# **E-COMMERCE SHIPPING**

## **DATA ANALYSIS**

## **INDEX**

S.NO	TOPIC	PAGE NO
1	INTRODUCTION	3
2	CODE	4-17
3	SUMMARY	18
4	REFERENCES	19

### INTRODUCTION

#### What is E-Commerce shipping?

E-commerce shipping is the way in which products ordered online are delivered to the location of the buyer. Usually businesses can work with e-commerce logistics providers to understand what works best for their business.

Logistics companies play an important and vital role in the success of the e-commerce business, as customer satisfaction is directly related to the handling of the shipment. The packaging and safe delivery of the product is a factor that keeps the customer happy and ordering more from the e-commerce site. An e-commerce business needs to have a strong and effective strategy in place for the shipping and delivery of goods and services, as this is a competitive differentiator as well in the market.

The most important functions of e-commerce logistics are warehousing and inventory management, order creation and waybill generation, transportation of orders and in-transit storage, handling delivery exceptions and finally reverse logistics. An essential part of transportation management lies in building an efficient supply chain from the six main modes of transportation: road, maritime, air, rail, intermodal, and pipeline. Understanding the strengths and weaknesses of each mode is paramount to building an effective supply chain.

Nowadays, consumers choose who to buy from based on their overall customer experience. Having the lowest price or best product no longer guarantees a sale. The e-commerce sites need to provide them with a faster delivery service to ensure customer satisfaction, which will ultimately boost the growth of the business. All three modes of shipping-land, air, and sea-play a major role in our economy. Each offers benefits that the other mode of transport might not offer. It is up to the Logistics to make a well-informed decision of choosing the right mode of shipping that will be beneficial.

Top E-Commerce sites in the world

- 1. amazon.com
- 2. ebay.com
- 3. rakuten.co.jp
- 4. aliexpress.com
- 5. Walmart.com

Top E-Commerce Logistics Companies in Global Market 2021

- 1. DHL
- 2. KENCO
- 3. CLIPPER
- 4. FEDEX
- 5. XPO

## **E-COMMERCE SHIPPING DATA ANALYSIS**

In [1]: import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore') %matplotlib inline

### **Data Extraction**

In [2]: df=pd\_read\_excel('Project-Ecommerce Shipping Data Analysis (Python).xlsx') d=df\_copy()

In [3]: #Ecommerce Shipping Dataset

Out[3]:

	ID	Warehouse_block	Mode_of_Shipment	Customer_care_calls	Customer_rating	Cost_of_the_Product	Prior_purchases	Produc		
0	1	D	Flight	4	2	177	3			
1	2	F	Flight	4	5	216	2			
2	3	Α	Flight	2	2	183	4			
3	4	В	Flight	3	3	176	4			
4	5	С	Flight	2	2	184	3			
10994	10995	Α	Ship	4	1	252	5			
10995	10996	В	Ship	4	1	232	5			
10996	10997	С	Ship	5	4	242	5			
10997	10998	F	Ship	5	2	223	6			
10998	10999	D	Ship	2	5	155	5			
10999 rows × 12 columns										

In [4]: d.shape

Out[4]: (10999, 12)

In [5]: d.columns

Out[5]: Index(['ID', 'Warehouse\_block', 'Mode\_of\_Shipment', 'Customer\_care\_calls',

'Customer\_rating', 'Cost\_of\_the\_Product', 'Prior\_purchases',

'Product\_importance', 'Gender', 'Discount\_offered', 'Weight\_in\_gms',

'Reached.on.Time\_Y.N'],

dtype='object')

In [6]: d.head()

Out[6]:

	ID	Warehouse_block	Mode_of_Shipment	Customer_care_calls	Customer_rating	Cost_of_the_Product	Prior_purchases	Product_import
0	1	D	Flight	4	2	177	3	
1	2	F	Flight	4	5	216	2	
2	3	Α	Flight	2	2	183	4	
3	4	В	Flight	3	3	176	4	me
4	5	С	Flight	2	2	184	3	me

In [7]: d.tail()

Out[7]:

