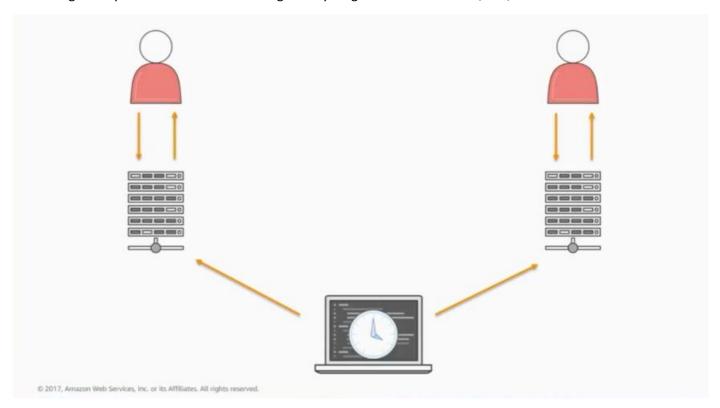
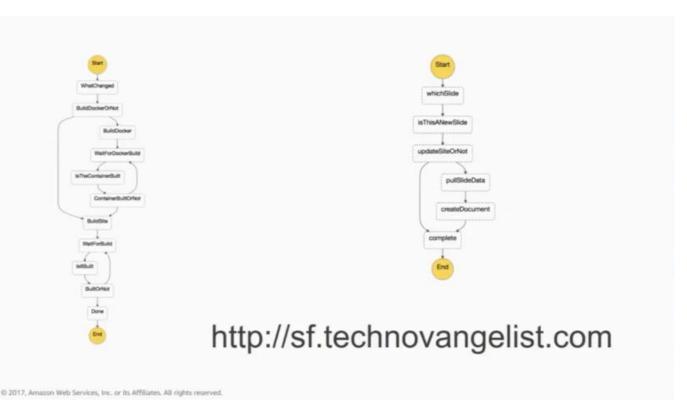


Now using GatsbyJS hosted on S3 for building out my blog that converts our JS, CSS, HTML assets into a static site



We don't need to keep a fixed EC2 instance when



We are going to be talking about 2 step functions that are used to build our static sites



Who is Datadog

SaaS-based Monitoring & Analytics

Infrastructure, APM, Logs

Open Source Agent Trillions of data

points per day

Booth 109 in Aria Booth 1021 in Venetian We are hiring!!



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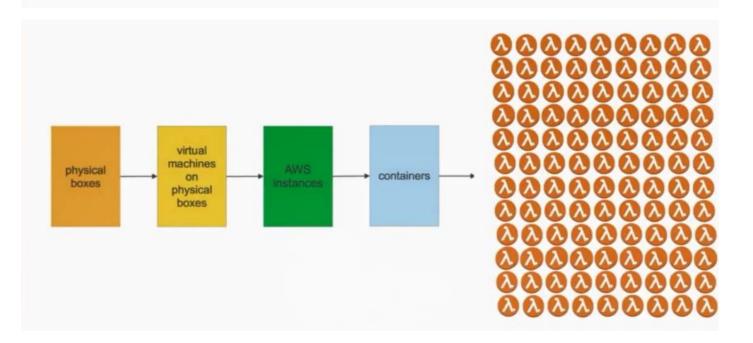


...but AWS Lambda != Amazon EC2

...but AWS Lambda != application

...applications are complicated

...Lambdas should respect the single responsibility principle...



Other things learned over the last year Serverless is about automation

Serverless is about event-driven computing

Scalability is different

we can create many serverless functions

but how do we orchestrate them?

