

**FINRA's** analytics platform unlocks the value in capital markets data by accelerating trade analytics and providing a foundation for **machine learning** at scale. The platform enables FINRA's analysts to perform discovery on petabytes of trade data to identify instances of potential fraud, market manipulation, and insider trading. By centralizing all data in **\$3**, FINRA's architecture offers improved agility, scalability, and cost effectiveness. Analytics services such as Amazon EMR and Amazon Redshift have freed FINRA's data scientists from the constraints of desktop tools, allowing them to apply machine learning techniques to develop and test new surveillance patterns. All of this is done while meeting FINRA's security and compliance responsibilities as a financial regulator. At the end of this session, you'll have an understanding of how to apply FINRA's architecture to trade analytics and other financial services use cases, including meeting regulatory requirements such as the Consolidated Audit Trail (CAT) reporting.

## Four pillars of the data lake



## Scale

- Store and analyze all data centrally
- Ingest data quickly without predefined schemas
- Separate storage and compute, scaling each component as needed



## Cost

- Pay only for what you need
- Use only the services you need
- Utilize diverse services/ features to optimize cost



## Security

- Encryption at each step
   Explicit control of egress and ingress points
- Compliance and Governance of Data access using AWS native services/features



## Agility

- Big data does not mean just batch processing
- Mix and match onpremises and cloud
- Custom development and managed services