	ID	Warehouse_block	Mode_of_Shipment	Customer_care_calls	Customer_rating	Cost_of_the_Product	Prior_purchases	Produc
10994	10995	А	Ship	4	1	252	5	
10995	10996	В	Ship	4	1	232	5	
10996	10997	С	Ship	5	4	242	5	
10997	10998	F	Ship	5	2	223	6	
10998	10999	D	Ship	2	5	155	5	
4								<b>&gt;</b>

```
In [8]: |d.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 10999 entries, 0 to 10998
         Data columns (total 12 columns):
              Column
                                     Non-Null Count Dtype
          0
               ID
                                     10999 non-null
                                                     int64
               Warehouse_block
          1
                                     10999 non-null
                                                     object
          2
               Mode_of_Shipment
                                     10999 non-null
                                                      object
               Customer_care_calls
                                    10999 non-null
           3
                                                      int64
                                     10999 non-null
           4
               Customer_rating
                                                     int64
           5
                                    10999 non-null
               Cost_of_the_Product
                                                     int64
                                     10999 non-null
           6
               Prior_purchases
                                                     int64
          7
               Product_importance
                                     10999 non-null
                                                     object
          8
                                     10999 non-null
               Gender
                                                     object
           9
               Discount_offered
                                     10999 non-null
                                                     int64
           10
              Weight_in_gms
                                     10999 non-null int64
                                     10999 non-null int64
               Reached.on.Time_Y.N
          11
         dtypes: int64(8), object(4)
         memory usage: 1.0+ MB
 In [9]: #Warehouse Blocks
         np_sort(d['Warehouse_block']_unique())
 Out[9]: array(['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'F'], dtype=object)
In [10]: #Mode of Shipment
         np_sort(d['Mode_of_Shipment'].unique())
Out[10]: array(['Flight', 'Road', 'Ship'], dtype=object)
         Data Cleansing
In [11]: | df.isnull().sum().sum()
Out[11]: 0
In [12]: |d.isnull().sum()
Out[12]: ID
                                  0
         Warehouse_block
                                  0
                                  0
         Mode_of_Shipment
         Customer_care_calls
                                  0
                                  0
         Customer_rating
         Cost_of_the_Product
                                  0
                                  0
         Prior_purchases
         Product_importance
                                  0
                                  0
         Gender
                                  0
         Discount_offered
                                  0
         Weight_in_gms
         Reached.on.Time_Y.N
                                  0
         dtype: int64
         Data Transformation
In [13]:
        d_drop(['ID','Prior_purchases'],axis=1,inplace=True)
Out[13]:
                 Warehouse_block Mode_of_Shipment Customer_care_calls Customer_rating Cost_of_the_Product Product_importance Gender D
              0
                             D
                                           Flight
                                                                                                177
                                                                                                                  low
                              F
                                                                               5
                                           Flight
                                                                 4
                                                                                                216
                                                                                                                  low
                                                                                                                           Μ
              2
                              Α
                                                                 2
                                                                               2
                                                                                                183
                                                                                                                           Μ
                                           Flight
                                                                                                                  low
                                                                 3
              3
                              В
                                           Flight
                                                                               3
                                                                                                176
                                                                                                               medium
                                                                                                                           Μ
                              С
                                                                 2
                                                                               2
                                                                                                184
                                                                                                                           F
              4
                                           Flight
                                                                                                               medium
              ...
          10994
                                                                 4
                                                                                                252
                                                                                                                           F
                              Α
                                            Ship
                                                                               1
                                                                                                               medium
          10995
                              В
                                            Ship
                                                                 4
                                                                                                232
                                                                                                               medium
                                                                                                                           F
          10996
                              С
                                                                 5
                                                                               4
                                                                                                                           F
                                            Ship
                                                                                                242
                                                                                                                  low
```

10999 rows x 10 columns

Ship

Ship

5

2

2

5

223

155

medium

low

10997

10998

F

D

Μ

F

In [14]: #Data sorted by Warehouse block column d['Warehouse\_block']=np.sort(d['Warehouse\_block'])

Out[14]:

	Warehouse_block	Mode_of_Shipment	Customer_care_calls	Customer_rating	Cost_of_the_Product	Product_importance	Gender [	)	
0	А	Flight	4	2	177	low	F	_	
1	Α	Flight	4	5	216	low	М		
2	Α	Flight	2	2	183	low	М		
3	Α	Flight	3	3	176	medium	М		
4	Α	Flight	2	2	184	medium	F		
10994	F	Ship	4	1	252	medium	F		
10995	F	Ship	4	1	232	medium	F		
10996	F	Ship	5	4	242	low	F		
10997	F	Ship	5	2	223	medium	М		
10998	F	Ship	2	5	155	low	F		
10999 ו	10999 rows × 10 columns								

**Descriptive Statistics** 

In [15]: d.describe()

Out[15]:

	Customer_care_calls	Customer_rating	Cost_of_the_Product	Discount_offered	Weight_in_gms	Reached.on.Time_Y.N
count	10999.000000	10999.000000	10999.000000	10999.000000	10999.000000	10999.000000
mean	4.054459	2.990545	210.196836	13.373216	3634.016729	0.596691
std	1.141490	1.413603	48.063272	16.205527	1635.377251	0.490584
min	2.000000	1.000000	96.000000	1.000000	1001.000000	0.000000
25%	3.000000	2.000000	169.000000	4.000000	1839.500000	0.000000
50%	4.000000	3.000000	214.000000	7.000000	4149.000000	1.000000
75%	5.000000	4.000000	251.000000	10.000000	5050.000000	1.000000
max	7.000000	5.000000	310.000000	65.000000	7846.000000	1.000000

In [16]: d\_sample(5)

Out[16]:

	Warehouse_block	Mode_of_Shipment	Customer_care_calls	Customer_rating	Cost_of_the_Product	Product_importance	Gender Dis
8380	F	Ship	5	2	246	low	F
2948	В	Ship	5	2	198	low	F
9183	F	Flight	5	1	247	low	М
3438	В	Flight	3	1	179	high	M
8047	F	Ship	6	5	301	low	М
4							

In [17]: d\_nunique()

