## Kafka Error Handling

Patterns and Best Practices

**Transaction Banking** 

May 12, 2021

Transaction Banking from Goldman Sachs is a high volume, latency sensitive digital banking platform offering. We have chosen an event driven architecture to build highly decoupled and independent microservices in a cloud native manner and are designed to meet the objectives of Security, Availability Latency and Scalability. Kafka was a natural choice — to decouple producers and consumers and to scale easily for high volume processing. However, there are certain aspects that require careful consideration — handling errors and partial failures, managing downtime of consumers, secure communication between brokers and producers / consumers. In this session, we will present the patterns and best practices that helped us build robust event driven applications. We will also present our solution approach that has been reused across multiple application domains. We hope that by sharing our experience, we can establish a reference implementation that application developers can benefit from.

#### Aruna Kalagnanam

Aruna Kalagnanam is a Tech Fellow in the Transaction Banking Group in Goldman Sachs, leading the development of Security solutions for the Cloud. Aruna has 20+ years of experience in developing distributed systems, application frameworks and APIs in firms like JP Morgan Chase, Walmart Labs and IBM.



#### **Hemant Desale**

Hemant Desale is a Vice President and Software Engineer in Transaction Banking Group in Goldman Sachs and enjoys working on distributed systems for banking and financial services.





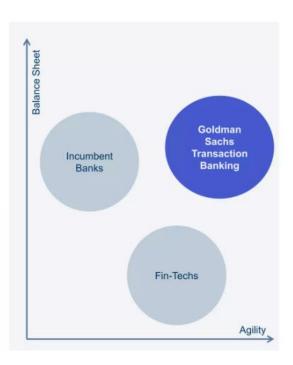
# Introduction Transaction Banking

### Transaction Banking Vision

Goldman Sachs has created a digital-first, built-fromscratch transaction bank. The firm is uniquely positioned to launch this product, leveraging over 150 years of financial and risk management expertise, yet unencumbered by legacy banking infrastructure.



- 24/7 Availability via Cloud-Based Banking Platform
- · Robust Suite of Liquidity and Payment Solutions
- · Faster and Reimagined Client Onboarding
- · Data-Driven Actionable Insights and Routing Engines
- · Integration with Leading Treasury Workstations





#### **Transaction Banking Solution Overview**

Goldman Sachs Transaction Banking (TxB) Product Development is Agile, Client-Driven, and Fully Configurable





## Deposit Accounts

Deposit options with varying yield and liquidity, backed by GS Bank USA (S&P:A+/A-1, Fitch: A+/F1, Moody's: A1/P-1\*)



#### Domestic and International Payments

Centralized solution with real-time payment tracking and no hidden fees



#### Virtual Integrated Accounts

Full payment capabilities with clearing recognized account numbers



### Cash Concentration

Intelligent, rule-base sweep for additional yield on excess cash



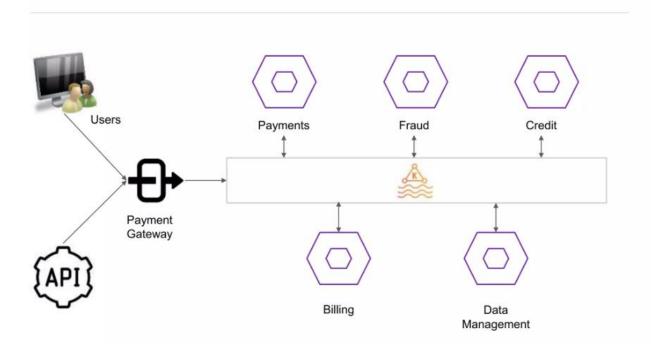
#### Analytics

Real-time multi-bank reporting available via UI, file, API and message



## Event driven architecture

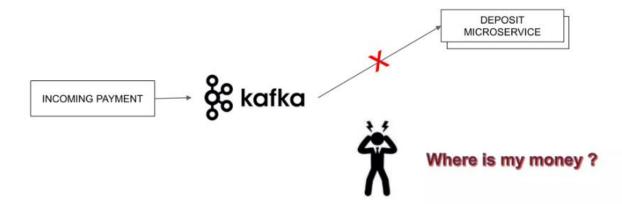
Kafka as the messaging system



## **Error Handling**

Patterns and Best Practices

- □ Event driven microservices are decoupled, independent and scalable, however, introduce operational complexity due to message flow through discrete components
- ☐ Handling partial failures is challenging, but extremely important
- Best to consider error handling as part of design, this helps make the system more reliable and predictable





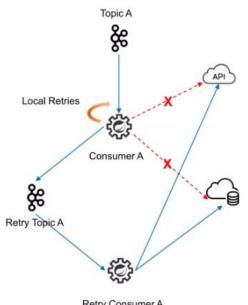
# Transient errors Retry-able errors

- Services should be prepared for handling transient errors
  - · Network issues (they do occur!)
  - · External API endpoints being down
  - · Database failures
- ☐ Kafka consumers consume message off a topic, process it and hand it off to another service
- ☐ This maybe an external service
- ☐ If a request to a dependent service fails with a 503, how to handle it?



