**Express.js: API REST** 

### What is a REST API? Click here!

A REST API must follow the principles of the model **CRUD**.

CRUD is an acronym that refers to the four basic operations that can be performed on data in an application:

Create(C), Read(R), Update(U) i Delete(D).

Create (HTTP POST): This operation is used to add new

records to the database.

Example: Adding a new user to the database.

Read (HTTP GET): This operation allows you to retrieve existing data, one or more records.

Example: Get the list of all users.

Update (**HTTP PUT** or **HTTP PATCH**): This operation modifies existing records.

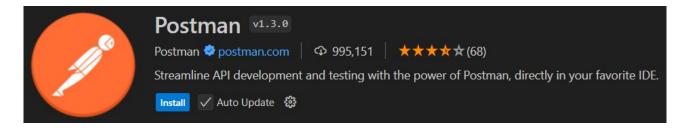
Example: Update the information of a specific user.

Delete (**HTTP DELETE**): This operation is responsible for removing records from the database. Example: Delete a user from the database.

To test and verify that a REST API correctly follows the CRUD principles can be used **Postman**, a very popular tool that makes it easy to send HTTP requests and view responses.

Postman allows simulate CRUD operations by sending HTTP requests such as POST, GET, PUT, PATCH and DELETE directly from its interface. Additionally, you have the ability to configure parameters and headers, adding HTTP headers, request parameters, and variables to emulate real-world situations, making it easy to send information to the server accurately. The tool also allows you to view the API responses, so you can analyze the data returned by the server to verify that the results are correct for each operation.

We can install it as an extension of **Visual Studio Code**:



To make requests click"**New HTTP Request**"in the Postman extension. Check the results using the **Postman Console**.

## **Regulate API access with CORS**

CORS (Cross-Origin Resource Sharing) is a security mechanism that allows web pages to request information from other pages that are from different domains. By default, this is not possible. This system controls and allows access to shared resources between different origins (domains), helping to prevent attacks such as cross-site scripting (XSS).

CORS works by using HTTP headers that indicate whether a resource can be shared with a different origin.

With the following code, you manage to enable CORS in your API Express with the default settings:

```
import cors from 'cors';

// Enable CORS with default settings (allow all origins)
app.use(cors());
```

You allow access to your API from any source, making testing and development easier. In other words, you can test the server using a web page located on a computer on the same network.

But, by not limiting access, you expose your API to possible security risks. Therefore, for production environments, it is recommended to restrict access by specifying which domains can make requests to your API.

#### User authentication with JWT

JWT (JSON Web Token) is used in web applications to manage user authentication using tokens that securely store information and can be used to identify and authenticate users. JWT is a type of **Bearer Token**.

#### Example of JWT usage:

https://github.com/xbaubes/DesenvolupamentWeb/tree/main/Backend/Node.js/Express.js/JWT For greater security, we will use environment variables to save the key using the **dotenv** package. The file is in .mjs format because it uses the ES6 import without configuring the package.json.

### Code Operation example:

1. Start of Session

To authenticate as an API user you need to obtain a token, you must make a POST request to the **/login** endpoint with the following information in JSON format in the body of the request:

```
{
    "username": "user",
    "password": "password"
}
```

If the login is correct, you will receive a token in the body of the response. If the credentials are incorrect, you will receive an error response with a 401 status code.

2. Access to Protected Routes

Save the token, with it you can make requests to protected routes.

Do a GET request to /perfil, including the token in the header **Authorization**.

If the token is valid, you will receive a welcome message with the username in the response body.

If the token is invalid or not provided, you will receive a 403 or 401 status code respectively.

