



Manfred Steyer stops by to educate us on what this whole micro front end movement is all about and explain the concept of **module federation** with webpack-based approach and the benefits we can realize from it in our Angular applications.

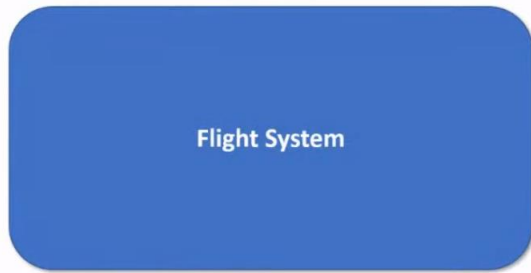
Do you  
remember her?



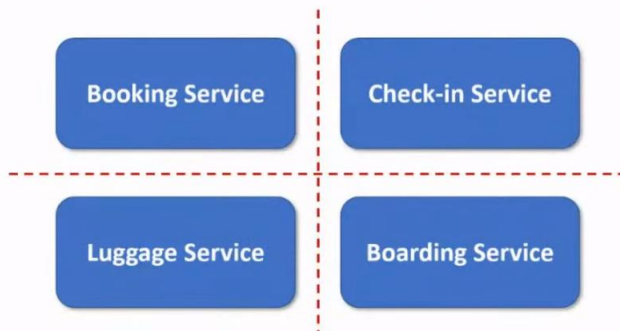
Software  
Engineering is  
a Team Sport



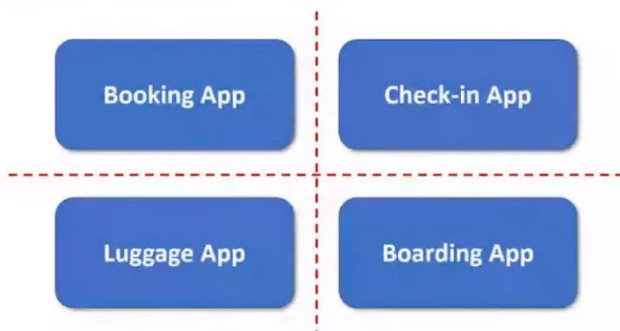
## Monolith



## Microservices



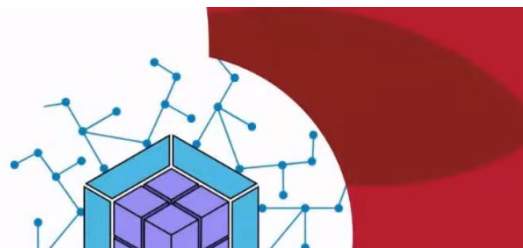
## Microfrontends



How to implement  
Microfrontends?



Webpack 5  
Module Federation



This gives a sound solution for implementing micro-frontends using Angular module federation via Webpack 5

## Contents

Consequences  
of  
Microfrontends

Implementation  
with Module  
Federation

When can we  
have it?

## About me...



Manfred Steyer, **ANGULAR**architects.io



(Remote) Angular Workshops  
and Consulting



Google Developer Expert  
for Angular



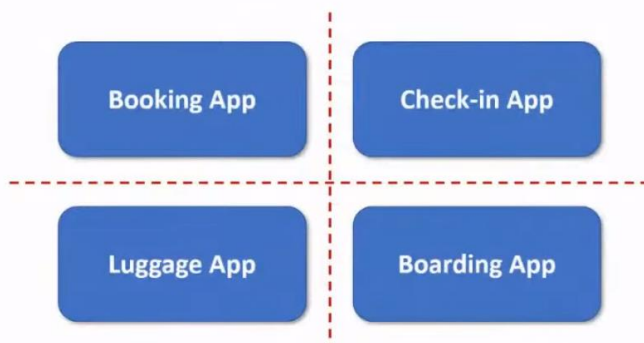
Trusted Collaborator  
in the Angular Team



