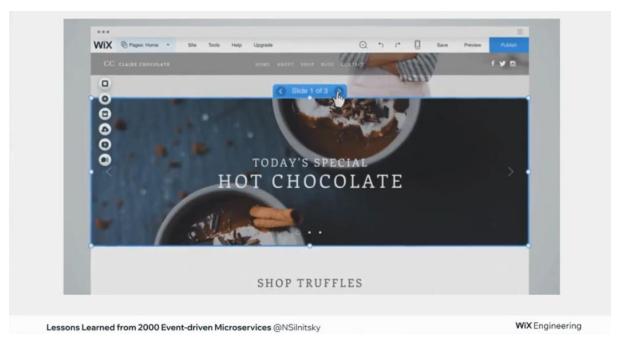
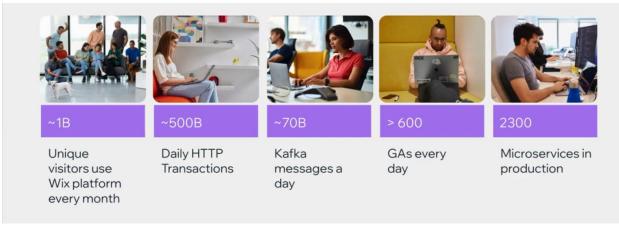


During this session developers and architects will get many concrete takeaways about how to improve their event-driven design with proven battle-tested methods or convince them to switch from request-reply architecture. Wix has a huge scale of event driven traffic. More than 70 billion Kafka business events per day. Over the past few years Wix has made a gradual transition to an event-driven architecture for its 2000 microservices. We have made mistakes along the way but have improved and learned a lot about how to make sure our production is still maintainable, performant and resilient. In this talk you will hear about the lessons we learned including: 1. The importance of atomic operations for databases and events 2. Avoiding full-blown event sourcing, instead taking CRUD to the next level 3. Having essential events debugging and quick-fix tools in production and a few more.





Challenges

of event-driven architecture, that we've bumped into

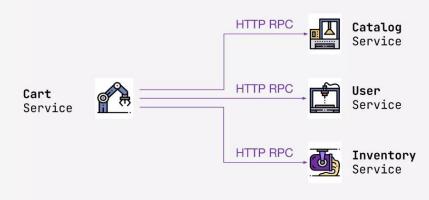
- 1 Producing message failures
- 2 Processing out-of-order & duplicates
- 3 Sending large payloads
- 4 Troubleshooting production

