## CSE 5693 Machine Learning HW3 Due 6:30pm, Mar 17, 2015

## Submit Server: Class = cse5693, Assignment = hw3

- 1. Written assignment (from the textbook):
  - (a) 4.1
  - (b) 4.2: (by hand with at most one decimal place for the weights, not by a program to gain a better understanding) specify the weights and include two tables for the values in the perceptron: rows=input combinations
    - i. columns=input, output values (before and after threshold)
    - ii. columns=input, hidden, output values (before and after threshold)
  - (c) 4.9
  - (d) With the programming assignment:
    - i. discuss the hidden values in testIdentity using 3 and 4 hidden units (Why do 4 hidden units also work? What do the hidden values represent? Is the magnitude of hidden values significantly different between 3 and 4 hidden units? If so, why?)
    - ii. compare performance of using validation set to not using it in testIrisNoisy
- 2. Programming assignment: Implement the back propagation algorithm for a feed forward artificial neural network with one hidden layer.
  - (a) Your implementation should include at least these input parameters:
    - i. number of hidden units
    - ii. learning rate
    - iii. momentum
    - iv. stopping criterion (e.g. number of iterations)
  - (b) Test your implementation with the following data sets:
    - i. Identity (on course web site)
    - ii. Tennis (same as HW2)
    - iii. Iris (same as HW2)
  - (c) For each of the following experiments, provide a script/program/function (using parameter values you found are appropriate) for running the test:
    - i. testIdentity: output accuracy on training set and hidden values for each input (similar to Figure 4.7) using 3 and 4 hidden units
    - ii. testTennis: output accuracy on training and test sets.
    - iii. testIris: output accuracy on training and test sets.
    - iv. testIrisNoisy: corrupt 0% to 20% of class labels, with 2% increment, in the training set (similar to HW2); for each level of noise, output accuracy on the uncorrupted test set; use a validation set and not use a validation set (optionally use weight decay)
  - (d) For discrete input/output attributes, you might want to have a pre-processor to convert them to 1-of-n representation.
  - (e) The same program should be able to handle the different data sets.
  - (f) Use C (GNU gcc), C++ (GNU g++), Java (Oracle Java), LISP (CLISP), or Python. If you don't have a preference, use Java since it's more portable.
  - (g) Your program preferrably runs on code.fit.edu (linux).
  - (h) Submission:
    - i. README.txt: how to compile and run the four tests on code.fit.edu
    - ii. source code