## 1: Consequences of Microfrontends



## Autonomous Teams



## Autonomous Teams

Separate Development

Separate Deployment

Own architecture decisions

Own technology decisions

Microfrontends  
are first and foremost  
about **scaling teams!**



## Challenges

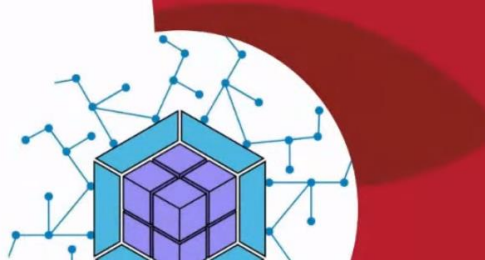


## Module Federation Solves Some of Them!

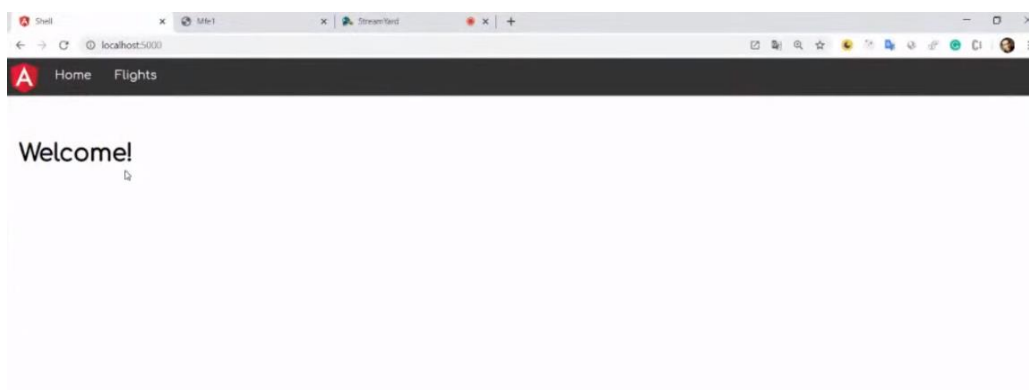
- UI Composition ✓
- UI Consistency
- Bundle Size/ Sharing Dependencies ✓
- Version Conflicts between Microfrontends ✓?
- ...

Module federation in Webpack 5 solves some of the issues raised above.

