

A quick introduction to AWS Kinesis Streams

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Kinesis Platform Family

Kinesis Streams



Build your own
custom application
that process or
analyze streaming
data

Available since 2014

Kinesis Firehose



Load massive
volumes of streaming
data into Amazon S3
and Redshift

NEW Oct 2015

Kinesis Analytics



Analyze data streams
using SQL queries

Announced for 2016

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Announced for 2016

Kinesis Streams is like a managed Kafka cluster that allows you store event data into a place before analyzing them

Kinesis Streams – Example Use Case



Send clickstream data
to Kinesis Streams



STREAMS

Kinesis Streams stores and
exposes clickstream data for
processing

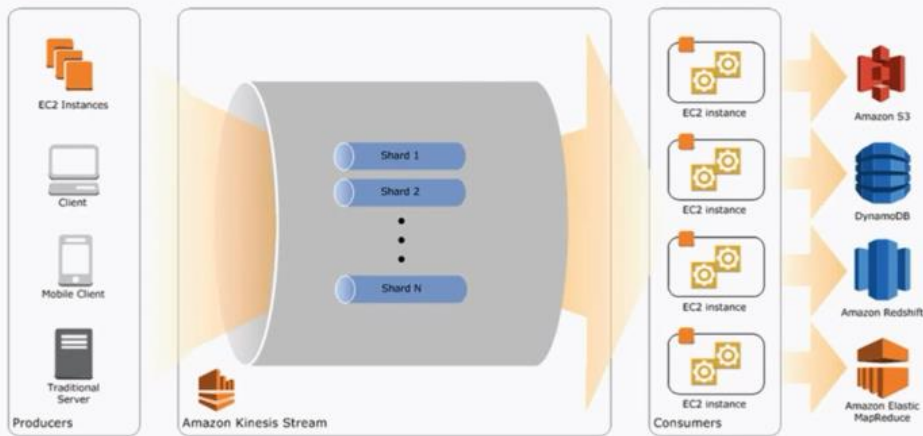


Custom application built on
Kinesis Client Library makes real-
time content recommendations



Readers see personalized
content suggestions

High Level Architecture



The data is put in Streams, the Streams is divided into Shards, Consumers can retrieve records from the shards and do something with them.

Concepts (I)

Stream

- Named Event Stream of Data Records
- Data is stored for 24 hours (default) – up to 168 hours (7 days)
- Data is partitioned into Shards

Data Record

- Unit of data stored in an Stream
- Data Record = Data Blob + Partition Key + Sequence Number

Concepts (II)

Partition Key

- Assigned to the Data Record by the data producer
- Used for partitioning of data across Shards
- MD5 Hash determines Shard

Sequence Number

- Unique identifier of a Data Record
- Assigned by Kinesis on write

Concepts (III)

Shard

- A shard is a group of Data Records in a Stream
- A stream is composed of multiple shards
- You scale Kinesis streams by adding or removing Shards
- Each shard provides a fixed unit of capacity
- Each shard ingests up to 1MB/sec of data up to 1000 records/sec

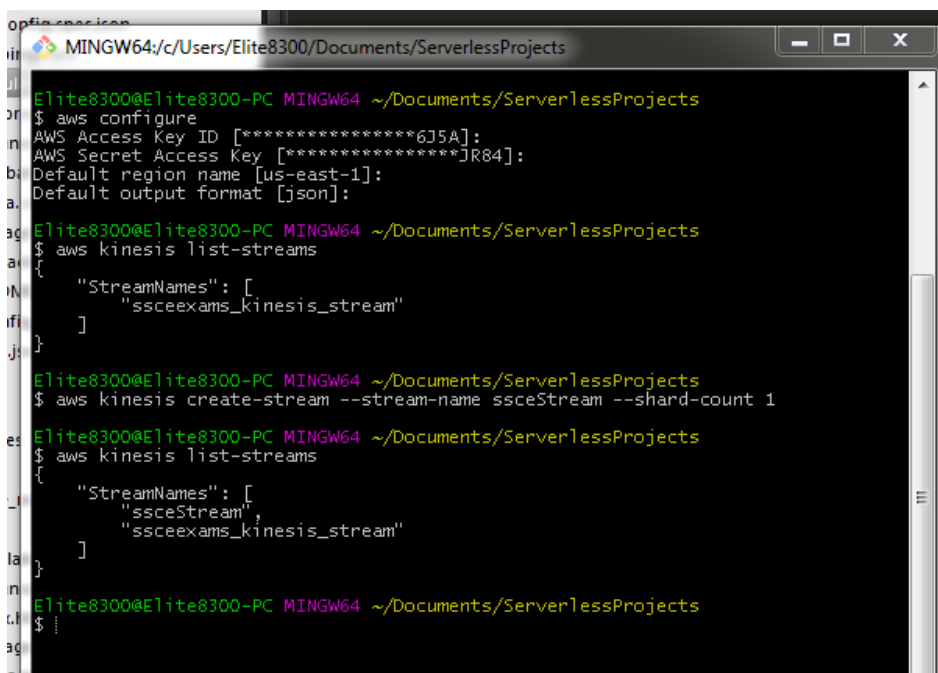
Demo

```
Demo $ step1_list
+ aws kinesis list-streams
{
  "StreamNames": []
}
```