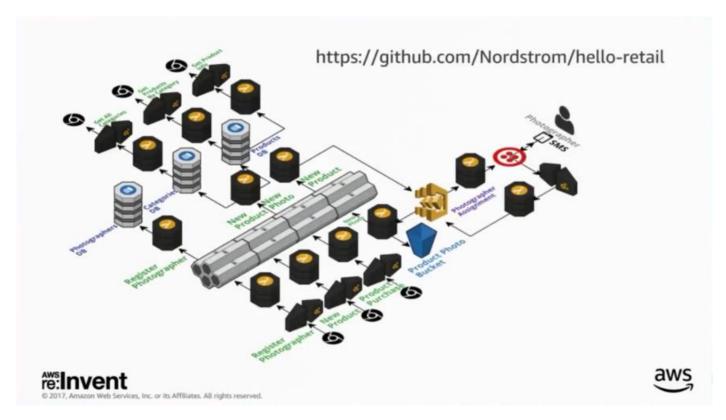
Event/Message/Database as Traffic Cop



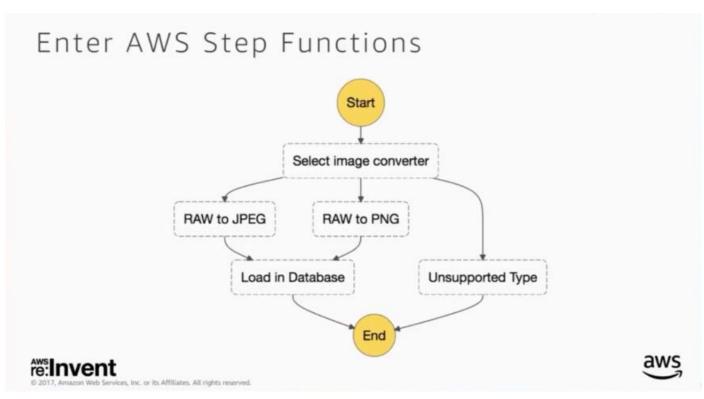




The concept of the Traffic Cop is something that a lambda can report back to after it does its work. Then the next lambda can look into the Traffic Cop to determine whether it should do its work or not.



This is a very good example of the Traffic Cop concept. You can try this out using the GitHub code and link above



Now we can orchestrate several lambdas that each do their individual work and then hand off the result to another lambda function using Step Functions

a step function is a state machine

but what about SWF?

(Amazon Simple Workflow Service)

AWS Step Function Concepts

State Machine

· Transitions

Executions

States

Task

Choice

Succeed/Fail

Pass

Wait

Parallel

You define the State Machine with the Amazon States Language

A diagram will be generated based on that structure

AWS Step Function States: Task

Resource *
ResultPath

Retry

Catch

TimeoutSeconds

HeartbeatSeconds

Type * Next End

Comment InputPath

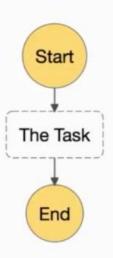
OutputPath

A task can be a Lambda or an 'activity'

The Type* is the task and the Resource* is the ARN for that lambda or activity.

State Example: Task

```
1 - {
      "Comment": "A simple task example",
3
      "StartAt": "The Task",
     "States": {
       "The Task": {
5 +
         "Type": "Task",
6
         "Resource": "arn:aws:lambda:REGION:ACCOUNT_ID:function:AwesomeTask",
8
9
       }
   }
10
11 }
```



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AWS Step Function States: Choice

Choices

Default

Туре

Next End

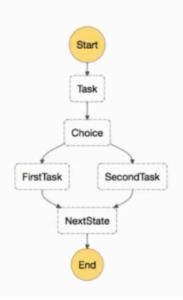
Comment

InputPath

OutputPath

State Example: Choice

```
"Choice": {
11
          "Type" : "Choice",
          "Choices": [
12 -
13 -
             "Variable": "$.foo",
14
              "NumericEquals": 1,
15
              "Next": "FirstTask"
16
17
           },
18 =
             "Variable": "$.foo",
19
20
              "NumericEquals": 2,
             "Next": "SecondTask"
21
22
         ]
23
      },
```