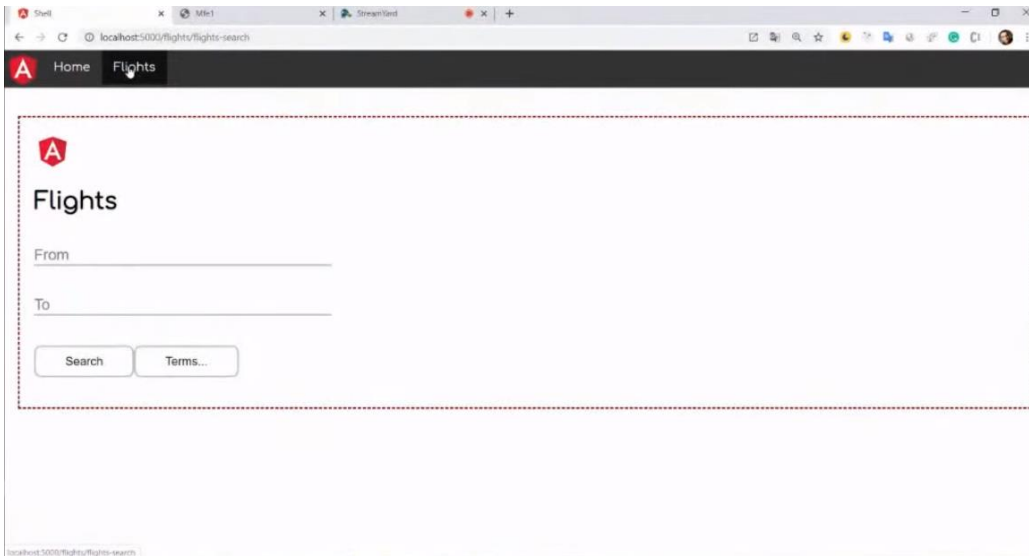
## 2: Webpack 5 Module Federation



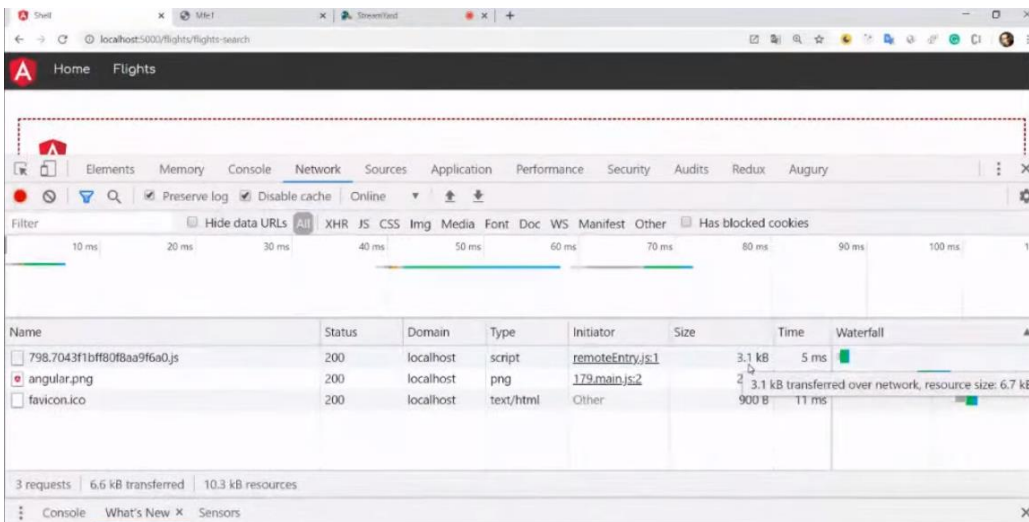
## DEMO



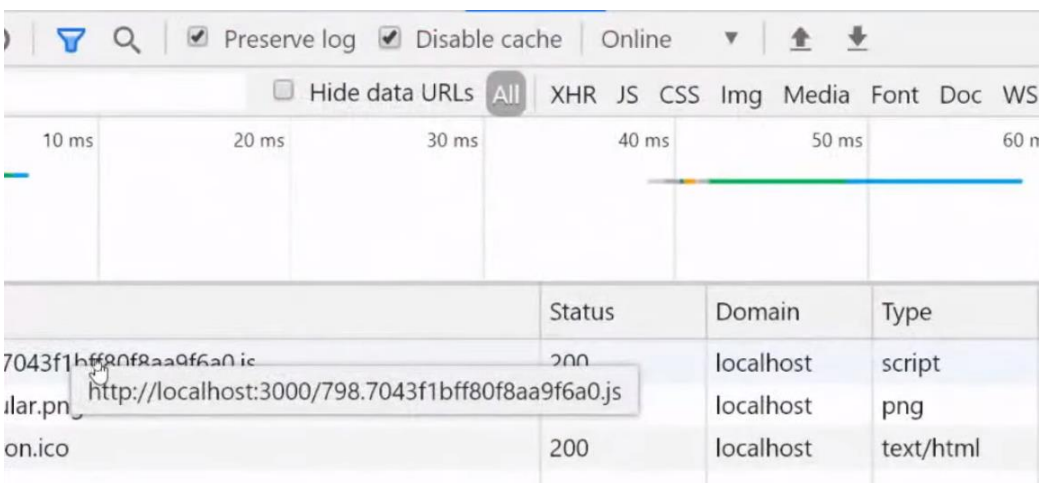
This our MFE shell is capable of loading the separate MFEs when needed



Each MFE has been developed, compiled and deployed separately. The shell is just loading the newest version of each MFE when needed.

