

What to expect



Security Defined













Step-by-step



Strategy

Security Defined

INFORMATION SECURITY:

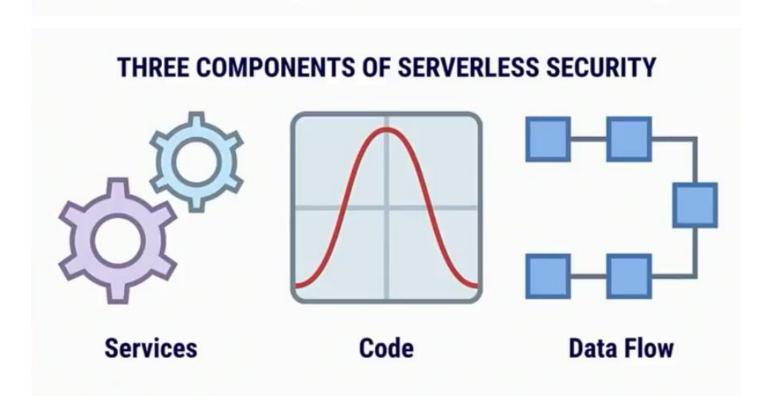
The practice of preventing unauthorized access and use of information

SECURITY IS EVERYONE'S RESPONSIBILITY

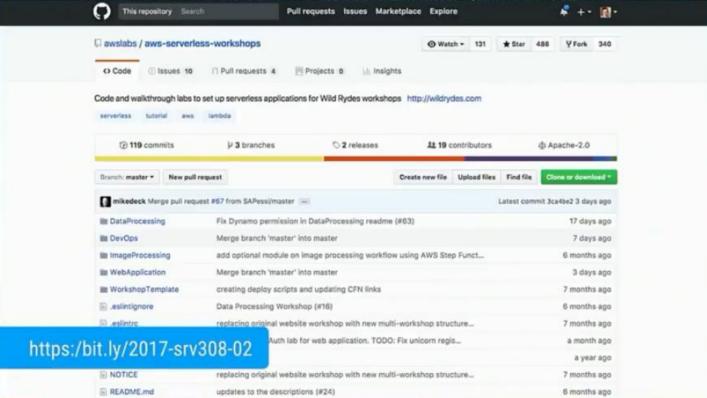
THE PURPOSE OF SECURITY:

To ensure that your solution works as intended ...and only as intended

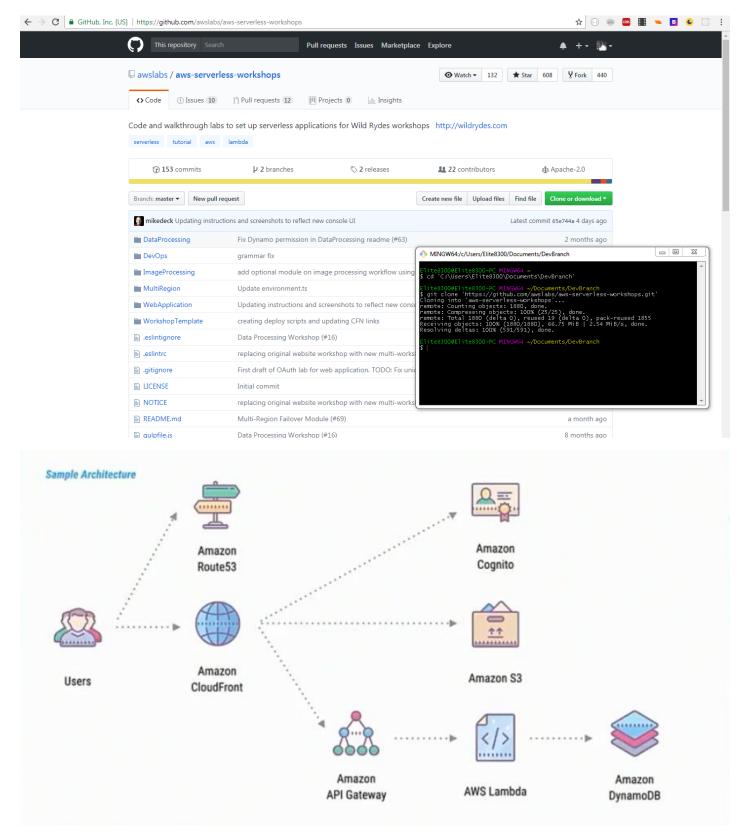
	SHARED RESPON	ISIBILITY MODEL	
Data	Data	Data	Data
Application	Application	Application	Application
os	os	0S	OS
Virtualization	Virtualization	Virtualization	Virtualization
Infrastructure	Infrastructure	Infrastructure	Infrastructure
Physical	Physical	Physical	Physical
On-premises	laas	PaaS [Container]	SaaS