## Handling transient errors

- Do not ignore the message and process the next
- Implement a retry mechanism within the Kafka consumer
  - Retry after a fixed delay
  - Retry with an exponential back-off delay
- Setup retry topics for delayed processing
- If all retries are exhausted, configure a recovery callback mechanism
  - Logging the relevant information
  - Configuring a dead letter topic and alerting on the same
  - Tombstoning the information into a database



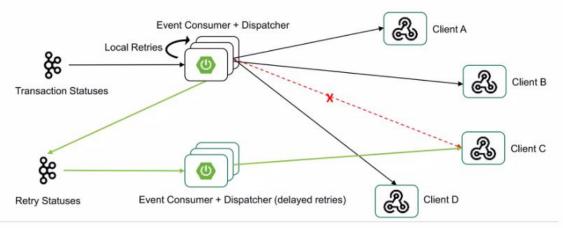
Retry Consumer A



## API, API, are you there?

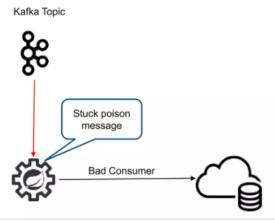
- Applications rely on 3<sup>rd</sup> party services for fulfilling transactions
- Or applications may have to push notifications to external endpoints, like webhooks
- ☐ Here is an example of how to handle downtime of such external dependencies in a Kafka driven event based system

## Notifications to webhook endpoints





- ☐ Non-transient error : message fails with the same error no matter how many times retried
- ☐ Such errors usually need a fix, for example
  - · parsing errors
  - · application bugs
  - · schema compatibility issues

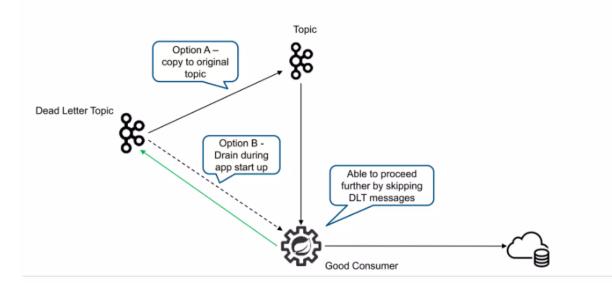


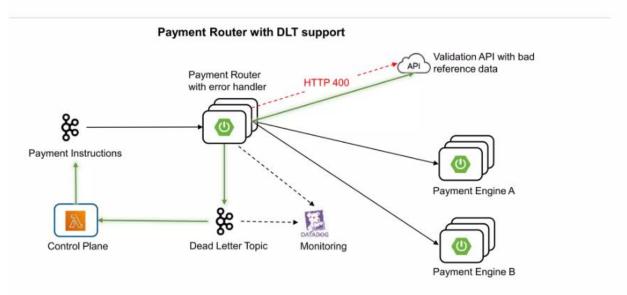


## Non-Transient Errors

Good Consumer

- ☐ Define Non-retryable exception class hierarchy for such errors
- ☐ Push failed messages to Dead Letter Topics before skipping the message
- ☐ If message ordering needs to be maintained then fail all co-related messages





- □ Extended SeekToCurrentErrorHandler from spring-kafka to push messages to DLT
- ☐ Used Control Plane (internally uses AWS lambda) to copy messages back to original topic
- Used DataDog for DLT monitoring

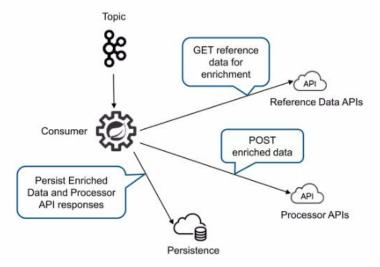


# Complex Message Processing

Error Handling Issues

### When message processing is complex and not atomic

- · It is not always possible to rollback everything
- · Message replays become difficult because we don't know where to resume

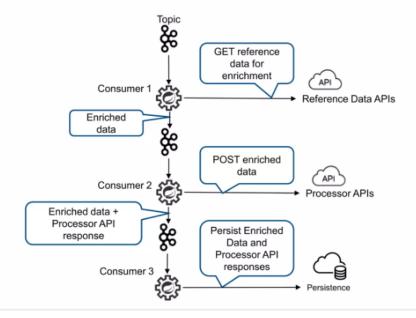




# Complex Message Processing

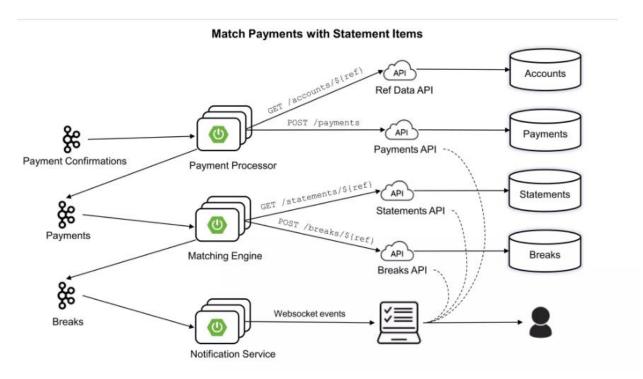
Possible Solution

- ☐ Split message processing into small atomic operations and events
- ☐ Make operations idempotent so retries do not cause dupes





# Complex Message Processing





- ☐ If you are a Java shop like us then spring-kafka could be useful
  - · Easy to extend to achieve your bespoke error handling requirements
  - · Out of the box support for chaining transactions with other resources like DB
- ☐ Consistent set of configuration across multiple Kafka clients helps to achieve consistency in error handling.
- ☐ Some key configs
  - · enable.auto.commit = false
  - max.in.flight.requests.per.connection = 1
  - · acks = all
  - min.insync.replicas > 1