支持向量机

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$$h_{\vec{w},b}(\vec{x}) = \operatorname{sign}(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x} + b) \tag{0.1}$$

$$\hat{\gamma}^{(i)} = y^{(i)}(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}^{(i)} + b) \tag{0.2}$$

对 \vec{w} 与 b 缩放不会改变 $h_{\vec{w},b}(\vec{x})$ 的实际结果。

$$\hat{\gamma} = \min_{i=1,\dots,n} \frac{\hat{\gamma}^{(i)}}{\|\vec{w}\|} \tag{0.3}$$

$$\max_{\vec{w},b} \quad \gamma$$

$$s.t. \quad y^{(i)}(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}^{(i)} + b) \ge \gamma, \quad i = 1, \dots, n$$

$$(0.4)$$

由于 \vec{w} 与 b 可以任意缩放, 令 $\gamma = 1$ 。

$$min_{\vec{w},b} \quad \frac{1}{2} ||\vec{w}||^2$$
s.t. $y^{(i)}(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}^{(i)} + b) \ge 1, \quad i = 1, ..., n$ (0.5)

拉格朗日函数, 其中 $\alpha_i >= 0$ 。

$$\mathcal{L}(\vec{w}, b, \vec{\alpha}) = \frac{1}{2} ||\vec{w}||^2 - \sum_{n=1}^{i=1} \alpha_i \left[y^{(i)} (\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}^{(i)} + b) - 1 \right]$$
(0.6)

这里跳一步,直接转化为对偶问题:

$$\max_{\vec{\alpha}} \min_{\vec{w}, b} \mathcal{L}(\vec{w}, b, \vec{\alpha}) \tag{0.7}$$

$$\nabla_{\vec{w}} \mathcal{L}(\vec{w}, b, \vec{\alpha}) = \vec{w} - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y^{(i)} \vec{x}^{(i)} = 0$$
 (0.8)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial b}\mathcal{L}(\vec{w}, b, \vec{\alpha}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y^{(i)} = 0 \tag{0.9}$$

将等式0.8与等式0.9代入等式0.6得到:

$$\mathcal{L}(\vec{\alpha}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j=1}^{n} y^{(i)} y^{(j)} \alpha_i \alpha_j \langle \vec{x}^{(i)}, \vec{x}^{(j)} \rangle$$

$$(0.10)$$

$$max_{\vec{\alpha}} \quad \mathcal{L}(\vec{\alpha}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_{i} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j=1}^{n} y^{(i)} y^{(j)} \alpha_{i} \alpha_{j} \langle \vec{x}^{(i)}, \vec{x}^{(j)} \rangle$$

$$s.t. \quad a_{i} \geq 0, i = 1, \dots, n$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_{i} y^{(i)} = 0$$

$$(0.11)$$

$$\vec{w}^* = \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y^{(i)} \vec{x}^{(i)}$$

$$b^* = -\frac{1}{2} (\max_{i:y^{(i)}=-1} \vec{w}^* \cdot x^{(i)} + \min_{i:y^{(i)}=1} \vec{w}^* \cdot x^{(i)})$$

$$(0.12)$$

$$min_{\vec{w},b} \quad \frac{1}{2} ||\vec{w}||^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i$$

$$s.t. \quad y^{(i)}(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}^{(i)} + b) \ge 1, \quad i = 1, \dots, n$$

$$\xi_i \ge 0, \quad i = 1, \dots, n$$

$$(0.13)$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\vec{w}, b, \vec{\xi}, \vec{\alpha}, \vec{r}) = \frac{1}{2} ||\vec{w}||^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i \left[y^{(i)} (\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}^{(i)} + b) - 1 \right] - \sum_{i=1}^n r_i \xi_i$$
 (0.14)