How Event-driven Architecture Works BEGADOL

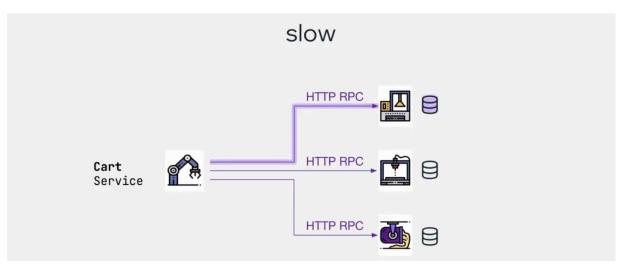
Service-to-Service Communication

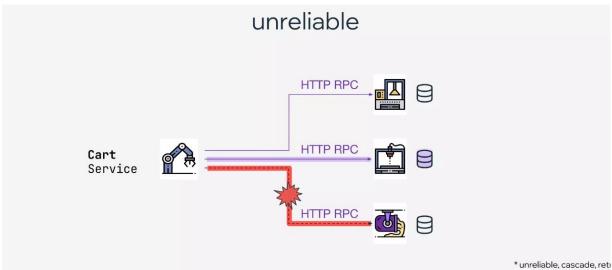


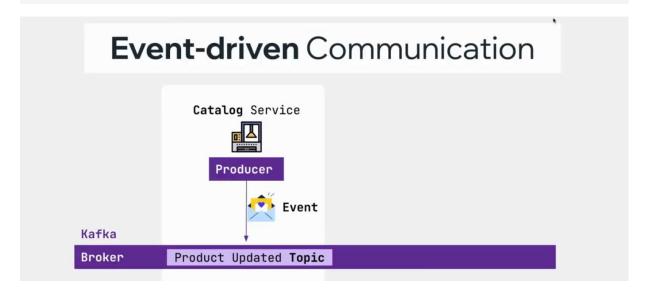
Request-Reply Communication

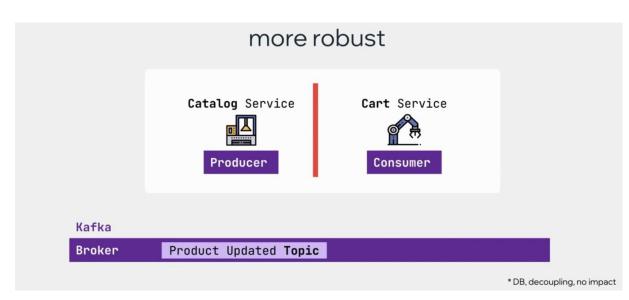


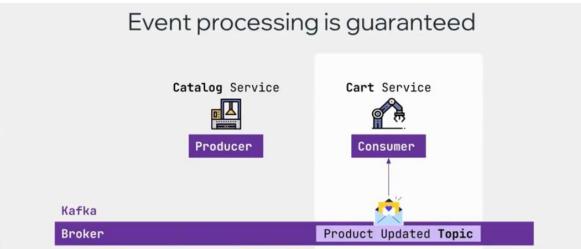
* issue scale











The following is based on a true story

*Dates and products were changed for clarity :)

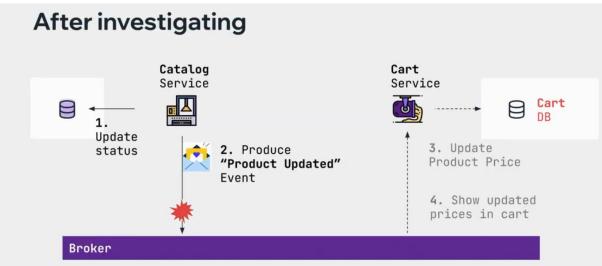
We can work event-driven!!

2016
Wix starts using event-driven



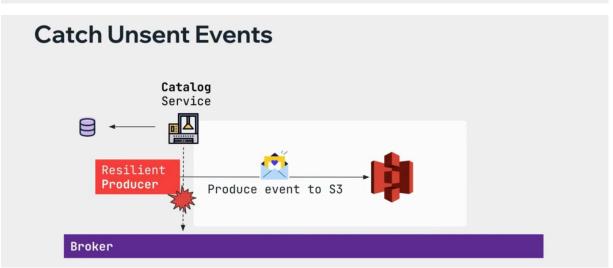
It all began when Ecom experienced data issues