Out[17]: Warehouse\_block 5 3 Mode\_of\_Shipment Customer\_care\_calls 6 Customer\_rating
Cost\_of\_the\_Product 5 215 Product\_importance 3 2 Gender Discount\_offered
Weight\_in\_gms
Reached.on.Time\_Y.N
dtype: int64 65 4034 2

d\_corr() Out[18]: Customer\_care\_calls Customer\_rating Cost\_of\_the\_Product Discount\_offered Weight\_in\_gms Reached.on.Time\_Y.N Customer\_care\_calls 1.000000 0.012209 0.323182 -0.130750 -0.276615 -0.067126 -0.003124 **Customer rating** 0.012209 1.000000 0.009270 -0.001897 0.013119 Cost\_of\_the\_Product 0.323182 0.009270 1.000000 -0.138312 -0.132604 -0.073587 Discount\_offered -0.130750 -0.138312 1.000000 -0.376067 0.397108 -0.003124 Weight\_in\_gms -0.276615 -0.001897 -0.132604 -0.376067 1.000000 -0.268793 Reached.on.Time\_Y.N -0.067126 0.013119 -0.073587 0.397108 -0.268793 1.000000 In [19]: #covariance d\_cov() Out[19]: Customer\_care\_calls Customer\_rating Cost\_of\_the\_Product Discount\_offered Weight\_in\_gms Reached.on.Time\_Y.N Customer\_care\_calls 1.302999 0.019700 17.730960 -2.418672 -5.163759e+02 -0.037590 Customer\_rating 0.019700 1.998274 0.629794 -0.071575 -4.385094e+00 0.009098 Cost\_of\_the\_Product 17.730960 0.629794 2310.078091 -107.729679 -1.042289e+04 -1.735119 -2.418672 Discount\_offered -107.729679 262.619108 3.157082 -0.071575 -9.966577e+03 -4.385094 -9966.576620 2.674459e+06 -516.375888 -10422.887818 -215.649645 Weight\_in\_gms 0.009098 Reached.on.Time\_Y.N -0.037590 -1.735119 3.157082 -2.156496e+02 0.240673 In [20]: #mean d\_mean() 4.054459 Out[20]: Customer\_care\_calls 2.990545 Customer\_rating Cost\_of\_the\_Product 210.196836 Discount\_offered 13.373216 Weight\_in\_gms 3634.016729 Reached.on.Time\_Y.N 0.596691 dtype: float64 **Data Wrangling** In [21]: #Customer calls received for each Warehouse block d1=df\_copy() d1=d1\_pivot\_table('Customer\_care\_calls',columns='Warehouse\_block',aggfunc='sum') Out[21]: Warehouse\_block В С D F Α Customer\_care\_calls 7402 7369 7451 7434 14939 #Maximum, minimum price of a product and total products shipped through the various modes of shipment In [22]: d2=df\_copy() d2=d2\_groupby(['Mode\_of\_Shipment'])['Cost\_of\_the\_Product'].agg(["max","min","count"]) d2=pd\_DataFrame(d2) d2\_rename(columns={'max':'Max Price product','min':'Min Price product','count':'Total Products shipped'},inplace d2 Out[22]: Max Price product Min Price product Total Products shipped Mode\_of\_Shipment Flight 310 1777 96 Road 310 97 1760

