Calculus Problem (3.1) Calculate the following sum

3

$$\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{6^i} + 0.25^i\right) \quad \frac{3}{5}$$
Problem 3.2. Find the following limit
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3} = 6$$

this function defined?

s.t. x + y = 10

What is $A \cdot B$?

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$$\left(\frac{x^2+3}{x+2}\right)' \qquad \frac{(\times+3)(\times-1)}{(\times+2)^2}$$

Problem 3.5. Find the second derivative of

Problem 3.4. Find the following derivative

$$f(x) = x^{7} + 4x^{2} \qquad f'(x) = 42x^{5} + 8$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^{4} + 4^{x}}{\ln(x)} \left(\frac{4x^{3} + 4^{x} \ln(4) \ln x - \frac{1}{x} (x^{4} + 4^{x})}{\ln(x)^{2}} \right)$$

Problem 3.7. Consider the following function. Find all of its stationary points and classify them as local

vative of
$$f(x)$$

Problem 3.3. Find the slope of the function $f(x) = x^3 - 4$ at (-1, -5).

minima, local maxima or inflection points.

$$f(x) = \frac{x + 1}{\ln(x)}$$
g function. Find all of its ints.

 $f(x,y) = \sqrt{xy} - 0.7x - 0.7y$

Problem 3.12. Solve the following constrained optimization problem using Lagrange's method: $\max x^2y^2$ max x y = 605

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

 $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

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Problem 3.10. Find all partial derivatives of the following function: $\frac{2 + (x,y)}{5} = 0.5x + y.2x$ $f(x,y) = x^5 e^y + x^2 y^3$ $\frac{2 + (x,y)}{5} = x^5 e^y + x^2.3y^2$ Problem 3.1). Find the local maxima or minima of the following function

Linear algebra

Problem 4.1. Take the following matrices:

[6 17 6]

X=9 = 5

$$x^{3} - 9x \qquad \qquad \times$$

$$3) = 58$$

X=-1 local maxima

$$-\frac{1}{2}$$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1$