

(1) (X, ρ) - метрическое пр-во, X - мн-во, $\rho : X \times X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$ - метрика

- 1) $\forall x, y \in X \quad \rho(x, y) \geq 0 \quad \& \quad \rho(x, y) = 0 \iff x = y$
- 2) $\forall x, y \in X \quad \rho(x, y) = \rho(y, x)$
- 3) $\forall x, y, z \in X \quad \rho(x, z) \leq \rho(x, y) + \rho(y, z)$

(2) X - нормированное пр-во, если $\forall x \in X$ сущ. & однознач. $\|x\|$ - норма пр-ва.

- 1) $\forall x \in X, \|x\| \geq 0 \quad (\|x\| = 0 \iff x = 0)$
- 2) $\forall x \in X, \alpha \in \mathbb{C} \quad \|\alpha x\| = |\alpha| \cdot \|x\|$
- 3) $\forall x, y \in X \quad \|x+y\| \leq \|x\| + \|y\|$

(3) $\mathbb{R}_x^d \quad (x = (x_1, \dots, x_d), x_k \in \mathbb{R}, k=1, d)$

$$\|x\| = \sqrt{\sum_{k=1}^d x_k^2} ; \quad \rho(x, y) = \sqrt{\sum_{k=1}^d (x_k - y_k)^2}$$

(4) Тип-во измер-бль morek

$$\rho(x, y) = \begin{cases} 0, & x=y \\ 1, & x \neq y \end{cases}$$

(5) $\mathbb{R}_p^d, p \geq 1 \quad \|x\| = \left(\sum_{k=1}^d |x_k|^p \right)^{1/p} ; \quad \rho(x, y) = \left(\sum_{k=1}^d |x_k - y_k|^p \right)^{1/p}$

(6) $C[t_0, t_1]$ $\|x\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} = \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t)| ; \quad \rho(x, y) = \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t) - y(t)|$

(7) $C^1[t_0, t_1]$ $\|x\|_{C^1[t_0, t_1]} = \max \{ \|x\|_{C[t_0, t_1]}, \|x'\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} \} = \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} \{ |x(t)|, |x'(t)| \} ;$

$$\begin{aligned} \rho(x, y) &= \max \{ \|x-y\|_{C[t_0, t_1]}, \|x'-y'\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} \} = \max \{ \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t) - y(t)|, \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x'(t) - y'(t)| \} \\ &= \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} \{ |x(t) - y(t)|, |x'(t) - y'(t)| \} \end{aligned}$$

(8) $PC[t_0, t_1]$ $\|x\|_{PC[t_0, t_1]} = \sup_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t)| ; \quad \rho(x, y) = \sup_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t) - y(t)|$

(9) $PC^1[t_0, t_1]$ $\|x\|_{PC^1[t_0, t_1]} = \max_{s=\overline{0, n-1}} \|x^{(s)}\|_{C^1[\zeta_s, \zeta_{s+1}]} ; \quad \rho(x, y) = \max_{s=\overline{0, n-1}} \|x^{(s)} - y^{(s)}\|_{C^1[\zeta_s, \zeta_{s+1}]}$
зде $t_0 = \zeta_0 < \dots < \zeta_n = t_1 ; \quad x \in C^1[\zeta_s, \zeta_{s+1}] \quad \forall s = \overline{0, n-1}$

(10) $C^2[t_0, t_1], n \in \mathbb{N}$ $\|x\|_{C^2[t_0, t_1]} = \max \{ \|x\|_{C[t_0, t_1]}, \|x'\|_{C[t_0, t_1]}, \dots, \|x^{(n)}\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} \} = \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} \{ |x|, \dots, |x^{(n)}| \}$
 $\rho(x, y) = \max \{ \|x-y\|_{C[t_0, t_1]}, \dots, \|x^{(n)}-y^{(n)}\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} \} = \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} \{ |x-y|, \dots, |x^{(n)}-y^{(n)}| \}$

(11) Лемма Darbya-Perronova: $a_0, a_1 \in C[t_0, t_1]$

если $\forall x \in C^2[t_0, t_1] : x(t_0) = x(t_1) = 0 \quad \int_{t_0}^{t_1} a_1(t) \dot{x} + a_0(t) x(t) dt = 0,$

