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## 1、顺序表

```
Seqlist.h
const int DefaultSize=100;
template <typename Type> class SeqList{
public:
  SeqList(int sz=DefaultSize)
     :m_nmaxsize(sz),m_ncurrentsize(-1){
     if(sz>0) {
       m_elements=new Type[m_nmaxsize];
```

```
~SeqList(){
 delete[] m elements;
}
return m ncurrentsize+1;
}
int Insert(Type x,int i);
               //insert data
int Remove(Type x);
               //delete data
int IsEmpty() {
 return m ncurrentsize==-1;
}
int IsFull() {
 return m ncurrentsize==m nmaxsize-1;
```

```
Type Get(int i) {
                          //get the ith data
     return i<0||i>m ncurrentsize?(cout<<"can't find the element"<<end1,0):m elements[i];</pre>
   }
  void Print();
private:
  Type *m elements;
  const int m nmaxsize;
  int m_ncurrentsize;
};
template <typename Type> int SeqList<Type>::Find(Type x) const{
  for(int i=0;i<m_ncurrentsize;i++)</pre>
     if (m elements[i] == x)
```

```
return i;
  cout<<"can't find the element you want to find"<<endl;</pre>
  return -1;
template <typename Type> int SeqList<Type>::IsElement(Type x) const{
  if(Find(x) == -1)
     return 0;
  return 1;
template <typename Type> int SeqList<Type>::Insert(Type x, int i) {
  if(i<0||i>m ncurrentsize+1||m ncurrentsize==m nmaxsize-1){
     cout<<"the operate is illegal"<<endl;</pre>
     return 0;
```

```
}
  m ncurrentsize++;
  for(int j=m ncurrentsize;j>i;j--){
     m_elements[j]=m_elements[j-1];
  }
  m elements[i]=x;
  return 1;
template <typename Type> int SeqList<Type>::Remove(Type x){
  int size=m ncurrentsize;
  for(int i=0;i<m ncurrentsize;){</pre>
     if (m elements[i] == x) {
        for(int j=i;j<m ncurrentsize;j++){</pre>
          m_elements[j]=m_elements[j+1];
```

```
m ncurrentsize--;
        continue;
     }
     i++;
  }
  if (size==m_ncurrentsize) {
     cout<<"can't find the element you want to remove"<<endl;</pre>
     return 0;
  }
  return 1;
template <typename Type> void SeqList<Type>::Print(){
  for(int i=0;i<=m_ncurrentsize;i++)</pre>
```

```
cout<<i+1<<":\t"<<m_elements[i]<<endl;
  cout<<endl<<endl;</pre>
Test.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include "SeqList.h"
using namespace std;
int main()
  SeqList<int> test(15);
```

```
int array[15]={2,5,8,1,9,9,7,6,4,3,2,9,7,7,9};
for(int i=0;i<15;i++){</pre>
  test.Insert(array[i],0);
}
test.Insert(1,0);
cout<<(test.Find(0)?"can't be found ":"Be found ")<< 0 << endl<<endl;</pre>
test.Remove(7);
test.Print();
test.Remove(9);
test.Print();
test.Remove(0);
test.Print();
return 0;
```

### 2、单链表

```
ListNode.h
template<typename Type> class SingleList;
template<typename Type> class ListNode{
private:
  friend typename SingleList<Type>;
  ListNode():m_pnext(NULL){}
  ListNode(const Type item,ListNode<Type> *next=NULL):m data(item),m pnext(next){}
  ~ListNode(){
    m pnext=NULL;
```

```
public:
  Type GetData();
  friend ostream& operator<< <Type>(ostream& ,ListNode<Type>&);
private:
  Type m data;
  ListNode *m pnext;
};
template<typename Type> Type ListNode<Type>::GetData() {
  return this->m data;
template<typename Type> ostream& operator<<(ostream& os,ListNode<Type>& out) {
```

```
os<<out.m data;</pre>
  return os;
SingleList.h
#include "ListNode.h"
template<typename Type> class SingleList{
public:
  SingleList():head(new ListNode<Type>()){}
  ~SingleList(){
     MakeEmpty();
```

```
delete head;
  }
public:
 void MakeEmpty();
                           //make the list empty
                            //get the length
  int Length();
 ListNode<Type> *Find(Type value, int n); //find thd nth data which is equal to value
 Type Remove(int n=0);
                            //remove the nth data
 bool RemoveAll(Type item);
                           //remove all the data which is equal to item
                            //get the nth data
 Type Get(int n);
 void Print();
                            //print the list
```

#### private:

```
ListNode<Type> *head;
};
template<typename Type> void SingleList<Type>::MakeEmpty() {
  ListNode<Type> *pdel;
  while (head->m pnext!=NULL) {
    pdel=head->m pnext;
     head->m_pnext=pdel->m_pnext;
     delete pdel;
template<typename Type> int SingleList<Type>::Length() {
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head->m pnext;
  int count=0;
```

```
while (pmove!=NULL) {
     pmove=pmove->m pnext;
     count++;
  }
  return count;
template<typename Type> ListNode<Type>* SingleList<Type>::Find(int n) {
  if (n<0) {</pre>
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
     return NULL;
  }
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head->m_pnext;
  for(int i=0;i<n&&pmove;i++){</pre>
     pmove=pmove->m pnext;
```

```
}
  if (pmove==NULL) {
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
     return NULL;
  }
  return pmove;
template<typename Type> ListNode<Type>* SingleList<Type>::Find(Type value,int n) {
  if (n<1) {</pre>
     cout<<"The n is illegal"<<endl;</pre>
     return NULL;
  }
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head;
  int count=0;
```

```
while (count!=n&&pmove) {
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
     if (pmove->m_data==value) {
        count++;
     }
   }
  if (pmove==NULL) {
     cout<<"can't find the element"<<endl;</pre>
     return NULL;
  }
  return pmove;
template<typename Type> bool SingleList<Type>::Insert(Type item, int n) {
```

```
if (n<0) {</pre>
   cout<<"The n is illegal"<<endl;</pre>
   return 0;
}
ListNode<Type> *pmove=head;
ListNode<Type> *pnode=new ListNode<Type>(item);
if (pnode==NULL) {
   cout<<"Application error!"<<endl;</pre>
   return 0;
}
for (int i=0;i<n&&pmove;i++) {</pre>
  pmove=pmove->m pnext;
}
if (pmove==NULL) {
   cout<<"the n is illegal"<<endl;</pre>
```

```
return 0;
  }
  pnode->m pnext=pmove->m pnext;
  pmove->m pnext=pnode;
  return 1;
template<typename Type> bool SingleList<Type>::RemoveAll(Type item) {
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head;
  ListNode<Type> *pdel=head->m pnext;
  while (pdel!=NULL) {
     if (pdel->m_data==item) {
       pmove->m_pnext=pdel->m_pnext;
       delete pdel;
       pdel=pmove->m pnext;
```

```
continue;
     }
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
     pdel=pdel->m pnext;
  }
  return 1;
template<typename Type> Type SingleList<Type>::Remove(int n) {
  if (n<0) {</pre>
     cout<<"can't find the element"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head,*pdel;
  for(int i=0;i<n&&pmove->m_pnext;i++) {
```

```
pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
  }
  if (pmove->m_pnext==NULL) {
     cout<<"can't find the element"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
   }
  pdel=pmove->m pnext;
  pmove->m_pnext=pdel->m_pnext;
  Type temp=pdel->m data;
  delete pdel;
  return temp;
template<typename Type> Type SingleList<Type>::Get(int n) {
  if (n<0) {</pre>
```

```
cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head->m pnext;
  for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
     pmove=pmove->m pnext;
     if (NULL==pmove) {
        cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
        exit(1);
  return pmove->m data;
template<typename Type> void SingleList<Type>::Print(){
```

```
ListNode<Type> *pmove=head->m pnext;
  cout<<"head";
  while (pmove) {
     cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m data;
    pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
  }
  cout<<"--->over"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
test.cpp
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include "SingleList.h"
```

```
int main()
  SingleList<int> list;
  for(int i=0;i<20;i++){</pre>
     list.Insert(i*3,i);
   }
  for(int i=0;i<5;i++) {</pre>
     list.Insert(3,i*3);
   }
  cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
  list.Print();
  list.Remove(5);
```

```
cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
list.Print();
list.RemoveAll(3);
cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
list.Print();
cout<<"The third element is "<<li>list.Get(3)<<endl;</pre>
cout<<*list.Find(18,1)<<endl;</pre>
list.Find(100);
list.MakeEmpty();
cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
```

```
list.Print();
return 0;
```

#### 3、双向链表

```
NodeList.h

template<typename Type> class DoublyList;

template<typename Type> class ListNode{
  private:
    friend class DoublyList<Type>;
```

```
ListNode():m pprior(NULL),m pnext(NULL){}
  ListNode(const Type item,ListNode<Type> *prior=NULL,ListNode<Type> *next=NULL)
     :m data(item),m pprior(prior),m pnext(next){}
  ~ListNode(){
    m pprior=NULL;
    m pnext=NULL;
  }
public:
  Type GetData();
private:
  Type m data;
  ListNode *m pprior;
  ListNode *m pnext;
};
```

```
template<typename Type> Type ListNode<Type>::GetData() {
  return this->m data;
DoubleList.h
#include "ListNode.h"
template<typename Type> class DoublyList{
public:
  DoublyList():head(new ListNode<Type>()){
                                             //the head node point to itself
     head->m pprior=head;
     head->m pnext=head;
  }
  ~DoublyList() {
```

```
MakeEmpty();
    delete head;
  }
public:
  void MakeEmpty(); //make the list empty
  int Length();  //get the length of the list
  ListNode<Type> *Find(int n=0); //find the nth data
  ListNode<Type> * FindData(Type item); //find the data which is equal to item
  bool Insert(Type item,int n=0);    //insert item in the nth data
  Type Remove(int n=0); //delete the nth data
  Type Get(int n=0);  //get the nth data
```

```
ListNode<Type> *head;
};
template<typename Type> void DoublyList<Type>::MakeEmpty() {
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head->m pnext,*pdel;
  while (pmove!=head) {
     pdel=pmove;
     pmove=pdel->m_pnext;
     delete pdel;
  }
  head->m pnext=head;
  head->m pprior=head;
template<typename Type> int DoublyList<Type>::Length() {
```

```
ListNode<Type> *pprior=head->m_pprior,*pnext=head->m_pnext;
int count=0;
while(1){
  if (pprior->m pnext==pnext) {
     break;
  }
  if (pprior==pnext&&pprior!=head) {
     count++;
     break;
  count+=2;
  pprior=pprior->m pprior;
  pnext=pnext->m_pnext;
}
return count;
```

```
template<typename Type> ListNode<Type>* DoublyList<Type>::Find(int n = 0) {
  if (n<0) {</pre>
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
     return NULL;
   }
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head->m pnext;
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
     if (pmove==head) {
        cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
        return NULL;
```

```
return pmove;
template<typename Type> bool DoublyList<Type>::Insert(Type item,int n) {
  if (n<0) {</pre>
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
     return 0;
  }
  ListNode<Type> *newnode=new ListNode<Type>(item), *pmove=head;
  if (newnode==NULL) {
     cout<<"Application Erorr!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){    //find the position for insert</pre>
     pmove=pmove->m pnext;
```

```
if (pmove==head) {
       cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
       return 0;
   //insert the data
  newnode->m_pnext=pmove->m_pnext;
  newnode->m pprior=pmove;
  pmove->m_pnext=newnode;
  newnode->m pnext->m pprior=newnode;
  return 1;
template<typename Type> Type DoublyList<Type>::Remove(int n = 0) {
```

```
if (n<0) {</pre>
   cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
   exit(1);
}
ListNode<Type> *pmove=head,*pdel;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){    //find the position for delete</pre>
  pmove=pmove->m pnext;
   if (pmove==head) {
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
 //delete the data
pdel=pmove;
```

```
pmove->m_pprior->m_pnext=pdel->m_pnext;
  pmove->m_pnext->m_pprior=pdel->m_pprior;
  Type temp=pdel->m data;
  delete pdel;
  return temp;
template<typename Type> Type DoublyList<Type>::Get(int n = 0) {
  if (n<0) {</pre>
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head;
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
     pmove=pmove->m pnext;
```

```
if (pmove==head) {
        cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
       exit(1);
  }
  return pmove->m data;
template<typename Type> void DoublyList<Type>::Print(){
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head->m pnext;
  cout<<"head";</pre>
  while (pmove!=head) {
     cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m_data;
     pmove=pmove->m pnext;
```

```
cout<<"--->over"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
template<typename Type> ListNode<Type>* DoublyList<Type>::FindData(Type item) {
  ListNode<Type> *pprior=head->m pprior,*pnext=head->m pnext;
  while (pprior->m pnext!=pnext && pprior!=pnext) { //find the data in the two direction
     if(pprior->m data==item) {
       return pprior;
     }
     if (pnext->m data==item) {
       return pnext;
     }
    pprior=pprior->m pprior;
    pnext=pnext->m pnext;
```

```
cout<<"can't find the element"<<endl;</pre>
  return NULL;
Test.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include "DoublyList.h"
using namespace std;
int main()
  DoublyList<int> list;
```

```
for(int i=0;i<20;i++){</pre>
  list.Insert(i*3,i);
}
cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
list.Print();
for(int i=0;i<5;i++) {</pre>
  list.Insert(3,i*3);
}
cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
list.Print();
list.Remove(5);
cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
list.Print();
```

```
cout<<li>FindData(54) ->GetData()<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"The third element is "<<li>list.Get(3)<<endl;</pre>
list.MakeEmpty();
cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
list.Print();
return 0;
```