# Validation and sanitizing data with express-validator

Simple example for the validation of user data:

```
// npm install express express-validator
import express from 'express';
import { body, validationResult } from 'express-validator';
const app = express();
const port = 3000;
app.use(express.json());
 / Path to create a user
app.post('/users', [
      // Field validation
      body('name').notEmpty().withMessage('Name is required.'),
      body('email').isEmail().withMessage('The format of email is incorrect.'),
      body(password).isLength({min: 6}).withMessage('Password minimum 6 characters.')
], (req,res)=>{
      // Check for validation errors
      const errors = validationResult(req);
      if(!errors.isEmpty()) {
            return res.status(400).json({errors: errors.array() });
      }
      // If everything is correct, process the request
      const {name,email,password} = req.body;
      res.status(201).json({message: 'User created', name, email});
});
app.listen(port, ()=>{
      console.log(`Server running at http://localhost:${port}`);
```

**body** and **validationResult** are express-validator functions to define validation rules and handle errors.

If we try to create a user with the following data:

```
{
    "name": "John",
    "email": "john@example.com",
    "password": "secret123"
}
```

We will pass the validation. Response Body:

```
{
    "message":"User created","name":"John","email":" john@example.com "
}
```

If we try to create a user with the following data:

```
{
    "email": "john@example.com",
    "password": "secret123"
}
```

We will not pass the validation. Response Body:

# **Dynamic routes**

Dynamic routes in Express allow you to create URLs that include variable parameters. This makes it easier to manage resources with variable identities, such as getting an element by ID.

```
app.get('/dynamic/:id',function(req,res){
    res.send('The id you specified is ' + req.params.id);
});
```

A call to the following endpoint: http://localhost:3000/dynamic/12345

It would result in **req.params**.id would have the value: 12345.

":id" is a variable that can take different value depending on the call, allowing Express to capture that value and use it within the route.

This flexibility allows handling a wide variety of requests with a single route, as the dynamic parameter ":id" can represent different resource identifiers depending on the request.

### **ACTIVITIES**

## 1. API for book management

API must allow to manage bookstores, books and their sales.

The layout includes 3 data models related to each other, saved in the following files JSON: <a href="https://github.com/xbaubes/DesenvolupamentWeb/tree/main/Backend/Node.js/Express.js/">https://github.com/xbaubes/DesenvolupamentWeb/tree/main/Backend/Node.js/Express.js/</a> books

### Tasks:

- Access to the data requires authentication. An endpoint must be provided for user creation that returns a **JWT** to access the data. Registered users and their passwords will be stored in an encrypted file: users.json.
- Assess which CRUD operations make sense for each model and design them; ensure
  you understand the relationships between models before starting. Note that sales.json
  is a record of completed sales, so updating or deleting data is unnecessary; consider
  how to handle returns.
- We are developing an API, so we will only return responses in **JSON** format, using res.json().
- Return **sorted** data. You can use JavaScript's sort() method.
- **Validate** incoming data, ensuring it meets the expected format, type, and range before saving.
- **Sanitize** incoming data, such as removing unnecessary spaces.
- **Handle any error** that may occur.
- Return appropriate **HTTP status codes** for each request.
- Implement **CORS** to allow access from other domains to the API.
- Data identifiers are generated using **uuid**, a 128-bit identifier that, due to probability, is almost guaranteed to be unique.
- Generate logs for interactions with the API: log all requests to the API and their results.
- Update **updatedAt** included in each file with each data modification. You can use JavaScript's Date object.
- The API will start with the following route: **api/v1**. Using a version indicator like v1 allows for managing changes and incompatibilities as the API evolves. We could keep the old version to avoid issues for applications that use it while developing new features in v2.
- It should allow **filtering** of data according to specified fields. Implement filtering using parameters sent by URL with GET. For example:
  - Retrieve books written by a particular author.
- Develop **operations that relate multiple files**. For example:
  - Obtain the number of copies sold of a specific book.
  - Retrieve bookstores that have more than 20 copies of a specific book.
  - Get the revenue of a specific bookstore.

# **Project Organization:**

```
api
— routes/
— controllers/
— models/
— middleware/
— server.js // Main application file
— config.js //cconfiguration API; for example, the port of the server
— .env //Environment variables
— .gitignore // Files and folders ignored by Git; for example, .env
— server.log //API logs
— package.json
— package-lock.json
— node_modules/
```

Create a routes file and handler for each JSON data file, this will make the application easier to maintain and scalable.

You can further modularize the application, for example, by separating data access.

## **BIBLIOGRAPHY AND WEBGRAPHY**

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