## Data lake

## Central Storage

Secure, cost-effective storage in Amazon S3





aws

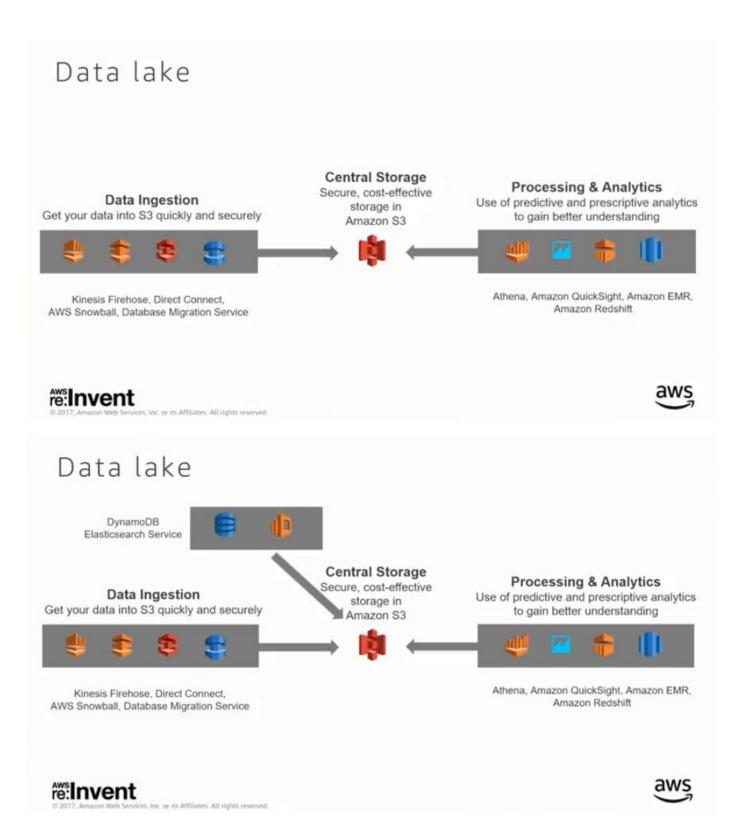
# Data lake

# Data Ingestion Get your data into S3 quickly and securely Central Storage Secure, cost-effective storage in Amazon S3

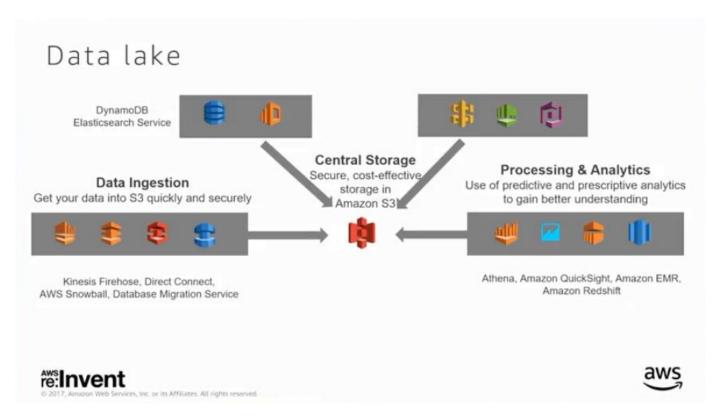
Kinesis Firehose, Direct Connect, AWS Snowball, Database Migration Service



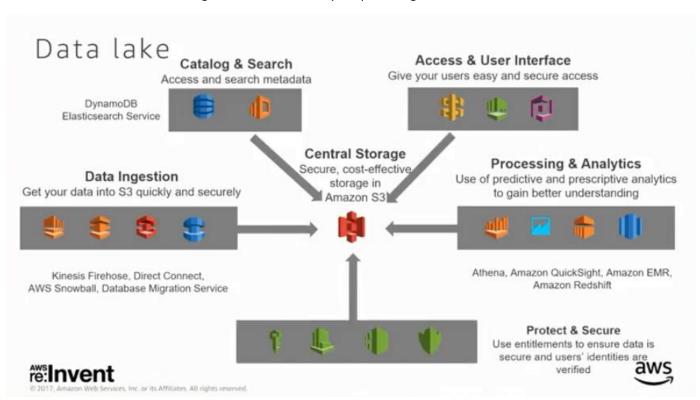




You can then use DynamoDB to catalogue your data and store metadata about the data, this allows you to be able to quickly know your data location and access the data for faster queries



You can then use services like Cognito and API Gateway for providing access to the data in S3.



You can then secure and protect your data with services like KMS for encryption, using your own encryption modules, and IAM for identity and access management.