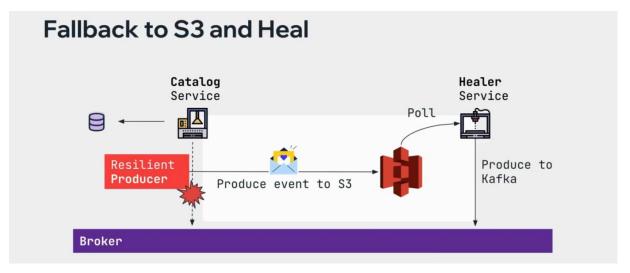




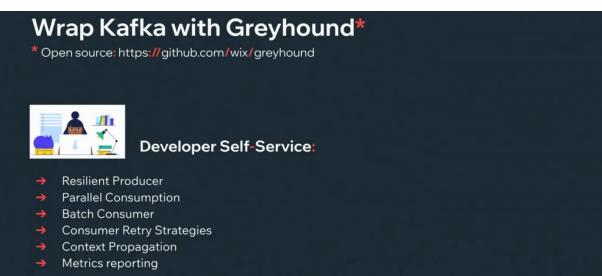


Make DB Update & Event Producing Atomic Cart Service Service Broker





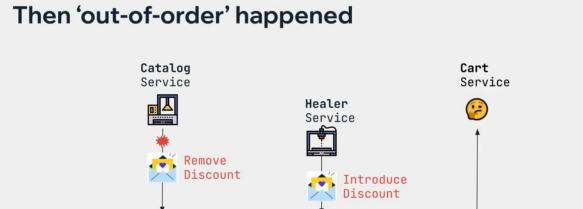






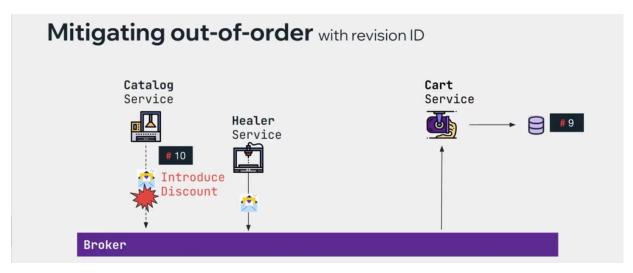


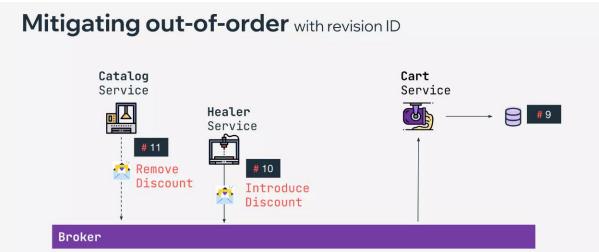


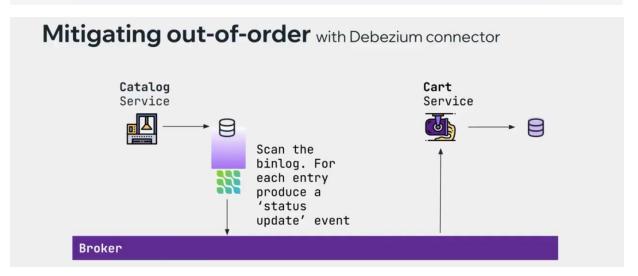




Broker



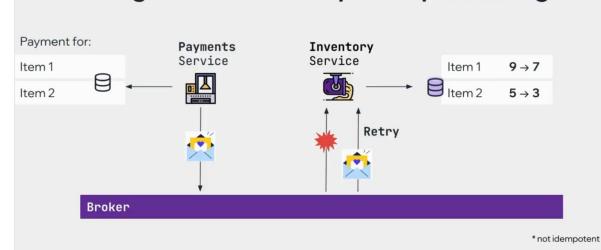




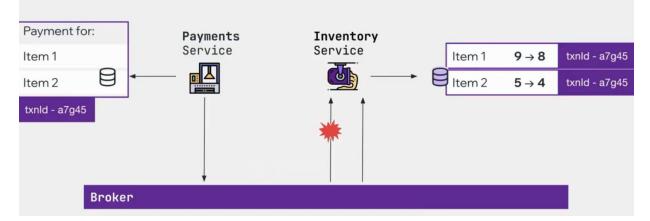
More Ecom data issues



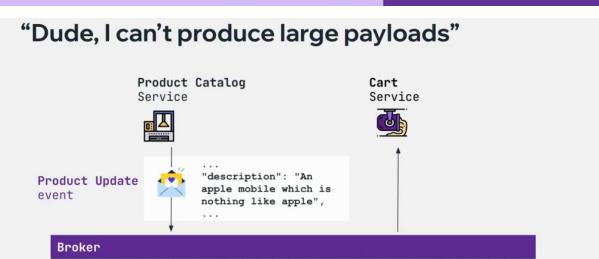
Investigation leads to duplicate processing



Mitigating duplicates with Transaction ID









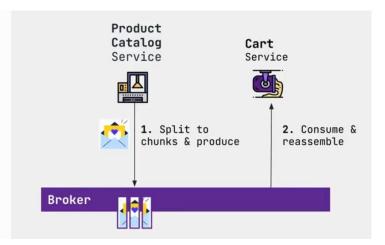
Large Payloads Remedy I

Compression

- Try several compression types (Iz4, snappy, etc.)
- Compression on Kafka level is usually better than application level, as payloads can be compressed in batches

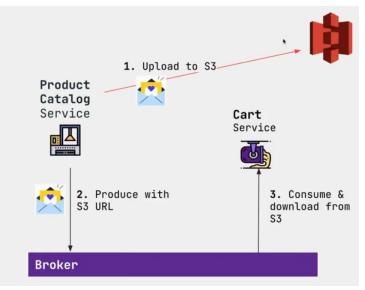
Large Payloads Remedy II

Chunking



Large Payloads Remedy III

Reference to Object Store

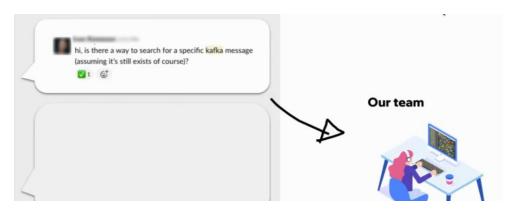




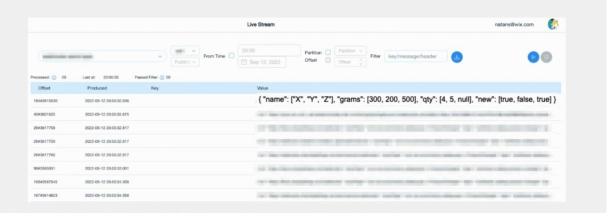


Challenge #4

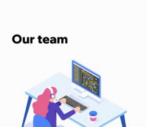
It's hard for developers to debug and maintain event-driven microservices at scale in production



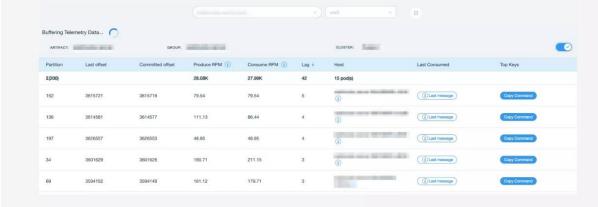
Stream events with various filters



How do I investigate this lag?

