

SRV304

IoT Building Blocks: From Edge Devices to Analytics in the Cloud

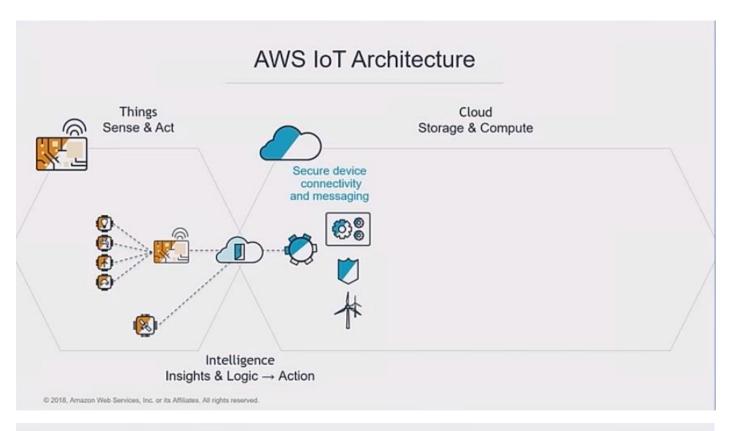
Rudy Chetty
Solutions Architect, Amazon Web Services
Eric Martinez

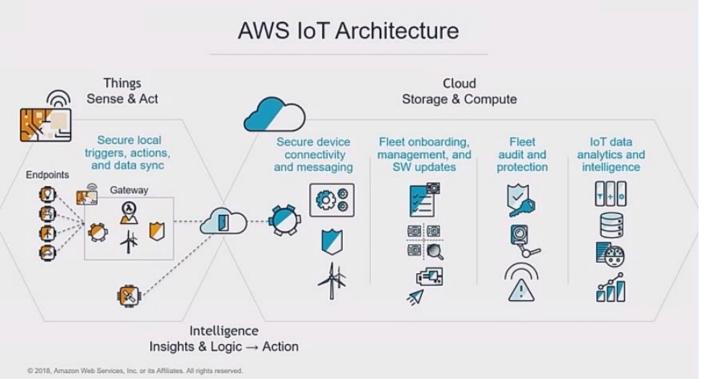
CEO and Founder, Modjoul

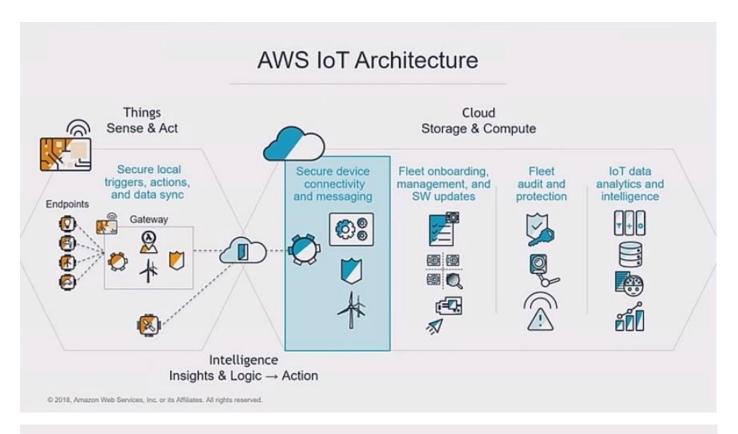
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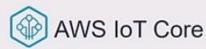
Our Concept of IoT