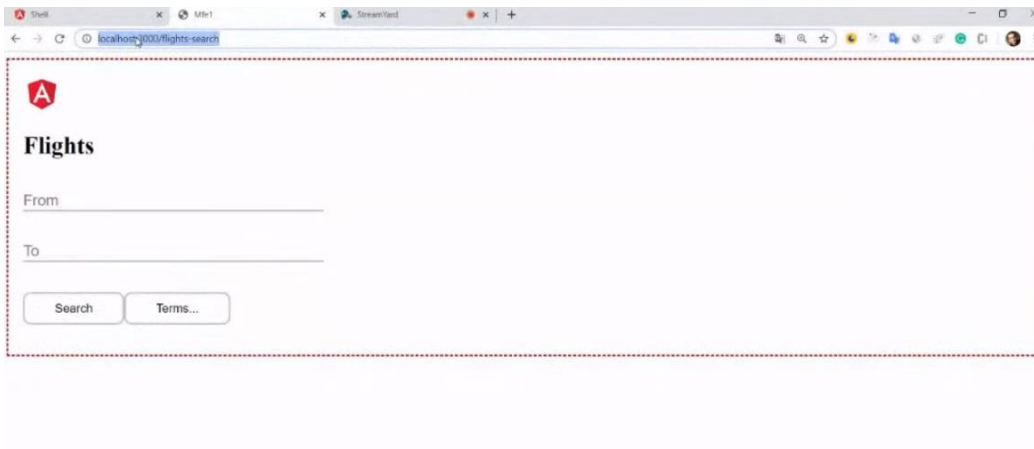


Each MFE chunk is loaded when needed by the shell, it looks like but not exactly lazy loading




The chunks are really just loading a new endpoint





We can also run each MFE in isolation

## How to load separately compiled code?



### Idea

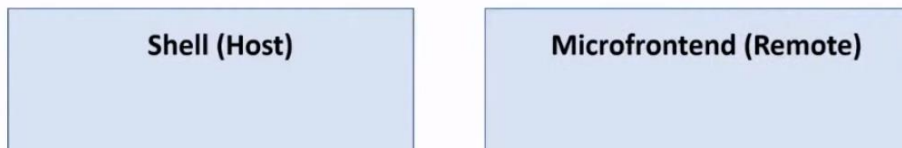
Does not work with webpack/ Angular CLI

```
const Component = import('http://other-app/xyz')
```

Even lazy parts must be known at compile time!

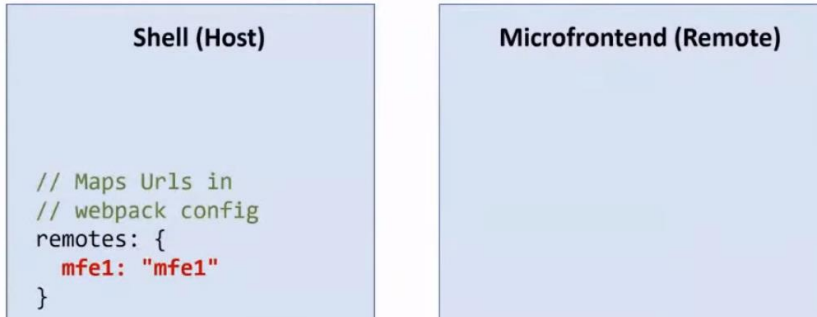
Webpack has dynamic imports that we can use but not here.

## Webpack 5 Module Federation



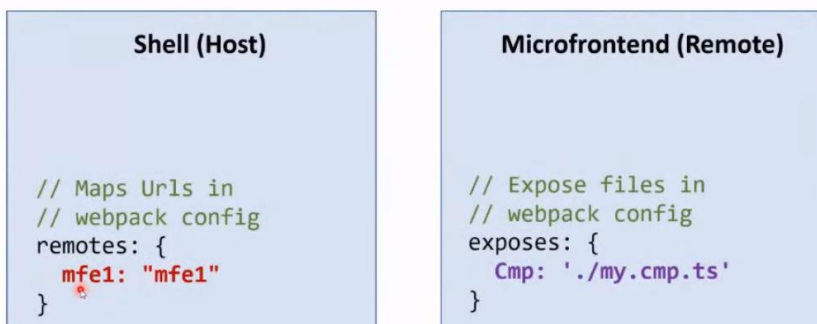
Webpack module federation clearly defines the host that will have the capability to load some remote self-contained apps that can be loaded into another app.