AWS Step Function States: Succeed / Fail

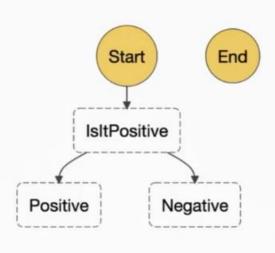
Cause Error

Next End Comment InputPath OutputPath

Type

State Example: Succeed / Fail

```
"Choices": [
7 -
8 +
               "Variable": "$.foo",
9
10
               "NumericGreaterThan": 0,
11
              "Next": "Positive"
12
            }
13
          ],
          "Default": "Negative"
14
15
16
17 -
        "Positive": {
          "Type" : "Succeed"
18
19
20
21 -
        "Negative": {
22
          "Type": "Fail",
          "Error": "DefaultStateError",
23
24
          "Cause": "Its not positive!"
```





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AWS Step Function States: Pass

Result ResultPath

Type
Next
End
Comment
InputPath
OutputPath

State Example: Pass 1 - { Start "Comment": "A simple pass", 2 3 "StartAt": "FirstTask", 4 + "States": { 5 + "FirstTask": { "Type": "Task", 6 FirstTask "Resource": "arn:aws:lambda:REGION:ACCOUNT_ID:function:AwesomeTask", 7 "Next": "Pass" 8 9 }, "Pass": { 10 -**Pass** "Type": "Pass", 11 "Result": "Wow, this was exciting", 12 "ResultPath": "ExtraDetail", 13 "End": true 14 } End 15 16 } 17 } re:Invent

AWS Step Function States: Wait

Seconds Timestamp SecondsPath

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Time stamp Path

Next End Comment InputPath OutputPath

Type

State Example: Wait

```
1 - {
      "Comment": "A simple wait example",
                                                                                        Start
2
      "StartAt": "Wait for Timestamp",
3
4 -
      "States": {
5 *
       "Wait for Timestamp": {
6
         "Type": "Wait",
                                                                                 Wait for Timestamp
         "TimestampPath": "$.trigger_date",
7
          "Next": "Do Your Thing"
8
       },
9
       "Do Your Thing": {
10 +
                                                                                    Do Your Thing
         "Type": "Task",
11
12
         "Resource": "arn:aws:lambda:REGION:ACCOUNT_ID:function:DoTheThing",
13
         "End": true
14
                                                                                         End
     }
15
16 }
```

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aws

AWS Step Function States: Parallel

Branches

ResultPath

Retry

Catch

Туре

Next

End

Comment InputPath

OutputPath

State Example: Parallel "Parallel": { Start "Type": "Parallel", "Next": "Final State", 2 "Branches": [8 -{ "StartAt": "Left Brain", 9. -10 11 -"States": { 12 -"Left Brain": { 13 "Type": "Wait", Left Brain Right Brain "Seconds": 2, 14 "Next": "Sequence" 15 16 17 + "Sequence": { Sequence Visualize 18 "Type": "Task", "Resource": "arn:aws:lambda:REGION:ACCOUNT_ID:function:sequence", 19 20 "End": true 21 22 Final State 23 24 -25 "StortAt": "Right Brain", "States": "Right Brain": { 27 + End 28 "Type": "Pass" "Next": "Visualize" re:Invent

These are the basics of using step functions

Many ways to build Step Functions

Lused Serverless Framework



The *Serverless framework* has an add-on called *Serverless Step Functions* that make it really easy to build step functions and their integrations in a single file

Benefits of Serverless Framework

Define everything in a single file:

- · IAM Role Statements
- Lambda Function Handlers
- · Lambda Function Triggers
- Step Function States
- · CloudFormation for other things



















Amazon API

Gateway*



















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serverless.yml

service:

name: mattw-reinvent2017-build-website

plugins:

- serverless-pseudo-parameters
- serverless-step-functions
- serverless-webpack

custom:

repoName: reinvent2017-website

serverless.yml cont'd

```
provider:
 name: aws
 runtime: nodejs6.10
 stage: ${opt:stage, 'dev'}
 region: ${opt:region, 'us-east-1'}
 iamRoleStatements:
  - Effect: "Allow"
   Action:
     - "states:StartExecution"
   Resource:
     - ${self:resources.Outputs.MyStateMachine.Value}
  - Effect: "Allow"
   Action:
     - "codecommit:GetCommit"
     - "codecommit:GetDifferences"
     - arn:aws:codecommit:${self:provider.region}:#{AWS::AccountId}:${...custom.repoName}
```



