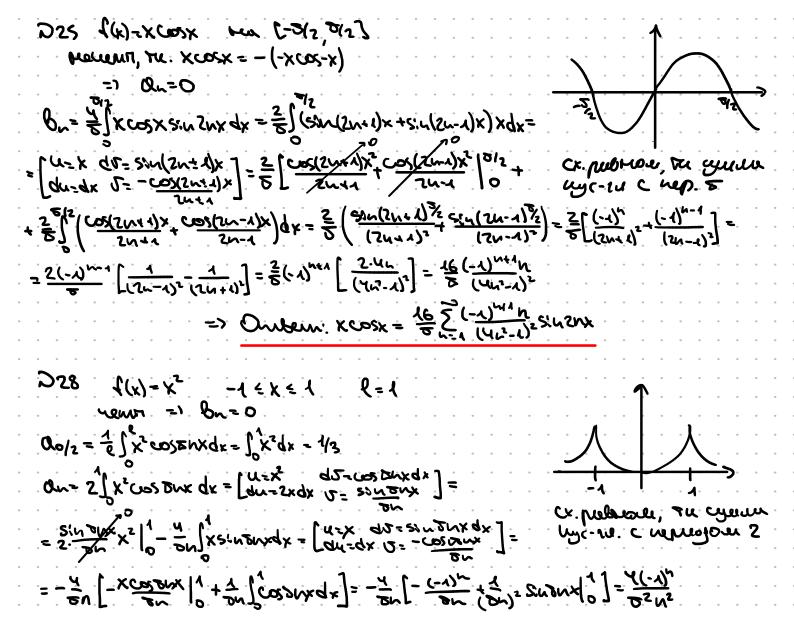
f(x) un vegues u un 2-re

$$=\frac{2}{5}\left[\frac{n}{2!n!x!n!x!}\right]_{0}^{2}-\left[\frac{n}{2!n!x!n!x!n!x!}q_{x}\right]=$$

upu n=2: 02=-1/2

=1. Owben: 1/2-1/20052x





Diff $f(x) = \cos 5x + 0 = x \in E$ bost no condition $f(x) = \cos 6x + \cos 6x +$

 $N \sim u_{2}u_{1}u_{1}. \quad B_{n=0}$ $N \sim u_{2}u_{1}u_{1}. \quad B_{n=0} = \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{n+2}, \frac{1}{n-2} \right) = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{2(2u-1)}{(2u-3)(2u+1)}$ $\Rightarrow \quad Queller : cos2x = \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{7}{2} \cdot \frac{(2u-1)5! \cdot u(2u-1)x}{(2u-3)(2u+1)}$

=) Ouben: x2 = 113+ =2 = 12 cosonx

$$Q_0/2 - \frac{1}{15} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X^2 \cos nx \, dx = \frac{1}{15} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X^2 \, dx = \frac{1}{15} \cdot \frac{15}{3} = \frac{15}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{3}$$
or cosuxdx 1

$$= \frac{4}{8} \frac{6 \cos h d}{h^2} = \frac{4}{h^2} (-4)^{n}$$

=)
$$\chi^2 = \frac{8^2}{3} + 4 \sum_{n=4}^{\infty} \frac{(-4)^n}{n^2} \cos n x$$

$$S_1 = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\delta^2}{6}$$

Rycus
$$k=0$$
: $0 = \frac{5^2}{3} + 4\frac{7}{2} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2} = \frac{5^2}{12}$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n)^2} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}$$

2) no avyan un (0,5)

Projectivisi no menerum, ganie c'nep. 25

$$B_{n} = \frac{2}{5} \int_{X^{2}}^{5} Slun \times dx = \frac{2}{5} \left[-\frac{\lambda^{2} \cos h \times}{5} / \frac{5}{5} \cdot \frac{\cos h \times}{5} 2 \times dx \right] =$$

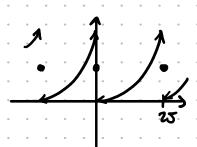
=
$$\frac{2}{5} \left[-\frac{5^2(-4)^n}{n}, \frac{2}{n} \frac{\cos nx}{n^2} \right] = \frac{2}{5} \left[(-4)^n 5^2 + \frac{2((-4)^2 4)}{n^2} \right]$$

c. Lepiebr, The Cyulia 1200-1200-1200

=>
$$x^2 = \frac{2}{5} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \left(\frac{5^2}{n} - \frac{2(1-(-1)^n)}{n^2} \right) s(unx)$$

$$Q_0/2 = \frac{1}{25} \int_{X^2}^{25} dx = \frac{85^3}{2.35} = \frac{45^2}{3}$$

=)
$$\chi^2 = \frac{48^2}{3} + 4\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\cos nx}{n^2} - \frac{8\sin nx}{n^2} \right)$$