## 4、循环链表

## ListNode.h

```
template<typename Type> class CircularList;
template<typename Type> class ListNode{
private:
  friend class CircularList<Type>;
  ListNode():m pnext(NULL){}
  ListNode(const Type item,ListNode<Type> *next=NULL):m_data(item),m_pnext(next){}
  ~ListNode(){
    m pnext=NULL;
private:
  Type m_data;
```

```
ListNode *m_pnext;
};
CircularList.h
#include "ListNode.h"
template<typename Type> class CircularList{
public:
  CircularList():head(new ListNode<Type>()){
     head->m pnext=head;
  ~CircularList() {
     MakeEmpty();
     delete head;
```

```
}
public:
 void MakeEmpty(); //clear the list
 int Length(); //get the length
 ListNode<Type> *Find(Type value, int n); //find the nth data which is equal to value
 bool RemoveAll(Type item); //delete all the datas which are equal to value
 Type Get(int n); //get the nth data
 void Print(); //print the list
private:
 ListNode<Type> *head;
```

```
};
template<typename Type> void CircularList<Type>::MakeEmpty() {
  ListNode<Type> *pdel,*pmove=head;
  while (pmove->m pnext!=head) {
    pdel=pmove->m pnext;
    pmove->m pnext=pdel->m_pnext;
     delete pdel;
template<typename Type> int CircularList<Type>::Length() {
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head;
  int count=0;
  while (pmove->m pnext!=head) {
```

```
pmove=pmove->m pnext;
     count++;
  }
  return count;
template<typename Type> ListNode<Type>* CircularList<Type>::Find(int n){
  if (n<0) {</pre>
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
     return NULL;
  }
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head->m pnext;
  for(int i=0;i<n&&pmove!=head;i++) {</pre>
     pmove=pmove->m pnext;
```

```
if (pmove==head) {
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
     return NULL;
  }
  return pmove;
template<typename Type> ListNode<Type>* CircularList<Type>::Find(Type value, int n) {
  if (n<1) {</pre>
     cout<<"The n is illegal"<<endl;</pre>
     return NULL;
  }
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head;
  int count=0;
  while (count!=n) {
```

```
pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
     if (pmove->m_data==value) {
        count++;
     }
     if (pmove==head) {
        cout<<"can't find the element"<<endl;</pre>
        return NULL;
  return pmove;
template<typename Type> bool CircularList<Type>::Insert(Type item, int n) {
  if (n<0) {</pre>
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
ListNode<Type> *pmove=head;
ListNode<Type> *pnode=new ListNode<Type>(item);
if (pnode==NULL) {
  cout<<"Application error!"<<endl;</pre>
  exit(1);
}
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
  pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
  if (pmove==head) {
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
     return 0;
```

```
pnode->m_pnext=pmove->m_pnext;
  pmove->m pnext=pnode;
  return 1;
template<typename Type> bool CircularList<Type>::RemoveAll(Type item) {
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head;
  ListNode<Type> *pdel=head->m pnext;
  while (pdel!=head) {
     if (pdel->m data==item) {
       pmove->m pnext=pdel->m pnext;
       delete pdel;
       pdel=pmove->m pnext;
       continue;
```

```
}
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
     pdel=pdel->m pnext;
  }
  return 1;
template<typename Type> Type CircularList<Type>::Remove(int n) {
  if (n<0) {</pre>
     cout<<"can't find the element"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head,*pdel;
  for(int i=0;i<n&&pmove->m pnext!=head;i++) {
     pmove=pmove->m pnext;
```

```
}
  if (pmove->m_pnext==head) {
     cout<<"can't find the element"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  pdel=pmove->m pnext;
  pmove->m pnext=pdel->m pnext;
  Type temp=pdel->m_data;
  delete pdel;
  return temp;
template<typename Type> Type CircularList<Type>::Get(int n) {
  if (n<0) {</pre>
     cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
```

```
exit(1);
  }
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head->m pnext;
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
     if (pmove==head) {
       cout<<"The n is out of boundary"<<endl;</pre>
       exit(1);
  return pmove->m data;
template<typename Type> void CircularList<Type>::Print(){
  ListNode<Type> *pmove=head->m pnext;
```

```
cout<<"head";</pre>
  while (pmove!=head) {
     cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m_data;
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
  }
  cout<<"--->over"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
Test.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include "CircularList.h"
using namespace std;
```

```
int main()
{
  CircularList<int> list;
  for(int i=0;i<20;i++){</pre>
     list.Insert(i*3,i);
  }
  cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
  list.Print();
  for(int i=0;i<5;i++) {</pre>
     list.Insert(3,i*3);
  }
  cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
  list.Print();
  list.Remove(5);
```

```
cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
list.Print();
list.RemoveAll(3);
cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
list.Print();
cout<<"The third element is "<<li>list.Get(3)<<endl;</pre>
list.MakeEmpty();
cout<<"the Length of the list is "<<li>Length()<<endl;</pre>
list.Print();
return 0;
```

}

## 5、顺序栈

```
SeqStack.h

template<typename Type> class SeqStack{
public:
    SeqStack(int sz):m_ntop(-1),m_nMaxSize(sz){
        m_pelements=new Type[sz];
        if(m_pelements==NULL){
            cout<<"Application Error!"<<endl;
            exit(1);
        }
}</pre>
```

```
~SeqStack(){
    delete[] m pelements;
  }
public:
  void Push(const Type item); //push data
                   //pop data
  Type Pop();
  Type GetTop() const; //get data
  void Print();
                    //print the stack
  m ntop=-1;
  }
 bool IsEmpty() const{
```

```
return m ntop==-1;
  }
  bool IsFull() const{
     return m ntop==m nMaxSize-1;
  }
private:
  int m ntop;
  Type *m_pelements;
  int m nMaxSize;
};
template<typename Type> void SeqStack<Type>::Push(const Type item) {
```

```
if (IsFull()) {
     cout<<"The stack is full!"<<endl;</pre>
     return;
  }
  m_pelements[++m_ntop]=item;
template<typename Type> Type SeqStack<Type>::Pop() {
  if (IsEmpty()) {
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  return m_pelements[m_ntop--];
```

```
template<typename Type> Type SeqStack<Type>::GetTop() const{
  if (IsEmpty()) {
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  return m pelements[m ntop];
template<typename Type> void SeqStack<Type>::Print() {
  cout<<"bottom";</pre>
  for(int i=0;i<=m ntop;i++){</pre>
     cout<<"--->"<<m pelements[i];</pre>
  }
  cout<<"--->top"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
```

```
Test.cpp
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
#include "SeqStack.h"
int main(){
  SeqStack<int> stack(10);
  int init[10]={1,2,6,9,0,3,8,7,5,4};
  for(int i=0;i<10;i++){</pre>
     stack.Push(init[i]);
  }
```

```
stack.Print();
stack.Push(88);
cout<<stack.Pop()<<endl;</pre>
stack.Print();
stack.MakeEmpty();
stack.Print();
stack.Pop();
return 0;
```

## 6、链式栈

```
StackNode.h
template<typename Type> class LinkStack;
template<typename Type> class StackNode{
private:
  friend class LinkStack<Type>;
  StackNode(Type dt,StackNode<Type> *next=NULL):m data(dt),m pnext(next){}
private:
  Type m data;
  StackNode<Type> *m_pnext;
};
```

```
LinkStack.h
#include "StackNode.h"
template<typename Type> class LinkStack{
public:
 LinkStack():m_ptop(NULL){}
  ~LinkStack(){
   MakeEmpty();
  }
public:
 void Push(const Type item); //push the data
```

```
//pop the data
  Type Pop();
  void Print();
                         //print the stack
  bool IsEmpty() const{
    return m ptop==NULL;
  }
private:
  StackNode<Type> *m ptop;
};
template<typename Type> void LinkStack<Type>::MakeEmpty() {
  StackNode<Type> *pmove;
  while (m ptop!=NULL) {
```

```
pmove=m_ptop;
    m_ptop=m_ptop->m_pnext;
     delete pmove;
template<typename Type> void LinkStack<Type>::Push(const Type item) {
  m ptop=new StackNode<Type>(item, m ptop);
template<typename Type> Type LinkStack<Type>::GetTop() const{
  if (IsEmpty()) {
     cout<<"There is no elements!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
```

```
return m_ptop->m_data;
template<typename Type> Type LinkStack<Type>::Pop(){
  if (IsEmpty()) {
     cout<<"There is no elements!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  StackNode<Type> *pdel=m ptop;
  m_ptop=m_ptop->m_pnext;
  Type temp=pdel->m data;
  delete pdel;
  return temp;
```

```
template<typename Type> void LinkStack<Type>::Print() {
  StackNode<Type> *pmove=m ptop;
  cout<<"buttom";</pre>
  while (pmove!=NULL) {
     cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m_data;
     pmove=pmove->m pnext;
  }
  cout<<"--->top"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
Test.cpp
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
#include "LinkStack.h"
int main(){
  LinkStack<int> stack;
  int init[10]={1,3,5,7,4,2,8,0,6,9};
  for(int i=0;i<10;i++){</pre>
     stack.Push(init[i]);
  }
  stack.Print();
  cout<<stack.Pop()<<endl;</pre>
  stack.Print();
  cout<<stack.GetTop()<<endl;</pre>
```

```
stack.Print();
cout<<stack.Pop()<<endl;</pre>
stack.Print();
stack.MakeEmpty();
stack.Print();
stack.Pop();
return 0;
```

## 7. 顺序队列

```
SeqQueue.h
template<typename Type> class SeqQueue{
public:
  SeqQueue(int sz):m nrear(0),m nfront(0),m ncount(0),m nMaxSize(sz){
     m pelements=new Type[sz];
     if (m pelements==NULL) {
       cout<<"Application Error!"<<endl;</pre>
       exit(1);
  ~SeqQueue(){
```

```
delete[] m pelements;
  void MakeEmpty();
                               //make the queue empty
  bool IsEmpty();
  bool IsFull();
  bool Append(const Type item); //insert data
  Type Delete();
                             //delete data
  Type Get();
                            //get data
                             //print the queue
  void Print();
private:
  int m nrear;
  int m nfront;
  int m ncount;
  int m nMaxSize;
```

```
Type *m pelements;
};
template<typename Type> void SeqQueue<Type>::MakeEmpty(){
  this->m ncount=0;
  this->m nfront=0;
  this->m_nrear=0;
template<typename Type> bool SeqQueue<Type>::IsEmpty() {
  return m_ncount==0;
template<typename Type> bool SeqQueue<Type>::IsFull() {
```

```
return m_ncount==m_nMaxSize;
}
template<typename Type> bool SeqQueue<Type>::Append(const Type item) {
  if (IsFull()) {
     cout<<"The queue is full!"<<endl;</pre>
     return 0;
  }
  m pelements[m nrear]=item;
  m_nrear=(m_nrear+1)%m_nMaxSize;
  m ncount++;
  return 1;
template<typename Type> Type SeqQueue<Type>::Delete() {
```

```
if (IsEmpty()) {
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  Type temp=m_pelements[m_nfront];
  m nfront=(m nfront+1)%m_nMaxSize;
  m ncount--;
  return temp;
template<typename Type> Type SeqQueue<Type>::Get() {
  if (IsEmpty()) {
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
```

```
return m_pelements[m_nfront];
template<typename Type> void SeqQueue<Type>::Print() {
  cout<<"front";</pre>
  for(int i=0;i<m ncount;i++){</pre>
     cout<<"--->"<<m_pelements[(m_nfront+i+m_nMaxSize)%m_nMaxSize];</pre>
  }
  cout<<"--->rear"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
Test.cpp
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
#include "SeqQueue.h"
int main(){
  SeqQueue<int> queue(10);
  int init[10]={1,6,9,0,2,5,8,3,7,4};
  for(int i=0;i<5;i++){</pre>
     queue.Append(init[i]);
  }
  queue.Print();
  cout<<queue.Delete()<<endl;</pre>
  queue.Print();
  for(int i=5;i<10;i++){</pre>
```

```
queue.Append(init[i]);
}
queue.Print();
cout<<queue.Get()<<endl;</pre>
queue.MakeEmpty();
queue.Print();
queue.Append(1);
queue.Print();
return 0;
```

### 8、链式队列

```
QueueNode.h
template<typename Type> class LinkQueue;
template<typename Type> class QueueNode{
private:
  friend class LinkQueue<Type>;
  QueueNode(const Type item,QueueNode<Type> *next=NULL)
     :m data(item),m pnext(next){}
private:
  Type m data;
  QueueNode<Type> *m pnext;
};
```

```
LinkQueue.h
#include "QueueNode.h"
template<typename Type> class LinkQueue{
public:
  LinkQueue():m prear(NULL),m pfront(NULL){}
  ~LinkQueue(){
    MakeEmpty();
  }
  void Append(const Type item); //insert data
  Type Delete();
                               //delete data
                                //get data
  Type GetFront();
  void MakeEmpty();
                                //make the queue empty
```

```
//print the queue
   void Print();
  bool IsEmpty() const{
     return m pfront==NULL;
  }
private:
  QueueNode<Type> *m_prear,*m_pfront;
};
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::MakeEmpty() {
  QueueNode<Type> *pdel;
  while (m_pfront) {
     pdel=m pfront;
     m pfront=m pfront->m pnext;
```

```
delete pdel;
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::Append(const Type item) {
  if (m pfront==NULL) {
    m pfront=m prear=new QueueNode<Type>(item);
  }
  else{
    m_prear=m_prear->m_pnext=new QueueNode<Type>(item);
template<typename Type> Type LinkQueue<Type>::Delete() {
  if (IsEmpty()) {
```

```
cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  QueueNode<Type> *pdel=m pfront;
  Type temp=m_pfront->m_data;
  m pfront=m pfront->m pnext;
  delete pdel;
  return temp;
template<typename Type> Type LinkQueue<Type>::GetFront(){
  if (IsEmpty()) {
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
```

```
return m_pfront->m_data;
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::Print() {
  QueueNode<Type> *pmove=m_pfront;
  cout<<"front";</pre>
  while (pmove) {
     cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m_data;
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
  }
  cout<<"--->rear"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
```

#### Test.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include "LinkQueue.h"
int main(){
  LinkQueue<int> queue;
  int init[10]={1,3,6,8,9,2,0,5,4,7};
  for(int i=0;i<10;i++){</pre>
     queue.Append(init[i]);
  }
  queue.Print();
```

```
queue.Delete();
queue.Print();
cout<<queue.GetFront()<<endl;</pre>
queue.Print();
queue.MakeEmpty();
queue.Print();
queue.Delete();
return 0;
```

## 9、优先级队列

```
QueueNode.h
template<typename Type,typename Cmp> class PriorityQueue;
template<typename Type,typename Cmp> class QueueNode{
private:
  friend class PriorityQueue<Type,Cmp>;
  QueueNode(const Type item,QueueNode<Type,Cmp> *next=NULL)
     :m data(item),m pnext(next){}
private:
  Type m_data;
  QueueNode<Type,Cmp> *m_pnext;
```

```
};
Compare.h
template<typename Type> class Compare{ //处理一般比较大小
public:
  static bool lt(Type item1, Type item2);
};
template<typename Type> bool Compare<Type>::lt(Type item1, Type item2) {
  return item1<item2;</pre>
struct SpecialData{
  friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& ,SpecialData &);</pre>
```

```
int m ntenor;
  int m_npir;
};
ostream& operator<<(ostream& os,SpecialData &out) {</pre>
  os<<out.m ntenor<<" "<<out.m npir;</pre>
  return os;
class SpecialCmp{ //处理特殊比较大小,用户可添加适当的类
public:
  static bool lt(SpecialData item1, SpecialData item2);
};
bool SpecialCmp::lt(SpecialData item1, SpecialData item2) {
```

```
return item1.m npir<item2.m npir;</pre>
PriorityQueue.h
#include "QueueNode.h"
#include "Compare.h"
template<typename Type,typename Cmp> class PriorityQueue{ //Cmp is Designed for compare
public:
  PriorityQueue():m_prear(NULL),m_pfront(NULL){}
  ~PriorityQueue(){
     MakeEmpty();
  }
```

```
//make the queue empty
  void MakeEmpty();
  void Append(const Type item); //insert data
  Type Delete();
                               //delete data
                               //get data
  Type GetFront();
   void Print();
                               //print the queue
  bool IsEmpty() const{
     return m pfront==NULL;
  }
private:
  QueueNode<Type,Cmp> *m_prear,*m_pfront;
};
```

```
template<typename Type, typename Cmp> void PriorityQueue<Type, Cmp>::MakeEmpty() {
  QueueNode<Type,Cmp> *pdel;
  while (m pfront) {
    pdel=m pfront;
    m pfront=m pfront->m pnext;
     delete pdel;
template<typename Type,typename Cmp> void PriorityQueue<Type,Cmp>::Append(const Type item) {
  if (m pfront==NULL) {
    m pfront=m prear=new QueueNode<Type,Cmp>(item);
  }
  else{
    m_prear=m_prear->m_pnext=new QueueNode<Type,Cmp>(item);
```

```
template<typename Type, typename Cmp> Type PriorityQueue<Type, Cmp>::Delete() {
  if (IsEmpty()) {
     cout<<"There is no elements!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  QueueNode<Type,Cmp> *pdel=m pfront,*pmove=m pfront;
  while (pmove->m pnext) { //get the minimize priority's data
      //cmp:: It is used for compare the two data, if the front one
      //
              is less than the back, then return 1
     if(Cmp::lt(pmove->m pnext->m data,pdel->m pnext->m data)){
       pdel=pmove;
```

```
}
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
  }
  pmove=pdel;
  pdel=pdel->m pnext;
  pmove->m pnext=pdel->m pnext;
  Type temp=pdel->m_data;
  delete pdel;
  return temp;
template<typename Type,typename Cmp> Type PriorityQueue<Type,Cmp>::GetFront() {
  if(IsEmpty()){
     cout<<"There is no elements!"<<endl;</pre>
```