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serverless.yml cont'd

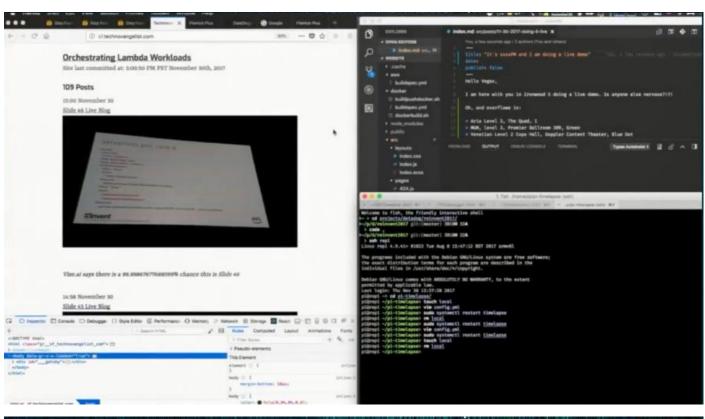
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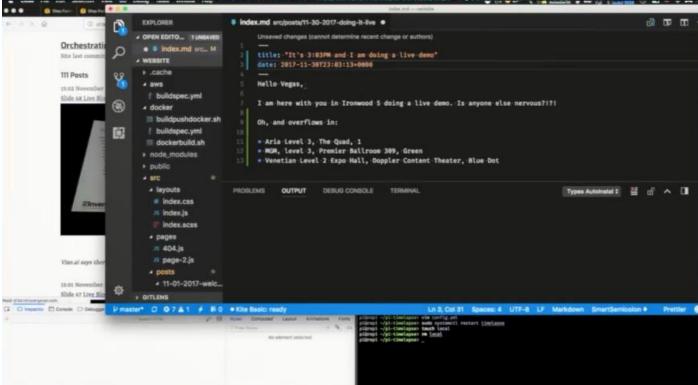
```
functions:
buildSite:
handler: handler.build
whatChanged:
handler: handler.whatChanged
startStepFunction:
handler: handler.startStepFunction
events:
- sns: arn:aws:sns:${...provider.region}:#{AWS::AccountId}:mattw-reinvent-websitebuild
environment:
statemachine_arn: ${self:resources.Outputs.MyStateMachine.Value}
```

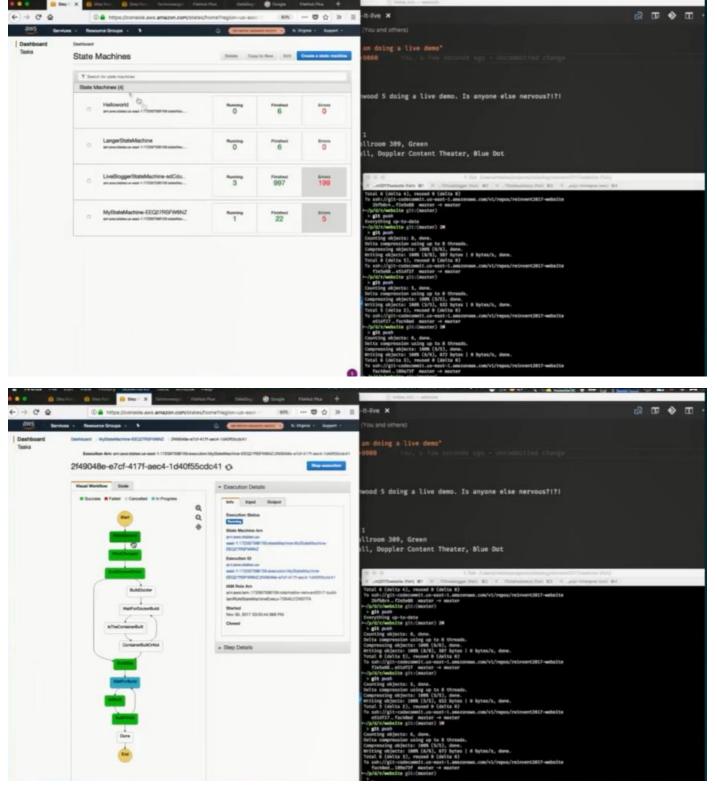
serverless.yml cont'd

```
stepFunctions:
stateMachines:
FirstStateMachine:
name: myStateMachine
definition:
StartAt: WhatChanged
States:
WhatChanged:
Type: Task
Resource: arn:aws:lambda:#{AWS::Region}:#{AWS::AccountId}\
:function:${self:service}-${self:provider.stage}-whatChanged
Next: BuildDockerOrNot
```