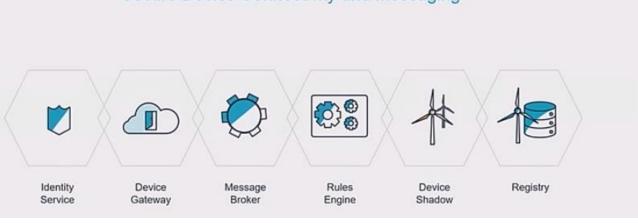






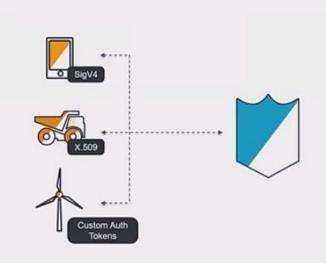


Secure Device Connectivity and Messaging



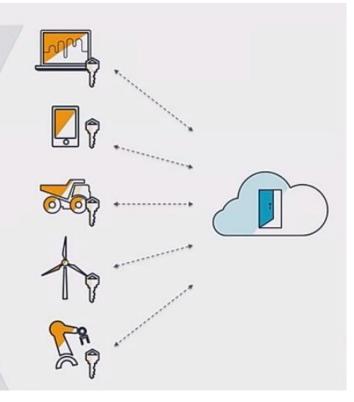
Identity Service

- · Certificates
 - AWS or BYOC
- · Manual or JITR
- IAM and AWS IoT policies
- Amazon Cognito
- · Federated users



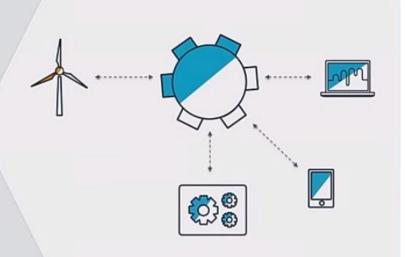
Device Gateway

- · Long-lived connections
- · MQTT, WebSockets, HTTP
- SigV4, X.509, and token-based authentication
- TLS 1.2



Message Broker

- MQTT-based routing
- · Publish/Subscribe
- · QoS 0/1
- Topics
 - Reserved (\$aws/#)
 - Wildcards



Rules Engine

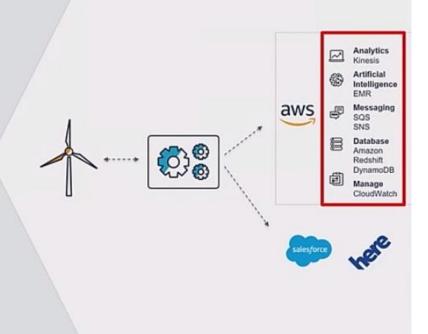
Data transformation and actions

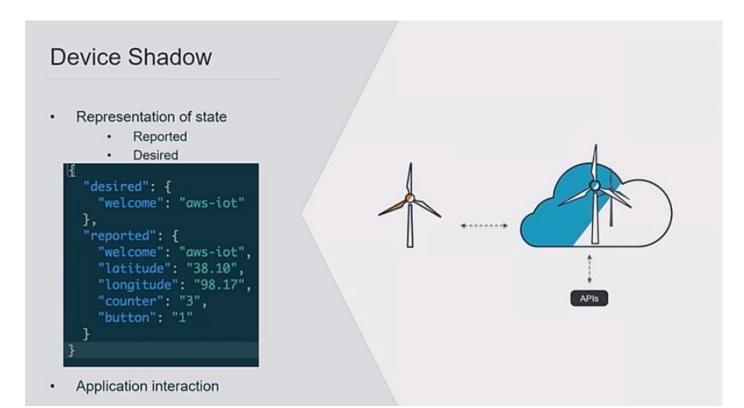


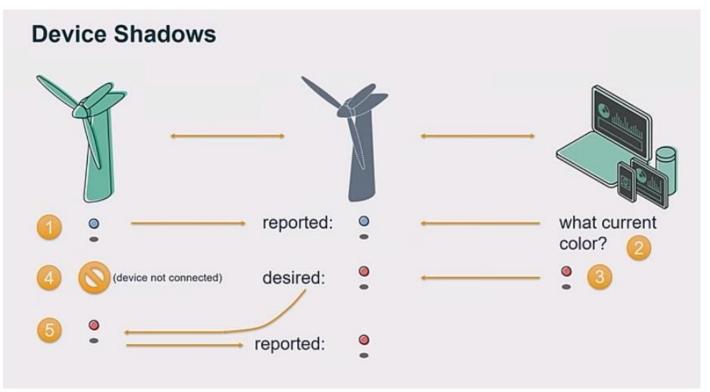
- Query language
 SELECT * from 'topic/structure'
 WHERE temperature > 35
- · Topics