то $a_1 \in C^1[t_0, t_1] \quad u = \frac{d}{dt} a_1 + a_0 = 0$

(12) (ПЗВИ) x - гомогенное л-е, если $x \in C^1[t_0, t_1], x(t_0) = x_0, x(t_1) = x_1$
 $\exists \lambda \in \text{dom } x$, если $\lambda \in X_0 - \text{нр-е гон.л-е}; \exists D(\lambda) : \forall x \in D(\lambda)$ гомоген-е $J(x) \geq J(\lambda)$

зде $J(x) = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} L(t, x(t), \dot{x}(t)) dt \rightarrow \text{extr} , \quad x(t_0) = x_0, x(t_1) = x_1$

(13) (Неск) $L, L_x, L_{\dot{x}} \in C(O(\Gamma_{\hat{x}\hat{x}'}))$, $\hat{x} \in \text{wlocmin}$ б пзбн
мо $\hat{L}_{\dot{x}} \in C^1[t_0; t_1]$ и бун-ср : $-\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0$ - яп-е тицера
рge $\hat{L}_x = L_x(t, \hat{x}(t), \dot{\hat{x}}(t))$; $\hat{L}_{\dot{x}} = L_{\dot{x}}(t, \hat{x}(t), \dot{\hat{x}}(t))$

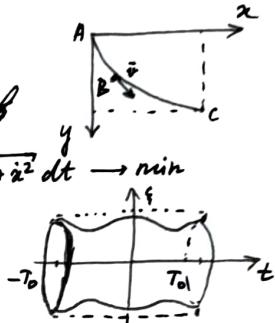
(14) Уравнение Эйлера $-\frac{d}{dt} L_{\dot{x}} + L_x = -\dot{x} L_{\ddot{x}} - \ddot{x} L_{\dot{x}x} - L_{\dot{x}t} + h_x = 0$

(15) Числопаданы Эйлера 1) $L(t, x) \Rightarrow L_x = 0$
2) $L(t, \dot{x}) \Rightarrow L_{\dot{x}} = \text{const}$
3) $L(x, \dot{x}) \Rightarrow \dot{x} L_{\dot{x}} - L = \text{const}$

(16) Задача о братчестохроне: $y = f(x) - ?$

$$\sqrt{2g} T = \int_0^T \sqrt{\frac{1+(f'(x))^2}{f'(x)}} dx \rightarrow \inf, \quad y(0)=0, \quad y(x)=f$$

(17) Задача о мин. площади бруса: $x(t) - ?$: $S = 2\pi \int_{-T_0}^{T_0} pdt = 2\pi \int_{-T_0}^{T_0} x \sqrt{1+\dot{x}^2} dt \rightarrow \min$
 $x(T_0) = x(-T_0) = \xi$



(18) Магнус Равнер $V = \int_0^T u(C(t)) e^{-\gamma t} dt \rightarrow \max, \quad \frac{c}{c} - ?$

$$x(0) = x_0, \quad x(T) = x_T, \quad \text{рge} \quad C(t) = f(x) - \dot{x}; \quad u'(t) > 0, \quad u''(t) < 0, \quad f''(t) < 0$$

(19) (Баланс) $J(x) = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} L(t, x(t), \dot{x}(t)) dt + l(x(t_0), x(t_1)) \rightarrow \text{ext}$

$x \in X_0$ - гон. оп-е, если $x \in C^1[t_0; t_1]$

$\hat{x} \in \text{wlocmin}$: \hat{x} - гон. $\exists D(\hat{x})$: $\forall x \in D(\hat{x}) \quad J(x) \geq J(\hat{x})$

(20) (Баланс) $\hat{x} \in \text{wlocmin}$, $L, L_x, L_{\dot{x}} \in C(O(\Gamma_{\hat{x}\hat{x}'}))$, $l \in C^1(O(\hat{x}(t_0), \hat{x}(t_1)))$

мо $\hat{L}_{\dot{x}} \in C^1[t_0; t_1]$ и бун-ср $-\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0$ - яп-е тицера
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_0) = \hat{l}_{x(t_0)} \\ \hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_1) = -\hat{l}_{x(t_1)} \end{array} \right.$ - яс. пранс-на