```
exit(1);
  }
  QueueNode<Type,Cmp> *pdel=m_pfront,*pmove=m_pfront->m_pnext;
  while(pmove) { //get the minimize priority's data
     if (Cmp::lt(pmove->m_data,pdel->m_data)) {
       pdel=pmove;
     }
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
  }
  return pdel->m data;
template<typename Type,typename Cmp> void PriorityQueue<Type,Cmp>::Print() {
  QueueNode<Type,Cmp> *pmove=m pfront;
  cout<<"front";</pre>
```

```
while (pmove) {
     cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m_data;
    pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
  }
  cout<<"--->rear"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
Test.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
using namespace std;
```

```
#include "PriorityQueue.h"
int main(){
  PriorityQueue<int, Compare<int> > queue;
  int init[10]={1,9,3,5,0,8,2,4,6,7};
  for(int i=0;i<10;i++){</pre>
     queue.Append(init[i]);
  }
  queue.Print();
  queue.Delete();
  queue.Print();
  system("pause");
```

```
system("cls");
PriorityQueue<SpecialData,SpecialCmp> spe queue;
int init2[5][2]={{34,2},{64,1},{18,3},{24,2},{55,4}};
SpecialData data[5];
for(int i=0;i<5;i++){</pre>
  data[i].m npir=init2[i][1];
  data[i].m ntenor=init2[i][0];
}
for (int i=0;i<5;i++) {</pre>
  spe queue.Append(data[i]);
}
spe_queue.Print();
 cout<<spe queue.GetFront()<<endl<<endl;</pre>
```

```
spe_queue.Delete();
  spe_queue.Print();
  return 0;
10、串
MyString.h
const int MAXSIZE=100;
class CMyString
```

# public: CMyString(const CMyString& copy); CMyString(const char \*init); CMyString(); ~CMyString(){ delete[] m pstr; } int Length() const{ return m\_ncurlen; } int Find(CMyString part) const; char\* GetBuffer() const;

public:

CMyString& operator()(int pos,int len);

```
bool operator==(const CMyString cmp str) const;
  bool operator!=(const CMyString cmp str) const;
  bool operator<(const CMyString cmp str) const;</pre>
  bool operator>(const CMyString cmp str) const;
  bool operator!() const{
     return m ncurlen==0;
  }
  CMyString& operator=(const CMyString &copy);
  CMyString& operator+=(const CMyString &add);
  char& operator[](int i);
  friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& ,CMyString&);</pre>
  friend istream& operator>>(istream& ,CMyString&);
private:
  void Next();
```

```
private:
  int m_ncurlen;
  char *m_pstr;
  int *m_pnext;
};
MyString.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
using namespace std;
#include "MyString.h"
```

```
m pstr=new char[MAXSIZE+1];
  if(!m_pstr){
    cerr<<"Allocation Error"<<endl;</pre>
    exit(1);
  }
  this->m_ncurlen=0;
  m_pstr[0]='\0';
CMyString::CMyString(const char *init) {    //initialize the string with char*
  m pstr=new char[MAXSIZE+1];
  if(!m pstr){
```

```
cerr<<"Allocation Error"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  this->m ncurlen=strlen(init);
  strcpy(m pstr,init);
CMyString::CMyString(const CMyString &copy) { //initialize the string with string
  m pstr=new char[MAXSIZE+1];
  if(!m pstr){
     cerr<<"Allocation Error"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  this->m ncurlen=copy.m ncurlen;
  strcpy(m pstr,copy.m pstr);
```

```
int CMyString::Find(CMyString part) const{    //string match :KMP
  int posP=0,posT=0;
  int lengthP=part.m_ncurlen,lengthT=this->m_ncurlen;
  part.Next();
  while (posP<lengthP&&posT<lengthT) {</pre>
     if(part.m pstr[posP] == this->m pstr[posT]) {
       posP++;
       posT++;
     }
     else{
        if (posP==0) {
          posT++;
```

```
}
     else{
        posP=part.m_pnext[posP-1];
delete[] part.m_pnext;
if (posP<lengthP) {</pre>
  return 0;
}
else{
  return 1;
```

```
//get the next char for matching : KMP
void CMyString::Next() {
  int length=this->m ncurlen;
  this->m pnext=new int[length];
  this->m pnext[0]=0;
  for(int i=1;i<length;i++) {</pre>
     int j=this->m pnext[i-1];
     while(*(this->m pstr+i)!=*(this->m pstr+j)&&j>0){
        j=this->m pnext[j-1];
     }
     if (*(this->m_pstr+i) == *(this->m_pstr+j)) {
       this->m pnext[i]=j+1;
     }
     else{
       this->m pnext[i]=0;
     }
```

```
}
// for(int i=0;i<length;i++)</pre>
     cout<<i<":\t"<<m pnext[i]<<endl;</pre>
}
char *CMyString::GetBuffer() const{      //get the char* from string
  return this->m pstr;
CMyString& CMyString::operator()(int pos, int len){    //get len char with the begining of pos
  CMyString *temp=new CMyString;
  if (pos<0||pos+len-1>MAXSIZE||len<0) {</pre>
     temp->m ncurlen=0;
     temp->m pstr[0]='\0';
```

```
else{
     if (pos+len-1>=m_ncurlen) {
        len=m_ncurlen-pos;
     }
     temp->m_ncurlen=len;
     for (int i=0, j=pos; i<len; i++, j++) {</pre>
        temp->m pstr[i]=m pstr[j];
     }
     temp->m_pstr[len]='\0';
   }
  return *temp;
bool CMyString::operator==(const CMyString cmp str) const{
  if(this->m_ncurlen!=cmp_str.m_ncurlen){
```

```
return 0;
   }
  for(int i=0;i<this->m_ncurlen;i++){
     if(this->m pstr[i]!=cmp str.m pstr[i])
        return 0;
   }
  return 1;
bool CMyString::operator!=(const CMyString cmp str) const{
  if (*this==cmp_str)
     return 0;
  return 1;
}
bool CMyString::operator<(const CMyString cmp str) const{</pre>
  if(this->m_ncurlen!=cmp_str.m_ncurlen) {
```

```
return this->m_ncurlen<cmp_str.m_ncurlen;</pre>
   }
   for(int i=0;i<this->m_ncurlen;i++){
     if(this->m_pstr[i]!=cmp_str.m_pstr[i]){
        return this->m_pnext[i]<cmp_str.m_pnext[i];</pre>
     }
  return 0;
}
bool CMyString::operator>(const CMyString cmp_str) const{
  if(*this<cmp str||*this==cmp str){</pre>
     return 0;
  return 1;
```

```
//赋值操作
CMyString& CMyString::operator=(const CMyString &copy) {
  delete[] this->m pstr;
  this->m pstr=new char[copy.m ncurlen+1];
  strcpy
     (this->m pstr,copy.m pstr);
  return *this;
}
CMyString& CMyString::operator+=(const CMyString &add){ //字符常追加
  int length=this->m ncurlen+add.m ncurlen;
  int n=this->m_ncurlen;
  CMyString temp(*this);
  delete[] this->m pstr;
  this->m pstr=new char[length+1];
  for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
     this->m pstr[i]=temp[i];
```

```
}
  for(int i=n;i<length;i++){</pre>
     this->m_pstr[i]=add.m_pstr[i-n];
  }
  this->m_pstr[length]='\0';
  return *this;
                                          //取元素
char& CMyString::operator[](int i){
  if (i<0||i>=this->m_ncurlen) {
     cout<<"out of boundary!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  return this->m_pstr[i];
```

```
ostream& operator<<(ostream& os,CMyString& str) {</pre>
  os<<str.m_pstr;
  return os;
istream& operator>>(istream& is,CMyString& str) {
  is>>str.m_pstr;
  return is;
test.cpp
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
#include "MyString.h"
int main(){
  CMyString test1("babc");
  CMyString test2("abababcdefb");
  cout<<test2.Find(test1)<<endl;</pre>
  cout<<test2(2,3)<<end1;</pre>
  if (test1<test2) {</pre>
     cout<<test1<<"<"<<test2<<end1;</pre>
   }
  else{
     if (test1==test2) {
        cout<<test1<<"=="<<test2<<end1;</pre>
```

```
}
   else{
      if(test1>test2) {
         cout<<test1<<">"<<test2<<end1;</pre>
int length=test2.Length();
for(int i=0;i<length;i++){</pre>
   cout<<test2[i];</pre>
}
cout<<endl;</pre>
test1+=test2;
```

```
cout<<test1<<endl;</pre>
  test1=test2;
  cout<<test1<<endl;</pre>
  return 0;
11、二叉树
BinTreeNode.h
template<typename Type> class BinaryTree;
template<typename Type> class BinTreeNode{
```

## public:

```
friend class BinaryTree<Type>;
BinTreeNode():m pleft(NULL),m pright(NULL){}
BinTreeNode(Type item,BinTreeNode<Type> *left=NULL,BinTreeNode<Type> *right=NULL)
  :m data(item),m pleft(left),m pright(right){}
Type GetData() const; //get thd data
BinTreeNode<Type> *GetRight() const; //get the right node
void SetLeft(const BinTreeNode<Type> *left); //change thd left node
void SetRight(const BinTreeNode<Type> *right); //change the right node
void InOrder();  //inorder the tree with the root of the node
```

```
void PreOrder(); //perorder the tree with the root of the node
void PostOrder(); //postoder the tree with the root of the node
                //get size
int Size();
int Height(); //get height
BinTreeNode<Type> *Copy(const BinTreeNode<Type> *copy); //copy the node
void Destroy() {
                    //destroy the tree with the root of the node
  if(this!=NULL) {
     this->m pleft->Destroy();
     this->m pright->Destroy();
     delete this;
friend bool equal<Type>(const BinTreeNode<Type> *s,const BinTreeNode<Type> *t); //is equal?
```

```
private:
  BinTreeNode<Type> *m pleft,*m pright;
  Type m data;
};
template<typename Type> Type BinTreeNode<Type>::GetData() const{
  return this!=NULL?m data:-1;
template<typename Type> BinTreeNode<Type>* BinTreeNode<Type>::GetLeft() const{
  return this!=NULL?m pleft:NULL;
template<typename Type> BinTreeNode<Type>* BinTreeNode<Type>::GetRight() const{
```

```
return this!=NULL?m_pright:NULL;
template<typename Type> void BinTreeNode<Type>::SetData(const Type data) {
  if(this!=NULL) {
    m data=data;
template<typename Type> void BinTreeNode<Type>::SetLeft(const BinTreeNode<Type> *left) {
  if(this!=NULL) {
    m pleft=left;
```

```
template<typename Type> void BinTreeNode<Type>::SetRight(const BinTreeNode<Type> *right) {
  if(this!=NULL) {
    m pright=right;
template<typename Type> BinTreeNode<Type>* BinTreeNode<Type>::Copy(const BinTreeNode<Type>
*copy) {
  if (copy==NULL) {
     return NULL;
  }
  BinTreeNode<Type> *temp=new BinTreeNode<Type>(copy->m data);
  temp->m_pleft=Copy(copy->m_pleft);
  temp->m pright=Copy(copy->m pright);
```

```
return temp;
}
template<typename Type> bool equal(const BinTreeNode<Type> *s,const BinTreeNode<Type> *t) {
 if (s==NULL&&t==NULL) {
   return 1;
 }
 )){
   return 1;
 }
 return 0;
template<typename Type> void BinTreeNode<Type>::InOrder() {
```

```
if(this!=NULL) {
     this->m_pleft->InOrder();
     cout<<"--->"<<this->m data;
     this->m pright->InOrder();
template<typename Type> void BinTreeNode<Type>::PreOrder() {
  if (this!=NULL) {
     cout<<"--->"<<this->m_data;
     this->m_pleft->PreOrder();
     this->m pright->PreOrder();
```

```
template<typename Type> void BinTreeNode<Type>::PostOrder() {
  if(this!=NULL) {
     this->m_pleft->PostOrder();
     this->m pright->PostOrder();
     cout<<"--->"<<this->m data;
template<typename Type> int BinTreeNode<Type>::Size() {
  if (this==NULL) {
     return 0;
  }
  return 1+this->m_pleft->Size()+this->m_pright->Size();
```

```
template<typename Type> int BinTreeNode<Type>::Height() {
  if(this==NULL){
     return -1;
  }
  int lheight,rheight;
  lheight=this->m pleft->Height();
  rheight=this->m pright->Height();
  return 1+(lheight>rheight?lheight:rheight);
BinaryTree.h
#include "BinTreeNode.h"
template<typename Type> class BinaryTree{
```

## public:

```
BinaryTree():m proot(NULL){}
BinaryTree(const Type stop):m stop(stop),m proot(NULL){}
BinaryTree(BinaryTree<Type>& copy);
virtual ~BinaryTree(){
  m proot->Destroy();
}
return m proot==NULL;
}
virtual BinTreeNode<Type> *GetLeft(BinTreeNode<Type> *current); //get the left node
virtual BinTreeNode<Type> *GetRight(BinTreeNode<Type> *current);//get the right node
virtual BinTreeNode<Type> *GetParent(BinTreeNode<Type> *current);//ghe thd parent
const BinTreeNode<Type> *GetRoot() const; //get root
```

```
virtual bool Insert(const Type item);    //insert a new node
virtual BinTreeNode<Type> *Find(const Type item) const; //find thd node with the data
void InOrder();
void PreOrder();
void PostOrder();
int Size(); //get size
int Height(); //get height
BinaryTree<Type>& operator=(const BinaryTree<Type> copy); //evaluate node
friend bool operator== <Type>(const BinaryTree<Type> s,const BinaryTree<Type> t);//is equal?
friend ostream& operator<< <Type>(ostream& ,BinaryTree<Type>&); //output the data
```

```
friend istream& operator>> <Type>(istream& ,BinaryTree<Type>&); //input the data
private:
  Type m stop; //just using for input the data;
  BinTreeNode<Type> *m proot;
  //find the parent of current in the tree with the root of start
  BinTreeNode<Type> *GetParent(BinTreeNode<Type> *start,BinTreeNode<Type> *current);
  void Print(BinTreeNode<Type> *start,int n=0); //print the tree with the root of start
};
template<typename Type> BinaryTree<Type>::BinaryTree(BinaryTree<Type>& copy) {
  if(copy.m proot){
     this->m stop=copy.m stop;
  }
```

```
m proot=m proot->Copy(copy.m proot);
}
template<typename Type> BinTreeNode<Type>* BinaryTree<Type>::GetLeft(BinTreeNode<Type>
*current) {
  return m proot&&current?current->m pleft:NULL;
template<typename Type> BinTreeNode<Type>* BinaryTree<Type>::GetRight(BinTreeNode<Type>
*current) {
  return m proot&&current?current->m pright:NULL;
template<typename Type> const BinTreeNode<Type>* BinaryTree<Type>::GetRoot() const{
  return m proot;
```

```
template<typename Type> BinTreeNode<Type>* BinaryTree<Type>::GetParent(BinTreeNode<Type> *start,
BinTreeNode<Type> *current) {
  if (start==NULL||current==NULL) {
     return NULL;
  }
  if(start->m pleft==current||start->m pright==current){
     return start;
  }
  BinTreeNode<Type> *pmove;
  if((pmove=GetParent(start->m pleft,current))!=NULL){//find the parent in the left subtree
     return pmove;
  }
  else{
     return GetParent(start->m pright,current); //find the parent in the right subtree
```

```
template<typename Type> BinTreeNode<Type>* BinaryTree<Type>::GetParent(BinTreeNode<Type>
*current) {
  return m_proot==NULL||current==m_proot?NULL:GetParent(m proot,current);
template<typename Type> bool BinaryTree<Type>::Insert(const Type item) {
  BinTreeNode<Type> *pstart=m proot, *newnode=new BinTreeNode<Type>(item);
  if (m proot==NULL) {
    m proot=newnode;
     return 1;
```