## FINRA's Data Lake

Surveilling markets with FINRA's multi-petabyte enterprise-grade data lake









Over 20 PETABYTES of storage





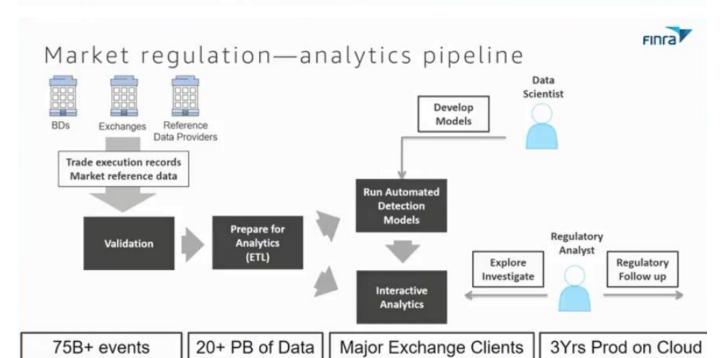








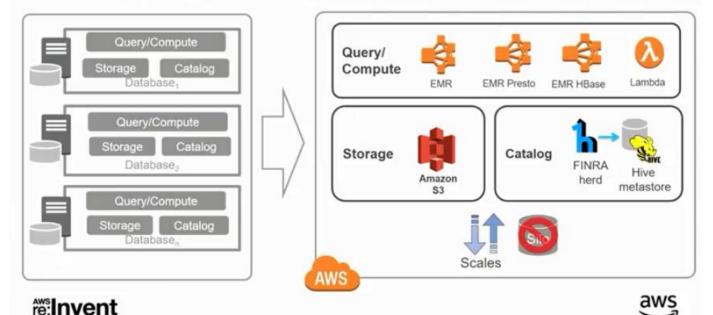
aws



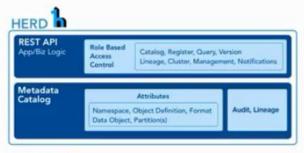
re:Invent



## Cloud journey—data puddles to data lake



Herd catalog—for centralized data management





http://finraos.qithub.io/herd

## Unified catalog

- Schemas
- Versions
- Encryption type
- Storage policies

## Lineage and Usage

- · Track publishers and consumers
- Easily identify jobs and derived data sets

#### **Shared Metastore**

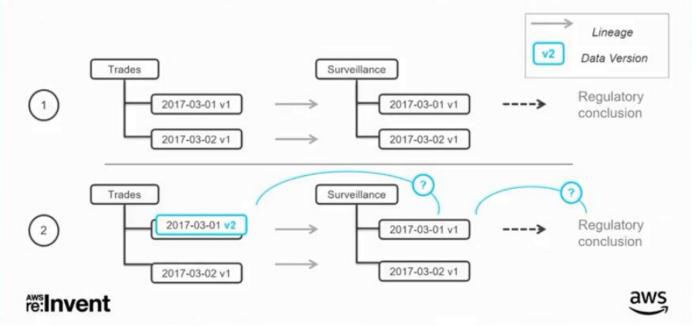
- · Common definition of tables and partitions
- · Use with Spark, Presto, Hive, etc.
- · Faster instantiation of clusters