- · Republish
- ML

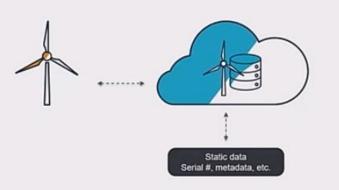


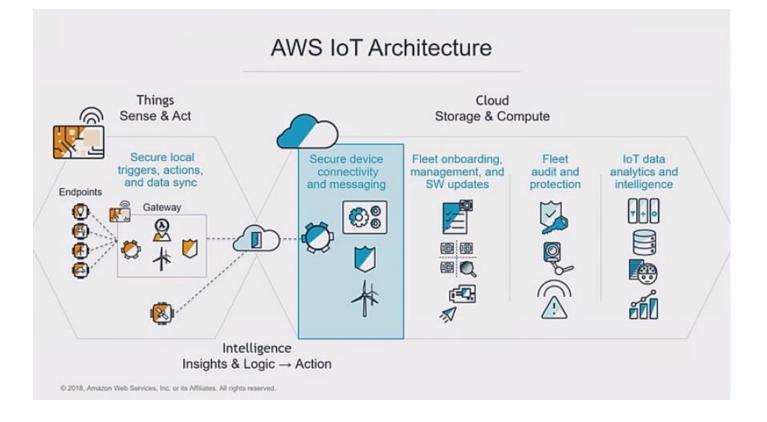




Registry

- · Static device metadata
- ThingTypes
- Groups
- Jobs







Extend AWS IoT to the Edge











Local

Resource

Access







Local Messages and Triggers

Local message broker

Local Actions

Lambda functions

Data and State Sync

Local device shadows

Security

AWS-grade security

Lambda functions Interact with peripherals

Machine Learning Inference

Local execution of ML models

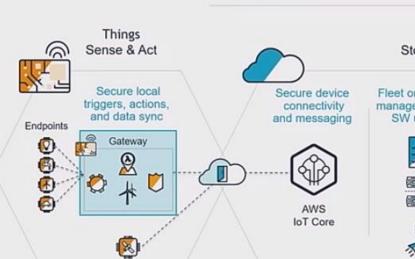
Protocol Adapters

Easy integrations with local protocols

Over the Air Updates

Easily update AWS Greengrass core

AWS IoT Architecture



Cloud Storage & Compute

Fleet onboarding, management, and SW updates







Fleet audit and protection







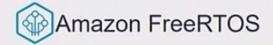
IoT data

analytics and

intelligence

Intelligence Insights & Logic → Action

AWS IoT Architecture Things Cloud Sense & Act Storage & Compute Secure local Secure device Fleet onboarding, Fleet IoT data triggers, actions, and data sync management, and SW updates audit and analytics and connectivity and messaging protection intelligence Endpoints Gateway **AWS** Greengrass IoT Core Intelligence Insights & Logic → Action © 2018, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its Affiliates. All rights reserved.