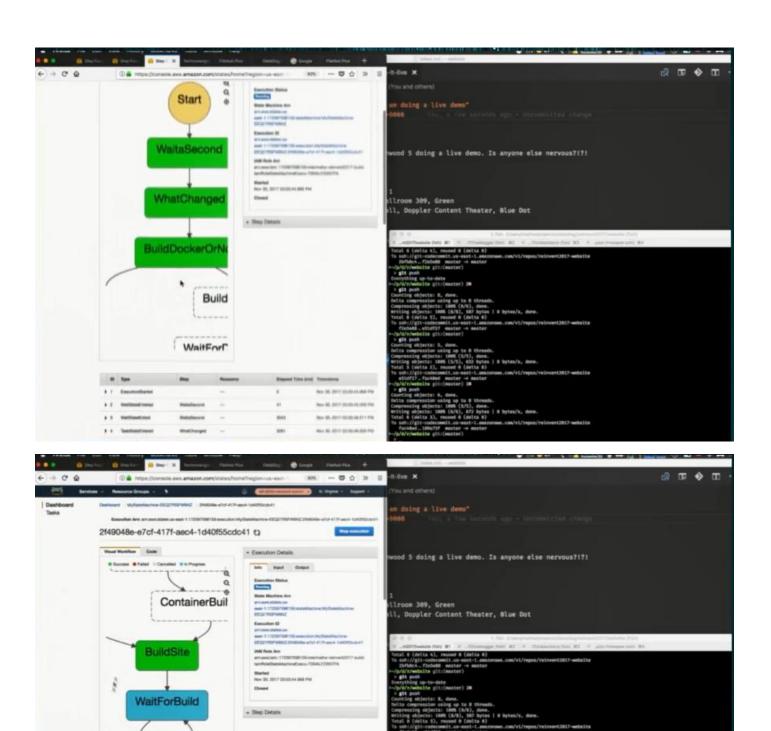
Demo







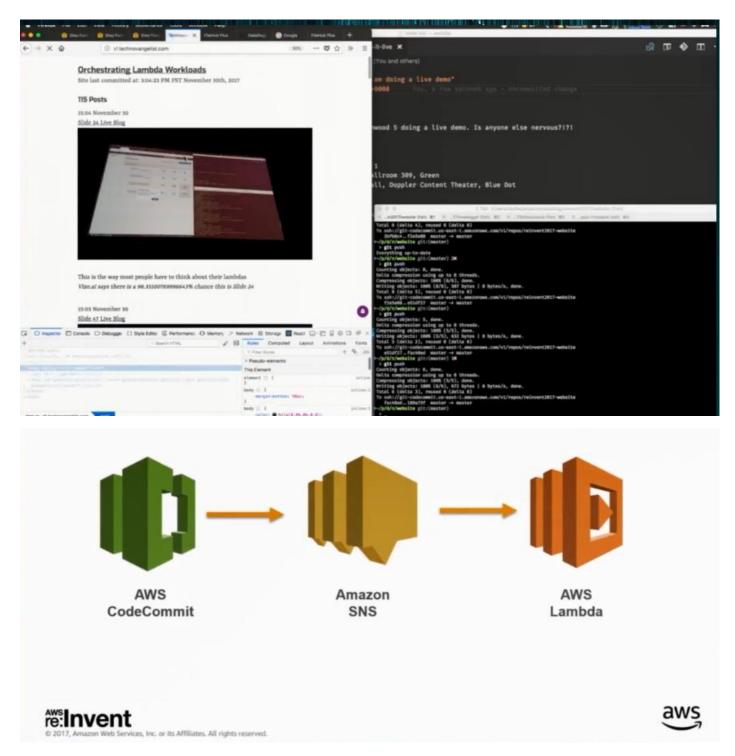
Here is the state machine that is running the whole site building and deployment from conference pictures right now