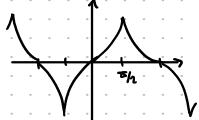
CX. Hepubr, The Cyulua RU3RUBUCK

```
D65 {ELR[0,5] 1(5-x)=1(x)
       Down: A) ash-i=0 well we positive wood
                                                      2) bzn=0 nein who maze wo cum
   f(z-x)-f(x)=-\infty common of f(z-x)
  M wo wocumen
   (02"-1= = ] t(x) cos(5"-1) xqx = |qx 2-q2 | = = = 2 | 4(2-5)cos(5"-1)(2-5)q5 =
                cos(2n-1)(5-2), cos[(2n-1)0-(2n-1)2]=cos(2n-1)2+cos(2n-1)2=
   = [{(5) cox(su-v) 295 = -= [1(x) cox(su-v) x9x
                                                                                                                                                                               => Qzu-x=0 4m.g Welly
   2) no curyoun
Psn= = | 1 (x) 2: N5Nxqx = | 4x=-qs | = = | 1 = = | 1 = = | 2 | 4 (2-5) 3 N5N (2-5) q5 =
                Sin2n(J-2)-55m(20n-222)= SIN2Sycoszu2-5m2n2cos2on=-sonzh2
      = -= [1 (x) s; nzn x dx
                                                                                                                                                                                      => Bzn=0 um.g
        DG6 LE CES DA municipalmes es USS John es
                      ney Pyrus Sun: \(\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sym_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sym_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sum_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_\sym_\sym_\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sym_{\sy\
                      m.e. 200201 (6/2-x)=-4(x)
                                                                                                                                                                                                               -En Ein
                      Danse no verningon 25.
       DG8 Paranement f(x) = x(8/2-x) me [0,7/2]
          (1) un enem floos(2n-1)x}
       an-1= = 1 (x) coxxxxxxxxxxx =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Cx. Mo-M. M. Chmro
     = P] x(=-x) cos(sn-x)xdx=
       = 4 [x(1/2-x)s: n(2n-1) x | 0 - 2 ] x s; u(2n-1) x dx] =
      = -\frac{1}{2(2n-4)} \left[ \frac{2(2n-4)}{2(2n-4)} - 2\left( -\frac{x \cos(2n-4)}{2(2n-4)} \times \left| \frac{1}{2} \right|^{2} + \frac{2n-4}{2(2n-4)} \cos(2n-4) \times dx \right] =
       = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3}{2^{n-1}} \right) \left[ \frac{3}{2(3^{n-1})^{2}} - \frac{3}{2^{n-1}} \right] = \frac{3}{2} \left[ \frac{3}{2^{
                                                                                                                                                                                                               = -5 \cdot \frac{(3n-4)^3}{\sqrt{4}} \left( 1 + \frac{(3n-4)^2}{\sqrt{(4^2)^2}} \right)
```

2) us cum (5:4(2h-1)x) ne1N Modonmen 1(x) 6. 60,2157 Deuse no neverum. ma C-3,57, gasse c nep. 25 = 2 (2m-1) [= s:n(2n-1) x | 2 - 2) x cos (2n-1) x dx] = - (2m-1) [= 2 (2m-1) [= 2 (2m-1) [= 2 (2m-1)] [= $-\frac{1}{2u-1}\int_{0}^{12} S(u(2u-1)xdx) = \frac{u}{2u-1}\left[\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2u-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2u-1}\left(\frac{1}{2u-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2u-1}\left(\frac{1}{2u-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right] = \frac{u}{2u-1}\left[\frac{1}{2u-1}\left(\frac{1}{2u-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2u-1}\left(\frac{1}{2u-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right] = \frac{u}{2u-1}\left[\frac{1}{2u-1}\left(\frac{1}{2u-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right] = \frac{u}{2u-1}\left[\frac{1}{2u-1}\left(\frac{1}{2u-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2u-1}}\right] = \frac{u}{2u-1}\left[\frac{1}{2u-1}\left(\frac{1}{2u-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right] = \frac{u}{2u-1}\left[\frac{1}{2u-1}\left(\frac{1}{2u-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right] = \frac{u}{2u-1}\left[\frac{1}{2u-1}\left(\frac{1}{2u-1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2u-1}}\right] = \frac{u}{2u-1}\left[\frac{1}{2u-1$ = 2(2m-y) [5(5m-y) - 5 (2m-y - (5m-y))] = 2(5m-y) [2(5m-y) - (5m-y)] = $=\frac{2(-1)^{n}}{(2n-1)^{2}}+\frac{8}{5(2n-1)^{2}}$ DZZ. Kalinian owsterm obsassonom hosing. Pyros of-ay nep. 20, earl: 1) Theology (b) moreon beams commonting p. (0,0) n (==10) (0,0)-m.cusu. => f(x) nevern. => f(x)=-f(-x); an=0 $(\pm \frac{1}{2},0)$ -m. cusus => $\pm (\pm -x) = -\pm (x)$ => $\pm (\pm \frac{1}{2},0) = -\frac{1}{2}$ remn. up. gyz B2-1= = = [f(x)s:4(24-1)dx = | == -x | = = [f(x-2)s:4(2n-1)(5-2)dz = =-== f(x) sin(sn-1) xdx => b2n-1=0 Umoro: Qn=0, bzn-1=0 2) pague f(x) uneen seems unuenpu g(0,0) u uneen ou current $x = \pm \frac{\pi}{2}$ (0,0)-m. cull. => f(x) merenn => f(x)--f(x); an=0 $x = \frac{1}{2} - 0$ cu cu au. => f(x) = f(x)=1 paseon no cer Bon= = = [f(x) 2: v(sn-1) qx = | qs=-qx | = = [f(2-5) 2: v(sn-1)(0-5) qs = = = = 1 f(x) sin(2n-1)xdx : => bzn=0 Umaro: On=0; br=0