```
while(1){
  if (item==pstart->m_data) {
     cout<<"The item "<<item<<" is exist!"<<endl;</pre>
     return 0;
  }
  if(item<pstart->m data){
     if (pstart->m pleft==NULL) {
       pstart->m_pleft=newnode;
        return 1;
     }
     pstart=pstart->m pleft; //if less than the node then insert to the left subtree
  }
  else{
     if (pstart->m pright==NULL) {
       pstart->m pright=newnode;
```

```
return 1;
       }
       pstart=pstart->m pright;//if more than the node then insert to the right subtree
     }
template<typename Type> BinTreeNode<Type>* BinaryTree<Type>::Find(const Type item) const{
  BinTreeNode<Type> *pstart=m proot;
  while (pstart) {
     if(item==pstart->m data){
       return pstart;
     }
     if(item<pstart->m data){
       pstart=pstart->m_pleft; //if less than the node then find in the left subtree
```

```
}
     else{
       pstart=pstart->m pright;//if more than the node then find in the right subtree
     }
  }
  return NULL;
template<typename Type> void BinaryTree<Type>::Print(BinTreeNode<Type> *start, int n) {
  if (start==NULL) {
     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
       cout<<"
     }
     cout<<"NULL"<<endl;</pre>
     return;
```

```
}
  Print(start->m pright,n+1); //print the right subtree
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){ //print blanks with the height of the node</pre>
     cout<<"
                 11 ,
  }
  if(n>=0)
     cout<<start->m data<<"--->"<<endl;//print the node</pre>
  }
  Print(start->m pleft,n+1); //print the left subtree
template<typename Type> BinaryTree<Type>& BinaryTree<Type>::operator=(const BinaryTree<Type>
copy) {
  if (copy.m proot) {
     this->m stop=copy.m stop;
```

```
}
  m proot=m proot->Copy(copy.m proot);
   return *this;
template<typename Type> ostream& operator<<(ostream& os,BinaryTree<Type>& out) {
  out.Print(out.m proot);
  return os;
template<typename Type> istream& operator>>(istream& is,BinaryTree<Type>& in) {
  Type item;
  cout<<"initialize the tree:"<<endl<<"Input data(end with "<<in.m stop<<"!):";</pre>
  is>>item;
  while(item!=in.m stop){  //m stop is the end of input
```

```
in.Insert(item);
     is>>item;
  }
  return is;
template<typename Type> bool operator==(const BinaryTree<Type> s,const BinaryTree<Type> t) {
  return equal(s.m proot, t.m proot);
template<typename Type> void BinaryTree<Type>::InOrder(){
  this->m proot->InOrder();
template<typename Type> void BinaryTree<Type>::PreOrder() {
```

```
this->m_proot->PreOrder();
template<typename Type> void BinaryTree<Type>::PostOrder() {
  this->m proot->PostOrder();
template<typename Type> int BinaryTree<Type>::Size(){
  return this->m proot->Size();
template<typename Type> int BinaryTree<Type>::Height() {
  return this->m proot->Height();
```

```
Test.cpp
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include "BinaryTree.h"
int main(){
  BinaryTree<int> tree(-1);
//int init[10]={3,6,0,2,8,4,9,1,5,7};
  int init[30]={17,6,22,29,14,0,21,13,27,18,2,28,8
     ,26,3,12,20,4,9,23,15,1,11,5,19,24,16,7,10,25};
  for (int i=0;i<30;i++) {</pre>
```

```
tree.Insert(init[i]);
}
//cin>>tree;
cout<<tree<<endl;</pre>
cout<<tree.GetParent(tree.Find(20))->GetData()<<endl;</pre>
cout<<tree.Find(15)->GetRight()->GetData()<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"size="<<tree.Size()<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"height="<<tree.Height()<<endl;</pre>
tree.InOrder();
cout<<endl;</pre>
tree.PreOrder();
cout<<endl<<endl;</pre>
```

```
tree.PostOrder();
cout<<endl;</pre>
BinaryTree<int> tree2=tree;
cout<<tree2<<endl;</pre>
cout<<tree2.GetParent(tree2.Find(20))->GetData()<<end1;</pre>
cout<<tree2.Find(15)->GetRight()->GetData()<<endl;</pre>
cout<<(tree==tree2)<<endl;</pre>
return 0;
```

## 12、线索二叉树

#### ThreadNode.h

```
template<typename Type> class ThreadTree;
template<typename Type> class ThreadInorderIterator;
template<typename Type> class ThreadNode{
public:
  friend class ThreadTree<Type>;
  friend class ThreadInorderIterator<Type>;
  ThreadNode():m nleftthread(1),m nrightthread(1){
    m pleft=this;
    m pright=this;
  }
  ThreadNode(const Type item):m data(item),m pleft(NULL),m pright(NULL)
     ,m nleftthread(0),m nrightthread(0){}
```

```
private:
  int m_nleftthread,m_nrightthread;
  ThreadNode<Type> *m_pleft,*m_pright;
  Type m_data;
};
ThreadTree.h
#include "ThreadNode.h"
template<typename Type> class ThreadInorderIterator;
template<typename Type> class ThreadTree{
public:
```

```
friend class ThreadInorderIterator<Type>;
  ThreadTree():m proot(new ThreadNode<Type>()){}
ThreadInorderIterator.h
#include "ThreadTree.h"
template<typename Type> class ThreadInorderIterator{
public:
  ThreadInorderIterator(ThreadTree<Type> &tree):m ptree(tree),m_pcurrent(tree.m_proot){
     //InThread(m ptree.m proot->m pleft,m ptree.m proot);
  }
  ThreadNode<Type> *First();
  ThreadNode<Type> *Prior();
```

```
ThreadNode<Type> *Next();
  void Print();
  void Print(ThreadNode<Type> *start, int n=0);
  void InOrder();
  void InsertLeft(ThreadNode<Type> *left);
  void InsertRight(ThreadNode<Type> *right);
  ThreadNode<Type> *GetParent(ThreadNode<Type> *current);
private:
  ThreadTree<Type> &m ptree;
  ThreadNode<Type> *m pcurrent;
  void InThread(ThreadNode<Type> *current,ThreadNode<Type> *pre);
};
```

```
template<typename Type> void ThreadInorderIterator<Type>::InThread(
  ThreadNode<Type> *current, ThreadNode<Type> *pre) {
  if(current!=m ptree.m proot){
     InThread(current->m pleft,pre);
     if(current->m pleft==NULL) {
       current->m pleft=pre;
       current->m nleftthread=1;
     }
     if (pre->m_pright==NULL) {
       pre->m pright=current;
       pre->m nrightthread=1;
     }
    pre=current;
```

```
InThread(current->m pright,pre);
template<typename Type> ThreadNode<Type>* ThreadInorderIterator<Type>::First() {
  while (m pcurrent->m nleftthread==0) {
    m pcurrent=m pcurrent->m pleft;
  }
  return m pcurrent;
template<typename Type> ThreadNode<Type>* ThreadInorderIterator<Type>::Prior() {
  ThreadNode<Type> *pmove=m pcurrent->m pleft;
  if(0==m pcurrent->m nleftthread){
     while (0==pmove->m nrightthread) {
```

```
pmove=pmove->m_pright;
  m pcurrent=pmove;
  if (m_pcurrent==m_ptree.m_proot) {
     return NULL;
  }
  return m_pcurrent;
template<typename Type> ThreadNode<Type>* ThreadInorderIterator<Type>::Next() {
  ThreadNode<Type> *pmove=m pcurrent->m pright;
  if (0==m_pcurrent->m_nrightthread) {
     while(0==pmove->m nleftthread){
       pmove=pmove->m pleft;
```

```
}
  m pcurrent=pmove;
  if (m_pcurrent==m_ptree.m_proot) {
     return NULL;
  }
  return m pcurrent;
template<typename Type> void ThreadInorderIterator<Type>::InOrder() {
  ThreadNode<Type> *pmove=m_ptree.m_proot;
  while (pmove->m_pleft!=m_ptree.m_proot) {
    pmove=pmove->m_pleft;
  }
  m pcurrent=pmove;
```

```
cout<<"root";</pre>
  while (pmove!=m ptree.m proot&&pmove) {
     cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m data;
     pmove=this->Next();
  }
  cout<<"--->end";
template<typename Type> void ThreadInorderIterator<Type>::InsertLeft(ThreadNode<Type> *left) {
  left->m_pleft=m_pcurrent->m_pleft;
  left->m nleftthread=m pcurrent->m nleftthread;
  left->m pright=m pcurrent;
  left->m nrightthread=1;
  m pcurrent->m pleft=left;
  m pcurrent->m nleftthread=0;
```

```
if(0==left->m nleftthread){
    m pcurrent=left->m pleft;
     ThreadNode<Type> *temp=First();
     temp->m pright=left;
  }
  m pcurrent=left;
template<typename Type> void ThreadInorderIterator<Type>::InsertRight(ThreadNode<Type> *right) {
  right->m pright=m pcurrent->m pright;
  right->m nrightthread=m pcurrent->m nrightthread;
  right->m pleft=m pcurrent;
  right->m nleftthread=1;
  m pcurrent->m pright=right;
  m pcurrent->m nrightthread=0;
```

```
if (0==right->m nrightthread) {
    m_pcurrent=right->m_pright;
     ThreadNode<Type> *temp=First();
     temp->m pleft=right;
  }
  m pcurrent=right;
template<typename Type> ThreadNode<Type>* ThreadInorderIterator<Type>::GetParent(
  ThreadNode<Type> *current) {
  ThreadNode<Type> *pmove=current;
  while(0==pmove->m nleftthread) {
    pmove=pmove->m_pleft;
  }
  pmove=pmove->m pleft;
```

```
if (pmove==m_ptree.m_proot) {
  if (pmove->m_pleft==current) {
     return NULL;
if (pmove->m_pright==current) {
  return pmove;
}
pmove=pmove->m_pright;
while (pmove->m_pleft!=current) {
  pmove=pmove->m_pleft;
}
return pmove;
```

```
template<typename Type> void ThreadInorderIterator<Type>::Print(ThreadNode<Type> *start, int n) {
  if(start->m nleftthread&&start->m nrightthread) {
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
     cout<<"
  }
  if(n>=0)
     cout<<start->m_data<<"--->"<<endl;</pre>
  }
     return;
  }
  if(start->m nrightthread==0){
     Print(start->m_pright,n+1);
  }
  for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
```

```
cout<<"
                 ";
  }
  if (n>=0) {
     \verb|cout<<start->m_data<<"--->"<<endl|;
  }
  if (start->m_nleftthread==0) {
     Print(start->m_pleft,n+1);
template<typename Type> void ThreadInorderIterator<Type>::Print() {
  Print(m_ptree.m_proot->m_pleft);
```

#### test.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include "ThreadInorderIterator.h"
int main(){
  ThreadTree<int> tree;
  ThreadInorderIterator<int> threadtree(tree);
  int init[10]={3,6,0,2,8,4,9,1,5,7};
  for(int i=0;i<10;){</pre>
     threadtree.InsertLeft(new ThreadNode<int>(init[i++]));
     threadtree.InsertRight(new ThreadNode<int>(init[i++]));
```

```
threadtree.Print();
  cout<<endl<<endl;</pre>
  threadtree.InOrder();
  return 0;
private:
  ThreadNode<Type> *m_proot;
};
13、堆
```

#### MinHeap.h

```
template<typename Type> class MinHeap{
public:
  MinHeap(int size):m nMaxSize(size > defaultsize ? size : defaultsize)
       ,m pheap(new Type[m nMaxSize]),m ncurrentsize(0){}
  MinHeap(Type heap[],int n); //initialize heap by a array
  ~MinHeap(){
     delete[] m_pheap;
  }
public:
  bool Insert(const Type item); //insert element
  bool Delete(const Type item); //delete element
  bool IsEmpty() const{
```

```
return m ncurrentsize == 0;
  }
  bool IsFull() const{
     reutrn m ncurrentsize == m nMaxSize;
   }
  void Print(const int start=0, int n=0);
private:
   //adjust the elements of the child tree with the root of start from top to bottom
  void Adjust(const int start, const int end);
private:
  static const int defaultsize = 100;
  const int m nMaxSize;
  Type *m pheap;
```

```
int m ncurrentsize;
};
template<typename Type> void MinHeap<Type>::Adjust(const int start, const int end) {
  int i = start, j = i*2+1;  //get the position of the child of i
  Type temp=m pheap[i];
  while(j <= end){</pre>
     if(j<end && m pheap[j]>m pheap[j+1]) {    //left>right
       j++;
     }
     if(temp <= m pheap[j]) { //adjust over</pre>
       break;
     }
     else{
             //change the parent and the child, then adjust the child
       m pheap[i] = m pheap[j];
```

```
i = j;
       j = 2*i+1;
     }
  m_pheap[i] = temp;
template<typename Type> MinHeap<Type>::MinHeap(Type heap[], int n):m nMaxSize(
     n > defaultsize ? n : defaultsize) {
  m_pheap = new Type[m_nMaxSize];
  for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
    m pheap[i] = heap[i];
  }
  m ncurrentsize = n;
  int pos=(n-2)/2; //Find the last child tree which has more than one element;
```

```
while (pos>=0) {
     Adjust(pos, n-1);
    pos--;
template<typename Type> bool MinHeap<Type>::Insert(const Type item) {
  if (m ncurrentsize == m nMaxSize) {
     cerr<<"Heap Full!"<<endl;</pre>
     return 0;
  }
  m pheap[m ncurrentsize] = item;
  int j = m nourrentsize, i = (j-1)/2; //get the position of the parent of j
  Type temp = m_pheap[j];
  while(j > 0){  //adjust from bottom to top
```

```
if (m_pheap[i] <= temp) {</pre>
       break;
     }
     else{
       m_pheap[j] = m_pheap[i];
        j = i;
        i = (j-1)/2;
  }
  m_pheap[j] = temp;
  m ncurrentsize++;
  return 1;
template<typename Type> bool MinHeap<Type>::Delete(const Type item) {
```

```
if(0 == m ncurrentsize){
  cerr<<"Heap Empty!"<<endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
for(int i=0; i<m ncurrentsize; i++){</pre>
  if (m pheap[i] == item) {
     m pheap[i] = m pheap[m ncurrentsize-1]; //filled with the last element
     Adjust(i,m ncurrentsize-2); //adjust the tree with start of i
     m ncurrentsize--;
     i=0;
return 1;
```

```
template<typename Type> void MinHeap<Type>::Print(const int start, int n) {
  if(start >= m ncurrentsize){
     return;
  }
  Print(start*2+2, n+1); //print the right child tree
  for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
     cout<<" ";
  }
  cout<< m_pheap[start] << "--->" << endl;</pre>
  Print(start*2+1, n+1); //print the left child tree
```

### test.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include "MinHeap.h"
int main(){
  int init[30]={17,6,22,29,14,0,21,13,27,18,2,28,8
       ,26,3,12,20,4,9,23,15,1,11,5,19,24,16,7,10,25};
  MinHeap<int> heap(init,30);
  heap.Print();
  cout<<endl<<endl;</pre>
```

```
heap.Insert(20);
heap.Print();
cout<<endl<<endl<<endl;
heap.Delete(20);
heap.Print();
cout<<endl<<endl<<endl;
return 0;</pre>
```

# 14、哈夫曼树

BinTreeNode.h

template<typename Type> class BinaryTree;