In [18]: #correlation

Ship

310

96

7462

In [23]: #Maximum, minimum price of a product and total products shipped through different Warehouse\_blocks d3=df\_copy() d3=d3\_groupby(['Warehouse\_block'])['Cost\_of\_the\_Product']\_agg(["max", "min", "count"]) d3=pd\_DataFrame(d3) d3.rename(columns={'max':'Max Price product','min':'Min Price product','count':'Total Products shipped'},inplace Out[23]: Max Price product Min Price product Total Products shipped Warehouse\_block Α 310 96 1833 В 310 96 1833 С 310 101 1833 D 310 1834 96 F 310 96 3666 In [24]: #Total products shipped by Warehouse blocks with different shipments grouped=pd\_DataFrame(df\_groupby(['Mode\_of\_Shipment','Warehouse\_block'])['Cost\_of\_the\_Product'].count().unstack() grouped #Conclusion: Most of the products has been sent through ship by all the Warehouse blocks Out[24]: Warehouse\_block В C D F Mode\_of\_Shipment 297 Flight 297 296 295 592 Road 294 294 294 292 586 Ship 1242 1243 1244 1245 2488 #Customer Ratings(1-5) given to Warehouse blocks by Customers pd\_crosstab(d['Customer\_rating'],d['Warehouse\_block']) Out[25]: Warehouse\_block В С D F Customer\_rating **1** 369 362 356 367 781 727 375 374 342 347 360 394 372 347 375 381 369 717 **5** 359 362 360 379 711 In [26]: #Whether Products has been delivered by Warehouse Blocks on time or not #a=np.array(["Products not Reached on Time denoted by 0","Products Reached on Time denoted by 1"],dtype=object) a=pd\_crosstab(d['Reached.on.Time\_Y.N'],d['Warehouse\_block']) a.index=["Products not Reached on time ","Products Reached on time"] Out[26]: Warehouse\_block Α В С D F **Products not Reached on time** 293 1039 1024 2080 0 Products Reached on time 1833 1540 794 810 1586 In [27]: #Heaviest weight product shipped among all the blocks a1=pd\_DataFrame(d[d\_Weight\_in\_gms==d\_Weight\_in\_gms\_max()]) a2=pd\_DataFrame(a1[['Warehouse\_block','Mode\_of\_Shipment','Weight\_in\_gms']]) a2\_index=['Heaviest Weight Shipped'] a2 Out[27]: Warehouse block Mode of Shipment Weight in gms **Heaviest Weight Shipped** Α Ship 7846 In [28]: #Highest discount offered among all the blocks a1=pd\_DataFrame(d[d\_Discount\_offered==d\_Discount\_offered\_max()]) #a1=a1.reset\_index(drop=True) list1=a1['Warehouse\_block'].unique() print('Warehouse blocks that offered the highest discount of ',d.Discount\_offered.max()) for i in list1: print(i) Warehouse blocks that offered the highest discount of 65 В

```
#Lowest discount offered among all the blocks
a1=pd_DataFrame(d[d_Discount_offered==d_Discount_offered_min()])
#a1=a1.reset_index(drop=True)
list1=a1['Warehouse_block'].unique()
print('Warehouse blocks that offered the lowest discount of ',d_Discount_offered_min())
for i in list1:
    print(i)

Warehouse blocks that offered the lowest discount of 1

A

B

C

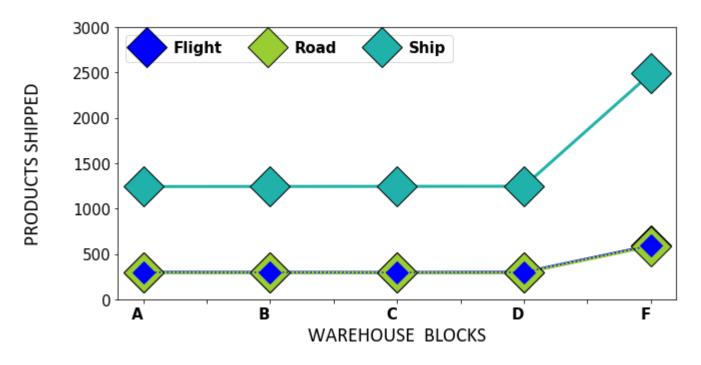
D
```

### **DATA VISUALIZATION (Matplotlib, seaborn)**

#### **Matplotlib-Lineplot**

```
In [30]:
         #WAREHOUSE BLOCKS AND MODE OF SHIPMENTS
         grouped=pd_DataFrame(df_groupby(['Warehouse_block','Mode_of_Shipment'])['Cost_of_the_Product'].count().unstack()
         lineplot=grouped_plot(figsize=(10,5), marker='D',ms=28,mec='k',linestyle='-',linewidth=3,
                               color=['blue','yellowgreen','lightseagreen'])
         grouped['Flight'].plot( marker='D', ms=15, linestyle=':', color='blue')
         font1={'family':'Algerian','color':'black','size':20,'fontweight':'bold'}
         font2={'family':'Calibri','color':'black','size':20}
         plt_title(" MODE OF SHIPMENTS USED BY WAREHOUSE BLOCKS", fontdict=font1, pad=30)
         plt_xlabel("WAREHOUSE BLOCKS",fontdict=font2,labelpad=5)
         plt_ylim(0,3000)
         plt_xticks(color='black', fontsize='15',fontweight='bold', horizontalalignment='right')
         plt_yticks(color='black', fontsize='15', horizontalalignment='right')
         plt_ylabel("PRODUCTS SHIPPED",fontdict=font2,labelpad=30)
         plt_legend(['Flight','Road','Ship'],prop = {'size' : 15,'weight':'bold'},ncol=5,loc='upper left')
         plt_show()
         #Conclusion: The most preferred shipping mode of all the Warehouse blocks is Ship
```