Using the AWS CLI, you can list your available streams using the ***\$ aws kinesis list-streams*** command

```
Demo $ step2_create
+ aws kinesis create-stream --stream-name Devxxx --shard-count 1
Demo $ step1_list
+ aws kinesis list-streams
{
  "StreamNames": [
    "Devxxx"
  ]
}
```

We can create a new stream with command ***\$ aws kinesis create-stream - -stream-name ssceStream - -shard-count 1***. we can increase or decrease the number of shards later.



```
MINGW64:/c:/Users/Elite8300/Documents/ServerlessProjects
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws configure
AWS Access Key ID [*****6J5A]:
AWS Secret Access Key [*****JR84]:
Default region name [us-east-1]:
Default output format [json]:

Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws kinesis list-streams
{
  "StreamNames": [
    "ssceexams_kinesis_stream"
  ]
}

Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws kinesis create-stream --stream-name ssceStream --shard-count 1

Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws kinesis list-streams
{
  "StreamNames": [
    "ssceStream",
    "ssceexams_kinesis_stream"
  ]
}
```

```

Demo $ step2_create
+ aws kinesis create-stream --stream-name Devovxx --shard-count 1
Demo $ step1_list
+ aws kinesis list-streams
{
  "StreamNames": [
    "Devovxx"
  ]
}
Demo $ step3_describe
+ aws kinesis describe-stream --stream-name Devovxx
{
  "StreamDescription": {
    "StreamStatus": "ACTIVE",
    "StreamName": "Devovxx",
    "StreamARN": "arn:aws:kinesis:eu-central-1:127961942231:stream/Devovxx",
    "Shards": [
      {
        "ShardId": "shardId-000000000000",
        "HashKeyRange": {
          "EndingHashKey": "340282366920938463463374607431768211455",
          "StartingHashKey": "0"
        },
        "SequenceNumberRange": {
          "StartingSequenceNumber": "49556282679906850603701442838854294911646892334560313346"
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}
Demo $