```
template<typename Type> void Huffman(Type *, int, BinaryTree<Type> &);
template<typename Type> class BinTreeNode{
public:
  friend class BinaryTree<Type>;
   friend void Huffman<Type>(Type *, int, BinaryTree<Type> &);
  BinTreeNode():m pleft(NULL),m pright(NULL){}
  BinTreeNode(Type item,BinTreeNode<Type> *left=NULL,BinTreeNode<Type> *right=NULL)
     :m data(item),m pleft(left),m pright(right){}
  void Destroy(){
                      //destroy the tree with the root of the node
     if(this!=NULL) {
       this->m pleft->Destroy();
       this->m pright->Destroy();
       delete this;
```

```
}
   Type GetData() {
       return m data;
   }
   BinTreeNode<Type> *Copy(const BinTreeNode<Type> *copy); //copy the node
private:
  BinTreeNode<Type> *m_pleft,*m pright;
  Type m_data;
};
template<typename Type> BinTreeNode<Type>* BinTreeNode<Type>::Copy(const BinTreeNode<Type>
*copy) {
  if (copy==NULL) {
```

```
return NULL;
  BinTreeNode<Type> *temp=new BinTreeNode<Type>(copy->m data);
  temp->m_pleft=Copy(copy->m_pleft);
  temp->m pright=Copy(copy->m pright);
  return temp;
BinaryTree.h
#include "BinTreeNode.h"
template<typename Type> void Huffman(Type *, int, BinaryTree<Type> &);
```

```
template<typename Type> class BinaryTree{
public:
   BinaryTree(BinaryTree<Type> &bt1, BinaryTree<Type> &bt2) {
      m proot = new BinTreeNode<Type>(bt1.m proot->m data
          + bt2.m proot->m data, bt1.m proot, bt2.m proot);
   }
   BinaryTree(Type item) {
      m proot = new BinTreeNode<Type>(item);
   BinaryTree(const BinaryTree<Type> &copy) {
      this->m proot = copy.m proot;
   }
   BinaryTree(){
      m proot = NULL;
```

```
}
   void Destroy() {
      m proot->Destroy();
   }
   ~BinaryTree(){
//
        m proot->Destroy();
   }
   BinaryTree<Type>& operator=(BinaryTree<Type> copy); //evaluate node
   friend void Huffman<Type>(Type *, int, BinaryTree<Type> &);
   friend bool operator < <Type> (BinaryTree<Type> &1, BinaryTree<Type> & r);
   friend bool operator > <Type>(BinaryTree<Type> &1, BinaryTree<Type> & r);
   friend bool operator <= <Type>(BinaryTree<Type> &1, BinaryTree<Type> & r);
   friend ostream& operator<< <Type>(ostream& ,BinaryTree<Type>&); //output the data
private:
```

```
BinTreeNode<Type> *m proot;
   void Print(BinTreeNode<Type> *start,int n=0); //print the tree with the root of start
};
template<typename Type> bool operator <(BinaryTree<Type> &1, BinaryTree<Type> &r) {
   return 1.m proot->GetData() < r.m proot->GetData();
template<typename Type> bool operator >(BinaryTree<Type> &1, BinaryTree<Type> &r) {
   return 1.m proot->GetData() > r.m proot->GetData();
template<typename Type> bool operator <=(BinaryTree<Type> &1, BinaryTree<Type> &r) {
   return 1.m proot->GetData() <= r.m proot->GetData();
```

```
template<typename Type> void BinaryTree<Type>::Print(BinTreeNode<Type> *start, int n) {
  if (start==NULL) {
     for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
        cout<<"
     }
     cout<<"NULL"<<endl;</pre>
     return;
  }
  Print(start->m pright,n+1); //print the right subtree
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++) { //print blanks with the height of the node</pre>
     cout<<"
  }
  if(n>=0) {
```

```
cout<<start->m data<<"--->"<<endl;//print the node</pre>
  }
  Print(start->m pleft,n+1); //print the left subtree
}
template<typename Type> ostream& operator<<(ostream& os,BinaryTree<Type>& out) {
  out.Print(out.m proot);
  return os;
template<typename Type> BinaryTree<Type>& BinaryTree<Type>::operator=(BinaryTree<Type> copy) {
  m proot=m proot->Copy(copy.m proot);
   return *this;
```

## MinHeap.h template<typename Type> class MinHeap{ public: MinHeap(Type heap[],int n); //initialize heap by a array ~MinHeap(){ delete[] m pheap; } public: bool Insert(const Type item); bool DeleteMin(Type &first); private: void Adjust(const int start, const int end); //adjust the elements from start to end

```
private:
  const int m nMaxSize;
  Type *m_pheap;
  int m ncurrentsize;
};
template<typename Type> void MinHeap<Type>::Adjust(const int start, const int end) {
  int i = start, j = i*2+1;
  Type temp=m_pheap[i];
  while(j <= end){</pre>
     if(j<end && m_pheap[j]>m_pheap[j+1]){
        j++;
```

```
if(temp <= m pheap[j]){</pre>
       break;
     }
     else{
       m_pheap[i] = m_pheap[j];
        i = j;
        j = 2*i+1;
  m_pheap[i] = temp;
template<typename Type> MinHeap<Type>::MinHeap(Type heap[], int n):m_nMaxSize(n) {
  m_pheap = new Type[m_nMaxSize];
  for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
```

```
m pheap[i] = heap[i];
  }
  m ncurrentsize = n;
  int pos=(n-2)/2; //Find the last tree which has more than one element;
  while (pos>=0) {
    Adjust(pos, n-1);
    pos--;
template<typename Type> bool MinHeap<Type>::DeleteMin(Type &first) {
   first = m pheap[0];
   m_pheap[0] = m_pheap[m_ncurrentsize-1];
   m ncurrentsize--;
   Adjust(0, m ncurrentsize-1);
```

```
return 1;
template<typename Type> bool MinHeap<Type>::Insert(const Type item) {
  if (m ncurrentsize == m nMaxSize) {
     cerr<<"Heap Full!"<<endl;</pre>
     return 0;
  }
  m pheap[m ncurrentsize] = item;
  int j = m_ncurrentsize, i = (j-1)/2;
  Type temp = m pheap[j];
  while (j > 0) {
     if (m_pheap[i] <= temp) {</pre>
       break;
```

```
else{
       m_pheap[j] = m_pheap[i];
       j = i;
       i = (j-1)/2;
     }
  m_pheap[j] = temp;
  m ncurrentsize++;
  return 1;
Huffman.h
#include "BinaryTree.h"
#include "MinHeap.h"
```

```
template<typename Type> void Huffman(Type *elements, int n, BinaryTree<Type> &tree) {
   BinaryTree<Type> first, second;
   BinaryTree<Type> node[20];
   for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {</pre>
      node[i].m proot = new BinTreeNode<Type>(elements[i]);
   }
   MinHeap<BinaryTree<Type> > heap(node, n);
   for (int i=0; i<n-1; i++) {</pre>
      heap.DeleteMin(first);
      heap.DeleteMin(second);
       //using the first and the second minimize element create new tree
       if (first.m proot->GetData() == second.m proot->GetData()){
```

```
tree = *(new BinaryTree<Type>(second, first));
      else {
          tree = *(new BinaryTree<Type>(first, second));
      }
      heap.Insert(tree);
Test.cpp
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
#include "Huffman.h"
int main(){
   BinaryTree<int> tree;
   int init[10]={3,6,0,2,8,4,9,1,5,7};
   Huffman(init,10,tree);
   cout << tree;</pre>
   tree.Destroy();
   return 0;
```

15、树

## QueueNode.h

```
template<typename Type> class LinkQueue;
template<typename Type> class QueueNode{
private:
  friend class LinkQueue<Type>;
  QueueNode(const Type item,QueueNode<Type> *next=NULL)
     :m_data(item),m_pnext(next){}
private:
  Type m_data;
  QueueNode<Type> *m_pnext;
};
```

## LinkQueue.h

```
#include "QueueNode.h"
template<typename Type> class LinkQueue{
public:
  LinkQueue():m_prear(NULL),m_pfront(NULL){}
  ~LinkQueue(){
    MakeEmpty();
  }
  void Append(const Type item);
  Type Delete();
  Type GetFront();
  void MakeEmpty();
  bool IsEmpty() const{
```

```
return m pfront==NULL;
  }
  void Print();
private:
  QueueNode<Type> *m prear,*m pfront;
};
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::MakeEmpty() {
  QueueNode<Type> *pdel;
  while (m pfront) {
     pdel=m_pfront;
     m_pfront=m_pfront->m_pnext;
     delete pdel;
```

```
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::Append(const Type item) {
  if (m pfront==NULL) {
    m_pfront=m_prear=new QueueNode<Type>(item);
  }
  else{
    m_prear=m_prear->m_pnext=new QueueNode<Type>(item);
template<typename Type> Type LinkQueue<Type>::Delete() {
  if(IsEmpty()){
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
```

```
}
  QueueNode<Type> *pdel=m_pfront;
  Type temp=m_pfront->m_data;
  m_pfront=m_pfront->m_pnext;
  delete pdel;
  return temp;
template<typename Type> Type LinkQueue<Type>::GetFront(){
  if(IsEmpty()){
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  return m_pfront->m_data;
```

```
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::Print() {
  QueueNode<Type> *pmove=m pfront;
  cout<<"front";</pre>
  while (pmove) {
     cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m data;
     pmove=pmove->m pnext;
  }
  cout<<"--->rear"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
TreeNode.h
template<typename Type> class Tree;
```

```
template<typename Type> class TreeNode{
public:
  friend class Tree<Type>;
private:
  Type m data;
  TreeNode<Type> *m pfirst,*m pnext;
  TreeNode():m pfirst(NULL), m pnext(NULL){}
  TreeNode(Type item, TreeNode<Type> *first = NULL, TreeNode<Type> *next = NULL)
     :m data(item), m pfirst(first), m pnext(next){}
};
Tree.h
#include "TreeNode.h"
```

```
#include "LinkQueue.h"
template<typename Type> class Tree{
public:
   Tree():m proot(NULL), m pcurrent(NULL){}
public:
   TreeNode<Type> *GetCurrent() { //Get the current node
      return m pcurrent;
   }
   void SetCurrent(TreeNode<Type> *current) { //set the current node
      m pcurrent = current;
   bool Insert(Type item);  //insert an new node to current node
   void Remove(Type item);   //delete the node whose data is equal to item
   void Remove(TreeNode<Type> *current); //delete the node
```

```
bool Find(Type item);
                         //find the node whose data is equal to item
   void PrintChild(TreeNode<Type> *current); //print the child tree
   TreeNode<Type> *Parent(TreeNode<Type> *current); //get the parent
   void Print();
                        //print the tree
   void PreOrder(TreeNode<Type> *root); //ordering the tree by visiting the root first
   void PostOrder(TreeNode<Type> *root); //ordering the tree by visiting the root last
   void LevelOrder(TreeNode<Type> *root); //ordering the tree by level
   void PreOrder();
   void PostOrder();
   void LevelOrder();
private:
  TreeNode<Type> *m proot,*m pcurrent;
   bool Find(TreeNode<Type> *root, Type item);
```

```
void Remove(TreeNode<Type> *root, Type item);
   TreeNode<Type> *Parent(TreeNode<Type> *root, TreeNode<Type> *current);
   void Print(TreeNode<Type> *start, int n=0);
};
template<typename Type> bool Tree<Type>::Insert(Type item) {
   TreeNode<Type> *newnode = new TreeNode<Type>(item);
   if (NULL == newnode) {
       cout << "Application Error!" <<endl;</pre>
      exit(1);
   }
   if (NULL == m proot) {
      m proot = newnode;
      m pcurrent = m proot;
       return 1;
```

```
if (NULL == m pcurrent) {
   cerr << "insert error!" <<endl;</pre>
   return 0;
}
if(NULL == m pcurrent->m pfirst){
   m_pcurrent->m_pfirst = newnode;
   m pcurrent = newnode;
   return 1;
TreeNode<Type> *pmove = m_pcurrent->m_pfirst;
while (pmove->m_pnext) {
   pmove = pmove->m pnext;
```

```
pmove->m pnext = newnode;
   m pcurrent = newnode;
   return 1;
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::Remove(TreeNode<Type> *current) {
   if (NULL == current) {
      return;
   TreeNode<Type> *temp = Parent(current);
   if(NULL == temp) {
      TreeNode<Type> *pmove = current->m pfirst;
      if(NULL != pmove->m pfirst) {
          pmove=pmove->m_pfirst;
```

```
while (pmove->m pnext) {
          pmove = pmove->m_pnext;
      }
      pmove->m pnext = current->m pfirst->m pnext;
      current->m_pfirst->m_pnext = NULL;
   else{
      pmove->m_pfirst = pmove->m pnext;
   m_proot = current->m_pfirst;
}
else{
   if(temp->m_pfirst == current){
      TreeNode<Type> *pmove = current->m_pfirst;
      if (pmove) {
```

```
while (pmove->m_pnext) {
          pmove = pmove->m_pnext;
       }
      pmove->m pnext = current->m pnext;
   }
   else{
      current->m_pfirst = current->m_pnext;
else{
   TreeNode<Type> *pmove = temp->m pfirst;
   while (pmove->m_pnext != current) {
      pmove = pmove->m pnext;
```

```
pmove->m_pnext = current->m_pnext;
          while (pmove->m_pnext) {
             pmove = pmove->m_pnext;
          }
          pmove->m_pnext = current->m_pfirst;
   delete current;
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::Remove(TreeNode<Type> *root, Type item) {
   if(NULL == root) {
      return;
   if(root->m_pfirst){
```

```
TreeNode<Type> *pmove=root->m pfirst;
      while (pmove) {
          Remove(pmove, item);
          pmove = pmove->m pnext;
   if(root->m data == item) {
      Remove(root);
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::Remove(Type item) {
   return Remove(m_proot, item);
```

```
template<typename Type> TreeNode<Type>* Tree<Type>::Parent(
   TreeNode<Type> *root, TreeNode<Type> *current) {
       if (NULL == root) {
          return NULL;
       }
       TreeNode<Type> *pmove=root->m pfirst,*temp;
       if (NULL != pmove) {
          while (pmove) {
              if (pmove == current) {
                 return root;
              pmove = pmove->m pnext;
      pmove = root->m_pfirst;
```

```
while (pmove) {
          temp = Parent(pmove, current);
          if (temp) {
             return temp;
          }
          pmove = pmove->m pnext;
      return NULL;
template<typename Type> TreeNode<Type>* Tree<Type>::Parent(TreeNode<Type> *current) {
   return Parent(m proot,current);
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::PrintChild(TreeNode<Type> *current) {
```

```
TreeNode<Type> *pmove = current->m pfirst;
   cout<<"first";</pre>
   if (NULL != pmove) {
       cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m data;
   }
   while (pmove->m pnext) {
       cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m data;
       pmove = pmove->m_pnext;
template<typename Type> bool Tree<Type>::Find(TreeNode<Type> *root, Type item) {
   if (root->m data == item) {
       return 1;
```

```
if (NULL == root) {
   return 0;
TreeNode<Type> *pmove=root->m_pfirst;
if (NULL == pmove) {
   return 0;
while (pmove) {
   if (Find(pmove, item)){
      return 1;
   pmove = pmove->m_pnext;
return 0;
```

```
template<typename Type> bool Tree<Type>::Find(Type item) {
   return Find(m proot,item);
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::Print(TreeNode<Type> *start, int n = 0) {
   if (NULL == start) {
       for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {</pre>
          cout << " ";
       cout << "NULL" << endl;</pre>
       return;
   }
   TreeNode<Type> *pmove = start->m pfirst;
   Print(pmove, n+1);
```

```
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {</pre>
   cout << " ";
}
cout << start->m_data << "--->" <<endl;</pre>
if (NULL == pmove) {
   return;
pmove = pmove->m_pnext;
while (pmove) {
   Print(pmove, n+1);
   pmove = pmove->m_pnext;
```

