

MIT AI2 204

IoT with MIT App Inventor

Fundamental

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Sending Temperature and Humidity To your android device

Description: In this project, a temperature and humidity sensor module is connected to your Raspberry Pi. The Raspberry Pi sends the ambient temperature and humidity measurements every 10 seconds to the Android mobile phone where they are displayed on the screen.

Sending Temperature and Humidity To your android device

Hygrothermograph is an important tool in our lives to give us data on the temperature and humidity in our environment. In this project, we will use the RPi to read Temperature and Humidity data of the DHT11 Module.

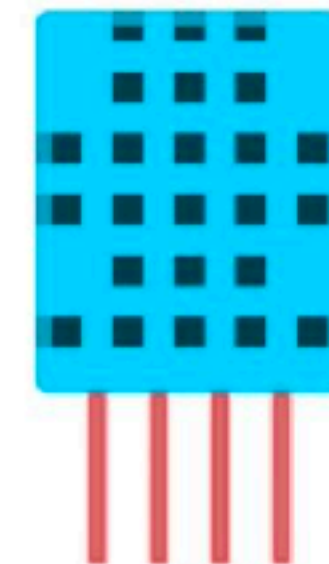
Component List

Raspberry Pi (with 40 GPIO) x1
GPIO Expansion Board & Ribbon Cable x1
Breadboard x1