```

We can use the **\$ aws kinesis describe-stream - --stream-name Devovxx** to see details about the kinesis stream as above. We can see that the stream is ACTIVE, has 1 shard with a ShardID, HashKeyRange and a SequenceNumberRange. All partition keys will go into the sequence value.

```

MINGW64/c/Users/Elite8300/Documents/ServerlessProjects
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws kinesis describe-stream --stream-name ssceexams_kinesis_stream
{
  "StreamDescription": {
    "KeyId": null,
    "EncryptionType": "NONE",
    "StreamStatus": "ACTIVE",
    "StreamName": "ssceexams_kinesis_stream",
    "Shards": [
      {
        "ShardId": "shardId-000000000000",
        "HashKeyRange": {
          "EndingHashKey": "340282366920938463463374607431768211455",
          "StartingHashKey": "0"
        },
        "SequenceNumberRange": {
          "StartingSequenceNumber": "49581259899529270009052640758792301340345340753403183106"
        }
      }
    ],
    "StreamARN": "arn:aws:kinesis:us-east-1:736546311813:stream/ssceexams_kinesis_stream",
    "EnhancedMonitoring": [
      {
        "ShardLevelMetrics": []
      }
    ],
    "StreamCreationTimestamp": 1517333244.0,
    "RetentionPeriodHours": 24
  }
}
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$

MINGW64/c/Users/Elite8300/Documents/ServerlessProjects
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws kinesis describe-stream --stream-name ssceStream
{
  "StreamDescription": {
    "KeyId": null,
    "EncryptionType": "NONE",
    "StreamStatus": "ACTIVE",
    "StreamName": "ssceStream",
    "Shards": [
      {
        "ShardId": "shardId-000000000000",
        "HashKeyRange": {
          "EndingHashKey": "340282366920938463463374607431768211455",
          "StartingHashKey": "0"
        },
        "SequenceNumberRange": {
          "StartingSequenceNumber": "49581287011169628728290051371728005510597799207963197442"
        }
      }
    ],
    "StreamARN": "arn:aws:kinesis:us-east-1:736546311813:stream/ssceStream",
    "EnhancedMonitoring": [
      {
        "ShardLevelMetrics": []
      }
    ],
    "StreamCreationTimestamp": 1517409227.0,
    "RetentionPeriodHours": 24
  }
}
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$

```

```

}
Demo $ step4_put Hello
+ aws kinesis put-record --stream-name Devovxx --partition-key 123 --data 'Hello The time is: 13:44:51.'
{
  "ShardId": "shardId-000000000000",
  "SequenceNumber": "49556282679906850603701442840974750799250960565649014786"
}
Demo $

```

We can put some data into the Devovxx Kinesis stream using the command **\$ aws kinesis put-record - --stream-name Devovxx - --partition-key 123 - --data 'Hello The time is 13:44:51.'**

```

template
.gitignore
index.html
package.json
protractor.conf.js
README.md
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws kinesis put-record --stream-name ssceStream --partition-key 123 --data 'L_123_34_43_dash,L_223_32_73_tstcntr'
{
  "ShardId": "shardId-000000000000",
  "SequenceNumber": "49581287011169628728290052728458304757131202364023242754"
}
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$

```



```
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws kinesis get-shard-iterator --shard-id shardId-000000000000 --shard-iterato
r-type TRIM_HORIZON --stream-name ssceStream
{
  "ShardIterator": "AAAAAAAAAFApauCYBLq0QxKBQ0W3CA0sRQsIdaRUMRwjeFHahNTi/x66B
Q+3PH+GKo55MBVU3G1ucwMff4kFh7ML6QZ5IibCIfdN36zq8TIU1/CyqsVaBpJCnXW57vkZ2M3O1/lwpwC6UFqFGISzki2E+MtVZx6iu6LZTG1jxtrAk3c4Dg1Nox7pXRzUj/umF0rT9sZRFanw59TBvuiTDNLNkWB4Fam"
}
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$
```

The lifetime of the iterator is limited to 5 minutes, so you always need to get a new iterator for retrieving the data from the stream.

```
Demo $ step6_save_iterator
+ aws kinesis get-shard-iterator --shard-id shardId-000000000000 --shard-iterator-type TRIM_HORIZON --stream-name Devoxx > iter
ator.tmp
AAAAAAAAAAAEaDvHd8JN3k3xjSGHnk6+kx3Yc/7UGFYklt+1PVeyQjN0/cP4MK7c7leSHwgVe08iFnen57m0jcsHpm3bixPym+m3iDpf0PEhIUHwoHS8hQ8/IXambdXu
C5sKf+is92QawvWqBp2iixJc2QHgv10XhuwBHB0W0z7uFgMzn8GV8N0/XbsarrJuAKHVj1IAwRYIwTPecmAZNRwEv5sC+30Fw
Demo $
```