IoT Microcontroller OS



Based on FreeRTOS kernel



IoT Microcontroller OS









Local Connectivity
Libraries

AWS Greengrass

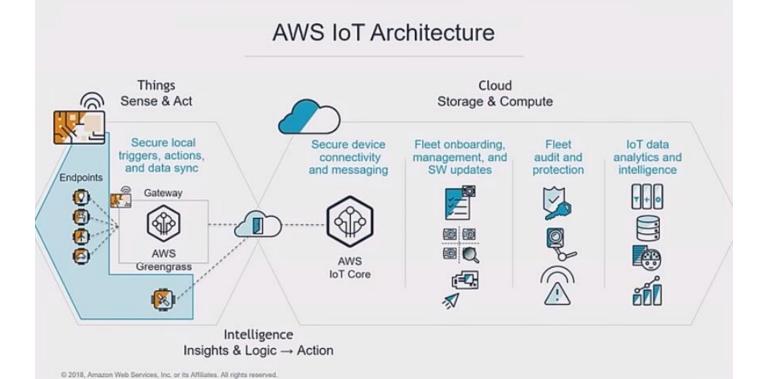
Cloud Connectivity
Libraries

AWS IoT Core

Security Connectivity Libraries OTA Beta & Code Signing



Based on FreeRTOS kernel





Maintain Fleet Health



Batch Fleet Provisioning



Real-time Fleet Index & Search

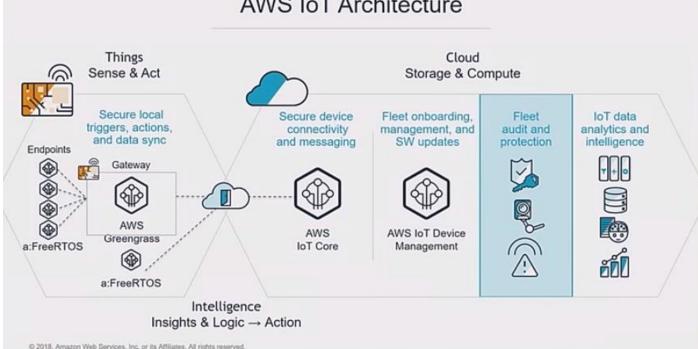


Fine Grained **Device Logging** & Monitoring



Over the Air Updates

AWS IoT Architecture





Keep your fleet secure







Monitor Device Behavior



Identify Anomalies

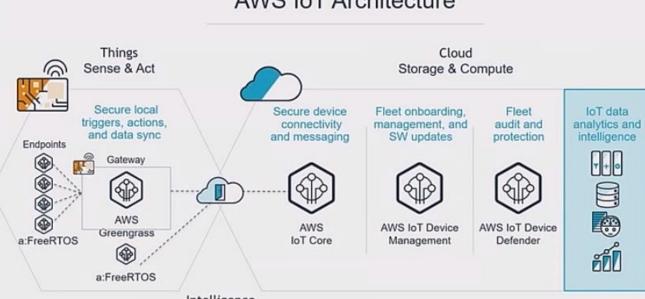


Generate Alerts



Patch Security Vulnerabilities

AWS IoT Architecture



Intelligence Insights & Logic → Action



Easily analyze IoT data

AWS IoT Analytics is a service that processes, enriches, stores, analyzes, and visualizes IoT data for manufacturers and enterprises.