#### MODE OF SHIPMENTS USED BY WAREHOUSE BLOCKS

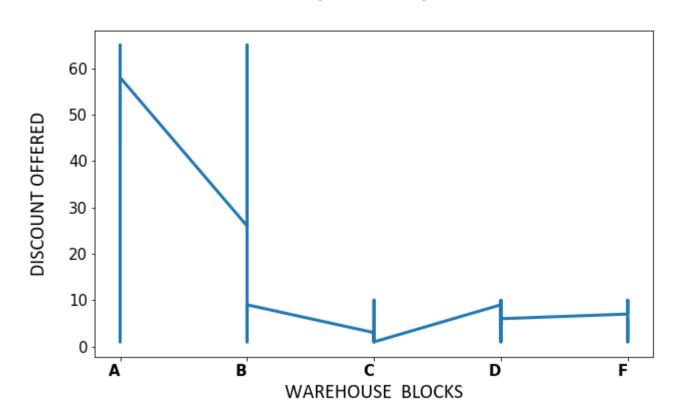


```
In [31]: #DISCOUNT OFFERED BY WAREHOUSE BLOCKS
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
font1={'family':'Algerian','color':'black','size':20,'fontweight':'bold'}
font2={'family':'Calibri','color':'black','size':20}

plt.title("DISCOUNT OFFERED BY WAREHOUSE BLOCKS",fontdict=font1,pad=30)
plt.xlabel("WAREHOUSE BLOCKS",fontdict=font2,labelpad=5)
plt.xticks(color='black', fontsize='15',fontweight='bold', horizontalalignment='right')
plt.yticks(color='black', fontsize='15', horizontalalignment='right')
plt.ylabel("DISCOUNT OFFERED",fontdict=font2,labelpad=20)
plt.plot(d['Warehouse_block'],d['Discount_offered'],linewidth=3)
plt.show()

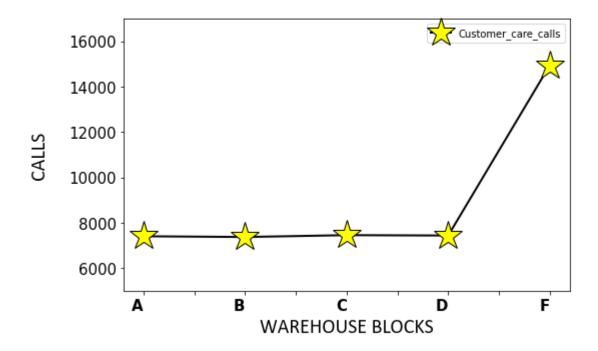
#Conclusion:Warehouse blocks A and B gave the highest discounts.
```

#### DISCOUNT OFFERED BY WAREHOUSE BLOCKS



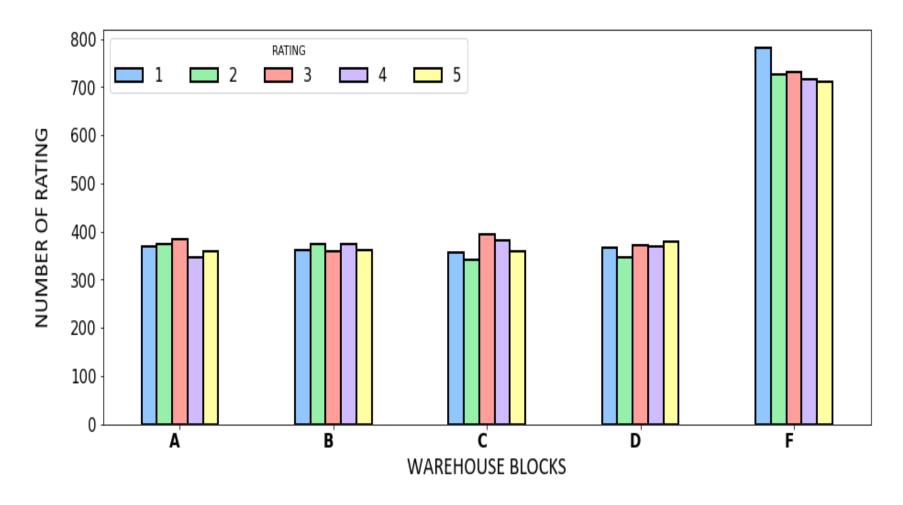


#### CUSTOMER CARE CALLS RECEIVED BY WAREHOUSE BLOCKS



```
#Customer ratings 1-5 given to all the warehouse blocks
plt.style.use('seaborn-pastel')
ctab=pd_crosstab(d['Warehouse_block'],d['Customer_rating'])
#c=['tomato', 'skyblue', 'blue', 'seagreen', 'gold', slateblue]
barplot=ctab_plot_bar(figsize=(15,6),edgecolor='black',linewidth=2,width=0.5)
font1={'family':'Algerian','color':'black','size':20,'fontweight':'bold'}
font2={'family':'Calibri','color':'black','size':20}
plt.title("CUSTOMER CARE RATING RECEIVED BY WAREHOUSE BLOCKS", fontdict=font1, pad=30)
plt_xlabel("WAREHOUSE BLOCKS",fontdict=font2,labelpad=5)
plt_ylabel("NUMBER OF RATING", fontdict=font2, labelpad=20)
plt.xticks(color='black', rotation=360, fontsize='15',fontweight='bold', horizontalalignment='right')
plt_yticks(color='black', fontsize='15', horizontalalignment='right')
plt_legend(fontsize=15,title='RATING',ncol=5)
plt.show()
#Conclusion:
#Warehouse Block 'A' and 'B' has received the highest rating of '3'
#Warehouse Block 'B' has received the highest rating of '2' and '4'
#Warehouse Block 'D' has received the highest rating of '5'
#Warehouse Block 'F' has received the highest rating of '1'
#Among all the blocks, 'F' has received the highest rating of '1','2','3','4','5'
```