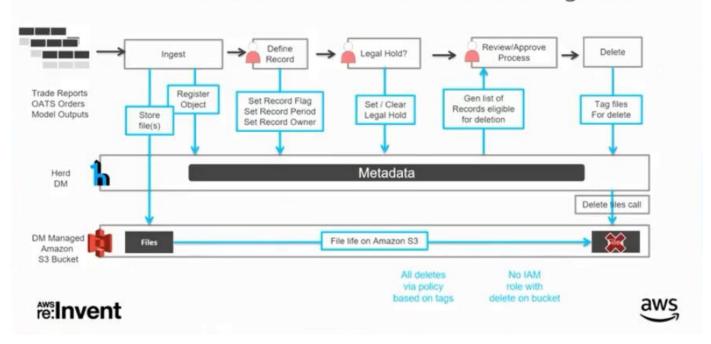


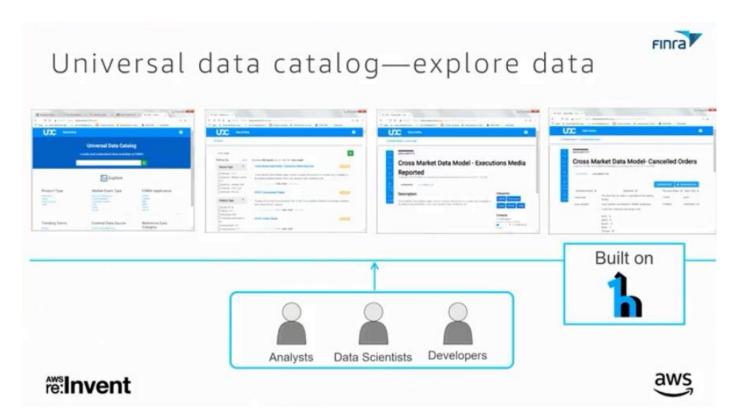


# Example—lineage and data versioning

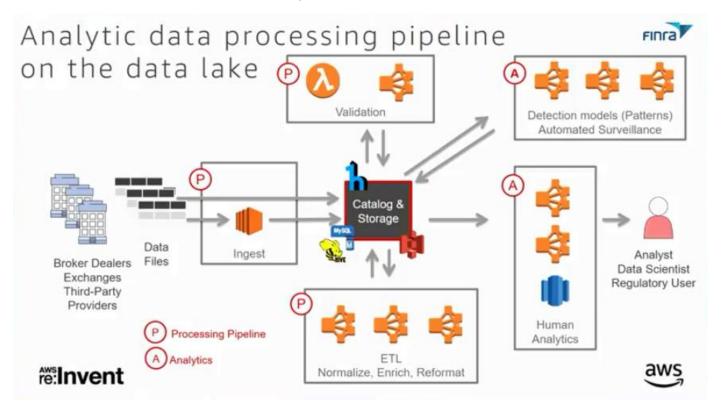


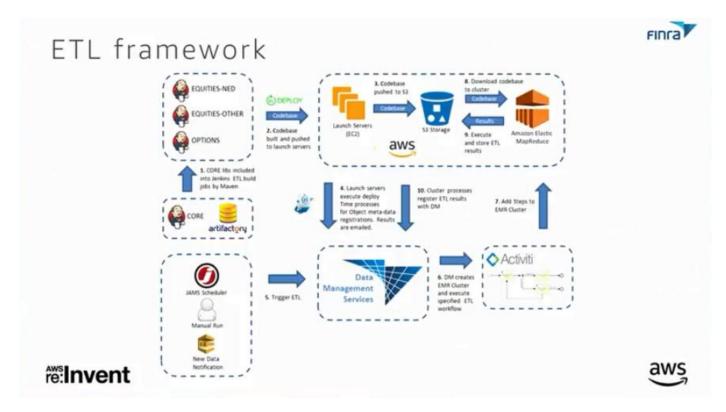
# Herd—foundation for records management



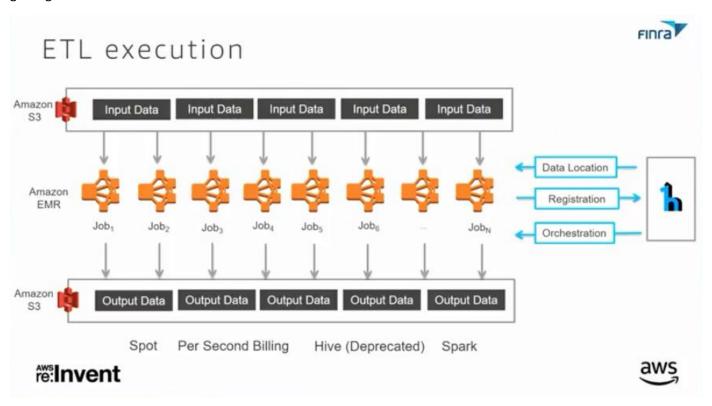


We have also created a UI app sitting on top of the data catalog that allows our analysts and data scientists to discover and use the data sets available in S3 for their work. They can search through both the business and technical metadata to do business related searches for the data they need.

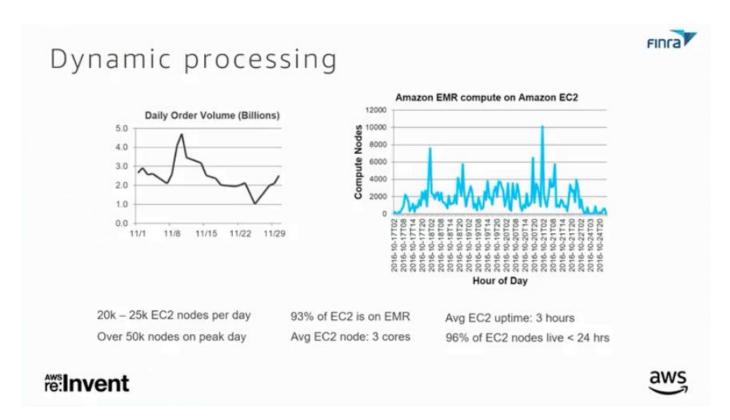




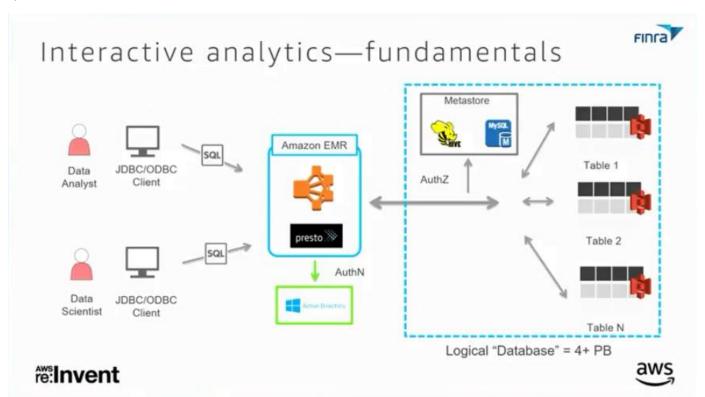
The in-house ETL Framework is a tool that lets our developers write ETL jobs using SQL and then deploy that as a pipeline that gets triggered based on a schedule or based on an event coming our of our data catalog like new data getting stored in S3.