Channels

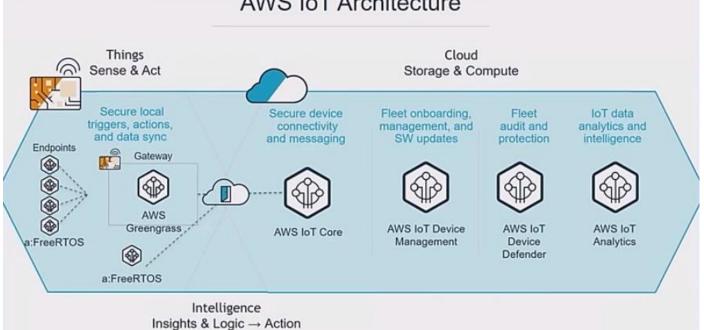
Pipelines

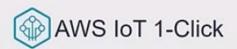
Data Stores

Datasets

Jupyter Notebooks & Templates

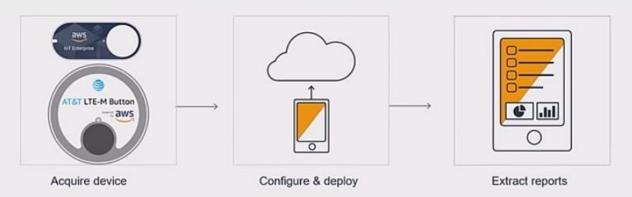
AWS IoT Architecture

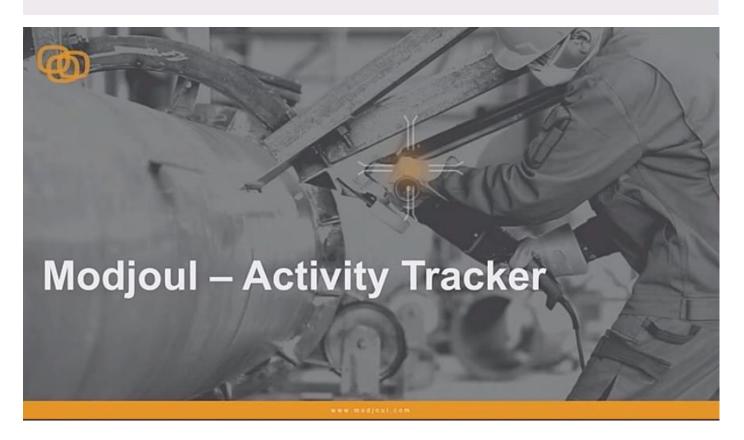


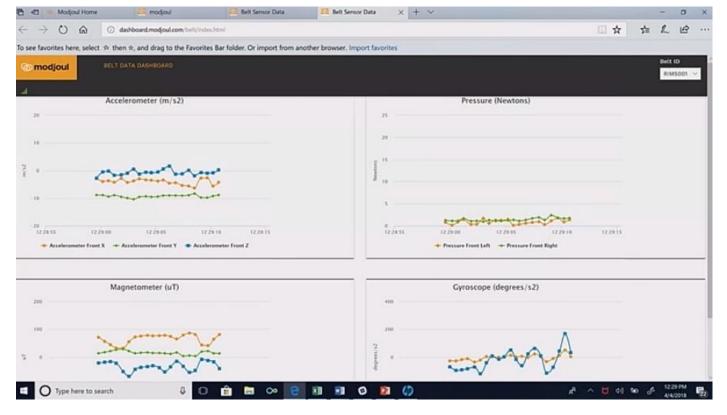


Easily Trigger Actions in the Cloud

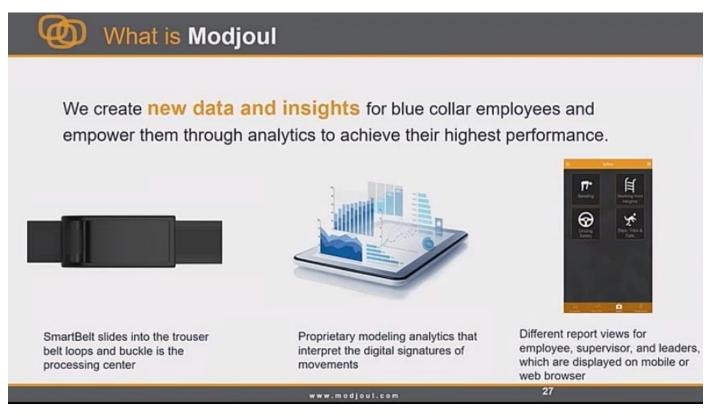
AWS IoT 1-Click makes it easy for simple devices to trigger actions such as Lambda functions with one click