```
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::Print(){
   Print(m proot);
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::PreOrder(TreeNode<Type> *root) {
   if (NULL == root) {
      return;
   cout << root->m_data;
   TreeNode<Type> *pmove = root->m_pfirst;
   while (pmove) {
      PreOrder(pmove);
      pmove = pmove->m pnext;
```

```
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::PostOrder(TreeNode<Type> *root) {
   if (NULL == root) {
      return;
   }
   TreeNode<Type> *pmove = root->m pfirst;
   while (pmove) {
      PostOrder(pmove);
      pmove = pmove->m_pnext;
   cout << root->m data;
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::PreOrder() {
```

```
PreOrder(m_proot);
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::PostOrder() {
   PostOrder(m proot);
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::LevelOrder(TreeNode<Type> *root) { //using queue
   LinkQueue<TreeNode<Type> *> queue;
   TreeNode<Type> *pmove, *ptemp;
   if (root != NULL) {
      queue.Append(root);
      while (!queue.IsEmpty()){
          ptemp = queue.Delete();
          cout << ptemp->m data;
```

```
pmove = ptemp->m_pfirst;
          while (pmove) {
             queue.Append(pmove);
             pmove = pmove->m pnext;
template<typename Type> void Tree<Type>::LevelOrder() {
   LevelOrder(m_proot);
test.cpp
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include "Tree.h"
int main(){
  Tree<int> tree;
   int init[10]={3,6,0,2,8,4,9,1,5,7};
   for (int i=0; i<10; i++) {</pre>
      tree.Insert(init[i]);
       if (1 == i % 2) {
          tree.SetCurrent(tree.Parent(tree.GetCurrent()));
```

```
tree.Print();
 cout << endl << endl;</pre>
 tree.Remove(3);
 tree.Print();
 cout << endl << endl;</pre>
 cout << tree.Find(5) << endl << tree.Find(11) <<endl;</pre>
 tree.PreOrder();
 cout << endl;</pre>
 tree.PostOrder();
 cout << endl;</pre>
 tree.LevelOrder();
return 0;
```

}

## 16、B+树

```
BTreeNode.h
template<typename Type> class BTree;
template<typename Type> class BTreeNode{
public:
   friend BTree<Type>;
   BTreeNode(): m nMaxSize(0), m ptr(NULL), m pparent(NULL){}
   BTreeNode(int size): m_nsize(0), m_nMaxSize(size), m_pparent(NULL){
      m pkey = new Type[size+1];
      m ptr = new BTreeNode<Type> *[size+1];
```

```
for (int i=0; i<=size; i++){</pre>
       m ptr[i] = NULL;
       m_pkey[i] = this->m_Infinity;
}
void Destroy(BTreeNode<Type> *root);
~BTreeNode(){
 if (m nMaxSize) {
    delete[] m_pkey;
    for (int i=0; i<=m_nMaxSize; i++){</pre>
      m ptr[i] = NULL;
bool IsFull(){
```

```
return m_nsize == m_nMaxSize;
   }
   Type GetKey(int i) {
      if (this) {
          return this->m_pkey[i];
      return -1;
private:
   int m nsize;
   int m nMaxSize;  //the Max Size of key
   Type *m_pkey;
   BTreeNode<Type> *m pparent;
   BTreeNode<Type> **m_ptr;
```

```
static const Type m Infinity = 10000;
};
template<typename Type> struct Triple{
   BTreeNode<Type> *m pfind;
   int m nfind;
   bool m_ntag;
};
template<typename Type> void BTreeNode<Type>::Destroy(BTreeNode<Type> *root) {
   if (NULL == root) {
      return;
   }
   for (int i=0; i<root->m nsize; i++) {
      Destroy(root->m ptr[i]);
```

```
delete root;
BTree.h
#include "BTreeNode.h"
template<typename Type> class BTree{
public:
   BTree(int size): m nMaxSize(size), m proot(NULL){}
   ~BTree();
   Triple<Type> Search(const Type item);
   int Size();
```

```
int Size(BTreeNode<Type> *root);
   bool Insert(const Type item); //insert item
   bool Remove(const Type item); //delete item
                                //print the BTree
   void Print();
   BTreeNode<Type> *GetParent(const Type item);
private:
   //insert the pright and item to pinsert in the nth place;
   void InsertKey(BTreeNode<Type> *pinsert, int n, const Type item, BTreeNode<Type> *pright);
   void PreMove(BTreeNode<Type> *root, int n); //move ahead
   //merge the child tree
   void Merge (BTreeNode<Type> *pleft, BTreeNode<Type> *pparent, BTreeNode<Type> *pright, int n);
```

```
//adjust with the parent and the left child tree
   void LeftAdjust(BTreeNode<Type> *pright, BTreeNode<Type> *pparent, int min, int n);
   //adjust with the parent and the left child tree
   void RightAdjust(BTreeNode<Type> *pleft, BTreeNode<Type> *pparent, int min, int n);
   void Print(BTreeNode<Type> *start, int n = 0);
private:
   BTreeNode<Type> *m proot;
   const int m nMaxSize;
};
```

template<typename Type> BTree<Type>::~BTree() {

```
m proot->Destroy(m proot);
}
template<typename Type> Triple<Type> BTree<Type>::Search(const Type item) {
   Triple<Type> result;
   BTreeNode<Type> *pmove = m proot, *parent = NULL;
   int i = 0;
   while (pmove) {
      i = -1;
      while (item > pmove->m pkey[++i]); //find the suit position
      if (pmove->m_pkey[i] == item) {
          result.m pfind = pmove;
          result.m nfind = i;
          result.m ntag = 1;
          return result;
```

```
parent = pmove;
      pmove = pmove->m_ptr[i]; //find in the child tree
   }
   result.m pfind = parent;
   result.m nfind = i;
   result.m ntag = 0;
   return result;
template<typename Type> void BTree<Type>::InsertKey(BTreeNode<Type> *pinsert, int n, const Type
item, BTreeNode<Type> *pright) {
   pinsert->m nsize++;
   for (int i=pinsert->m nsize; i>n; i--){
      pinsert->m pkey[i] = pinsert->m pkey[i-1];
      pinsert->m ptr[i+1] = pinsert->m ptr[i];
```

```
pinsert->m pkey[n] = item;
  pinsert->m_ptr[n+1] = pright;
  pinsert->m ptr[n+1]->m pparent = pinsert;
     for (int i=0; i<=pinsert->m ptr[n+1]->m nsize; i++) {
        if (pinsert->m_ptr[n+1]->m_ptr[i]) {
           pinsert->m ptr[n+1]->m ptr[i]->m_pparent = pinsert->m_ptr[n+1];
template<typename Type> bool BTree<Type>::Insert(const Type item) {
```

```
if (NULL == m proot) {      //insert the first node
   m proot = new BTreeNode<Type>(m nMaxSize);
   m proot->m nsize = 1;
   m proot->m pkey[1] = m proot->m pkey[0];
   m proot->m pkey[0] = item;
   m proot->m ptr[0] = m proot->m ptr[1] =NULL;
   return 1;
Triple<Type> find = this->Search(item); //search the position
if (find.m_ntag) {
   cerr << "The item is exist!" << endl;</pre>
   return 0;
}
BTreeNode<Type> *pinsert = find.m pfind, *newnode;
BTreeNode<Type> *pright = NULL, *pparent;
```

```
Type key = item;
int n = find.m nfind;
while (1) {
   if (pinsert->m nsize < pinsert->m nMaxSize-1) {    //There is some space
      InsertKey(pinsert, n, key, pright);
      return 1;
   int m = (pinsert->m_nsize + 1) / 2;  //get the middle item
   InsertKey(pinsert, n, key, pright);  //insert first, then break up
   newnode = new BTreeNode<Type>(this->m nMaxSize);//create the newnode for break up
   //break up
   for (int i=m+1; i<=pinsert->m nsize; i++) {
```

```
newnode->m pkey[i-m-1] = pinsert->m pkey[i];
   newnode->m ptr[i-m-1] = pinsert->m ptr[i];
   pinsert->m pkey[i] = pinsert->m_Infinity;
   pinsert->m ptr[i] = NULL;
}
newnode->m nsize = pinsert->m nsize - m - 1;
pinsert->m nsize = m;
for (int i=0; i<=newnode->m nsize; i++) {    //change the parent
   if (newnode->m ptr[i]) {
      newnode->m ptr[i]->m pparent = newnode;
      for (int j=0; j<=newnode->m ptr[i]->m nsize; j++) {
          if (newnode->m ptr[i]->m ptr[j]) {
             newnode->m ptr[i]->m ptr[j]->m pparent = newnode->m ptr[i];
```

```
for (int i=0; i<=pinsert->m nsize; i++) {    //change the parent
   if (pinsert->m_ptr[i]) {
      pinsert->m ptr[i]->m pparent = pinsert;
      for (int j=0; j<=pinsert->m nsize; j++) {
          if (pinsert->m_ptr[i]->m_ptr[j]) {
             pinsert->m_ptr[i]->m_ptr[j]->m_pparent = pinsert->m_ptr[i];
//break up over
```

```
key = pinsert->m pkey[m];
pright = newnode;
if (pinsert->m pparent) {     //insert the key to the parent
   pparent = pinsert->m pparent;
   n = -1;
   pparent->m pkey[pparent->m nsize] = pparent->m Infinity;
   while (key > pparent->m pkey[++n]);
   newnode->m pparent = pinsert->m pparent;
   pinsert = pparent;
}
else {
                 //create new root
   m proot = new BTreeNode<Type>(this->m nMaxSize);
   m proot->m nsize = 1;
   m proot->m pkey[1] = m proot->m pkey[0];
   m proot->m pkey[0] = key;
```

```
m_proot->m_ptr[0] = pinsert;
          m_proot->m_ptr[1] = pright;
          newnode->m pparent = pinsert->m pparent = m proot;
          return 1;
template<typename Type> void BTree<Type>::PreMove(BTreeNode<Type> *root, int n) {
   root->m pkey[root->m_nsize] = root->m_Infinity;
   for (int i=n; i<root->m nsize; i++) {
      root->m pkey[i] = root->m pkey[i+1];
      root->m ptr[i+1] = root->m ptr[i+2];
   }
```

```
root->m nsize--;
}
template<typename Type> void BTree<Type>::Merge (BTreeNode<Type> *pleft, BTreeNode<Type> *pparent,
BTreeNode<Type> *pright, int n) {
   pleft->m pkey[pleft->m nsize] = pparent->m pkey[n];
   BTreeNode<Type> *ptemp;
   for (int i=0; i<=pright->m nsize; i++) { //merge the two child tree and the parent
      pleft->m_pkey[pleft->m_nsize+i+1] = pright->m_pkey[i];
      pleft->m ptr[pleft->m nsize+i+1] = pright->m ptr[i];
      ptemp = pleft->m ptr[pleft->m nsize+i+1];
      if (ptemp) {
                        //change thd right child tree's parent
          ptemp->m pparent = pleft;
          for (int j=0; j<=ptemp->m nsize; j++) {
```

```
if (ptemp->m_ptr[j]) {
                ptemp->m_ptr[j]->m_pparent = ptemp;
   pleft->m_nsize = pleft->m_nsize + pright->m_nsize + 1;
   delete pright;
   PreMove(pparent, n);
     this->Print();
template<typename Type> void BTree<Type>::LeftAdjust(BTreeNode<Type> *pright, BTreeNode<Type>
*pparent, int min, int n) {
```

```
BTreeNode<Type> *pleft = pparent->m ptr[n-1], *ptemp;
if (pleft->m nsize > min-1) {
   for (int i=pright->m nsize+1; i>0; i--){
      pright->m pkey[i] = pright->m pkey[i-1];
      pright->m ptr[i] = pright->m ptr[i-1];
   }
   pright->m pkey[0] = pparent->m pkey[n-1];
   pright->m ptr[0] = pleft->m ptr[pleft->m nsize];
   ptemp = pright->m ptr[0];
   if (ptemp) {
                 //change the tree's parent which is moved
      ptemp->m pparent = pright;
      for (int i=0; i<ptemp->m nsize; i++) {
          if (ptemp->m ptr[i]) {
             ptemp->m ptr[i]->m pparent = ptemp;
```

```
pparent->m_pkey[n-1] = pleft->m_pkey[pleft->m_nsize-1];
   pleft->m_pkey[pleft->m_nsize] = pleft->m_Infinity;
   pleft->m nsize--;
   pright->m nsize++;
else {
   Merge(pleft, pparent, pright, n-1);
    this->Print();
```

template<typename Type> void BTree<Type>::RightAdjust(BTreeNode<Type> \*pleft, BTreeNode<Type>

```
*pparent, int min, int n) {
   BTreeNode<Type> *pright = pparent->m ptr[1], *ptemp;
   if (pright && pright->m nsize > min-1) {
      pleft->m pkey[pleft->m nsize] = pparent->m pkey[0];
      pparent->m pkey[0] = pright->m pkey[0];
      pleft->m ptr[pleft->m nsize+1] = pright->m ptr[0];
      ptemp = pleft->m ptr[pleft->m nsize+1];
      if (ptemp) {
                         //change the tree's parent which is moved
          ptemp->m pparent = pleft;
          for (int i=0; i<ptemp->m nsize; i++) {
             if (ptemp->m ptr[i]) {
                 ptemp->m ptr[i]->m pparent = ptemp;
```

```
pright->m_ptr[0] = pright->m_ptr[1];
      pleft->m_nsize++;
      PreMove(pright,0);
   }
   else {
      Merge(pleft, pparent, pright, 0);
template<typename Type> bool BTree<Type>::Remove(const Type item) {
   Triple<Type> result = this->Search(item);
   if (!result.m_ntag) {
      return 0;
```

```
BTreeNode<Type> *pdel, *pparent, *pmin;
int n = result.m_nfind;
pdel = result.m pfind;
if (pdel->m ptr[n+1] != NULL) { //change into delete leafnode
   pmin = pdel->m ptr[n+1];
   pparent = pdel;
   while (pmin != NULL) {
      pparent = pmin;
      pmin = pmin->m_ptr[0];
   pdel->m pkey[n] = pparent->m pkey[0];
   pdel = pparent;
   n = 0;
```

```
PreMove(pdel, n); //delete the node
int min = (this->m nMaxSize + 1) / 2;
while (pdel->m nsize < min-1) { //if it is not a BTree, then adjust</pre>
   n = 0;
   pparent = pdel->m pparent;
   if (NULL == pparent)
      return 1;
   while (n<= pparent->m nsize && pparent->m ptr[n]!=pdel) {
      n++;
   if (!n) {
```

```
RightAdjust(pdel, pparent, min, n); //adjust with the parent and the right child tree
  else {
     LeftAdjust(pdel, pparent, min, n); //adjust with the parent and the left child tree
   }
  pdel = pparent;
  if (pdel == m proot) {
     break;
pdel = m proot->m ptr[0];
  delete m_proot;
  m proot = pdel;
  m proot->m pparent = NULL;
```

```
for (int i=0; i<m proot->m nsize; i++) {
          if (m_proot->m_ptr[i]) {
             m proot->m ptr[i]->m pparent = m proot;
   return 1;
template<typename Type> void BTree<Type>::Print(BTreeNode<Type> *start, int n) {
   if (NULL == start) {
      return;
   }
   if (start->m ptr[0]){
      Print(start->m_ptr[0], n+1); //print the first child tree
```

```
else {
   for (int j=0; j<n; j++) {</pre>
       cout << " ";
   }
   cout << "NULL" << endl;</pre>
}
for (int i=0; i<start->m nsize; i++) {    //print the orther child tree
   for (int j=0; j<n; j++) {</pre>
       cout << " ";
   }
   cout << start->m_pkey[i] << "--->" <<endl;</pre>
   if (start->m_ptr[i+1]){
       Print(start->m_ptr[i+1], n+1);
```