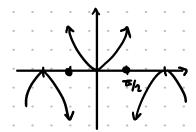
I gue f(x)=shx

a) /5:4(24-1)x/3/1- - commission remains



Cryndry re yneur byc-ru

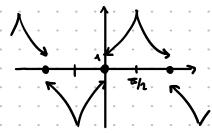
b) fcos(zu-A)x b., - wowener recover.



Ch haluph, he common

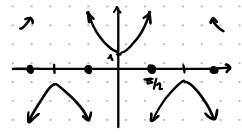
.<u>II</u> .gua g(x)=shx+1

Cur. nou. up, ouz



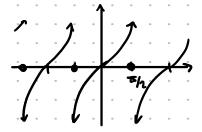
Cx halupt, the correction

hos. her up. gyr 6)



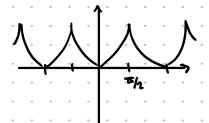
Cx helist, in army

8) desingue 2 - mos on month.



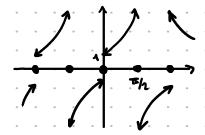
Cx hapaby, the come in

2) hossey you - woundinger recum.



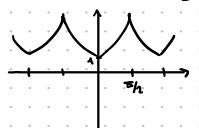
Cropped years years e hep. 25

5) cur cum up. gyz



Cx halupt, the contract

2) Wac. Yeum. Wr. gyz

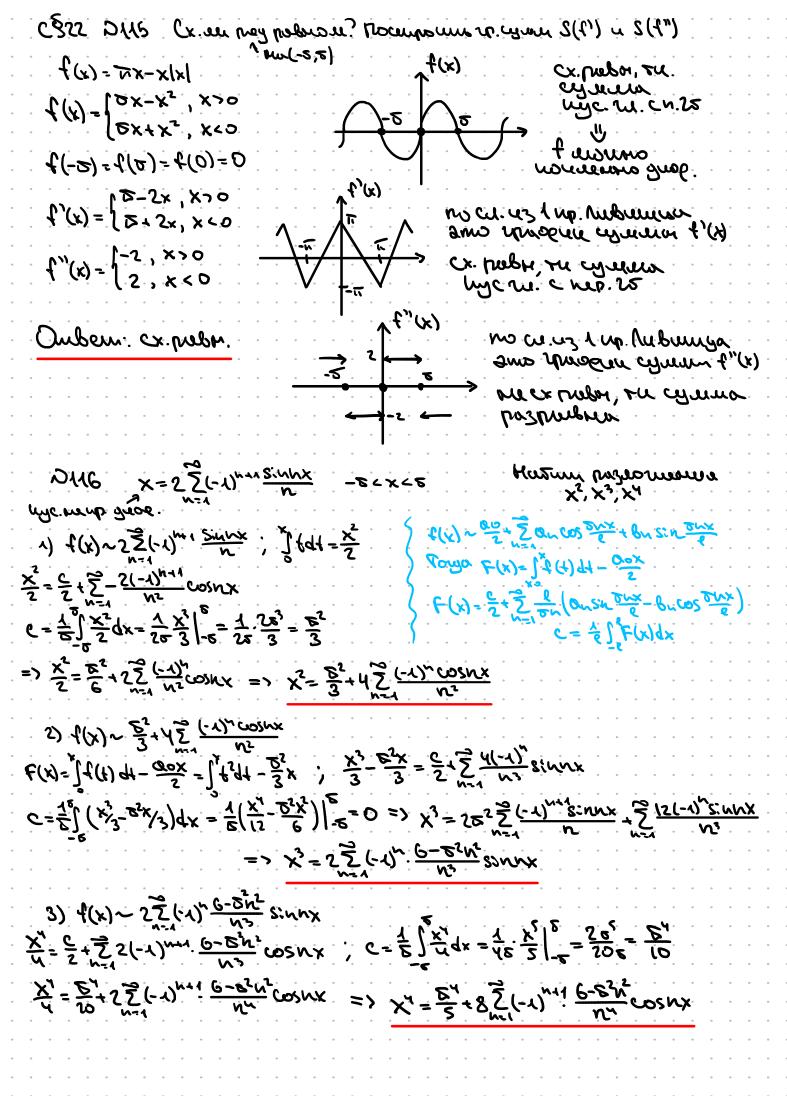


Croudy, The years by ria. e wep. 25

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T2. Our egentum ropegod good. Wase, Pyric. Print our sio [5,5]

The 1 Ecant f(x) was reprosed to f^{(u,n)}(x) by an interior of the modern of the control of the modern of the control of the contro
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$$\beta$$
) $f(x) = (x_5 - e_5)_3$



Rp. Bermanne 2 hr 2 he Pobenculo Rapalona. Ecini f(x) E L2 x(-l, l) e vep. 2l 4) $f(x) = X^2 = \frac{3}{2} + 4 \sum_{x=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^x \cos x}{x^2}$ 00= 32 , 0 = 41-11 $\frac{\partial g}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\partial_x^2 + \beta_y^2 \right) = \frac{1}{2} \int (f(x))^2 dx$ => 25 + 2 18 = = = [X'dx = 2 X'] = 25 Y => \(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{20}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{20}{2} = = \frac{20} 5) $f(x) = x_3 = 5 \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} (-i)_{i} \cdot \frac{N_3}{P - E_5 N_5} 22 NNX$ Or= 0: Pr = P-85N5; Br = (2, N-152, N5-30) => AZ(BA-15-34,+36) = EXQX eqx = E. 4 = 5.7 $4\left[\frac{2}{5}\frac{N_{1}}{N_{2}}-\frac{1}{5}\frac{15\rho_{2}}{N_{1}}+\frac{2}{5}\frac{36}{36}\right]=\frac{2}{5}$ => $2 = \frac{3e \cdot 510}{8z_e} = \frac{342}{2e}$ => $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{4} = \frac{342}{2e}$ E1. E. 15 2, 21, 30 , 362 T3. Hersbenember Bupmenupa [5,8-] wit. goer gran - 7 (0)] t(x) qx = 0; t(-8) = f(e) D-am:] ts(x) qx = 112, (x) qx 1(x) = 00 + 5 (ancosux + Businux) f'(x)~ Z (-nansinnx+nbncosnx) - huchaup. (28+ 20) dx = 2 (02+62) $= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty}$ $\frac{1}{4}\int (1/x)^{2}dx = \sum (n\alpha^{2} + n\beta^{2})$ δ) f-manp. guo e. ma La, b.1; f(a) = f(b) = 0 D-MP: $\int f_s(x) dx \in \frac{B_s}{(\beta-\alpha)_s} \int_{\beta} f_s(x) dx$ Mame 6(x)= 4(x+a): 6(0)=0 Cx linguistr. right. 6(x) = 2 Br cx 8-0 = $\frac{2}{6} - \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{6}$ d. 6. To-a (x) dx = (8-0) [6,5 (x) dx } [f(x+a) dx = (8-0) [f,5 x+a) dx => \[\f^2(x) dx \le \frac{(b-a)^2}{52} \frac{f^{32}}{52} (x) dx \quad \frac{4.mg}{4.mg}

