

DAA - PRACTICALS

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BSC HONS COMPUTER SCIENCE

Practicals List

1) Write a program to sort the elements of an array using Insertion Sort (The program should report the number of comparisons).

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void insertionSort(int arr[], int n, int& comparisons) {
    int i, key, j;
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        key = arr[i];
        j = i - 1;
        comparisons = 0; // reset comparisons for each iteration
        while (j \ge 0 \&\& arr[j] > key) {
            arr[j + 1] = arr[j];
            j = j - 1;
            comparisons++; // increment comparisons
        arr[j + 1] = key;
    }
int main() {
    int arr[] = {10, 20, 7, 15, 5};
    int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    int comparisons = 0;
    insertionSort(arr, n, comparisons);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        cout << arr[i] << " ";</pre>
    cout << "\nComparisons made: " << comparisons << endl;</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
```

```
PS D:\algo-prac> cd "d:\algo-prac\" ; if ($?) { g++ Q1.cpp -0 Q1 } ; if ($?) { .\Q1 }
5 7 10 15 20
Comparisons made: 4
PS D:\algo-prac>
```

2) Write a program to sort the elements of an array using Merge Sort (The program should report the number of comparisons).

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void merge(int arr[], int l, int m, int r, int& comparisons) {
    int i, j, k;
    int n1 = m - 1 + 1;
    int n2 = r - m;
    int L[n1], R[n2];
    for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
        L[i] = arr[l + i];
    for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)
        R[j] = arr[m + 1 + j];
    i = 0;
   j = 0;
    k = 1;
    while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2) {
        comparisons++; // increment comparisons
        if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
            arr[k] = L[i];
```

```
i++;
        } else {
            arr[k] = R[j];
            j++;
        }
        k++;
    }
    while (i < n1) {
        arr[k] = L[i];
        i++;
        k++;
    }
    while (j < n2) {
        arr[k] = R[j];
        j++;
        k++;
    }
}
void mergeSort(int arr[], int l, int r, int& comparisons) {
    if (1 >= r) {
        return;
    }
    int m = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
    mergeSort(arr, 1, m, comparisons);
    mergeSort(arr, m + 1, r, comparisons);
    merge(arr, 1, m, r, comparisons);
}
int main() {
    int arr[] = {11, 30, 70, 15, 25};
```

```
int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
int comparisons = 0;

mergeSort(arr, 0, n - 1, comparisons);
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        cout << arr[i] << " ";

cout << "\nComparisons made: " << comparisons << endl;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
PS D:\algo-prac> cd "d:\algo-prac\" ; if ($?) { g++ Q2.cpp -0 Q2 } ; if ($?) { .\Q2 }
11 15 25 30 70
Comparisons made: 7
PS D:\algo-prac> [
```

3) Write a program to sort the elements of an array using Heap Sort (The program should report the number of comparisons).

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void heapify(int arr[], int n, int i, int& comparisons) {
   int largest = i;
   int l = 2 * i + 1;
   int r = 2 * i + 2;

   if (1 < n && arr[1] > arr[largest]) {
        largest = 1;
        comparisons++; // increment comparisons
   }

   if (r < n && arr[r] > arr[largest]) {
        largest = r;
   }
}
```

```
comparisons++; // increment comparisons
    }
    if (largest!= i) {
        swap(arr[i], arr[largest]);
        heapify(arr, n, largest, comparisons);
    }
void heapSort(int arr[], int n, int& comparisons) {
    for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
        heapify(arr, n, i, comparisons);
    }
    for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i --) {
        swap(arr[0], arr[i]);
        heapify(arr, i, 0, comparisons);
    }
int main() {
    int arr[] = {33, 6, 1, 90, 4, 7};
    int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    int comparisons = 0;
    heapSort(arr, n, comparisons);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        cout << arr[i] << " ";</pre>
    cout << "\nComparisons made: " << comparisons << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

```
PS D:\algo-prac> cd "d:\algo-prac\" ; if ($?) { g++ Q3.cpp -o Q3 } ; if ($?) { .\Q3 }
1 4 6 7 33 90
Comparisons made: 8
PS D:\algo-prac>
```

4) Write a program to sort the elements of an array using Quick Sort (The program should report the number of comparisons).