```
}
       else {
          for (int j=0; j<n; j++) {</pre>
              cout << " ";
          }
          cout << "NULL" << endl;</pre>
template<typename Type> void BTree<Type>::Print() {
   Print(m_proot);
template<typename Type> int BTree<Type>::Size(BTreeNode<Type> *root) {
```

```
if (NULL == root) {
      return 0;
   }
   int size=root->m_nsize;
   for (int i=0; i<=root->m_nsize; i++) {
      if (root->m ptr[i]) {
          size += this->Size(root->m ptr[i]);
   return size;
template<typename Type> int BTree<Type>::Size(){
   return this->Size(this->m proot);
```

```
template<typename Type> BTreeNode<Type>* BTree<Type>::GetParent(const Type item) {
   Triple<Type> result = this->Search(item);
   return result.m pfind->m pparent;
}
test.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
using namespace std;
#include "BTree.h"
int main(){
```

```
BTree<int> btree(3);
int init[]={1,3,5,7,4,2,8,0,6,9,29,13,25,11,32,55,34,22,76,45
   ,14,26,33,88,87,92,44,54,23,12,21,99,19,27,57,18,72,124,158,234
,187,218,382,122,111,222,333,872,123};
for (int i=0; i<49; i++) {</pre>
   btree.Insert(init[i]);
btree.Print();
cout << endl << endl;</pre>
Triple<int> result = btree.Search(13);
cout << result.m pfind->GetKey(result.m nfind) << endl;</pre>
cout << endl << endl;</pre>
```

```
for (int i=0; i<49; i++) {</pre>
   btree.Remove(init[i]);
   btree.Print();
   cout << endl << endl;</pre>
return 0;
```

## 17、图

## MinHeap.h template<typename Type> class MinHeap{ public: MinHeap(Type heap[],int n); //initialize heap by a array ~MinHeap(){ delete[] m pheap; } public: bool Insert(const Type item); bool DeleteMin(Type &first); private: void Adjust(const int start, const int end); //adjust the elements from start to end

```
private:
  const int m nMaxSize;
  Type *m_pheap;
  int m ncurrentsize;
};
template<typename Type> void MinHeap<Type>::Adjust(const int start, const int end) {
  int i = start, j = i*2+1;
  Type temp=m_pheap[i];
  while(j <= end){</pre>
     if(j<end && m_pheap[j]>m_pheap[j+1]){
       j++;
```

```
if(temp <= m pheap[j]){</pre>
       break;
     }
     else{
       m_pheap[i] = m_pheap[j];
        i = j;
        j = 2*i+1;
  m_pheap[i] = temp;
template<typename Type> MinHeap<Type>::MinHeap(Type heap[], int n):m_nMaxSize(n) {
  m_pheap = new Type[m_nMaxSize];
  for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
```

```
m pheap[i] = heap[i];
  }
  m ncurrentsize = n;
  int pos=(n-2)/2; //Find the last tree which has more than one element;
  while (pos>=0) {
    Adjust(pos, n-1);
    pos--;
template<typename Type> bool MinHeap<Type>::DeleteMin(Type &first) {
   first = m pheap[0];
   m_pheap[0] = m_pheap[m_ncurrentsize-1];
   m ncurrentsize--;
   Adjust(0, m ncurrentsize-1);
```

```
return 1;
template<typename Type> bool MinHeap<Type>::Insert(const Type item) {
  if (m_ncurrentsize == m_nMaxSize) {
     cerr<<"Heap Full!"<<endl;</pre>
     return 0;
  }
  m pheap[m ncurrentsize] = item;
  int j = m_ncurrentsize, i = (j-1)/2;
  Type temp = m pheap[j];
  while (j > 0) {
     if (m_pheap[i] <= temp) {</pre>
       break;
```

```
else{
       m_pheap[j] = m_pheap[i];
       j = i;
       i = (j-1)/2;
     }
  m_pheap[j] = temp;
  m ncurrentsize++;
  return 1;
Edge.h
template<typename DistType> struct Edge{
public:
```

```
Edge(int dest, DistType cost): m_ndest(dest), m_cost(cost), m_pnext(NULL){}
public:
   int m ndest;
   DistType m cost;
   Edge<DistType> *m pnext;
};
Vertex.h
#include "Edge.h"
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> struct Vertex{
public:
```

```
Vertex(): adj(NULL){}
   NameType m_data;
   Edge<DistType> *adj;
   ~Vertex();
};
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> Vertex<NameType, DistType>::~Vertex() {
   Edge<DistType> *pmove = adj;
   while (pmove) {
      adj = pmove->m_pnext;
      delete pmove;
      pmove = adj;
```

## Graph.h

```
#include "Vertex.h"
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> class Graph{
public:
   Graph(int size = m nDefaultSize); //create the Graph with the most vertex of size
   ~Graph();
   bool GraphEmpty() const{    //Is empty?
      return 0 == m nnumvertex;
   bool GraphFull() const{      //Is full?
      return m nMaxNum == m nnumvertex;
   }
   int NumberOfVertex() const{ //get the number of vertex
```

```
return m nnumvertex;
}
int NumberOfEdge() const{    //get the number of edge
   return m nnumedges;
}
NameType GetValue(int v); //get the value of the vth vertex
DistType GetWeight(int v1, int v2); //get the weight between v1 and v2
int GetNext(int v1, int v2);//get the next neighbor vertex of v1 behind v2
bool InsertVertex(const NameType vertex); //insert vertex with the name of vertex
bool Removevertex(int v); //remove the vth vertex
//insert the edge between v1 and v2
bool InsertEdge(int v1, int v2, DistType weight=m Infinity);
```

```
bool RemoveEdge (int v1, int v2); //delete the edge between v1 and v2
   void Print(); //print the graph
   Edge<DistType> *GetMin(int v, int *visited); //get the min weight of the neighbor vertex
of v
   void Prim(Graph<NameType, DistType> &graph); //get the minimize span tree
   void DFS();
   void Dijkstra(int v, DistType *shotestpath); //get the min weight from v to other vertex
private:
   Vertex<NameType, DistType> *m pnodetable; //neighbor list
   int m nnumvertex;
   const int m nMaxNum;
   static const int m nDefaultSize = 10;  //the default maximize vertex
```

```
static const DistType m Infinity = 100000; //there is no edge
   int m_nnumedges;
   int Getvertexpos(const NameType vertex); //get the vertex's position with the name of vertex
};
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> Graph<NameType, DistType>::Graph(int size)
       : m nnumvertex(0), m nMaxNum(size), m nnumedges(0){
   m pnodetable = new Vertex<NameType, DistType>[size];
}
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> Graph<NameType, DistType>::~Graph() {
   Edge<DistType> *pmove;
   for (int i=0; i<this->m nnumvertex; i++) {
      pmove = this->m pnodetable[i].adj;
```

```
if (pmove) {
          this->m pnodetable[i].adj = pmove->m pnext;
          delete pmove;
          pmove = this->m pnodetable[i].adj;
   }
   delete[] m pnodetable;
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> int Graph<NameType, DistType>::GetFirst(int v) {
   if (v<0 || v>=this->m nnumvertex) {
      return -1;
   }
   Edge<DistType> *ptemp = this->m pnodetable[v].adj;
   return m pnodetable[v].adj ? m pnodetable[v].adj->m ndest : -1;
```

```
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> int Graph<NameType, DistType>::GetNext(int v1, int
v2){
   if (-1 != v1) {
       Edge<DistType> *pmove = this->m pnodetable[v1].adj;
       while (NULL != pmove->m pnext) {
          if (pmove->m_ndest==v2) {
              return pmove->m_pnext->m_ndest;
          }
          pmove = pmove->m pnext;
   return -1;
```

```
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> NameType Graph<NameType, DistType>::GetValue(int
v) {
   if (v<0 || v>=this->m nnumvertex) {
       cerr << "The vertex is not exsit" <<endl;</pre>
       exit(1);
   }
   return m_pnodetable[v].m data;
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> int Graph<NameType, DistType>::Getvertexpos(const
NameType vertex) {
   for (int i=0; i<this->m nnumvertex; i++) {
       if (vertex == m pnodetable[i].m data){
```

```
return i;
   return -1;
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> DistType Graph<NameType, DistType>::GetWeight(int
v1, int v2) {
   if (v1>=0 && v1<this->m nnumvertex && v2>=0 && v2<this->m nnumvertex) {
      if (v1 == v2) {
          return 0;
      Edge<DistType> *pmove = m_pnodetable[v1].adj;
      while (pmove) {
          if (pmove->m ndest == v2) {
```

```
return pmove->m cost;
          }
          pmove = pmove->m pnext;
   }
   return m_Infinity;
template<typename NameType, typename DistType>bool Graph<NameType, DistType>::InsertEdge(int v1,
int v2, DistType weight) {
   if (v1>=0 && v1<this->m nnumvertex && v2>=0 && v2<this->m nnumvertex) {
      Edge<DistType> *pmove = m pnodetable[v1].adj;
      if (NULL == pmove) { //the first neighbor
          m pnodetable[v1].adj = new Edge<DistType>(v2, weight);
          return 1;
```

```
while (pmove->m_pnext) {
   if (pmove->m_ndest == v2) {
      break;
   }
   pmove = pmove->m_pnext;
if (pmove->m ndest == v2) { //if the edge is exist, change the weight
   pmove->m cost = weight;
   return 1;
else{
   pmove->m_pnext = new Edge<DistType>(v2, weight);
   return 1;
```

```
return 0;
}
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> bool Graph<NameType,
DistType>::InsertVertex(const NameType vertex) {
   int i = this->Getvertexpos(vertex);
   if (-1 != i) {
       this->m_pnodetable[i].m_data = vertex;
   }
   else{
       if (!this->GraphFull()) {
          this->m_pnodetable[this->m_nnumvertex].m_data = vertex;
          this->m nnumvertex++;
      else{
```

```
cerr << "The Graph is Full" <<endl;</pre>
          return 0;
   }
   return 1;
}
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> bool Graph<NameType, DistType>::RemoveEdge(int v1,
int v2) {
   if (v1>=0 && v1<this->m nnumvertex && v2>=0 && v2<this->m nnumvertex) {
       Edge<DistType> *pmove = this->m pnodetable[v1].adj, *pdel;
       if (NULL == pmove) {
          cerr << "the edge is not exist!" <<endl;</pre>
          return 0;
       if (pmove->m ndest == v2) { //the first neighbor
```

```
this->m pnodetable[v1].adj = pmove->m pnext;
      delete pmove;
      return 1;
   while (pmove->m_pnext) {
       if (pmove->m pnext->m ndest == v2) {
          pdel = pmove->m pnext;
          pmove->m_pnext = pdel->m_pnext;
          delete pdel;
          return 1;
      pmove = pmove->m pnext;
cerr << "the edge is not exist!" <<endl;</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> bool Graph<NameType, DistType>::Removevertex(int
v) {
   if (v<0 || v>=this->m nnumvertex) {
       cerr << "the vertex is not exist!" << endl;</pre>
       return 0;
   Edge<DistType> *pmove, *pdel;
   for (int i=0; i<this->m_nnumvertex; i++) {
       pmove = this->m pnodetable[i].adj;
       if (i != v) { //delete the edge point to v
          if (NULL == pmove) {
              continue;
```

```
if (pmove->m ndest == v) {
   this->m_pnodetable[i].adj = pmove->m_pnext;
   delete pmove;
   continue;
}
else {
   if (pmove->m ndest > v) {    //the vertex more than v subtract 1
      pmove->m_ndest--;
while (pmove->m pnext) {
   if (pmove->m pnext->m ndest == v) {
      pdel = pmove->m_pnext;
      pmove->m pnext = pdel->m pnext;
      delete pdel;
```

```
}
      else {
          if (pmove->m_pnext->m_ndest > v) {
             pmove->m pnext->m ndest--;
             pmove = pmove->m_pnext;
else {    //delete the edge point from v
   while (pmove) {
      this->m pnodetable[i].adj = pmove->m pnext;
      delete pmove;
      pmove = this->m pnodetable[i].adj;
```

```
this->m nnumvertex--;
   for (int i=v; i<this->m nnumvertex; i++) //delete the vertex
   {
      this->m pnodetable[i].adj = this->m pnodetable[i+1].adj;
      this->m pnodetable[i].m data = this->m pnodetable[i+1].m data;
   }
   this->m pnodetable[this->m nnumvertex].adj = NULL;
   return 1;
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> void Graph<NameType, DistType>::Print() {
   Edge<DistType> *pmove;
   for (int i=0; i<this->m nnumvertex; i++) {
```

```
cout << this->m_pnodetable[i].m data << "--->";
      pmove = this->m pnodetable[i].adj;
      while (pmove) {
          cout << pmove->m_cost << "--->" << this->m_pnodetable[pmove->m ndest].m data << "--->";
          pmove = pmove->m pnext;
       }
       cout << "NULL" << endl;</pre>
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> void Graph<NameType,
DistType>::Prim(Graph<NameType, DistType> &graph) {
   int *node = new int[this->m nnumvertex]; //using for store the vertex visited
   int *visited = new int[this->m nnumvertex];
   int count = 0;
```

```
Edge<DistType> *ptemp, *ptemp2 = new Edge<DistType>(0, this->m Infinity), *pmin;
int min;
for (int i=0; i<this->m nnumvertex; i++) {
   graph.InsertVertex(this->m_pnodetable[i].m_data);
   node[i] = 0;
   visited[i] = 0;
}
visited[0] = 1;
while(++count < this->m nnumvertex){
   pmin = ptemp2;
   pmin->m cost = this->m Infinity;
   //get the minimize weight between the vertex visited and the vertex which is not visited
   for (int i=0; i<count; i++) {</pre>
      ptemp = GetMin(node[i], visited);
```

```
if (NULL == ptemp) {
          continue;
      }
      if (pmin->m cost > ptemp->m cost) {
          pmin = ptemp;
          min = node[i];
   node[count] = pmin->m_ndest;
   visited[node[count]] = 1;
   graph.InsertEdge(pmin->m ndest, min, pmin->m cost);
   graph.InsertEdge(min, pmin->m_ndest, pmin->m_cost);
graph.DFS();
```

}

```
delete ptemp2;
   delete[] node;
   delete[] visited;
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> void Graph<NameType, DistType>::DFS(int v, int
*visited) {
   cout << "--->" << this->GetValue(v);
   visited[v] = 1;
   int weight = this->GetFirst(v);
   while (-1 != weight) {
      if (!visited[weight]){
          cout << "--->" << this->GetWeight(v, weight);
          DFS(weight, visited);
```

```
weight = this->GetNext(v, weight);
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> void Graph<NameType, DistType>::DFS() {
   int *visited = new int[this->m nnumvertex];
   for (int i=0; i<this->m nnumvertex; i++) {
      visited[i] = 0;
   }
   cout << "head";</pre>
   DFS(0, visited);
   cout << "--->end";
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> Edge<DistType>* Graph<NameType,</pre>
```

```
DistType>::GetMin(int v, int *visited) {
   Edge<DistType> *pmove = this->m pnodetable[v].adj, *ptemp = new Edge<DistType>(0,
this->m Infinity), *pmin = ptemp;
   while (pmove) {
       if (!visited[pmove->m ndest] && pmin->m cost>pmove->m cost) {
          pmin = pmove;
      pmove = pmove->m pnext;
   if (pmin == ptemp) {
      delete ptemp;
       return NULL;
   }
   delete ptemp;
   return pmin;
```

```
template<typename NameType, typename DistType> void Graph<NameType, DistType>::Dijkstra(int v,
DistType *shotestpath) {
   int *visited = new int[this->m nnumvertex];
   int *node = new int[this->m nnumvertex];
   for (int i=0; i<this->m nnumvertex; i++) {
      visited[i] = 0;
      node[i] = 0;
       shotestpath[i] = this->GetWeight(v, i);
   }
   visited[v] = 1;
   for (int i=1; i<this->m nnumvertex; i++) {
      DistType min = this->m Infinity;
       int u=v;
```