We have a separate EMR cluster for each process that we run. So, when we trigger an ETL job, we spin up an EMR cluster, as part of the bootstrap process for that cluster it will go out and interrogate the catalog to find the information it needs to do its processing, go out to S3 or simply query against data in S3 and grab that data, run its workflow, store results back in S3, and terminate the workflow and cluster. The majority of the jobs we run are batch workloads that run on spot. Majority of our jobs are written in Spark.



This is a very dynamic environment with EMR several clusters being spun up and down as jobs are needed to be run on spot instances.



For interactive analytics, we run Presto and Spark on top of EMR clusters. They let you define data files in S3 as external tables and that lets you query against the data directly while keeping it in S3 instead of loading it up into your instance memory. We do this by populating an OSS catalog called the Hive Metastore for defining all the available data objects and all the tools that Presto and Spark can use. This now allows our analysts and data scientists to use think clients having JDBC/ODBC drivers to run exploratory ad-hoc queries on the S3 data securely and using data encryption.



# Achieving interactive query

Query	Table size (rows)	Output size (rows)	ORC	TXT/BZ2
select count(*) from TABLE_1 where trade_date = cast('2016-08-09' as date)	2469171608	1	4s	1m56s
select col1, count(*) from TABLE_1 where col2 = cast('2016- 08-09' as date) group by col1 order by col1	2469171608	12	3s	1m51s
select col1, count(*) from TABLE_1 where col2 = cast('2016- 08-09' as date) group by col1 order by col1	2469171608	8364	5s	2m5s
select * from TABLE_1 where col2 = cast('2016-08-10' as date) and col3='I' and col4='CR' and col5 between 100000.0 and 103000.0	2469171608	760	10s	2m3s

#### Key points:

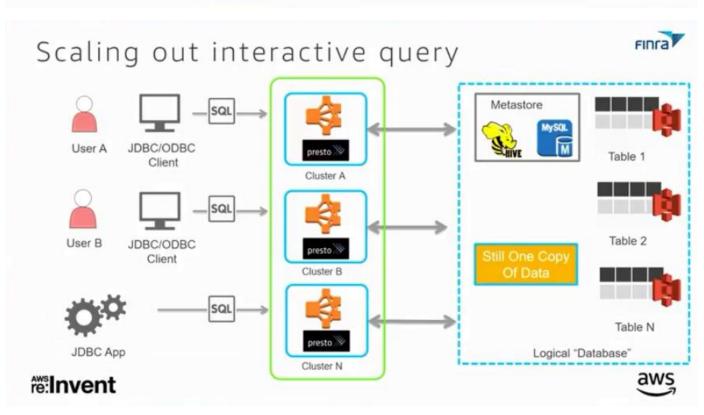
Use ORC (Or Parquet) for performant query

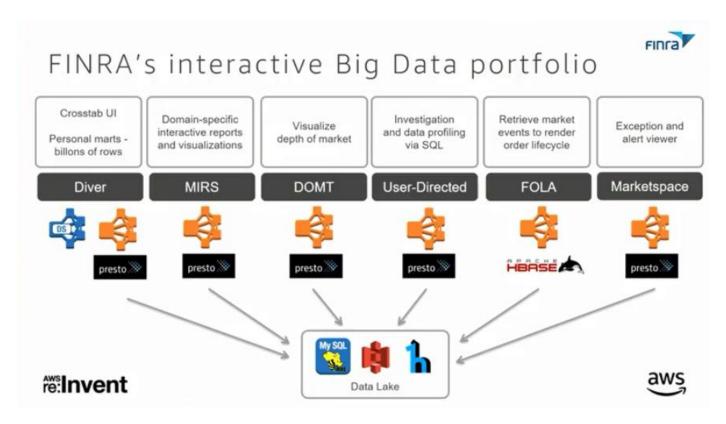
#### Test Config:

Presto 0.167.0.6t (Teradata) On EMR Data on S3 (external tables) Cluster size: 60 worker node x r4.4xlarge

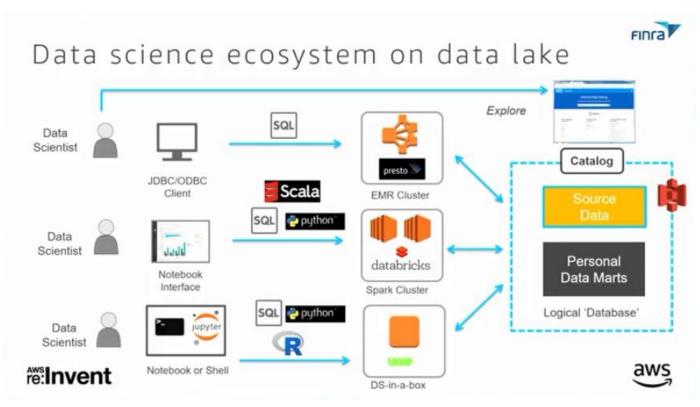
## ře:Invent

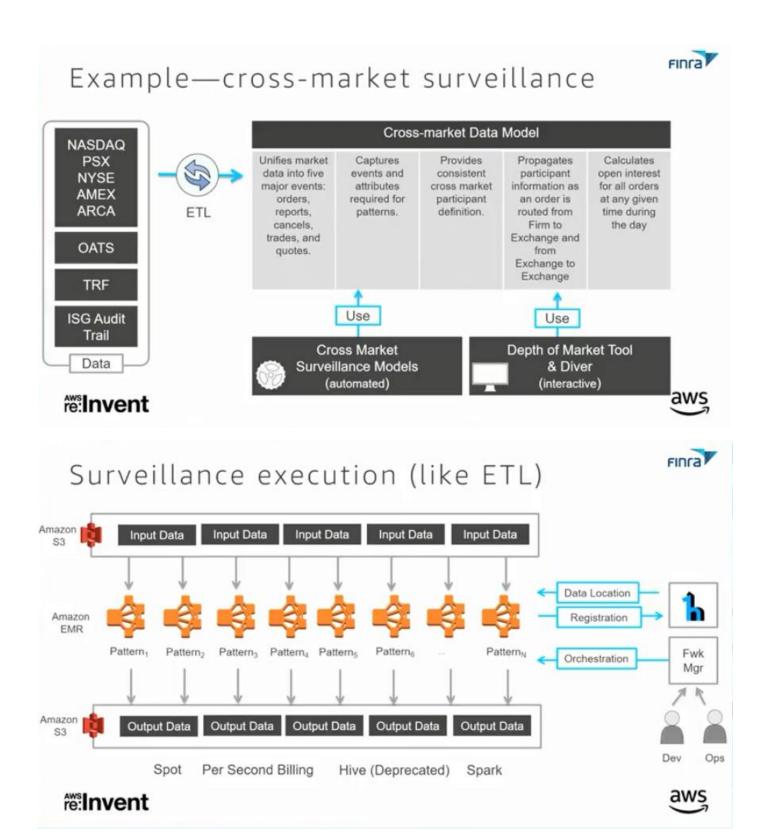




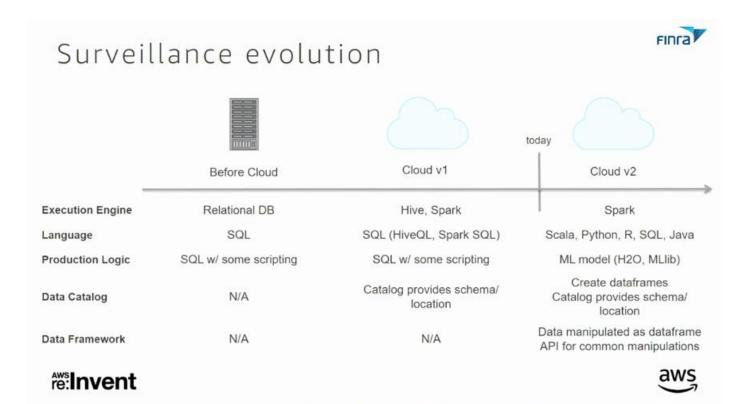


EMR also has the ability to use HBase while keeping the data in S3.