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int partition(int arr[], int low, int high, int& comparisons) {
    int pivot = arr[high];
    int i = (low - 1);
    for (int j = low; j <= high - 1; j++) {
        comparisons++; // increment comparisons
        if (arr[j] < pivot) {</pre>
            i++;
            swap(arr[i], arr[j]);
    }
    swap(arr[i + 1], arr[high]);
    return (i + 1);
void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high, int& comparisons) {
    if (low < high) {</pre>
        int pi = partition(arr, low, high, comparisons);
        quickSort(arr, low, pi - 1, comparisons);
        quickSort(arr, pi + 1, high, comparisons);
    }
int main() {
```

```
PS D:\algo-prac> cd "d:\algo-prac\" ; if ($?) { g++ Q4.cpp -0 Q4 } ; if ($?) { .\Q4 }
10 12 32 34 55 89
Comparisons made: 11
PS D:\algo-prac>
```

5) Write a program to multiply two matrices using the Strassen's algorithm for matrix multiplication.

```
template<typename T>
void output(int n, T C[][N]);
int main() {
    int A[N][N],B[N][N],C[N][N];
    cout<<"Enter A\n";</pre>
    input(N,A);
    cout<<"\nEnter B\n";</pre>
    input(N,B);
    cout<<"\nMatrix A is:\n";</pre>
    output(N, A);
    cout<<"\nMatrix B is:\n";</pre>
    output(N, B);
    //C=A*B
    Strassen(N, A, B, C);
    output(N, C);
    return 0;
}
// Input
template<typename T>
void input(int n, T p[][N]) {
     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {</pre>
         cout<<"Please Input Line "<<i+1<<endl;</pre>
         for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
            cin>>p[i][j];
         }
     }
// Output
```

```
template<typename T>
void output(int n, T C[][N]) {
    cout<<"\n";</pre>
     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
           cout<<C[i][j]<<"\t";
        cout<<"\n";</pre>
     }
// Multiplication
template<typename T>
void Matrix_Multiply(T A[][N], T B[][N], T C[][N]) { //
Calculating A*B -> C
     //output(2,A);
     //output(2,B);
     for(int i=0; i<2; i++) {
        for(int j=0; j<2; j++) {
           C[i][j] = 0;
           for(int t=0; t<2; t++) {
              C[i][j] = C[i][j] + A[i][t]*B[t][j];
           }
     }
// Addition
template <typename T>
void Matrix_Add(int n, T X[][N], T Y[][N], T Z[][N]) {
     //output(n,X);
     //output(n,Y);
     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {</pre>
        for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
           Z[i][j] = X[i][j] + Y[i][j];
```

```
}
// Under construction
template <typename T>
void Matrix_Sub(int n, T X[][N], T Y[][N], T Z[][N]) {
     for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
           Z[i][j] = X[i][j] - Y[i][j];
        }
     }
                STRASSEN
template <typename T>
void Strassen(int n, T A[][N], T B[][N], T C[][N]) {
     T A11[N][N], A12[N][N], A21[N][N], A22[N][N];
     T B11[N][N], B12[N][N], B21[N][N], B22[N][N];
     T C11[N][N], C12[N][N], C21[N][N], C22[N][N];
     T M1[N][N], M2[N][N], M3[N][N], M4[N][N], M5[N][N], M6[N][N],
M7[N][N];
     T AA[N][N], BB[N][N];
     if(n == 2) { //2-order}
        Matrix Multiply(A, B, C);
     } else {
        for(int i=0; i<n/2; i++) {
           for(int j=0; j<n/2; j++) {
              A11[i][j] = A[i][j];
              A12[i][j] = A[i][j+n/2];
              A21[i][j] = A[i+n/2][j];
              A22[i][j] = A[i+n/2][j+n/2];
              B11[i][j] = B[i][j];
              B12[i][j] = B[i][j+n/2];
```