We can save this iterator in a temp file so that we can use it for a while before getting a new one. We use the command **`$ aws kinesis get-shard-iterator --shard-id shardID-000000000000 --shard-iterator-type TRIM_HORIZON --stream-name Devoxx > iterator.tmp`**

```
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws kinesis get-shard-iterator --shard-id shardId-000000000000 --shard-iterato
r-type TRIM_HORIZON --stream-name ssceStream > iterator.tmp
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$
```

```
Demo $ step7_get
+ aws kinesis get-records --shard-iterator AAAAAAAAAAEaDvHd8JN3k3xjSGHnk6+kx3Yc/7UGFYklt+1PVeyQjN0/cP4MK7c7leSHwgVe08iFnen57m0j
csHpm3bixPym+m3iDpf0PEhIUHwoHS8hQ8/IXambdXuC5sKf+is92QawvWqBp2iixJc2QHgv10XhuwBHB0W0z7uFgMzn8GV8N0/XbsarrJuAKHVj1IAwRYIwTPecmAZ
NRwEv5sC+30Fw
{
  "Records": [
    {
      "Data": "SGVsbG8gVGhlIHRpbWUgaXM6IDEzOjQ0OjUxLg==",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1447332292.069,
      "SequenceNumber": "49556282679906850603701442840974750799250960565649014786"
    },
    {
      "Data": "RGV2b3h4IFRoZSB0aW1lIGlzOiAxMzo0NToxMi4=",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1447332313.169,
      "SequenceNumber": "49556282679906850603701442840975959725070576637932732418"
    },
    {
      "Data": "S2luZXNpcyBUaGUgdGltZSBpczogMTM6NDU2MjAu",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1447332320.519,
      "SequenceNumber": "49556282679906850603701442840977168650890191748143775746"
    }
  ],
  "NextShardIterator": "AAAAAAAAAEqUk9Ckvw03P6xqfZyS0hXCN0TKFCL105G/jBqKVqgvQ0wcxHEEFM+4zSOQW67QWk2uIf+/aErVsmgKcBG6hMXPNCR2
txRJR/Xq+Hgqqq3NgLV80RCQbEvfv3Y6U5B9jEfommmncqNer72xsAFfpTKSHmdMI01rIUW0ioWdadc/yuxph3to4Gllduqb3exssFHzrWhjJsUmciY0Z6S7mi",
  "MillisBehindLatest": 88000
}
Demo $
```

We can now get the data records using the currently saved iterator using the command **`$ aws kinesis get-records --shard-iterator`**

`AAAAAAAAAFApauCYBLq0QxKBQ0W3CA0sRQsIdaRUMRwjeFHahNTi/x66BQ+3PH+GKo55MBVU3G1ucwMff4kFh7ML6QZ5IibCIfdN36zq8TIU1/CyqsVaBpJCnXW57vkZ2M3O1/lwpwC6UFqFGISzki2E+MtVZx6iu6LZTG1jxtrAk3c4Dg1Nox7pXRzUj/umF0rT9sZRFanw59TBvuiTDNLNkWB4Fam`

```

AAAAAAAAAAEaDvHd8JN3k3xjSGHnk6+cx3Yc/7UGfYklt+1PVeyQjN0/cP4MK7c7LeSHwgVe08iFnen57m0jcsbpm3bixPym+m3iDpf0PEhIUHwoHS8hQ8/IXambdXu
CSsKf+is92QawWqBp2iiXJc2QHgv10Xhuw8HB0W0z7uFgMzn8GV8N0/XbsarrJuAKHVj1IAwRYIwTPecmAzNRwEvSsC+30Fw
Demo $ step7_get
+ aws kinesis get-records --shard-iterator AAAAAAAAAAEaDvHd8JN3k3xjSGHnk6+cx3Yc/7UGfYklt+1PVeyQjN0/cP4MK7c7LeSHwgVe08iFnen57m0j
csbpm3bixPym+m3iDpf0PEhIUHwoHS8hQ8/IXambdXuCSsKf+is92QawWqBp2iiXJc2QHgv10Xhuw8HB0W0z7uFgMzn8GV8N0/XbsarrJuAKHVj1IAwRYIwTPecmAz
NRwEvSsC+30Fw
{
  "Records": [
    {
      "Data": "SGVsbG8gVGhlIHRpbWUgaXM6IDEzOjQ0OjUxLg==",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1447332292.069,
      "SequenceNumber": "49556282679906850603701442840974750799250960565649014786"
    },
    {
      "Data": "RGV2b3h4IFRoZSB0aW1lIGlzOiAxMzo0NToxMi4=",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1447332313.169,
      "SequenceNumber": "49556282679906850603701442840975959725070576637932732418"
    },
    {
      "Data": "S2luZXNpcyB1aGUgdGltZSBpczogMTM6NDU6MjAu",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1447332320.519,
      "SequenceNumber": "49556282679906850603701442840977168650890191748143775746"
    }
  ],
  "NextShardIterator": "AAAAAAAAAAEqUk9Ckwv03P6xqfZyS0hXCN0TKfCLl05G/jBqKVagvQ0wcxHEEFM+4zS0QW67CWk2uIf+/aErVsmgKc8G6hMXPNCR2
txRJR/Xq+Hgaqq3NgLVB0RCQbEvfv3Y6USB9jEfommmncqNer72xsAFFpoTK5HmxMI01rIUW0ioWdatc/yuxph3to4Gllduqb3exssFHZrWjhJJsUmcIY0Z6S7mi",
  "MillisBehindLatest": 88000
}
Demo $ step8_decode SGVsbG8gVGhlIHRpbWUgaXM6IDEzOjQ0OjUxLg
Hello The time is: 13:44:51
Demo $ █