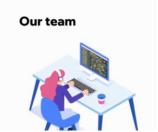


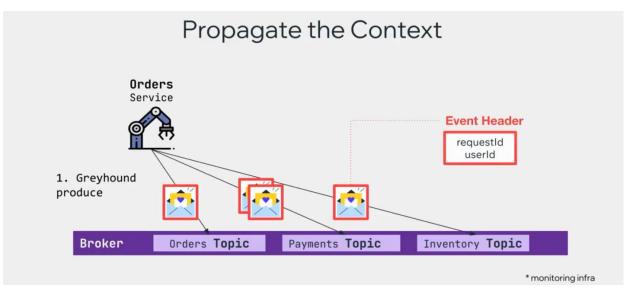
Investigate consumer lag per partition

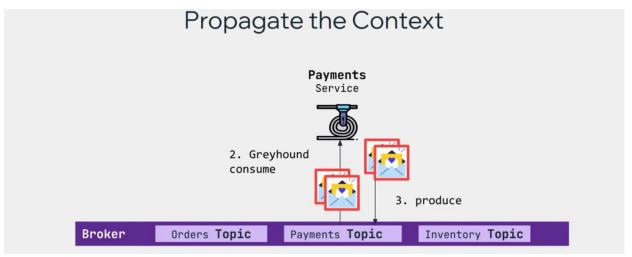


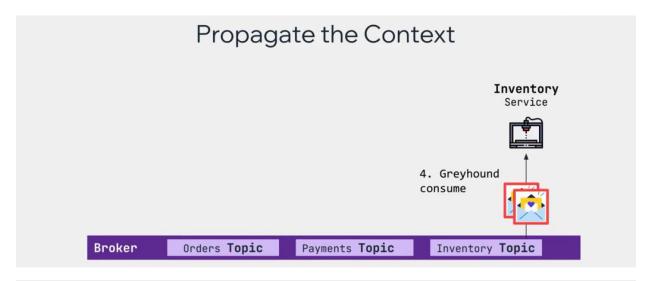


How come this side-effect didn't happen?

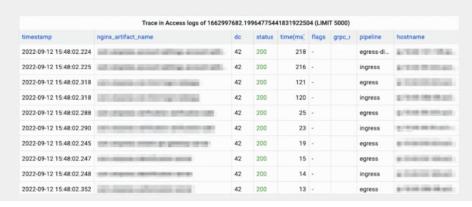


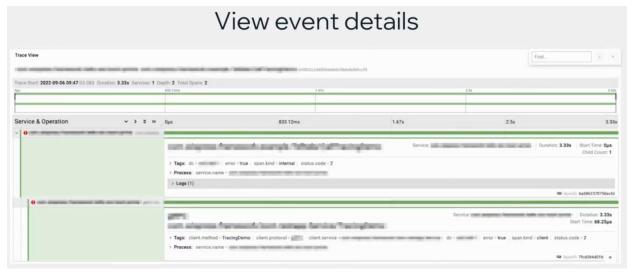






So developers can track events' route





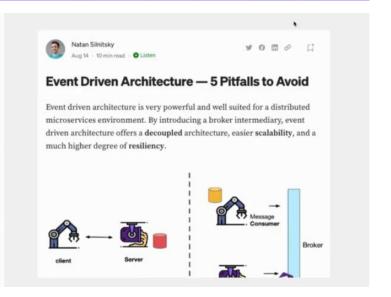


Wix developers have embraced event-driven architecture.

Meeting these challenges made our microservices more decoupled, resilient and scalable, while keeping complexity low and data consistent.

The Blog Post

https://medium.com/wix-engineering/event-driven-architecture-5-pitfalls-to-avoid-b3ebf885bdb1



The Next Step

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X KbG8a-9NRE How to migrate 2000 microservices to Multi Cluster Managed Kafka with 0 Downtime



Greyhound

github.com/wix/greyhound