```
B21[i][j] = B[i+n/2][j];
     B22[i][j] = B[i+n/2][j+n/2];
  }
}
cout<<"\n Dividing A and B :\n";</pre>
cout<<"\n\tA11:\n";</pre>
output(n/2, A11);
cout<<"\n\tA12:\n";</pre>
output(n/2, A12);
cout<<"\n\tA21:\n";</pre>
output(n/2, A21);
cout<<"\n\tA22:\n";</pre>
output(n/2, A22);
cout<<"\n\tB11:\n";</pre>
output(n/2, B11);
cout<<"\n\tB12:\n";</pre>
output(n/2, B12);
cout<<"\n\tB21:\n";</pre>
output(n/2, B21);
cout<<"\n\tB22:\n";</pre>
output(n/2, B22);
cout<<"\n\n-----";
cout<<"\n-----";
cout<<"\n-----";
// Calculation of M1 = (A0 + A3) * (B0 + B3)
```

```
cout<<"\n-----";
cout<<"\nM1 =\n ";
output(n/2, A11);
cout<<"++++++;
output(n/2, A22);
cout<<"____\n******\n____";
output(n/2, B11);
cout<<"++++++;
output(n/2, B22);
cout<<"____\n-----":
Matrix Add(n/2, A11, A22, AA);
Matrix_Add(n/2, B11, B22, BB);
Strassen(n/2, AA, BB, M1);
// Calculation of M2 = (A2 + A3) * B0
cout<<"-----
cout<<"\nM2 =\n ";
output(n/2, A21);
cout<<"+++++;
output(n/2, A22);
cout<<"____\n******\n____";
output(n/2, B11);
cout<<"____\n-----";
Matrix Add(n/2, A21, A22, AA);
Strassen(n/2, AA, B11, M2);
// Calculation M3 = A0 * (B1 - B3)
cout<<"-----
cout<<"\nM3 =\n_____";
output(n/2, A11);
cout<<"____\n******\n ";
output(n/2, B12);
```

```
cout<<"----";
output(n/2, B22);
cout<<"____\n-----";
Matrix Sub(n/2, B12, B22, BB);
Strassen(n/2, A11, BB, M3);
// Calculation M4 = A3 * (B2 - B0)
cout<<"----":
cout<<"\nM4 =\n_____";
output(n/2, A22);
cout<<"____\n******\n ";
output(n/2, B21);
cout<<"----";
output(n/2, B11);
cout<<"_____\n-----;
Matrix Sub(n/2, B21, B11, BB);
Strassen(n/2, A22, BB, M4);
// Calculation M5 = (A0 + A1) * B3
cout<<"-----
output(n/2, A11);
cout<<"++++++;
output(n/2, A12);
cout<<" \n******\n ";
output(n/2, B22);
cout<<"_____\n-----":
Matrix Add(n/2, A11, A12, AA);
Strassen(n/2, AA, B22, M5);
```

```
// Calculation M6 = (A2 - A0) * (B0 + B1)
cout<<"-----
cout<<"\nM6 =\n ";
output(n/2, A21);
cout<<"----";
output(n/2, A11);
cout<<"____\n******\n ";
output(n/2, B11);
cout<<"++++++;
output(n/2, B12);
cout<<"____\n-----";
Matrix Sub(n/2, A21, A11, AA);
Matrix_Add(n/2, B11, B12, BB);
Strassen(n/2, AA, BB, M6);
// Calculation M7 = (A1 - A3) * (B2 + B3)
cout<<"\nM7 =\n____";
output(n/2, A12);
cout<<"----";
output(n/2, A22);
cout<<"____\n******\n ";
output(n/2, B21);
cout<<"++++++;
output(n/2, B22);
cout<<"_____\n-----":
Matrix Sub(n/2, A12, A22, AA);
Matrix_Add(n/2, B21, B22, BB);
Strassen(n/2, AA, BB, M7);
cout<<"\n\n\n-----";
cout<<"\n-----":
```