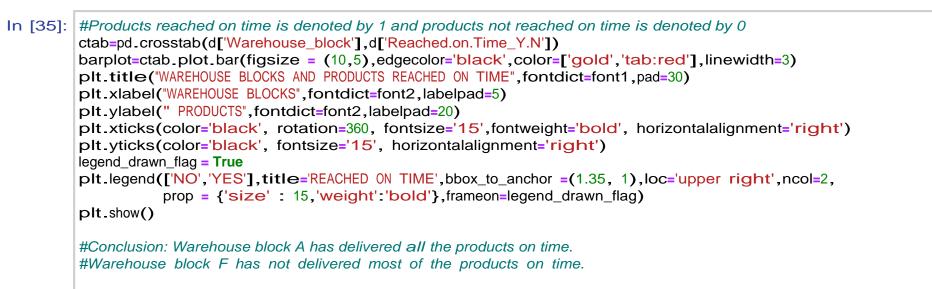
## CUSTOMER CARE RATING RECEIVED BY WAREHOUSE BLOCKS



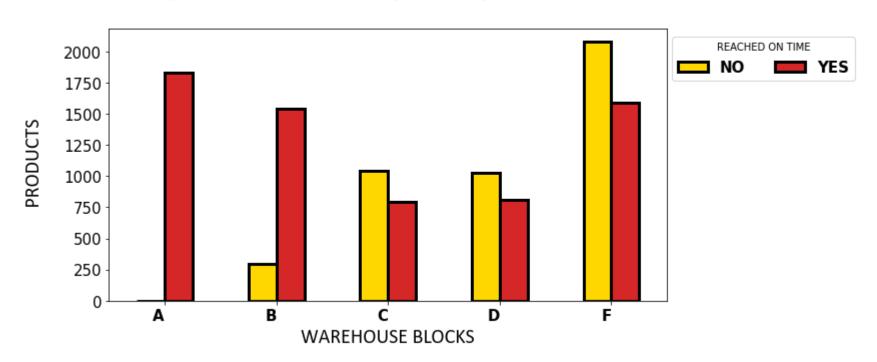
```
In [34]:
         #Warehouse blocks and different weights of products shipped
         plt_figure(figsize=(10,5))
         warehouse=d_groupby(['Warehouse_block'])
         #warehouse.max().sort_values(by="Weight_in_gms",ascending=False)["Weight_in_gms"].plot.bar(edgecolor='k',linewid
         weight=warehouse_max().sort_values(by="Weight_in_gms",ascending=False)
         weight["Weight_in_gms"].plot.bar(edgecolor='k')
         font1={'family':'Algerian','color':'black','size':20,'fontweight':'bold'}
         font2={'family':'Calibri','color':'black','size':20}
         plt.title("WAREHOUSE BLOCKS AND PRODUCT WEIGHT IN GMS", fontdict=font1, pad=30)
         plt_xlabel("WAREHOUSE BLOCKS",fontdict=font2,labelpad=20)
         plt_ylabel(" WEIGHT SHIPPED IN gms",fontdict=font2,labelpad=20)
         plt_xticks(color='black', rotation=360, fontsize='15',fontweight='bold', horizontalalignment='right')
         plt_yticks(color='black', fontsize='15', horizontalalignment='right')
         plt_show()
         #Conclusion: Warehouse Block A has shipped a product that has the heaviest weight among all the products.
         #Remaining warehouse blocks have shipped equal weights.
```

#### WAREHOUSE BLOCKS AND PRODUCT WEIGHT IN GMS



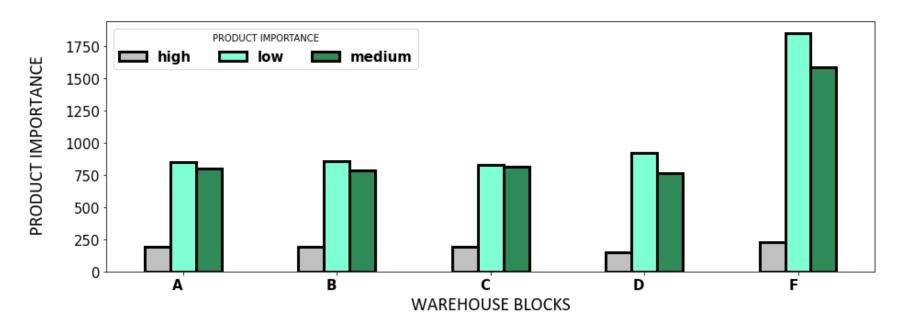


#### WAREHOUSE BLOCKS AND PRODUCTS REACHED ON TIME



```
#In [36]: #low,Medium,High importance products delivered by all the warehouse blocks
ctab=pd.crosstab(d['Warehouse_block'],d['Product_importance'])
barplot=ctab.plot.bar(figsize = (15,5),edgecolor='black',color=['silver', 'aquamarine', 'seagreen'],linewidth=3)
plt.title("WAREHOUSE BLOCKS AND PRODUCT IMPORTANCE",fontdict=font1,pad=30)
plt.xlabel("WAREHOUSE BLOCKS",fontdict=font2,labelpad=5)
plt.ylabel(" PRODUCT IMPORTANCE",fontdict=font2,labelpad=20)
plt.xticks(color='black', rotation=360, fontsize='15',fontweight='bold', horizontalalignment='right')
plt.yticks(color='black', fontsize='15', horizontalalignment='right')
plt.legend(fontsize=15,ncol=3,title='PRODUCT IMPORTANCE',prop = {'size' : 15,'weight':'bold'})
plt.show()
#Conclusion:Warehouse block A,B,D,F has shipped most of the products of low importance.
#Warehouse block C has shipped most of the products of low and medium importance.
```