Every detection model run spins up its EMR cluster, runs its processing directly on data in S3, stores its data outputs back into S3 and then shuts the cluster down.



## FINCA FINRA's dynamic surveillance platform Model Development Prod Model Selection Python, R. Python, R, Scala, SQL Scala Notebook Iterative Promotion Scala, Python, R Scala Scala Python Python Amazon databricks databricks Algorithms Data Lake **FINRA** Amazon re:Invent herd

## Security



#### Isolation



**VPC** isolation Security Groups **VPC Endpoints** SDLC Isolation (Accts)

## Encryption



AWS KMS **EMR Security Configs** S3 SSE S3 KMS **EBS KMS** 

#### AuthN/AuthZ



Role-based access IAM ADFS Federation Temporary token access AD LDAP Integration (Apps)

## Monitoring

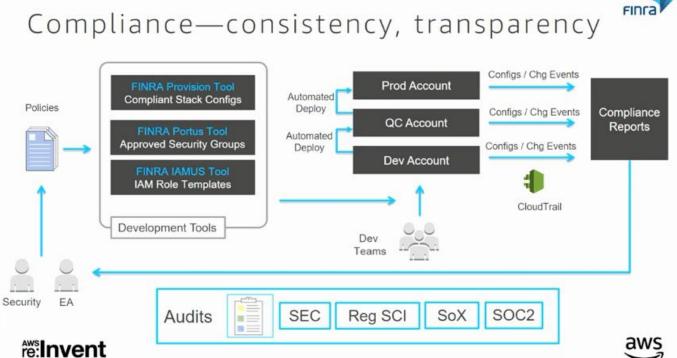


AWS CloudTrail Splunk Nagios

## re:Invent



# Compliance—consistency, transparency





## Benefits of a data lake implementation





## FINRA Presentations re:Invent 2017

#### FSV307 - Capital Markets Discovery: How FINRA Runs Trade Analytics and Surveillance on AWS

The FINRA analytics platform unlocks the value in capital markets data by accelerating trade analytics and providing a foundation for machine learning at scale. Monday, Nov 27, 10:45 a.m. – 11:45 a.m. Venetian, Level 5, Palazzo P

#### SID326 - AWS Security State of the Union

Steve Schmidt, chief information security officer of AWS, addresses the current state of security in the cloud. As part of this presentation, John Brady (CISO of FINRA) shares the FINRA journey to the cloud. Wednesday, Nov 29, 12:15 p.m. – 1:15 p.m. MGM, Level 3, Premier Ballroom 316

#### ABD310 - How FINRA Secures Its Big Data and Data Science Platform on AWS

Learn how FINRA secures its Amazon S3 Data Lake and its data science platform on Amazon EMR and Amazon Redshift, while empowering data scientists with tools they need to be effective. Wednesday, Nov 29, 11:30 a.m. – 12:30 p.m. Aria, Level 3, Juniper 3

#### ENT328 - FINRA's Managed Data Lake: Next-Gen Analytics in the Cloud

The Financial Impact Regulatory Authority (FINRA) Technology Group has changed its customers' relationships with data by creating a managed data lake Thursday, Nov 30, 1 p.m. – 2 p.m. MGM, Level 3, Premier Ballroom 319

#### DEV335 - Manage Infrastructure Securely at Scale and Eliminate Operational Risks

Managing AWS and hybrid environments securely and safely while having actionable insights is an operational priority and business driver for all customers. Thursday, Nov 30, 4 p.m. – 5 p.m. Venetian, Level 2, Venetian E