## Webpack 5 Module Federation



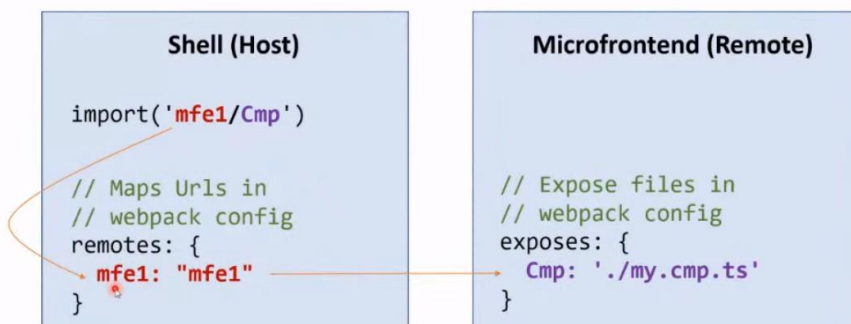
Within the shell, we only need a small configuration section that defines the remote URLs/origins.

## Webpack 5 Module Federation



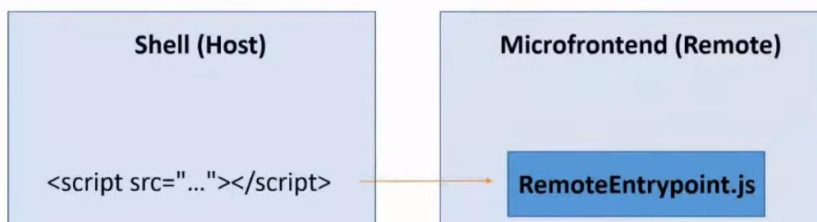
The remotes/MFEs can expose things like files, components as above.

## Webpack 5 Module Federation



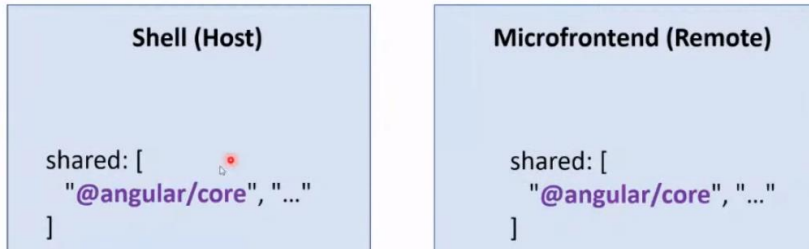
This now allows the shell to import and load views like mfe1.Cmp from different MFEs

## How to Get the Microfrontend's URL?



When compiling the MFEs, we can get the RemoteEntrypoint.js file via a script or dynamic script tag in the host.

## How to Share Libs?



A MFE will not load a library if that library is already listed in the shell's **webpack.config**'s shared array as above.

## Conflicting Shared Libs

Option A: Reuse it anyway

Option B: Load own

Both might be bad

Prevent organizationally (e. g. conventions, contracts, monorepos)