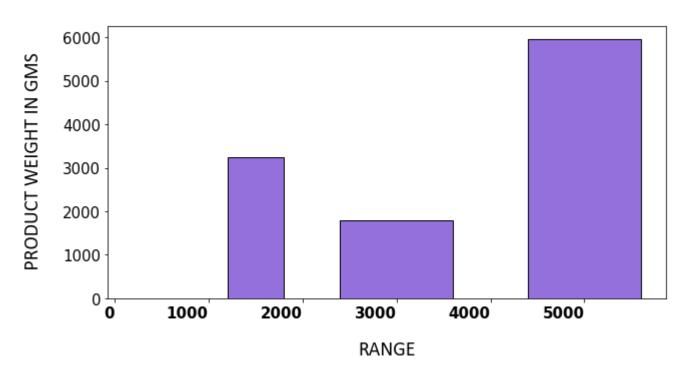
#### WAREHOUSE BLOCKS AND PRODUCT IMPORTANCE



#### **Histogram**

```
#Product weight in gms shipped by all the Warehouse blocks
plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
bins=[0,1000,2000,4000,6000]
plt.hist(d["Weight_in_gms'],bins,histtype='bar',rwidth=0.6,color='mediumpurple',edgecolor='black')#rectangular w
plt.title("PRODUCT WEIGHT IN GMS ",fontdict=font1,pad=30)
plt.xlabel("RANGE",fontdict=font2,labelpad=20)
plt.ylabel(" PRODUCT WEIGHT IN GMS",fontdict=font2,labelpad=20)
plt.xticks(color='black', rotation=360, fontsize='15',fontweight='bold', horizontalalignment='right')
plt.yticks(color='black', fontsize='15', horizontalalignment='right')
plt.show()
#Conclusion: Heavy products were shipped by most of the blocks
```

#### PRODUCT WEIGHT IN GMS

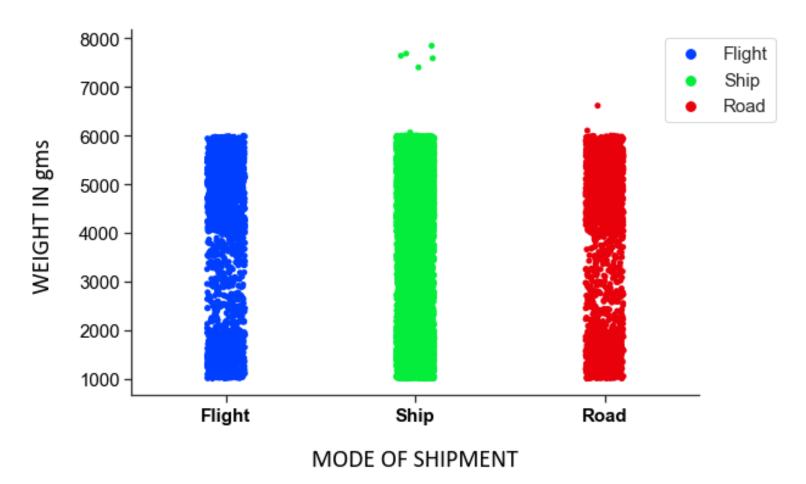


#### Seaborn

### **Catplot**

```
#Mode of Shipment and Weight in gms
import seaborn as sns
plt.style.use('seaborn-bright')
sns.set_style("ticks")
plt.style.use('seaborn-bright')
sns.catplot(y="Weight_in_gms",x='Mode_of_Shipment',hue='Mode_of_Shipment',data=d,height=5,aspect=15/10)
plt.title("MODE OF SHIPMENT AND WEIGHT IN gms ",fontdict=font1,pad=30)
plt.xlabel("MODE OF SHIPMENT",fontdict=font2,labelpad=20)
plt.ylabel("WEIGHT IN gms ",fontdict=font2,labelpad=20)
plt.xticks(color='black',fontsize='15',fontweight='bold')
plt.yticks(color='black', fontsize='15')
plt.legend(fontsize=15,bbox_to_anchor =(1.15, 1),loc='upper right')
plt.show()
#Conclusion: From the graph we can see that the density of ship mode is more.
#Most of the Warehouse blocks have used Ship mode to deliver the products.
#Few of the heavy products weighing more than 7000gms was shipped through Ship mode.
```