```
cout<<"\n \nM1=";</pre>
output(n/2, M1);
cout<<"___\nM2=";
output(n/2, M2);
cout<<"____\nM3=";
output(n/2, M3);
cout<<" \nM4=";
output(n/2, M4);
cout<<"____\nM5=";
output(n/2, M5);
cout<<" \nM6=";
output(n/2, M6);
cout<<"___\nM7=";
output(n/2, M7);
cout<<"\n\n\-----;
cout<<"\n-----":
cout<<"\n-----";
// Calculation C0 = M1 + M4 - M5 + M7
cout<<"\n------::
cout<<"\nC11 =\n ";
output(n/2, M1);
cout<<"+++++;
output(n/2, M4);
cout<<"----";
output(n/2, M5);
cout<<"++++++";
output(n/2, M7);
cout<<" \n----";
Matrix_Add(n/2, M1, M4, AA);
Matrix_Sub(n/2, M7, M5, BB);
Matrix_Add(n/2, AA, BB, C11);
```

```
// Calculation C1 = M3 + M5
cout<<"-----
cout<<"\nC12 =\n ";
output(n/2, M3);
cout<<"+++++";
output(n/2, M5);
cout<<" \n-----
Matrix_Add(n/2, M3, M5, C12);
// Calculation C2 = M2 + M4
cout<<"----":
cout<<"\nC21 =\n ";
output(n/2, M2);
cout<<"+++++;
output(n/2, M4);
cout<<"____\n-----
Matrix Add(n/2, M2, M4, C21);
// Calculation C3 = M1 - M2 + M3 + M6
cout<<"\nC22 =\n_____";
output(n/2, M1);
cout<<"----";
output(n/2, M2);
cout<<"+++++;
output(n/2, M3);
cout<<"++++++;
output(n/2, M6);
cout<<"___\n-----
Matrix Sub(n/2, M1, M2, AA);
Matrix Add(n/2, M3, M6, BB);
Matrix Add(n/2, AA, BB, C22);
cout<<"\n\n\n-----";
cout<<"\n-----":
cout<<"\n-----":
```

```
cout<<"\n____\nC11=";
  output(n/2, C11);
  cout<<"___\nC12=";
  output(n/2, C12);
  cout<<"____\nC21=";
  output(n/2, C21);
  cout<<" \nC22=";
  output(n/2, C22);
  cout<<"____";
  cout<<"\n\n-----";
  cout<<"----";
  cout<<"\nFinal Answer:\n\n";</pre>
  for(int i=0; i<n/2; i++) {
    for(int j=0; j<n/2; j++) {</pre>
       C[i][j] = C11[i][j];
       C[i][j+n/2] = C12[i][j];
       C[i+n/2][j] = C21[i][j];
       C[i+n/2][j+n/2] = C22[i][j];
  }
}
```

Input:

Enter A			
Please	Input	Line	1
1			
2			
3			
2 3 4			
Please	Input	Line	2
2 3 4 5			
4			
5			
Please	Input	Line	3
3			
4 1			
2			
Please	Innut	Line	4
1	Imput	Line	-
1			
1			
1			
_			
Enter B	ł		
Enter B		lina	1
Please		Line	1
Please 10		Line	1
Please 10 2		Line	1
Please 10 2 3		Line	1
Please 10 2 3	Input		
Please 10 2 3 4 Please	Input		
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20	Input		
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3	Input		
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3	Input		
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4	Input Input	Line	2
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4 1 Please	Input Input	Line	2
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4 1 Please 1	Input Input	Line	2
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4 1 Please 1	Input Input	Line	2
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4 1 Please 1	Input Input	Line	2
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4 1 Please 1 1	Input Input	Line Line	2
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4 1 Please 1 1 1	Input Input	Line Line	2
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4 1 Please 1 1 1	Input Input	Line Line	2
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4 1 Please 1 1 1	Input Input	Line Line	2
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4 1 Please 1 1 1	Input Input	Line Line	2
Please 10 2 3 4 Please 20 3 4 1 Please 1 1	Input Input	Line Line	2

1	2	3	1
T	2	4	4 5
3	3 4	1	2
1 2 3 1	1	1	1
Matri	ix B is:		
10	2	3	4
20	2	3 4	4
10 20 1 4		3 4 1 2	

Divid	ding A and B :	M1 =	M4 =	M7 =
	A11:	1 2 2 3	1 2 1 1	3 4 4 5
1	2	+++++++ 1 2	******	
2	3	1 1		1 2 1 1
	A12:	******	1 1 4 3	*****
3	4	10 2	10 2	1 1
4	5	20 3	20 3	4 3
	A21:	1 1		+++++++ 1 1
9	4	2 1	M5 =	2 1
3 1	1		1 2	
	A22:	M2 =	2 3	M1=
	AZZ:	3 4	+++++++ 3 4	110 22 121 25
1	2	1 1	4 5	
1	1	+++++++	ate ate ate ate ate ate ate	M2=
	B11:	1 2 1 1	******	160 26 60 10
10	2	******	1 1	 M3=
10 20	2	*****	2 1	6 3
	242	10 2		10 6
	B12:	20 3	M6 =	M4=
3	4		- 3 4	-41 -1
4	1	M3 =	1 1	-25 -1
	B21:	1 2	1 2	M5=
1	1	2 3	2 3	16 10 22 14
1 4	3	******	*****	
	800	3 4	10 2	M6= 74 20
	B22:	4 1	20 3	-61 -14
1	1		+++++++	
2	1	1 1 2 1	3 4 4 1	M7= 16 12
		2 1	4 1	30 22

22
22
25
-1
-1
10
14
12
22
3
6
10
14
26
10
-1
-1
_
22
25
26
10
3
6
20
20

644	
C11=	22
69	23
104	32
C12=	
22 32	13
32	20
C21=	
119	25
35	9
C22=	
30	19
10	7