Jumper Wire x4



DHT11 x1

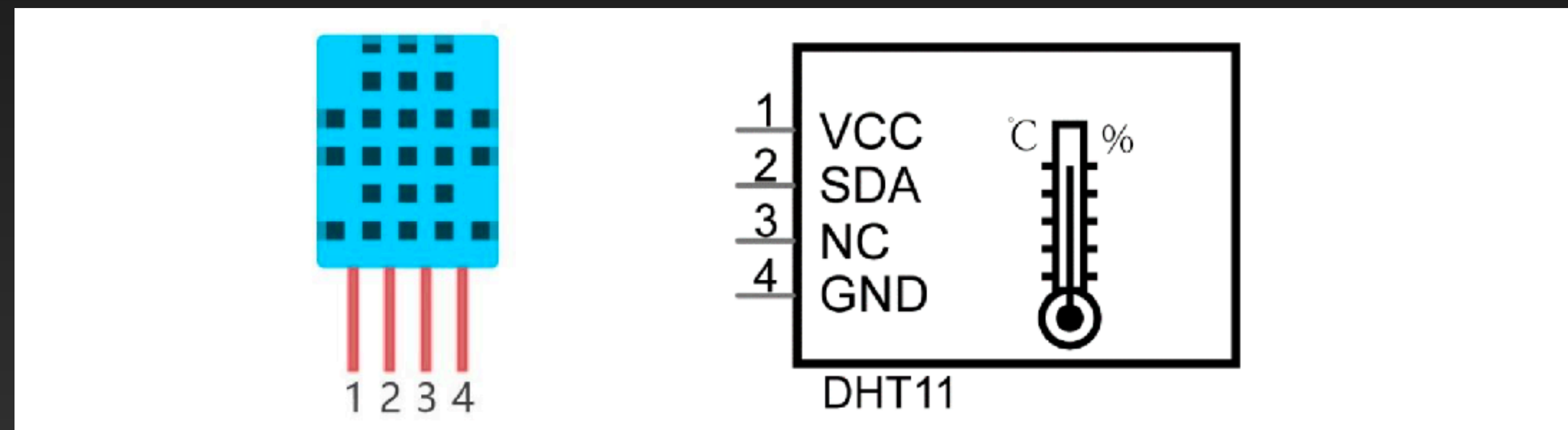


Resistor 10kΩ x1



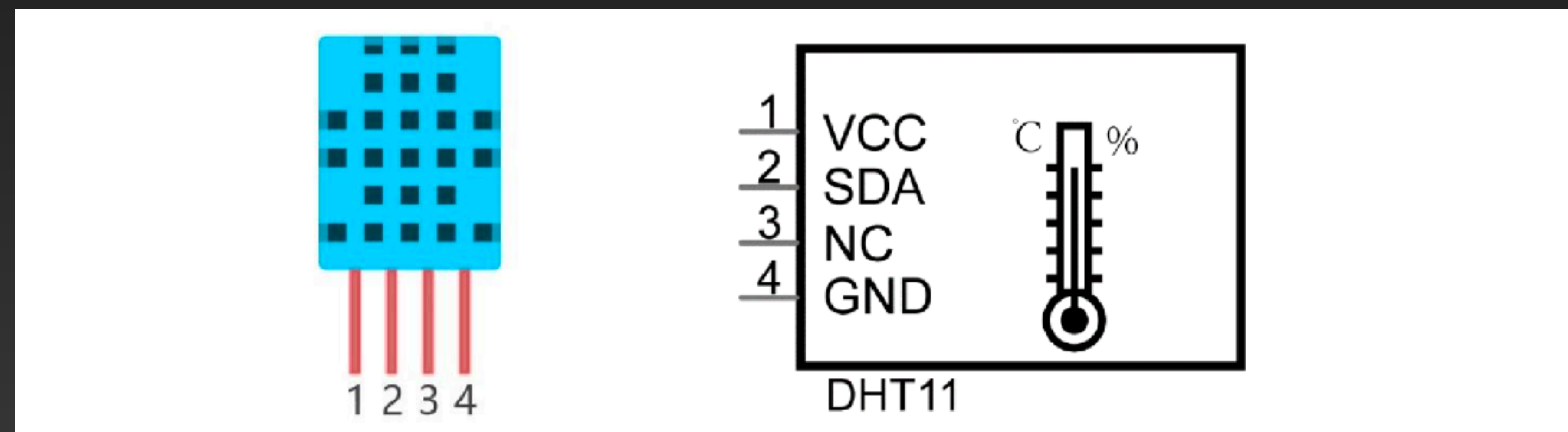
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The Temperature & Humidity Sensor DHT11 is a compound temperature & humidity sensor, and the output digital signal has been calibrated by its manufacturer.