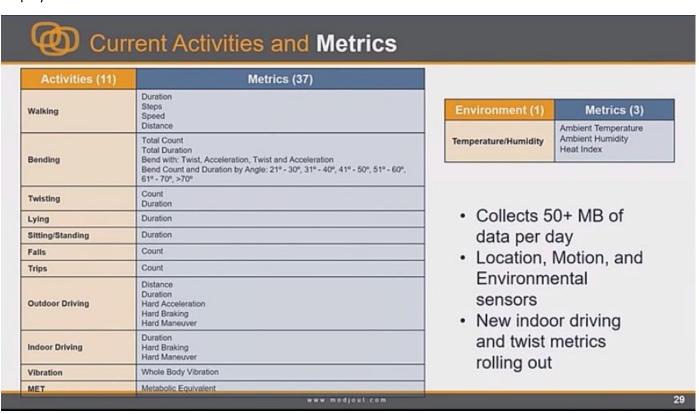


The belt is equipped with 8 sensors plus GPS for location, motion and the environment, the data are streamed every second into the AWS IoT cloud and the employee or supervisor can view the data through a device as actionable insight to keep the worker safe. The raw data from each belt results in about 15MB a day. We hold the data until we get a strong enough WIFI or RF signal strength before sending the data out from the belt to the central data hub, we can alternatively keep the data in Greengrass until the signal is strong enough to send the data out





We convert the temperature and humidity values into a heat index. We convert this into about 37 metrics for each employee.



Modjoul Features

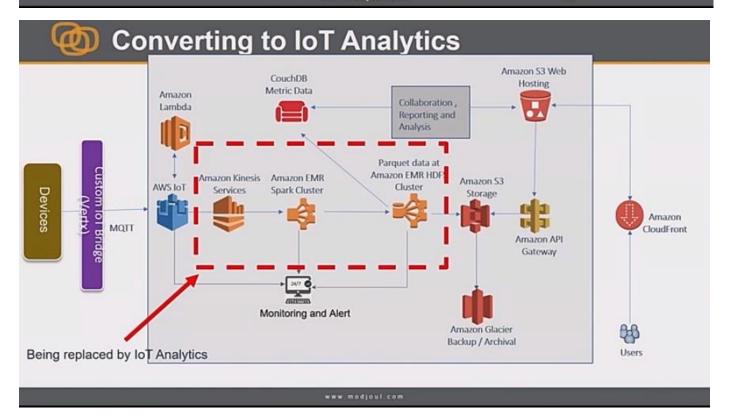


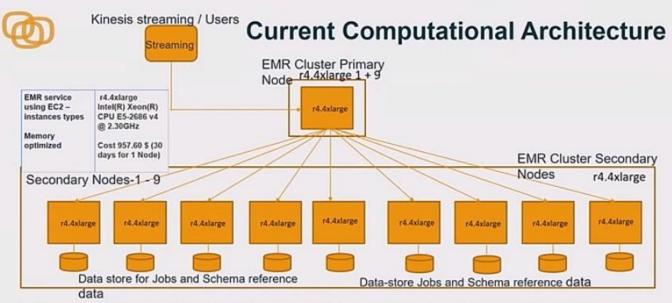
The SmartBelt Difference

- Weak radio signals ability to store two weeks of data on SmartBelt
- Employees leave ability to interchange SmartBelt between employees
- Employees forget to charge battery holds charge for two days and is part of everyday uniform
- Employees are rough electronics are protected with a plastic stiffener and water and dust resistivity rating of IP43
- Blue collar employees are not allowed cell phones and data is significant to serve as a medium
- · Accurately time stamps all activities
- Models are dependent on multiple variables and consistent orientation
- Data storage, computational power pay as you go model and commoditized
- · Wear and go model with no edge routers required

www.modioul.com

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- > The primary node divides input data into blocks, and distributes the processing of the blocks to the secondary nodes.
- > Each secondary node then runs the map function on the data it has been allocated, generating intermediate data
- The primary node manages the cluster and typically runs primary components of distributed applications.
- For example, the primary node runs the YARN ResourceManager service to manage resources for applications, as well as the HDFS NameNode service.

Conversion to IoT Analytics

- Customer management of the Primary/Secondary EMR to a managed service
- · Computational round-trip time is better
- Cost-effective scaling
- Reporting/Visualisation

Demonstration

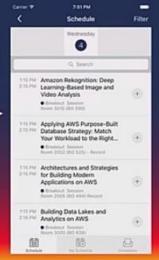
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