Integration-Testing

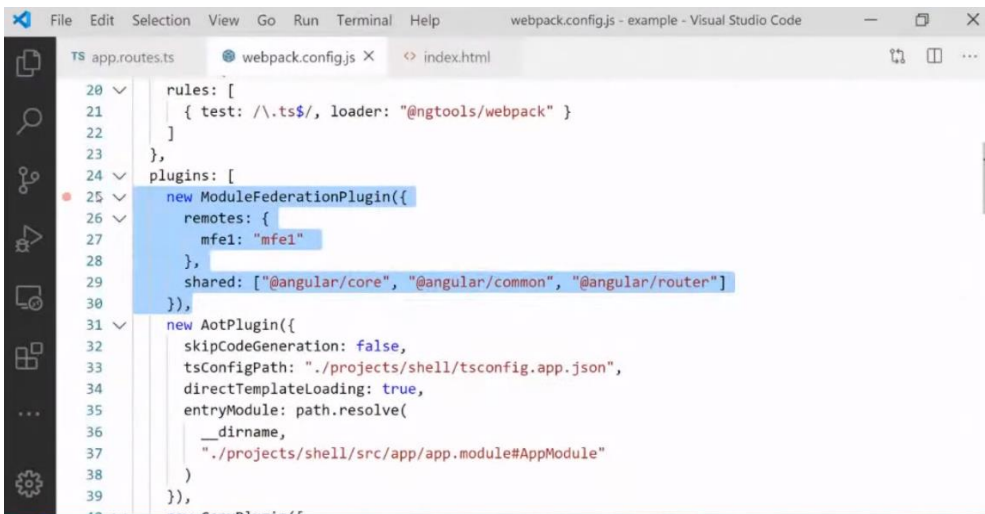
## DEMO

The screenshot shows the `app.routes.ts` file in Visual Studio Code. The code defines the application routes, including a lazy-loaded route for 'flights' that imports a module from a microfrontend.

```
1 import { Routes } from '@angular/router';
2 import { HomeComponent } from './home/home.component';
3
4 export const APP_ROUTES: Routes = [
5   {
6     path: '',
7     component: HomeComponent,
8     pathMatch: 'full'
9   },
10  {
11    path: 'flights',
12    loadChildren: () => import('mfe1/Module').then(m => m.FlightsModule)
13  },
14 ];
15
```

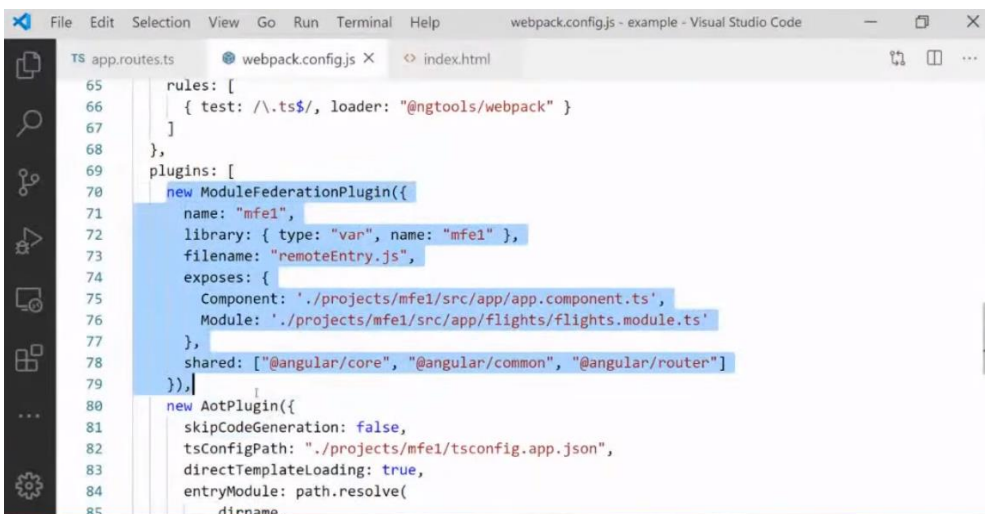
This is the code for our shell and the routes of the shell defined, the shell will lazy load the MFEs that are actually an external app with its own routing configuration





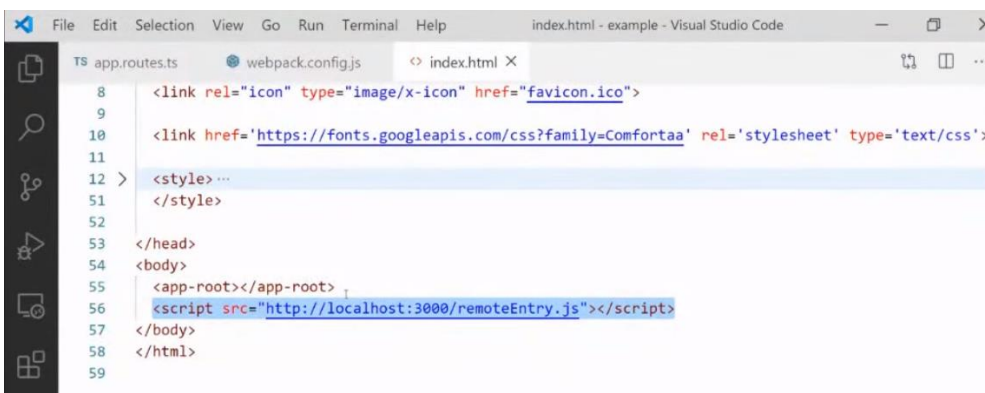
```
20 rules: [
21   { test: /\.ts$/, loader: "@ngtools/webpack" }
22 ],
23 },
24 plugins: [
25   new ModuleFederationPlugin({
26     remotes: {
27       mfe1: "mfe1"
28     },
29     shared: ["@angular/core", "@angular/common", "@angular/router"]
30   }),
31   new AotPlugin({
32     skipCodeGeneration: false,
33     tsConfigPath: "../projects/shell/tsconfig.app.json",
34     directTemplateLoading: true,
35     entryModule: path.resolve(
36       __dirname,
37       "../projects/shell/src/app/app.module#AppModule"
38     )
39   })
40 ]
41 })
```

