Goals of this Talk

- Technical details, not a history
- Simple explanations
- No other methods of pitch shifting
- Appreciation of the technical achievement

After watching this talk, you should be able to read the patent and know what is going on

Pitch Detection and Intonation Correction Apparatus and Method

Inventor: Harold A. Hildebrand Filed: Oct. 14, 1998



United States Patent [19]

Hildebrand

[11] Patent Number: 5,973,252 [45] Date of Patent: Oct. 26, 1999

54] PITCH DETECTION AND INTONATION CORRECTION APPARATUS AND METHOD

[75] Inventor: Harold A. Hildebrand, Auburn, Calif.

[73] Assignce: Auburn Audio Technologies, Inc.,

Auburn, Calif.

21] Appl. No.: 09/172,978

[22] Filed: Oct. 14, 1998

Related U.S. Application Data

[60] Provisional application No. 60/063,319, Oct. 27, 1997	[60]	Provisional	application	No.	60/063,319,	Oct.	27, 199	7.
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[58] Field of Search 84/603–605, 619, 84/645, 657

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[57] ABSTRACT

A device and method is disclosed to correct intonation errors and generate vibrato in solo instruments and vocal performances in real time. The device determines the pitch of a musical note produced by voice or instrument and shifts the pitch of that note to produce a very high quality, high fidelity output. The device includes a pitch detector that automatically recognizes the pitch of musical notes quickly. The detected pitch is then used as an input to a pitch corrector that converts the pitch of the input to an output with a desired pitch. The corrected musical note is then in tune with the pitch standard. The device and method employ a microprocessor that samples the signal from a musical instrument or voice at regular intervals using an analog-to-digital converter and then utilizes data derived from an auto-correlation function of the waveform to continuously determine the period of the waveform. The period of the waveform is then compared to a desired period or periods (such as found in a scale). The ratio of the waveform period and the desired period is computed to re-sample the waveform. This ratio is smoothed over time to remove instantaneous output pitch changes. The ratio is used to resample the input waveform. The resulting output waveform is processed through a digital-to-analog converter and output through audio interfaces.

38 Claims, 9 Drawing Sheets

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