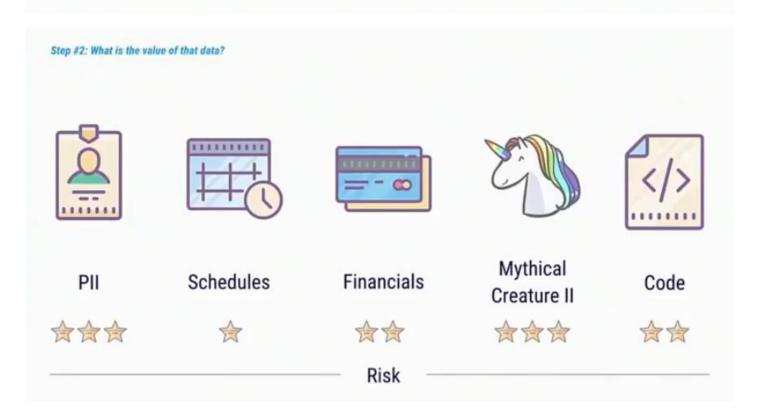
The code for this session is available at the following aws-labs link



We are going to walk through this design and apply security features that will ensure that the app does only what we want it to do.

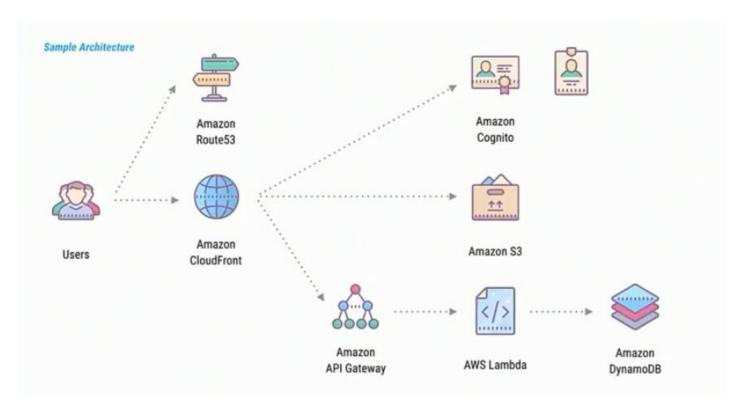
STEP #1

What data is involved in our application?



We can expose the scheduling data since it is not critical

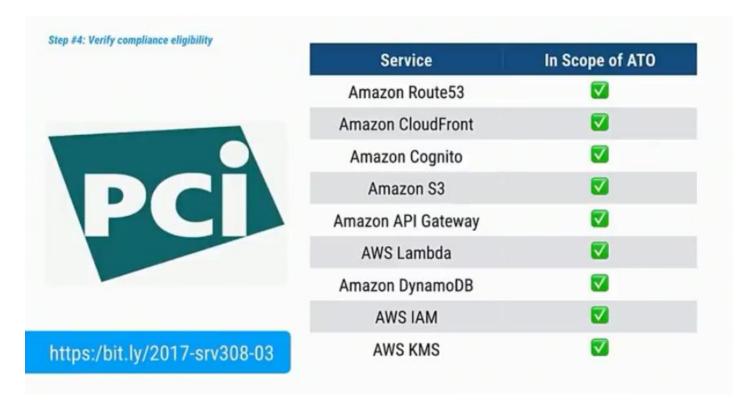




We can now go through each of these services to see how we can configure them to match our data security concerns

Step #3: What are the services that access that data? **Intended Data Potential Data** Service Risk Amazon Route53 Infrastructure 合合合 Amazon CloudFront HTML, JS, CSS All 合合合 Amazon Cognito PII All HTML, JS, CSS Amazon S3 PII, MCII, Schedule, Financials, Code Amazon API Gateway PII, MCII, Schedule, Financials, Code AWS Lambda PII, MCII, Schedule, Financials, Code Amazon DynamoDB