```

We have 3 data records from the Kinesis stream, the Data has been Base64 encoded and we need to decode the values using the decode command ***\$ decode sgdgifgoghkgllhlhlholihol***

```
MINGW64/c/Users/Elite8300/Documents/ServerlessProjects
Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws kinesis get-records --shard-iterator AAAAAAAAAAG67QAwggt/nqvNXLKI45edM30e010zxtBuk6qUz77N/U
3Td13k3jxCr+Dco7YXc29IvaJfPMc/09Zey/1j0wzxxZuhirVts5aERTzU1ckpGTnjdZjItXSyZSoJif
5nA+EGTKo5Yaqh39SDVjHCi59Ic0GinA1lAsIuQ3skwDEKPKB1Q0Lm6Vb80JRC9am1W5YIjFooPn8Y
WbV49zfV8xb8d8z37SM6gw8m3k
{
  "Records": [],
  "NextShardIterator": "AAAAAAAAAAG67QAwggt/nqvNXLKI45edM30e010zxtBuk6qUz77N/U
HIRISUccwFThcwhr1Gp8mPjqrjH1sfuKRAVCapP87B49oqVURtzLrUppuiqt3X2931FwL0kD46EFhbJ
f9yR01iJXF3DzC1twWsaTUAaxBHyf+tc7+SbVc5gqyQzmq4P62tiTdgVSeiwdluc2Kxqg586q1hnKkd
PyElo/KtSY",
  "MillisBehindLatest": 2510000
}

Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$ aws kinesis get-records --shard-iterator AAAAAAAAAAG67QAwggt/nqvNXLKI45edM30e0
10zxtBuk6qUz77N/UHIRISUccwFThcwhr1Gp8mPjqrjH1sfuKRAVCapP87B49oqVURtzLrUppuiqt3X
2931FwL0kD46EFhbJf9yR01iJXF3DzC1twWsaTUAaxBHyf+tc7+SbVc5gqyQzmq4P62tiTdgVSeiwdl
uc2Kxqg586q1hnKkdPyElo/KtSY
{
  "Records": [
    {
      "Data": "TF8xMjNFMzRfNDNFZGFzaCXMzIyM18zMl83M190c3Rjb2Ry",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1517409966.237,
      "SequenceNumber": "4958128701116962872829005272845830475713120236402"
    },
    {
      "Data": "TF8xMjNFMzRfNDNFZGFzaCXMzIyM18zMl83M19wah1Zg==",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1517410139.071,
      "SequenceNumber": "4958128701116962872829005272966843950256545798765"
    },
    {
      "Data": "TF8xMjNFMzRfNDNFZGFzaCXMzIyM18zMl83M19iaw9i",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1517410146.639,
      "SequenceNumber": "4958128701116962872829005272969382694477736581879"
    },
    {
      "Data": "TF8xMjNFMzRfNDNFdHNOY250cixMzIyM18zMl83M19jaGvtYg==",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1517410166.635,
      "SequenceNumber": "4958128701116962872829005272979174993616615215633"
    },
    {
      "Data": "TF8xMjNFMzRfNDNFdHNOY250cixMzIyM18zMl83M19hZ3Jjc2NpYg==",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1517411250.903,
      "SequenceNumber": "4958128701116962872829005273503969691911333189565"
    },
    {
      "Data": "TF8xMjNFMzRfNDNFdHNOY250cixMzIyM18zMl83M19hZ3Jjc2NpYg==",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1517411546.631,
      "SequenceNumber": "4958128701116962872829005273646743831207822929194"
    },
    {
      "Data": "TF8xMjNFMzRfNDNFdHNOY250cixMzIyM18zMl83M19hZ3Jjc2E=",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1517411555.864,
      "SequenceNumber": "4958128701116962872829005273651700427068242963786"
    },
    {
      "Data": "TF8xMjNFMzRfNDNFdHNOY250cixMzIyM18zMl83M19hZ3Joan0z==",
      "PartitionKey": "123",
      "ApproximateArrivalTimestamp": 1517411710.075,
      "SequenceNumber": "4958128701116962872829005273726774720466312500687"
    }
  ],
  "NextShardIterator": "AAAAAAAAAEIh0k3DqpWLF1ntV0Wq/khh7f13bUCJIqaoY5GbPVY895aQV2Tzck7/KsjRCcQIU+AK3II3oTYXY91E+Rgw113r7/
mS48PhJ4mBtIPwJpc19PukiGddSyfx8pAty0jG6Vn1ra+8lUv0wzC8r+f7o/nlIrc2Q2itSqnSFDAIE66Lx7LPTAG018zcaqZns28M1ENmUdMjbeqz3YFM8",
  "MillisBehindLatest": 0
}

Elite8300@Elite8300-PC MINGW64 ~/Documents/ServerlessProjects
$
```