## MODE OF SHIPMENT AND WEIGHT IN GMS



#### **STRIPPLOT**

```
#STRIP PLOT

#WAREHOUSE BLOCKS AND PRODUCT GENDER

custom_palette = ["limegreen","gold"]

sns.set_palette(custom_palette)

plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))

sns.stripplot(x='Warehouse_block',y='Cost_of_the_Product',hue="Gender",jitter=0.3,dodge=True, data=d)

plt.title("WAREHOUSE BLOCKS AND PRODUCT GENDER",fontdict=font1,pad=30)

plt.xlabel("WAREHOUSE BLOCK",fontdict=font2,labelpad=20)

plt.ylabel("PRODUCTS SHIPPED",fontdict=font2,labelpad=20)

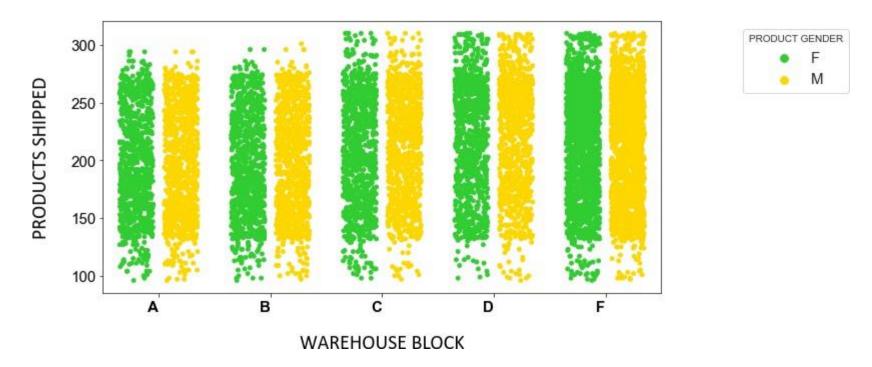
plt.xticks(color='black',fontsize='15',fontweight='bold', horizontalalignment='right')

plt.yticks(color='black', fontsize='15', horizontalalignment='right')

plt.legend(fontsize=15,bbox_to_anchor =(1.35, 1),loc='upper right',frameon=True,title='PRODUCT GENDER')

plt.show()
```

#### WAREHOUSE BLOCKS AND PRODUCT GENDER

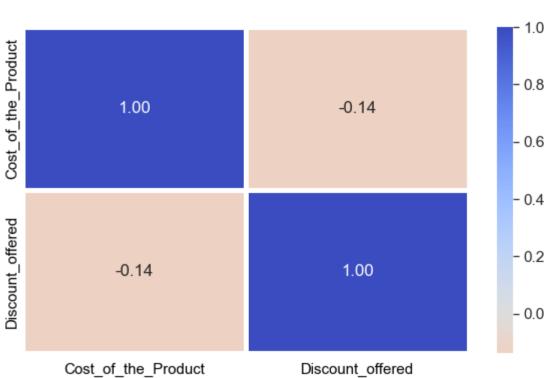


#### **HEATMAP**

```
#HEATMAP

#Correlation between the cost of the product and discount
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
n_data=['Cost_of_the_Product', 'Discount_offered']
sns.heatmap(d[n_data].corr(),annot=True,fmt='.2f',cmap='coolwarm_r',center=0,linewidths=5)
plt.title("Correlation",fontdict=font1,pad=30)
plt.xticks(color='black', horizontalalignment='center', fontsize=15)
plt.yticks(color='black', horizontalalignment='center',fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```

#### CORRELATION



from pandas\_profiling import ProfileReport

```
k=ProfileReport(d)
k.to_file('Report.html')
k
```

Overview	Variables	Correlations	Missing values	Sample		
Data act inf						
Dataset inf	0					
Number of variables	5			10		
Number of observat	tions			109	99	
Missing cells				0 (0	0.0%)	
Duplicate rows				0 (0	0.0%)	
Total size in memory	y			3.0	MiB	
Average record size	ein memory			286	5.7 B	
Variables t	ypes					
NUM				5		
CAT				4		
BOOL				1		
					Toggle Repr	oduction Information

#### **SUMMARY**

The Analysis of the E-Commerce Shipping Statistics

- 1. The Warehouse blocks prefer Ship mode as the shipping method for most of the products.
- 2. We can also observe that Warehouse blocks A,B delivered the products on time and Warehouse blocks C,D,F, did not deliver most of the products on time.
- 3. Customer care calls was received more by the Warehouse Block F.
- 4. High customer rating as well as low customer rating was given to Warehouse block F.

#### Improvement 1: Change in Mode of Shipment Required

We can see most of the Warehouse blocks did not deliver the product on time because the mode of shipping was through Ship. Although ships are capable of carrying much bigger loads than other transportation methods, shipping takes much longer. It is not usually the preferred shipping method for businesses that rely on speedy delivery. The shipping mode should be changed to other modes of transport like Road or Flight, so that the products reaches the customer on time. According to a recent study, 98% of consumers are likely to order again from a website if the delivery experience went well.

#### Improvement 2: Customer Care Required

We can observe that Warehouse Block F has received more calls from the customers. It has also received a high customer rating of 1 out of 5. This clearly shows that the customers are not happy with the products delivered. Feedback has to be taken from the customer and make necessary changes in order to improve the overall customer experience. More Customer service executives has to be assigned to the Warehouse block F.

#### Conclusion:

Logistics is a major pillar of the e-commerce customer experience. Optimizing logistics is an important factor for the success of any brand. In order to retain the customers and attract new ones, it is important to optimize the processes at different levels: delivery, packaging, returns, customer service.

## **REFERENCES**

https://www.kaggle.com/

https://matplotlib.org/

https://seaborn.pydata.org/