```
Final Answer:
        23
                 22
69
                         13
104
        32
                 32
                         20
119
        25
                 30
                         19
35
                 10
                         7
```

6) Write a program to sort the elements of an array using Count Sort.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void countSort(int arr[], int n) {
    int k = arr[0];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        k = max(k, arr[i]);
    int count[k + 1] = {0};
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        count[arr[i]]++;
    for (int i = 1; i <= k; i++)
        count[i] += count[i - 1];
    int output[n];
    for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
        output[count[arr[i]] - 1] = arr[i];
        count[arr[i]]--;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        arr[i] = output[i];
int main() {
    int arr[] = {35, 40, 11, 20, 78, 43, 51};
    int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    countSort(arr, n);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        cout << arr[i] << " ";</pre>
    return 0:
```

```
Output:

PS D:\algo-prac> cd "d:\algo-prac\" ; if ($?) { g++ Q6.cpp -o Q6 } ; if ($?) { .\Q6 }

11 20 35 40 43 51 78

PS D:\algo-prac>
```

7) Display the data stored in a given graph using the Breadth-First Search algorithm.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
class Graph {
public:
    vector<vector<int>> adj;
    Graph(int n) {
        adj.resize(n);
    }
    void addEdge(int u, int v) {
        adj[u].push_back(v);
        adj[v].push_back(u);
    }
    void BFS(int src) {
        vector<bool> visited(adj.size(), false);
        queue<int> q;
        q.push(src);
        visited[src] = true;
        while (!q.empty()) {
            int u = q.front();
            q.pop();
```

```
cout << u << " ";
            for (auto v : adj[u]) {
                if (!visited[v]) {
                    q.push(v);
                    visited[v] = true;
                }
        }
    }
};
int main() {
    Graph abc(13);
    abc.addEdge(0, 12);
    abc.addEdge(0, 2);
    abc.addEdge(1, 9);
    abc.addEdge(2, 6);
    abc.addEdge(2, 4);
    abc.addEdge(3, 10);
    abc.addEdge(4, 5);
    abc.BFS(0);
    return 0;
```