to 6 threads. 1/9), done. , 672 bytes [6 bytes/s, done. (delta 6)

IsltBuilt

BuiltOrNot



When we committed code into *CodeCommit* it triggered off an event to an *SNS* topic, we already have a *lambda* waiting for that SNS topic to run

startStepFunction:

handler: handler.startStepFunction

events:

- sns: arn:aws:sns...mattw-reinvent-websitebuild

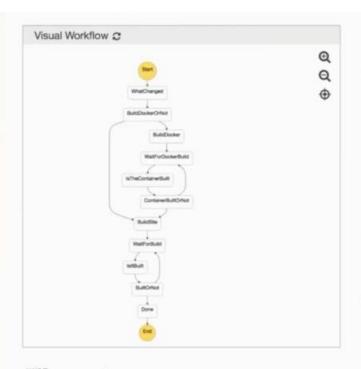
environment:

statemachine_arn: \${self:reso...puts.MyStateMachine.Value}

This is our definition for this *startStepFunction* step in our serverless.yml function. The handler called handler.sstarttepFunction is waiting for an SNS topic, we have also given it an environment variable

StartStepFunction
Get Step Function ARN
Get SNS details
Start SF Execution

The **startStepFunction** basically gets the step function **arn** from **serverless**, then it gets the SNS details, and then starts a step function execution.



- 1. What changed in the repo?
- 2. If docker-related, build docker
 - Tell CodeBuild to rebuild docker image
 - 2. Wait for it
 - 3. Push to Amazon ECS repo
- Use the Docker image to build the website
- 4. Wait for it
- Send Matt an SMS





This is the step function SF that gets started. The SF is asking what and doing the steps above. It will ask what changed, if it's a file related to Docker then it will build a new image using CodeBuild.

```
WhatChanged

{

"SnsMessageId": "4a9f2bbf-d4ea-56d3-9547-7928b3c669a6",

"CommitId": "d50f3e8a29a7c5bf294fdce0fde3548d5167105b",

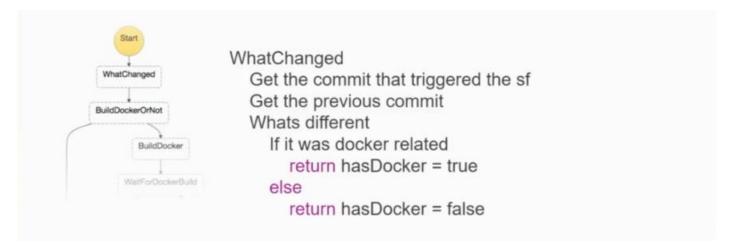
"Branch": "refs/heads/master"
}

WaltForDockerBuild
```