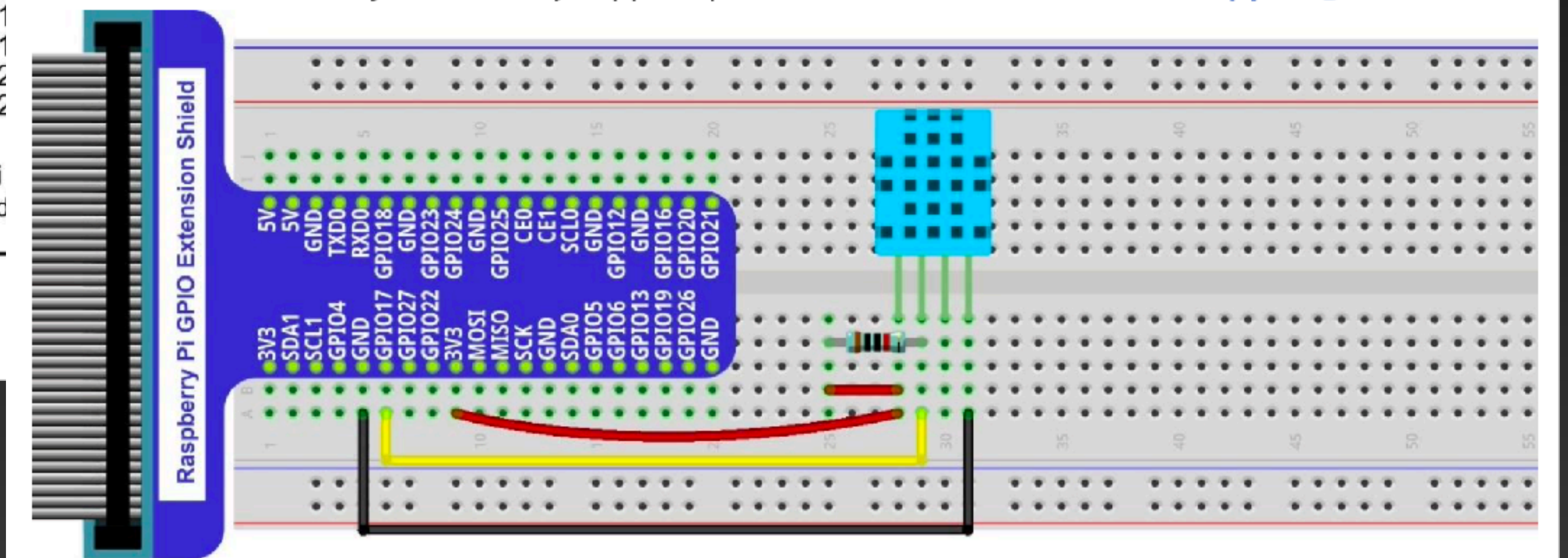
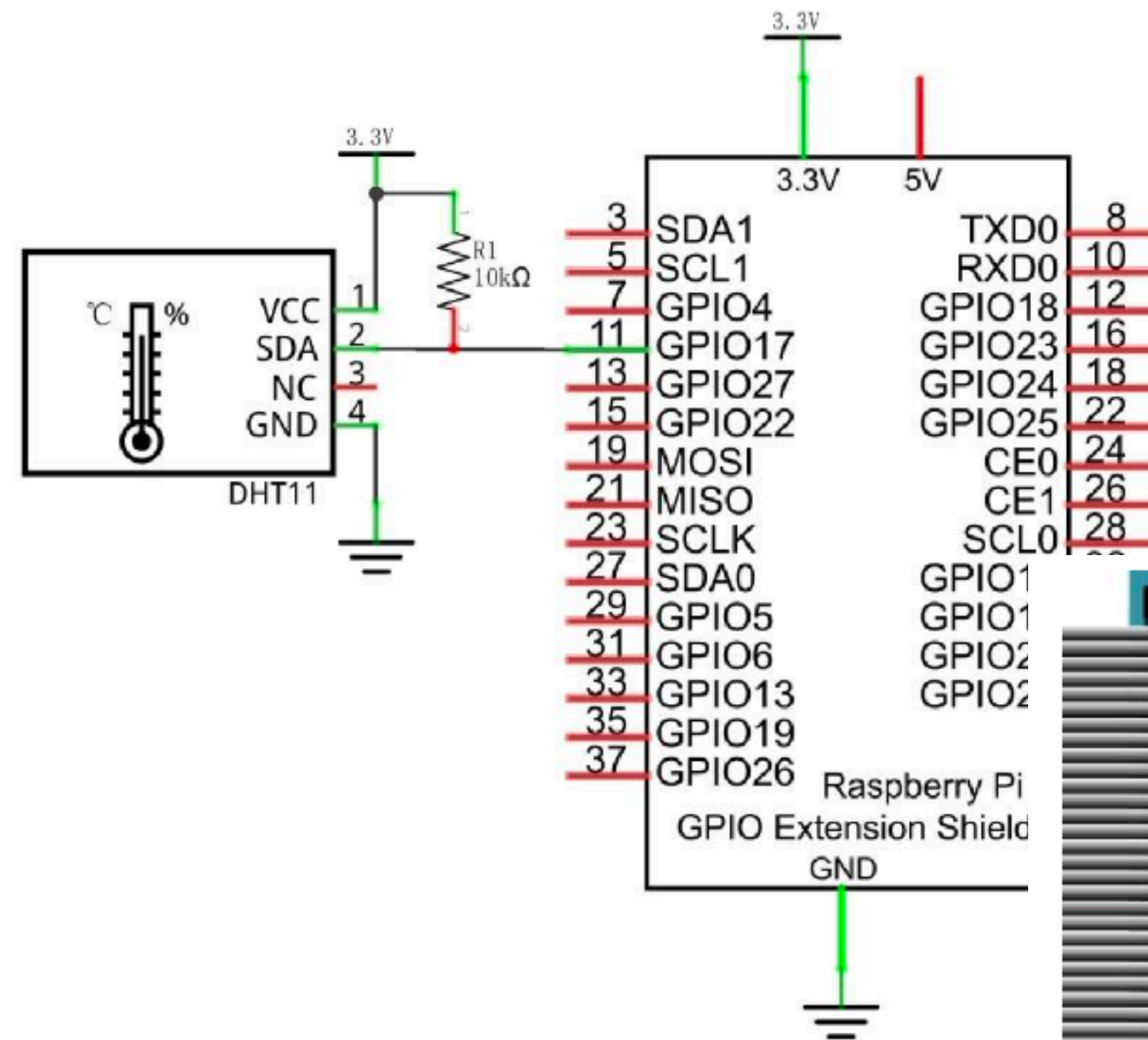
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After being powered up, it will initialize in 1 second. Its operating voltage is within the range of 3.3V-5.5V. The SDA pin is a data pin, which is used to communicate with other devices. The NC pin (Not Connected Pin) are a type of pin found on various integrated circuit packages. Those pins have no functional purpose to the outside circuit (but may have an unknown functionality during manufacture and test). Those pins **should not be connected** to any of the circuit connections.