```
PS D:\algo-prac> cd "d:\algo-prac\" ; if ($?) { g++ Q7.cpp -0 Q7 } ; if ($?) { .\Q7 }
0 12 2 6 4 5
PS D:\algo-prac>
```

8) Display the data stored in a given graph using the Depth-First Search algorithm.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <stack>
using namespace std;
class Graph {
public:
    vector<vector<int>> adj;
    Graph(int n) {
        adj.resize(n);
    }
    void addEdge(int u, int v) {
        adj[u].push back(v);
        adj[v].push_back(u);
    }
    void DFS(int src, vector<bool>& visited) {
        stack<int> s;
        s.push(src);
        visited[src] = true;
        while (!s.empty()) {
            int u = s.top();
            s.pop();
            cout << u << " ";
            for (auto v : adj[u]) {
                if (!visited[v]) {
                    s.push(v);
                    visited[v] = true;
```

```
}
}

}

int main() {
    Graph abc(13);
    abc.addEdge(0, 12);
    abc.addEdge(0, 2);
    abc.addEdge(1, 9);
    abc.addEdge(2, 6);
    abc.addEdge(2, 4);
    abc.addEdge(3, 10);
    abc.addEdge(4, 5);

    vector<bool> visited(abc.adj.size(), false);
    abc.DFS(0, visited);

    return 0;
}
```

```
PS D:\algo-prac> cd "d:\algo-prac\" ; if ($?) { g++ Q8.cpp -0 Q8 } ; if ($?) { .\Q8 }
0 2 4 5 6 12
PS D:\algo-prac>
```

9) Write a program to determine a minimum spanning tree of a graph using the Prim's algorithm.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
using namespace std;

class Graph {
public:
    vector<vector<pair<int, int>>> adj;
```

```
Graph(int n) {
        adj.resize(n);
    }
    void addEdge(int u, int v, int w) {
        adj[u].push back(make_pair(v, w));
        adj[v].push_back(make_pair(u, w));
    }
    int prim() {
        int n = adj.size();
        vector<bool> visited(n, false);
        vector<int> key(n, 999999); // Manual maximum value
        vector<int> parent(n, -1);
        priority_queue<pair<int, int>, vector<pair<int, int>>,
greater<pair<int, int>>> pq;
        key[0] = 0;
        pq.push(make_pair(0, 0));
        int mstCost = 0;
        while (!pq.empty()) {
            int u = pq.top().second;
            pq.pop();
            if (visited[u])
                continue;
            visited[u] = true;
            mstCost += key[u];
            for (auto v : adj[u]) {
                if (!visited[v.first] && v.second < key[v.first]) {</pre>
                    key[v.first] = v.second;
                    parent[v.first] = u;
                    pq.push(make pair(v.second, v.first));
```

```
}
        return mstCost;
    }
};
int main() {
    Graph abc(13);
    abc.addEdge(0, 1, 10);
    abc.addEdge(0, 2, 6);
    abc.addEdge(0, 3, 5);
    abc.addEdge(1, 3, 15);
    abc.addEdge(2, 3, 4);
    abc.addEdge(2, 4, 2);
    abc.addEdge(3, 4, 1);
    cout << "Minimum Spanning Tree Cost: " << abc.prim() << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

```
PS D:\algo-prac> cd "d:\algo-prac\" ; if ($?) { g++ Q9.cpp -0 Q9 } ; if ($?) { .\Q9 }
Minimum Spanning Tree Cost: 18
PS D:\algo-prac> [
```

10) Write a program to solve the 0-1 knapsack problem

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int knapSack(int W, vector<int> wt, vector<int> val, int n) {
```

```
vector<vector<int>> K(n + 1, vector<int>(W + 1));
    for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
        for (int w = 0; w <= W; w++) {
            if (i == 0 || w == 0)
                K[i][w] = 0;
            else if (wt[i - 1] <= w)
                K[i][w] = max(val[i - 1] + K[i - 1][w - wt[i - 1]],
K[i - 1][w]);
            else
                K[i][w] = K[i - 1][w];
    }
    return K[n][W];
int main() {
    vector<int> wt = \{1, 2, 3, 12, 22, 30\};
    vector<int> val = {40, 30, 60, 80, 90, 99};
    int W = 20;
    int n = wt.size();
    cout << "Maximum value that can be obtained: " << knapSack(W,</pre>
wt, val, n) << endl;
    return 0;
```

```
PS D:\algo-prac> cd "d:\algo-prac\" ; if ($?) { g++ Q10.cpp -0 Q10 } ; if ($?) { .\Q10 }
Maximum value that can be obtained: 210
PS D:\algo-prac>
```

THANK YOU!

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