Note that if you make a get-records call with a shardID that does not have anything, **you will have to keep making the calls using the NextShardIterator value until you get to the shard with the available records** as above

```
Demo $ cat > iterator.tmp
AAAAAAAAAAAEqUk9Ckww03P6xqfZyS0hXCN0TKfCL105G/jBqKVqgvQ0wcxHEEFM+4zSQW67CWk2uIf+/aErVsmgKcBG6hMXPNCR2txRJR/Xq+Hggqq3NgLVBORCQbE
vfv3Y6U5B9jEfommncqNer72xsAFfpoTKSHmxMI01rIUW0i0Wdntc/yuxph3to4G1lduqb3exssFHZrWhjJsUmciY0Z6S7mi
Demo $ step7_get
+ aws kinesis get-records --shard-iterator AAAAAAAAAAEqUk9Ckww03P6xqfZyS0hXCN0TKfCL105G/jBqKVqgvQ0wcxHEEFM+4zSQW67CWk2uIf+/aEr
VsmgKcBG6hMXPNCR2txRJR/Xq+Hggqq3NgLVBORCQbEvfv3Y6U5B9jEfommncqNer72xsAFfpoTKSHmxMI01rIUW0i0Wdntc/yuxph3to4G1lduqb3exssFHZrWhjJ
sUmciY0Z6S7mi
{
  "Records": [],
  "NextShardIterator": "AAAAAAAAAEIh0k3DqpWLF1ntV0Wq/khh7f13bUCJIqaoY5GbPVY895aQV2Tzck7/KsjRCcQIU+AK3II3oTYXY91E+Rgw113r7/
mS48PhJ4mBtIPwJpc19PukiGddSyfx8pAty0jG6Vn1ra+8lUv0wzC8r+f7o/nlIrc2Q2itSqnSFDAIE66Lx7LPTAG018zcaqZns28M1ENmUdMjbeqz3YFM8",
  "MillisBehindLatest": 0
}
Demo $
```

We can put the Next Iterator into our tmp file again using the command `cat > iterator.tmp jhgfkugkiutgoytgoytoh`. We can start using it again to get data. Note that the response now is an **empty Records array** because there is no record in that shard.


```
Demo $ step9_delete
+ aws kinesis delete-stream --stream-name Devovx
Demo $ step3_describe
+ aws kinesis describe-stream --stream-name Devovx
{
  "StreamDescription": {
    "StreamStatus": "DELETING",
    "StreamName": "Devovx",
    "StreamARN": "arn:aws:kinesis:eu-central-1:127961942231:stream/Devovx",
    "Shards": []
  }
}
Demo $
```