What are the services that touch what piece of data? *CloudFront* is our cache and should only have our content code/data in it, HTML, JS and CSS only, it also has the potential to store sensitive data if our code is not secure enough. We need to put some mitigations and gates in place to prevent this.



https://aws.amazon.com/compliance/services-in-scope/



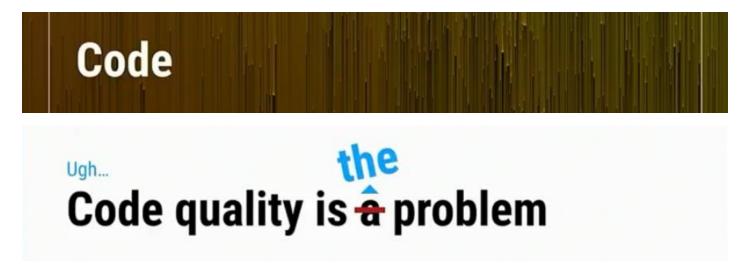
Payment Cards Industry PCI compliance is required since we are accepting credit cards for our rides. All the AWS services we are using are all certified to accept PCI data.



You need to read up on each service so that we know what access we have. S3 bucket creation is secured and locked down to only the specific user that created the bucket, you have to take explicit actions to make the bucket public. We need to know how to configure each service appropriately. IAM also denys all access by default, you need to allow access using specific IAM policies.



You need to continue to test that what you intended to happen actually is true, you can set up lambdas to test our services.

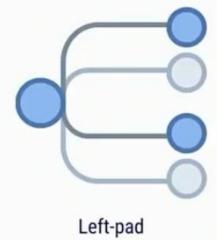


OWASP Top 10

	contact top to
A1	Injection
A2	Cross-Site Scripting
A3	Broken Auth & Session Management
A4	Insecure Direct Object References
A5	Cross-Site Request Forgery
A6	Security Misconfiguration
A7	Insecure Cryptographic Storage
A8	Failure to Restrict URL Access
A9	Insufficient Transport Layer Protection
A10	Unvalidated Redirects and Forward

OWASP Top 10

A1	Injection
A2	Broken Auth & Session Management
А3	Cross-Site Scripting
A4	Broken Access Control 🙀
A5	Security Misconfiguration
A6	Sensitive Data Exposure
A7	Insufficient Attack Protection 🙀
A8	Cross-Site Request Forgery
A9	Using Components With Known Vulnerabilities
A10	Underprotected APIs 😭



Step #10: Static analysis



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Data Flow



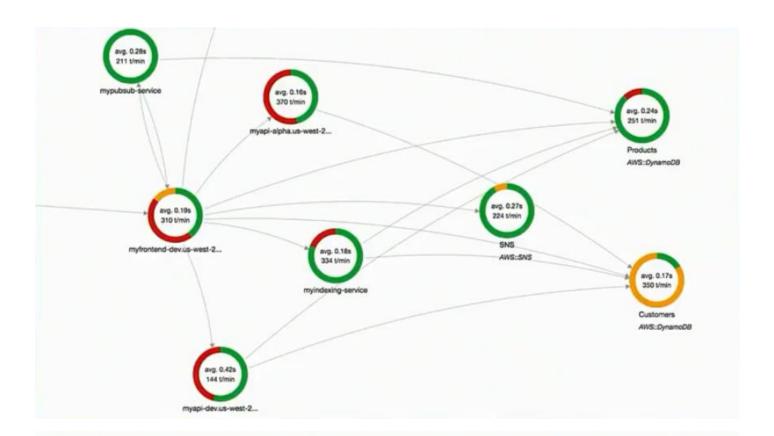




AWS X-Ray helps developers analyze and debug production, distributed applications, such as those built using a microservices architecture. With X-Ray, you can understand how your application and its underlying services are performing to identify and troubleshoot the root cause of performance issues and errors. X-Ray provides an end-to-end view of requests as they travel through your application, and shows a map of your application's underlying

ations in development and in production, from simple three-tier applications to complex ervices.