CZ \$16 248 Notinger, uno pager grandy ours servoyou chedr. apreser 1) \(\sum_{\infty} \cdot \langle \lan Sw: So=1, Sx=0, Sx=1, ... ; Ow: Bo=1, Ox=10=10 = 1/2, Ox=10+1 2 - 1/2 - 0x = 02n2 So-51+...-Son = So+52+...+Son = N+1 | Dun Ozn = 1/2 V2n+1 = So + Sz+ ... + Szn = N-1 S) D = 1/2 + Z crosnor, 0 < | x | x | x | pay pack grunns no need x. yui-10 D=== 2+ cosd+ cos2d+cos3d+...+ cos nx 1.25 mg 25: 420n= 5: 42+2000 d sin =+ ...+2005 nd. Sun = 1 2 cosp. sin2 = sin(B+ 2) - sin(B-2) 25いきひゃらいとちいん+空)-らいしせき)+らい(ひも空)-らい(ひとき)+...+られ(れるせき)-ららんなん => Dn= Sin(n+1/2)d : Do= Synd/2 = 1/2 , Dn= Sind/2 D2 = Sind/2 D2 = Sind/2 0= Dot --+ Dn = SINY2+ SIN34/2+ --+ SIN(N+1/2) x = 254 2+ 2514 2514 2 + ... + 2514 2 514 (N+1/2) x Szin 2 zinb = coz(b-2)-coz(b+2) 1-cost + cosd-costd + costd - ... + costd - cos (n+1) d 1-cos(n4x)x = 25:12 1/2 x = 1 (Sin 2x) - egro Pegepa вычисляя коэффициентов Фурье, определите порядок их убывания, а также порядок убывания остатка ряда для следующих функций, заданных на отрезке $[-\pi, \pi]$: **a)** x^{2025} ; **b)** x^{2024} ; **b)** $(x^2 - \pi^2)^3$.

С.2. §22: 116; 116. С походина равом тва Парсевата вычислите суммы ряжив: $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^d}$; $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^d}$

 $\mathbf{3}$ докажите, что если f — непрерывно дифференцируемая на $[-\pi,\pi]$

функция, такая что $\int_{0}^{\pi} f(x)dx = 0$ и $f(-\pi) = f(\pi)$, то

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f^{2}(x)dx \leq \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f^{2}(x)dx.$$

Указание: воспользоваться неравенством Парсеваля. <u>б)</u> Докажите, что сли f — вепрерывно дифференцируемая на [a,b] функция, такат что

$$f(b) = 0$$
, to $\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx \le \frac{(b-a)^2}{\pi^2} \int_{a}^{b} f^2(x)dx$

Указание: после сдвига продолжить функцию нечётным образом. в)* Домажите, что если f – непрерывно дифференцируем я на [a,b] функция, такая ито $f(a) \neq 0$, то

 $\int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{2} (x) dx \leqslant \frac{4(b+a)^{2}}{\pi^{2}} \int_{a}^{b} f'^{2}(x) dx$

C.2. §16: 47(2); 48(1, 2).

cour & Trevindrive

II Pyrhousonomorare upocumorcuba

The Econ f(x) unem nep. 28 is nearly to C-1, 12, up nog Pyros f. cyus. mengyon Pedepo k f(x) pubricular on (-0, +0)

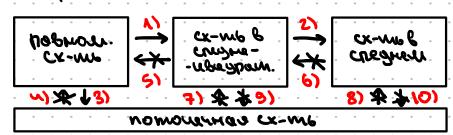
Polesa.cx-nu. Clab1: In-f, ecul | In-f| ->

Cx-mb b cragnelibogram: Lacla, BJ: 11 fn-fllz - 0, ecui \$1 fn-fldx ->0

Cx-un B crognan. L'c[a,b]: Il fu-fly - o, ecuci \$/1/dx ->0

74. f-neup.no [a,6]

D-wb:



4. Докажите, что если f — функция, непрерывная на отрезке [a,b], а $\{f_n\}$ — последовательность функций, непрерывных на [a,b], то между разными видами сходимости имеются связи, указанные в схеме (при перечеркнутой стрелке приведите контрпример):



C.3. §18: 97; <u>98</u>.

C.3. §20: 20*; 23*.

- 5. Полна ли система $\{1, \cos x, \sin x, \dots, \cos nx, \sin nx, \dots\}$ в пространствах а). $C[-\pi, \pi];$ б). $CL_1[-\pi, \pi];$ в). C[-1, 1]?
- 6. Докажите, что система функций $\{x^n\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$ полна в пространствах $C[a,b],\ CL_1[a,b],\ CL_2[a,b].$

C.3. §19: 116.

- 7. Полна ли система функций $\{x^{2k-1}\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$ в пространствах а) C[1;10]; б) C[0;2]?
- 8. Полна ли система функций $\{1\} \cup \{x^{2k-1}\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$ в пространстве C[0;2]?
- 9. Полна ли система функций $\{\cos(2k+1)x\}_{k=0}^{\infty}$ в пространствах а) $C[0;\pi/4];$ 6) $C[\pi/4;\pi/2];$ в) $C[-\pi/8;\pi/8]$?

 $43 + 4^*$