We can then DELETE the stream using the command **`$ aws kinesis delete-stream --stream-name Devovx`**. We can now see the status is DELETING using the command **`$ aws describe-stream --stream-name Devovx`**



Closing Remarks

- Understand the consequences of the limits
 - Shards (=Capacity), Number of Consumers, Latency, etc.
- Trade Off: Vendor Lock-In vs. Managed Service
 - Alternative: Manage your own Kafka Cluster
- Choose the right access library for your use-case
 - HTTP, SDK, Client, Producer, Connector, Third Party

The Shard is a unit of Capacity and it means there is need for balancing the values used. We have used the CLI in this demo but you will need to use the correct access library for your client.


AWS Certification Exams: Kinesis Essentials

About Me & AWSPro.Academy


- Over 20 years of IT experience
- Currently leading DevOps and Cloud Practices
- Trained over 1000 students in DevOps and AWS
- Founder of AWSPro.Academy
- Provide live online AWS exam preparation class
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What You'll Learn

- Platform for streaming data on AWS
 - Supports data sources to produce streaming data, deliver data records simultaneously in small size
 - Three services: Streams, Firehose and Analytics
 - Streams collect and process large streams of data records using providers and consumers
 - Firehose directly delivers real-time streaming data to AWS services
 - Analytics process and analyze real-time streaming data with standard SQL
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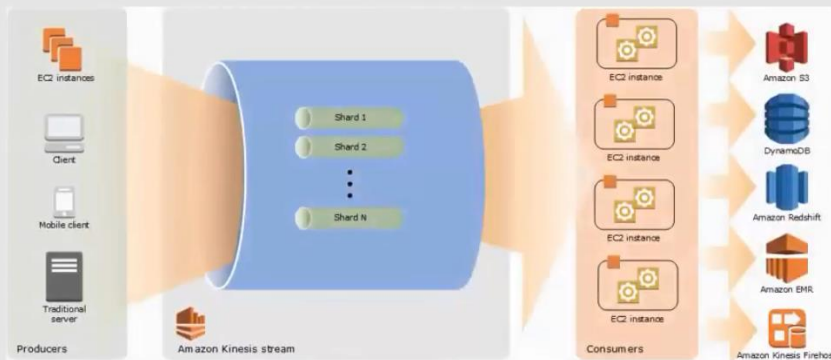
Kinesis Streams

- Collect and process large streams of data records in real time
 - Support rapid and continuous data intake and aggregation
 - Kinesis applications are data-processing applications or consumers
 - Use cases:
 - Faster log and data feed intake and processing
 - Real-time metrics and reporting
 - Real-time data analytics
 - Complex stream processing
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Kinesis Stream- Benefits

- Real-time aggregation of data
- Load aggregated data into a data warehouse or map-reduce cluster
- Provides durability and elasticity
 - Put-to-get delay is typically less than 1 second
 - Enables scale the stream up or down
- Multiple applications can consume data from a stream

Kinesis Streams - Architecture



Kinesis stream - Shards

- Streams are made of shards, and used as base throughput unit of a stream
- Write: Each shard supports up to 1,000 records/sec or up to maximum rate of 1 MB/sec
- Read: Each shard support up to 5 transactions/sec or up to a maximum read rate of 2 MB/sec
- PUT data call will be rejected with ProvisionedThroughputExceeded exception When throughput limits are exceeded
- Record's retention period is set to a default of 24 hours after creation, but can be extended up to 7 days



Kinesis stream - Records

- Stream is an ordered sequence of data records. A record is the unit of data stored in a stream
- Record is composed of a sequence number, partition key, and data blob
- Data blob is the original data from a producer with maximum size of 1 MB
- Partition key helps to identify and route records to different shards
- A sequence number is a unique identifier for each record
- Data records are added using API calls (PutRecord and PutRecords) or Amazon Kinesis Producer Library (KPL), or Amazon Kinesis Agent