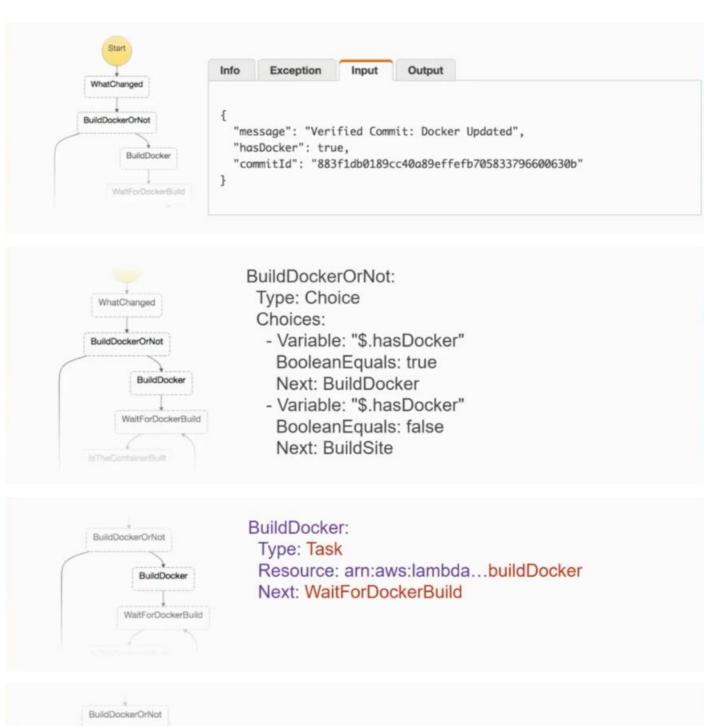
This is the type of interface that you use when working with step functions, you can do some debugging and see information related to any step/task/state. The Input tab shows you what JSON data is going into that particular task, and the Output tab shows you the output produced from that particular task.



This is the whatChanged task in the serverless.yml file, we also have 4 retries



This is the *pseudocode* for the *whatChanged* task





Note that we needed to add the needed IAM role permissions for this in the *serverless.yml* file. This will trigger a *CodeBuild* step as below

phases:

install:

commands:

- nohup /usr/local/bin/dockerd -G dockremap --host=unix:///...
- timeout -t 15 sh -c "until docker info; do echo .; sleep 1; done"

pre_build:

commands:

- echo Logging in to Amazon ECR...
- \$(aws ecr get-login --no-include-email --region us-east-1)

build:

commands:

- echo Build started on 'date'
- echo Building the Docker image...
- docker build -t mattw-stepfunction-demo:latest .
- docker tag mattw-stepfunction-demo:latest ...dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazona...

post build:

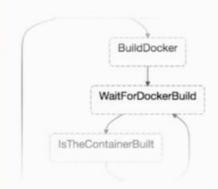
commands:

- echo Build completed on 'date'
- echo Pushing the Docker image...
- docker push ...dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/mattw-stepfunc...

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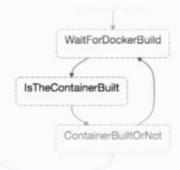




WaitForDockerBuild:

Type: Wait Seconds: 20

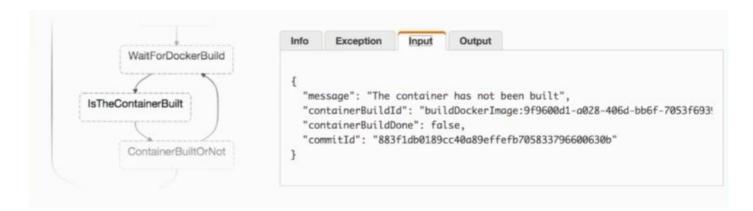
Next: IsTheContainerBuilt

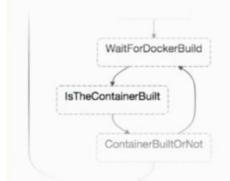


IsTheContainerBuilt:

Type: Task

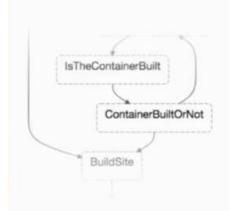
Resource: arn:aws:lambda...
Next: ContainerBuiltOrNot





IsTheContainerBuilt Get build info from CodeBuild Check if its done





ContainerBuiltOrNot:

Type: Choice Choices:

- Variable: "\$.containerBuildDone"