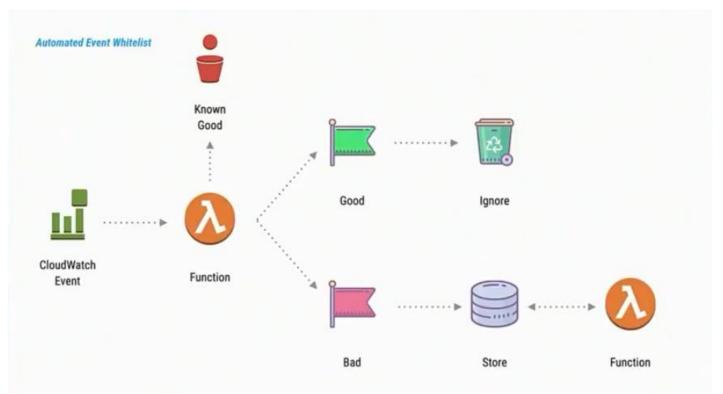
https:/bit.ly/2017-srv308-07





Amazon CloudWatch

https:/bit.ly/2017-srv308-08





https:/bit.ly/2017-srv308-09

cie recognizes sensitive data such as personally identifiable information ovides you with dashboards and alerts that give visibility into how this he fully managed service continuously monitors data access activity for

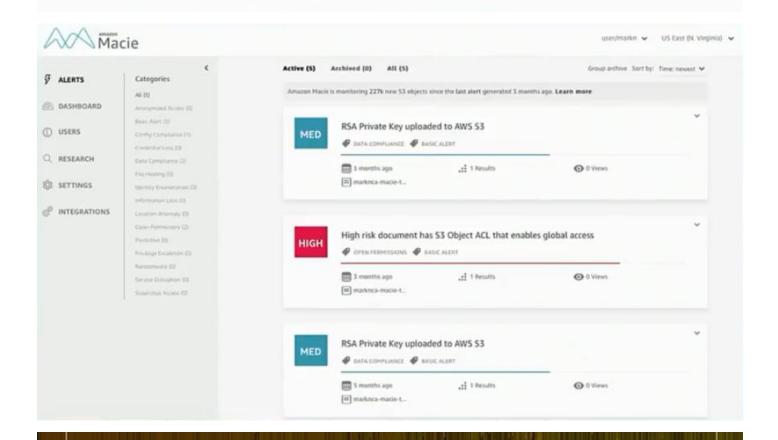
anomalies, and generates detailed alerts when it detects risk of unauthorized access or inadvertent data 2MA lengitible soft transic of the \$2 norces in basets etch trates at alrelians is also been norces.



Data Visibility

Amazon Macie uses machine learning-based classification of your Amazon S3 objects to provide visibility into your S3 environment. Macie can identify data with high business value including programming languages to detect source code, logging formats, database backup formats, credentials, and API key formats.

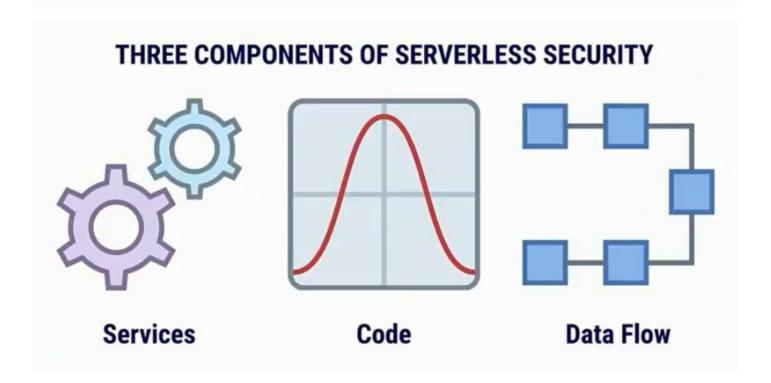




Take Aways

THE PURPOSE OF SECURITY:

To ensure that your solution works as intended ...and only as intended



Step-by-step Add automated tests for each Modernize definition of security 0 configuration What data is involved in the app? Write better code 7 Reduce and verify dependencies 2 What is the value of that data? 8 What services access that data? Add automated tests for the code 3 Verify compliance eligiblility Security test/profile the code 4 10

THANK YOU

17

Monitor the flow of information



5

Configure each service appropriately

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Please remember to complete your evaluation in the app for this session **SRV308**