This is what we need in our webpack.config file



```
65 rules: [
66   { test: /\.ts$/, loader: "@ngtools/webpack" }
67 ],
68 },
69 plugins: [
70   new ModuleFederationPlugin({
71     name: "mfe1",
72     library: { type: "var", name: "mfe1" },
73     filename: "remoteEntry.js",
74     exposes: {
75       Component: "../projects/mfe1/src/app/app.component.ts",
76       Module: "../projects/mfe1/src/app/flights/flights.module.ts"
77     },
78     shared: ["@angular/core", "@angular/common", "@angular/router"]
79   }),
80   new AotPlugin({
81     skipCodeGeneration: false,
82     tsConfigPath: "../projects/mfe1/tsconfig.app.json",
83     directTemplateLoading: true,
84     entryModule: path.resolve(
85       __dirname,
```

We then do the same thing in the configuration for our MFEs



```
8 <link rel="icon" type="image/x-icon" href="favicon.ico">
9
10 <link href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Comfortaa" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
11
12 <style> ...
51 </style>
52
53 </head>
54 <body>
55   <app-root></app-root>
56   <script src="http://localhost:3000/remoteEntry.js"></script>
57 </body>
58 </html>
59
```

We need to load the remoteEntry.js in our index.html file as above

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help • index.html - example - Visual Studio Code
TS app.routes.ts webpack.config.js index.html
8 <link rel="icon" type="image/x-icon" href="favicon.ico">
9
10 <link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Comfortaa' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
11
12 <style> ...
51 </style>
52
53 </head>
54 <body>
55 <app-root></app-root>
56 <!-- Shell -->
57 <script src="http://localhost:3000/remoteEntry.js"></script>
58 <!-- doItWebpack({mfef: 'http://localhost:3000/remoteEntry.js'}) -->
59 </body>
60 </html>
61
```

### 3: When can we have it?



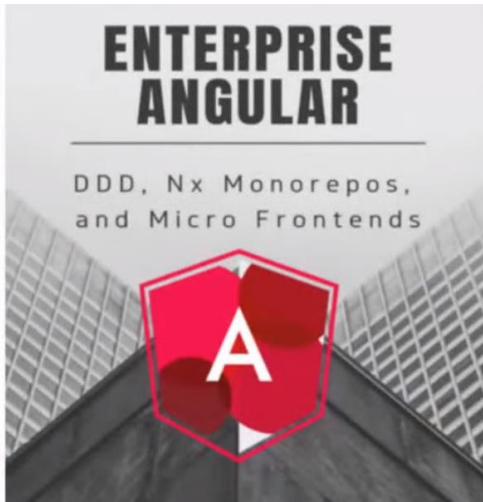
Well ...

- Webpack 5 is currently beta
- Shown examples: PoC w/ custom webpack conf + patched CLI lib
- CLI: Not before version 11 (fall 2020)
- Squeeze federation config into CLI's webpack config
- Custom Builder (e. g. ngx-build-plus)

### Free eBook

Updated for Module Federation and Alternatives

[ANGULARarchitects.io/book](https://ANGULARarchitects.io/book)



## Conclusion

Main Purpose  
of  $\mu$ Frontends:  
Scaling Teams

Federation:  
Import From  
Other App

Sharing Libs

Take Care of  
Conflicts

### Be like Bonnie and think first!

Evaluate whether you need  
 $\mu$ Frontends

No: Majestic Monolith

Yes: Consider Module  
Federation



## Contact and Downloads

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[twitter] ManfredSteyer

*Slides & Examples*



Remote Company Workshops  
and Consulting