```
for (int j=0; j<this->m nnumvertex; j++){    //get the minimize weight
   if (!visited[j] && shotestpath[j]<min) {</pre>
      min = shotestpath[j];
      u = j;
visited[u] = 1;
for (int w=0; w<this->m nnumvertex; w++) {    //change the weight from v to other vertex
   DistType weight = this->GetWeight(u, w);
   if (!visited[w] && weight!=this->m Infinity
          && shotestpath[u]+weight<shotestpath[w]) {
       shotestpath[w] = shotestpath[u] + weight;
```

```
delete[] visited;
   delete[] node;
test.cpp
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include "Graph.h"
int main(){
   Graph<char *, int> graph,graph2;
```

```
int shotestpath[7];
char *vertex[] = {"他大", "武大", "华科", "立大", "北大", "清华", "复里"};
int edge[][3] = \{\{0, 1, 43\}, \{0, 2, 12\}, \{1, 2, 38\}, \{2, 3, 1325\}
                 ,{3, 6, 55}, {4, 5, 34}, {4, 6, 248}};
for (int i=0; i<7; i++) {</pre>
   graph.InsertVertex(vertex[i]);
}
graph.Print();
cout << endl << endl;</pre>
for (int i=0; i<7; i++) {</pre>
   graph.InsertEdge(edge[i][0], edge[i][1], edge[i][2]);
   graph.InsertEdge(edge[i][1], edge[i][0], edge[i][2]);
}
graph.Print();
cout << endl << endl;</pre>
```

```
graph.Dijkstra(0, shotestpath);
for (int i=0; i<7; i++) {</pre>
   cout << graph.GetValue(0) << "--->" << graph.GetValue(i)</pre>
          << ": " << shotestpath[i] <<endl;</pre>
}
cout << endl << endl;</pre>
graph.Prim(graph2);
cout << endl << endl;</pre>
graph.Removevertex(2);
graph.Print();
return 0;
```

## 18、排序

public:

```
Data.h
template<typename Type> class Element{
public:
   Type GetKey() {
       return key;
   void SetKey(Type item) {
      key = item;
```

```
Element<Type>& operator =(Element<Type> copy) {
   key = copy.key;
   return *this;
}
bool operator ==(Element<Type> item) {
   return this->key == item.key;
bool operator !=(Element<Type> item) {
   return this->key != item.key;
bool operator <(Element<Type> item) {
   return this->key < item.key;</pre>
```

```
bool operator >(Element<Type> item) {
   return this->key > item.key;
}
bool operator >=(Element<Type> item) {
   return this->key >= item.key;
bool operator <=(Element<Type> item) {
   return this->key <= item.key;</pre>
}
```

```
private:
   Type key;
};
template<typename Type> class Sort;
template<typename Type> class DataList{
public:
   friend class Sort<Type>;
   DataList(int size=m nDefaultSize): m nMaxSize(size), m ncurrentsize(0) {
      m pvector = new Element<Type>[size];
   DataList(Type *data, int size);
   bool Insert(Type item);
```

```
~DataList() {
       delete[] m_pvector;
   }
   int Size(){
       return this->m ncurrentsize;
   }
   void Swap(Element<Type> &left, Element<Type> &right) {
       Element<Type> temp = left;
       left = right;
       right = temp;
   void Print();
private:
```

```
static const int m nDefaultSize = 10;
   Element<Type> *m pvector;
   const int m nMaxSize;
   int m ncurrentsize;
};
template<typename Type> DataList<Type>::DataList(Type *data, int size)
       : m nMaxSize(size > m nDefaultSize ? size : m nDefaultSize), m ncurrentsize(0){
   this->m pvector = new Element<Type>[size];
   for (int i=0; i<size; i++) {</pre>
       this->m pvector[i].SetKey(data[i]);
   this->m ncurrentsize += size;
```

```
template<typename Type> bool DataList<Type>::Insert(Type item) {
   if (this->m ncurrentsize == this->m nMaxSize) {
       cerr << "The list is full!" <<endl;</pre>
       return 0;
   }
   this->m pvector[this->m ncurrentsize++].SetKey(item);
template<typename Type> void DataList<Type>::Print() {
   cout << "The list is:";</pre>
   for (int i=0; i<this->m ncurrentsize; i++) {
       cout << " " << this->m pvector[i].GetKey();
```

```
QueueNode.h
#include "QueueNode.h"
template<typename Type> class LinkQueue{
public:
  LinkQueue():m_prear(NULL),m_pfront(NULL){}
  ~LinkQueue(){
    MakeEmpty();
  }
  void Append(const Type item);
  Type Delete();
  Type GetFront();
  void MakeEmpty();
```

```
bool IsEmpty() const{
     return m pfront==NULL;
  }
  void Print();
private:
  QueueNode<Type> *m prear,*m pfront;
};
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::MakeEmpty() {
  QueueNode<Type> *pdel;
  while (m_pfront) {
     pdel=m_pfront;
     m pfront=m pfront->m pnext;
     delete pdel;
```

```
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::Append(const Type item) {
  if (m_pfront==NULL) {
    m pfront=m prear=new QueueNode<Type>(item);
  }
  else{
    m_prear=m_prear->m_pnext=new QueueNode<Type>(item);
template<typename Type> Type LinkQueue<Type>::Delete() {
  if(IsEmpty()){
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
```

```
exit(1);
  }
  QueueNode<Type> *pdel=m pfront;
  Type temp=m pfront->m data;
  m_pfront=m_pfront->m_pnext;
  delete pdel;
  return temp;
template<typename Type> Type LinkQueue<Type>::GetFront(){
  if(IsEmpty()){
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  return m_pfront->m_data;
```

```
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::Print() {
  QueueNode<Type> *pmove=m pfront;
  cout<<"front";</pre>
  while (pmove) {
     cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m_data;
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
  }
  cout<<"--->rear"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
LinkQueue.h
#include "QueueNode.h"
```

```
template<typename Type> class LinkQueue{
public:
  LinkQueue():m prear(NULL),m pfront(NULL){}
  ~LinkQueue(){
    MakeEmpty();
  }
  void Append(const Type item);
  Type Delete();
  Type GetFront();
  void MakeEmpty();
  bool IsEmpty() const{
     return m_pfront==NULL;
  }
  void Print();
```

```
private:
  QueueNode<Type> *m_prear,*m_pfront;
};
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::MakeEmpty() {
  QueueNode<Type> *pdel;
  while (m_pfront) {
    pdel=m pfront;
     m pfront=m pfront->m pnext;
     delete pdel;
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::Append(const Type item) {
```

```
if (m_pfront==NULL) {
     m_pfront=m_prear=new QueueNode<Type>(item);
  }
  else{
    m_prear=m_prear->m_pnext=new QueueNode<Type>(item);
template<typename Type> Type LinkQueue<Type>::Delete() {
  if(IsEmpty()){
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  QueueNode<Type> *pdel=m pfront;
  Type temp=m_pfront->m_data;
```

```
m_pfront=m_pfront->m_pnext;
  delete pdel;
  return temp;
template<typename Type> Type LinkQueue<Type>::GetFront(){
  if (IsEmpty()) {
     cout<<"There is no element!"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  }
  return m pfront->m data;
template<typename Type> void LinkQueue<Type>::Print() {
  QueueNode<Type> *pmove=m pfront;
```

```
cout<<"front";</pre>
  while (pmove) {
     cout<<"--->"<<pmove->m data;
     pmove=pmove->m_pnext;
  }
  cout<<"--->rear"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
Sort.h
#include "Data.h"
#include "LinkQueue.h"
template<typename Type> class Sort{
public:
```

```
void InsertSort(DataList<Type> &list, int n=-1);
   void BinaryInsertSort(DataList<Type> &list, int n=-1);
   void ShellSort(DataList<Type> &list, const int gap=-1);
   void BubbleSort(DataList<Type> &list);
   void QuickSort(DataList<Type> &list, int left=0, int right=-3);
   void SelectSort(DataList<Type> &list);
   void HeapSort(DataList<Type> &list);
   void MergeSort(DataList<Type> &list);
                                                          //just use for integer!
   void RadixSort(DataList<int> &list, int m, int d);
private:
   void BubbleSwap(DataList<Type> &list, const int n, int &flag);
   void SelectChange(DataList<Type> &list, const int n);
   void HeapAdjust(DataList<Type> &list, const int start, const int end);
```

```
void Merge(DataList<Type> &list, DataList<Type> &mergedlist, const int len);
   void MergeDouble(DataList<Type> &list, DataList<Type> &mergedlist, const int start, const int
part, const int end);
};
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::InsertSort(DataList<Type> &list, int n) {
   if (-1 == n) {
       for (int i=1; i<list.m ncurrentsize; i++){</pre>
          InsertSort(list, i);
       }
       return;
   }
   Element<Type> temp = list.m pvector[n];
   int i;
   for (i=n; i>0; i--) {
```

```
if (temp > list.m pvector[i-1]){
          break;
       }
      else{
          list.m pvector[i] = list.m pvector[i-1];
   list.m pvector[i] = temp;
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::BinaryInsertSort(DataList<Type> &list, int n) {
   if (-1 == n) {
       for (int i=1; i<list.m ncurrentsize; i++){</pre>
          BinaryInsertSort(list, i);
```

```
return;
}
Element<Type> temp = list.m pvector[n];
int left = 0, right = n-1;
while(left <= right) {</pre>
   int middle = (left + right) / 2;
   if (temp < list.m_pvector[middle]){</pre>
       right = middle - 1;
   else {
       left = middle + 1;
for (int i=n-1; i>=left; i--){
```

```
list.m pvector[i+1] = list.m pvector[i];
   }
   list.m pvector[left] = temp;
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::ShellSort(DataList<Type> &list, const int gap) {
   if (-1 == gap) {
       int gap = list.m ncurrentsize / 2;
      while (gap) {
          ShellSort(list, gap);
          gap = (int)(gap / 2);
      return;
   }
   for (int i=gap; i<list.m ncurrentsize; i++) {</pre>
```

```
InsertSort(list, i);
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::BubbleSwap (DataList<Type> &list, const int n, int &flag) {
   flag = 0;
   for (int i=list.m ncurrentsize-1; i>=n; i--){
      if (list.m pvector[i-1] > list.m pvector[i]){
          list.Swap(list.m pvector[i-1], list.m pvector[i]);
          flag = 1;
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::BubbleSort(DataList<Type> &list) {
```

```
int flag = 1, n = 0;
   while (++n<list.m ncurrentsize && flag) {</pre>
       BubbleSwap(list, n, flag);
   }
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::QuickSort(DataList<Type> &list, int left=0, int
right=-1) {
   if (-3 == right) {
       right = list.m ncurrentsize - 1;
   }
   if (left < right) {</pre>
       int pivotpos = left;
       Element<Type> pivot = list.m pvector[left];
       for (int i=left+1; i<=right; i++){</pre>
```

```
if (list.m pvector[i] < pivot && ++pivotpos!=i) {</pre>
              list.Swap(list.m pvector[pivotpos], list.m pvector[i]);
          }
          list.Swap(list.m pvector[left], list.m pvector[pivotpos]);
       }
       QuickSort(list, left, pivotpos-1);
       QuickSort(list, pivotpos+1, right);
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::SelectChange(DataList<Type> &list, const int n) {
   int j = n;
   for (int i=n+1; i<list.m ncurrentsize; i++) {</pre>
       if (list.m pvector[i] < list.m pvector[j]){</pre>
```

```
j = i;
   if (j != n) {
       list.Swap(list.m_pvector[n], list.m_pvector[j]);
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::SelectSort(DataList<Type> &list) {
   for (int i=0; i<list.m_ncurrentsize-1; i++) {</pre>
      SelectChange(list, i);
```

template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::HeapAdjust(DataList<Type> &list, const int start, const

```
int end) {
   int current = start, child = 2 * current + 1;
   Element<Type> temp = list.m pvector[start];
   while (child <= end) {</pre>
       if (child<end && list.m pvector[child]<list.m pvector[child+1]) {</pre>
          child++;
       }
       if (temp >= list.m_pvector[child]){
          break;
       else {
          list.m pvector[current] = list.m pvector[child];
          current = child;
          child = 2 * current + 1;
```

```
list.m pvector[current] = temp;
}
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::HeapSort(DataList<Type> &list) {
   for (int i=(list.m ncurrentsize-2)/2; i>=0; i--){
      HeapAdjust(list, i, list.m ncurrentsize-1);
   }
   for (int i=list.m_ncurrentsize-1; i>=1; i--){
      list.Swap(list.m_pvector[0], list.m_pvector[i]);
      HeapAdjust(list, 0, i-1);
```

```
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::MergeDouble(DataList<Type> &list, DataList<Type>
&mergedlist, const int start, const int part, const int end) {
   int i = start, j = part + 1, k = start;
   while (i<=part && j<=end) {</pre>
       if (list.m pvector[i] <= list.m pvector[j]){</pre>
          mergedlist.m pvector[k++] = list.m pvector[i++];
       }
       else {
          mergedlist.m pvector[k++] = list.m pvector[j++];
   if (i <= part) {</pre>
       for (int m=i; m<=part && k<=end;) {</pre>
          mergedlist.m pvector[k++] = list.m pvector[m++];
```

```
else {
       for (int m=j; m<=end && k<=end; m++) {</pre>
          mergedlist.m pvector[k++] = list.m pvector[m];
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::Merge (DataList<Type> &list, DataList<Type> &mergedlist,
const int len) {
   int n = 0;
   while (n+2*len < list.m ncurrentsize) {</pre>
       MergeDouble(list, mergedlist, n, n+len-1, n+2*len-1);
       n += 2*len;
   }
   if (n+len < list.m ncurrentsize) {</pre>
```

```
MergeDouble(list, mergedlist, n, n+len-1, list.m ncurrentsize-1);
   }
   else {
       for (int i=n; i<list.m ncurrentsize; i++) {</pre>
          mergedlist.m pvector[i] = list.m pvector[i];
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::MergeSort(DataList<Type> &list) {
   DataList<Type> temp(list.m nMaxSize);
   temp.m ncurrentsize = list.m ncurrentsize;
   int len = 1;
   while (len < list.m ncurrentsize) {</pre>
      Merge(list, temp, len);
```

```
len *= 2;
      Merge(temp, list, len);
       len *= 2;
template<typename Type> void Sort<Type>::RadixSort(DataList<int> &list, int m, int d) {
   LinkQueue<int> *queue = new LinkQueue<int>[d];
   int power = 1;
   for (int i=0; i<m; i++) {</pre>
       if (i) {
          power = power * d;
       }
       for (int j=0; j<list.m ncurrentsize; j++){</pre>
          int k = (list.m pvector[j].GetKey() / power) % d;
```

```
queue[k].Append(list.m_pvector[j].GetKey());
      for (int j=0,k=0; j<d; j++){</pre>
          while (!queue[j].IsEmpty()){
             list.m_pvector[k++].SetKey(queue[j].Delete());
test.cpp
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
#include "Sort.h"
int main(){
   int init[15]={1,3,5,7,4,2,8,0,6,9,29,13,25,11,32};
   DataList<int> data(init, 15);
   Sort<int> sort;
   data.Print();
   cout << endl << endl;</pre>
   sort.InsertSort(data);
   sort.BinaryInsertSort(data);
   sort.ShellSort(data);
   sort.BubbleSort(data);
   sort.QuickSort(data);
```

```
sort.SelectSort(data);
sort.HeapSort(data);
sort.MergeSort(data);
sort.RadixSort(data, 2, 10);
data.Print();

return 0;
```