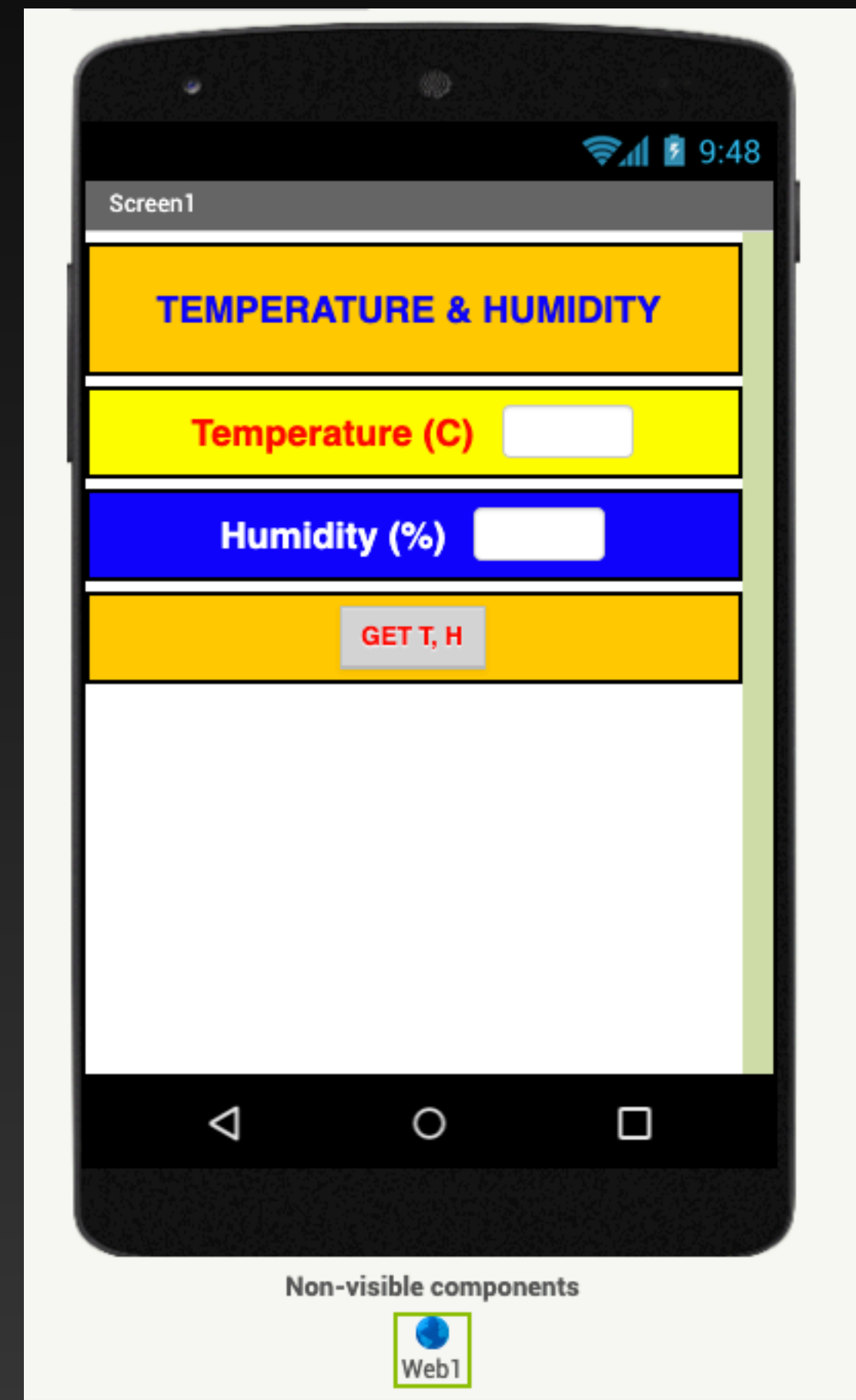
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Schematic diagram



Sending Temperature and Humidity To your android device

Build your MIT App



```
initialize global TH to ""
initialize global RaspberryPi to "http://192.168.1.xxx"

when Button1.Click
do
  set Web1.Url to get global RaspberryPi
  call Web1.Get

when Web1.GotText
  url responseCode responseType responseContent
  do
    set global TH to get responseContent
    set TextBox1.Text to segment text get global TH
      start 1
      length 2
    set TextBox2.Text to segment text get global TH
      start 4
      length 2
```

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Prepare the environment:(pi4)

```
sudo pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-dht
```

There is new updates to the library:

https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_CircuitPython_DHT

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Prepare the environment:(pi5)

```
mkdir dht_test
```

```
cd dht_test
```

```
python3 -m venv myenv
```

```
source myenv/bin/activate
```

```
python3 -m pip install adafruit-circuitpython-dht
```

```
python3 -m pip install flask
```

——-Find the python3 location and run with sudo command——-

```
sudo /home/pi/DHT11/myenv/bin/python3 DHT11Test.py
```

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Write the python's
control program

```
9 import time
10 from flask import Flask, render_template
11 import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
12 import adafruit_dht
13 from board import *
14
15 # GPIO17
16 SENSOR_PIN = D17
17
18 app = Flask(__name__)
19
20 @app.route('/', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
21 def get_data():
22
23     dht11 = adafruit_dht.DHT11(SENSOR_PIN, use_pulseio=False)
24     temp = dht11.temperature
25     hum = dht11.humidity
26     tempint = int(temp)
27     humint = int(hum)
28     if tempint < 10:
29         datat = "0" + str(tempint)
30     else:
31         datat = str(tempint)
32     datath = datat + "," + str(humint)
33     return(datath)
34
35 if __name__ == '__main__':
36     app.run(debug=True, port=80, host='0.0.0.0', use_reloader=False)
37
38
```

Homework

Finish class project to setup Temperature and Humidity sensor, and post questions you have encounter