BooleanEquals: true

Next: BuildSite

- Variable: "\$.containerBuildDone"

BooleanEquals: false

Next: WaitForDockerBuild

```
phases:
 build:
  commands:
   - echo "******** In Build ************

    aws s3 sync s3://mattw-reinvent2017-rawsitepages src/posts

   export GATSBY BUILDTIME=$(tail -1 .git/logs/HEAD | awk '{print $5}')

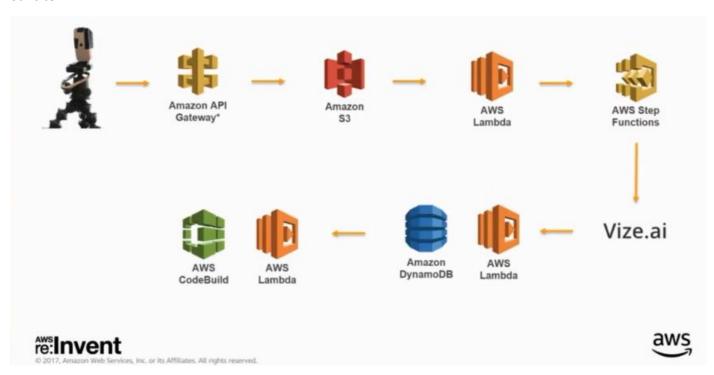
    In -s /backupmod/node modules ./node modules

   - gatsby build
   - echo "******* Build Complete ***********
 post build:
  commands:
   - echo "********** In Post Build ***********
   - aws s3 sync public s3://mybucket --delete --acl public-read
   - echo "****** Post Build Complete *********
   # - command
artifacts:
 files:

    public/**/*

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```

The **buildspec.yml** file for the **Gatsby** site above is a little different because we don't need to build a **Docker** image. We are generating the **markdown** files and then building the Gatsby site before doing a sync back to the **S3** bucket hosting our site



Here is a view of the workflow we have been seeing in *Step Functions*, we start by taking pictures using a *RaspberryPi*. We went to *Vize.ai* service website and uploaded about *6000 images* having many different rotations of the slides that I am going to be presenting at the conference today and trained the network to identify what slide number is presented to it with very high accuracy. We are then using this service to take real time image of the presentation slide at the conference and sending it to the Vize.ai service endpoint to get what slide we are on and get the slide text from *DynamoDB* to post on our website for live blog updates. We can also use the *Amazon Rekognition* service instead of Vize.ai.

How about monitoring?

We monitor Lambda via Logs

```
MONITORING|unix_epoch_timestamp|value|count| my.metric.name|#tag1:value,tag2
```

```
console.log(monitoringstring);
```

We do monitoring in 2 ways, using *CloudWatch metrics* where we are collecting a lot of data about the different lambdas execution times, how many failures are occurring, etc. we are also collecting similar metrics from the step functions. But we can also do custom metrics, this is done inside your lambda function where you simply create and write a line to your log file as above.

What are the Lambda Metrics

aws.lambda.duration, min, max, sum aws.lambda.errors aws.lambda.invocations aws.lambda.throttles aws.lambda.iterator_age

Here are the metrics that we grab from CloudWatch every 15 secs,

What are the Step Function Metrics

aws.states.execution_time (.maximum, .minimum)
aws.states.executions_aborted, failed, started, succeeded, timed_out
aws.states.lambda_functions_scheduled, started, succeeded, timed_out
aws.states.execution_throttled
aws.states.lambda_function_time (.maximum, .minimum)
aws.states.lambda_function_run_time (.maximum, .minimum)
aws.states.lambda_function_schedule_time (.maximum, .minimum)
aws.states.lambda_functions_started

And here are the Step Function metrics that we also collect every 15 secs and kept for a 15 months duration.

Summary

Step Functions make AWS Lambda orchestration easy
Lambda and Step Functions can be an interesting part of your infrastructure
Monitor your Lambda functions to ensure peak performance



Source can be found at:

https://github.com/DataDog/mattw-reinvent2017-demo





