

# **CS100**

# **Introduction to Programming**

## **Lecture 28 Doxygen**

# Introduction

- Doxygen is a documentation system for C++, C, Java, etc.
- It helps in
  - Generating on-line documentation (web-page) or offline reference manual (PDF) from documented source files
  - Extracting the code structure and visualising the relations between various elements by means of include dependency graphs, inheritance diagrams, and collaboration diagrams, which are all generated automatically

# Steps

1. Create a Configuration File
2. Document the Code
3. Run the Doxygen

# Configuration file

- Doxygen determines settings from configuration file
- Example name: Doxyfile
- Doxywizard is a GUI front-end for configuring and running doxygen

# Example configuration file

- See:
  - <https://github.com/laurentkneip/opengv/blob/master/Doxyfile>
- Important setting:
  - PROJECT\_NAME = “...”
  - PROJECT\_BRIEF = “...”
  - OUTPUT\_DIRECTORY = “doc”
  - INPUT = “include”  
INPUT += “doc/addons”
  - EXCLUDE\_PATTERNS = “\*/implementation/\*”  
EXCLUDE\_PATTERNS += “\*/modules/\*”
  - IMAGE\_PATH = “doc/addons/images”
  - GENERATE\_HTML = YES

# Documenting Code

- Document Blocks or Lines
- Document members
- Structural Commands
- Create Lists

# Document Block

- Specify Comment Blocks
  - Special documentation blocks , Comment Blocks with additional markings
  - Brief and Detailed Description

# Detailed Description

- Extra \* or ! For Comment Blocks

```
/**  
 * ... text ...  
 */
```

- or

```
/*!  
 * ... text ...  
 */
```



# Detailed Description

- For Comment Lines-additional slash or an exclamation mark e.g.

```
///  
/// ... text ...  
///
```

- or

```
//!  
//!... text ...  
//!
```

# Brief Description

- Command: `\brief`

- Syntax:

```
/*! \brief Brief description.  
*      Brief description continued.  
*  
* Detailed description starts here.  
*/
```

# Document Members

- Documentation after member specification in source file.
- Use '`<`', that indicates that member is located in front of block
- Syntax:

```
int var ; /*!< Description    */
```

- or brief (one-line) Description

```
int var ; //!< Brief Description
```

# Structural Commands

- Starts with ‘\’ or ‘@’
- Main commands

```
\author {list of authors}
```

```
\brief {brief description}
```

```
\date {date description}
```

```
\file [<name>]
```

```
\fn (function name) - used if comment block is not placed
```

```
\param <parameter-name> {parameter description}
```

```
\return {return value description}
```

# Structural Commands

- Visual Enhancement Commands

`\a` - Special font

`\b` - bold

`\c` - Typewriter Font

`\arg` - Simple bulleted list, not nested

`\e` - Italics

`\em` - Emphasize word and in Italics

# Creating Lists

- Bulleted Lists
  - Column aligned, using Minus Sign '-'
- Numbered Lists
  - Column aligned, using Minus Sign followed by Hash '-#'
- Nesting Level is maintained according to column alignment
- HTML Commands
  - Can be used inside comment blocks

# Creating Lists

- Syntax:

```
/*!  
* List of events  
*   -Event1  
*       -#Subevent1  
*       -#Subevent2\n  
*           subevent2  cont.  
*       -#Subevent3  
*   -Event2  
*   -Event3  
*/
```

# Example

- OpenGV:

[https://github.com/laurentkneip/opengv/blob/master/include/opengv/absolute\\_pose/methods.hpp](https://github.com/laurentkneip/opengv/blob/master/include/opengv/absolute_pose/methods.hpp)