(21) Числовые трансверсальности $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_0) = \hat{l}_{x(t_0)} \\ \hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_1) = -\hat{l}_{x(t_1)} \end{array} \right.$, рge $\hat{l} = l(\hat{x}(t_0), \hat{x}(t_1))$, $\hat{l}_{x(t_0)} = l_{x(t_0)}(\hat{x}(t_0), \hat{x}(t_1))$

(22) Всплужность
 Q - бун. оп-е, если $\forall x, y \in Q, \alpha \in [0; 1] \quad \alpha x + (1-\alpha)y \in Q$ - бун. наил. макс

$f(x)$ - бун. оп-е (тиз), если $\text{dom } f$ - бун. оп-е; $\forall x, y \in \text{dom } f, \alpha_1, \alpha_2 \in [0; 1], \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 = 1$
 $f(\alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2) \leq \alpha_1 f(x_1) + \alpha_2 f(x_2)$

(23) Всплужная задача: X - мин. оп-е, $A \subset X$ - бун. оп-е, $\phi_h: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \cup \{+\infty\}$ - бун. оп-е, $k = \overline{1, d}$
 $\int_0^1 \phi_k(x) \rightarrow \min, \quad \phi_k(x) \leq 0, \quad x \in A, \quad x \in \overline{C}$

Теор (л.з.) : $\hat{x} \in \text{locmin} \Rightarrow \hat{x} \in \text{globmin}$

(24) (Онединичность) $G, G_0 \subset X$ - мин. норм. оп-е, $G \cap G_0 = \emptyset$, всплужные, хомео \exists 1-меню
 $\exists x \in G: \forall z \in G \exists r > 0 \quad x + z \in G, \text{рзтнч}$

мо $\exists A \subset X$ - мин. фундаментал, $\gamma \in \mathbb{R}$:

$$\lambda(g) < \gamma < \lambda(f), \quad f \in G, \quad g \in G_0$$



(25) (капит) 1) $\hat{x} \in \text{locmin} \Rightarrow \exists \lambda = (\lambda_0, \dots, \lambda_d) \in \mathbb{R}^{d+1}$ - кеприв. наядор ин. локальна

a) $\lambda_k > 0, k = \overline{0, d}$

b) $\lambda_k \varphi_k(\hat{x}) = 0, k = \overline{1, d}$

c) $L(x, \lambda) = \sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k \varphi_k(x) \rightarrow \min_{x \in A} : \min_{x \in A} L(x, \lambda) = L(\hat{x}, \lambda)$

2) \hat{x} - гор. м., А - наядор, $\lambda_0 > 0$: а, б, в. бен-лп $\Rightarrow \hat{x} \in \text{locmin}$

3) яки. Сондаймепа гүйе орын: $\exists x \in A : \varphi_k(x) < 0, k = \overline{1, d}$

но $\lambda_0 \neq 0$ ғалык $\forall \lambda$ яғы. а, б, в. гүйе \hat{x} гор. м.

(26) (ПЗВИ) $\int_{t_0}^{t_1} L(t, x, \dot{x}) dt \rightarrow \text{extz} \quad x(t_0) = x_0, x(t_1) = x_1$

$\hat{x} \in \text{Wlocmin } (\hat{x} \in C^1[t_0; t_1])$, ессеу $\exists O_\delta(\hat{x}) \in C^1[t_0; t_1] \quad \forall x \in O_\delta(\hat{x})$ - гор.: $J(x) \geq J(\hat{x})$

яғе x - гор., м.е. $x \in C^1[t_0, t_1] \wedge \{x(t_0) = x_0, x(t_1) = x_1\}$

$\hat{x} \in \text{stlocmin } (\hat{x} \in PC^1[t_0; t_1])$, ессеу $\exists O_\delta(\hat{x}) \in C[t_0, t_1] \quad \forall x \in O_\delta(\hat{x})$ - гор.: $J(x) \geq J(\hat{x})$

яғе x - гор., м.е. $x \in PC^1[t_0, t_1] \cap \{x(t_0) = x_0, x(t_1) = x_1\}$

(27) Үңгірлескіншік бер. на \hat{x} -түрмелешік, ессеу $\hat{L}_{\text{ин}}(t) \geq 0 \quad \forall t \in [t_0, t_1]$
(\geq) - үңгірлескіншік

(28) Үңгірлескіншік: $h(t)$ - ресмиесінде үп-с. қада $\frac{d}{dt} B_h + B_h = 0$; $h(t_0) = 0, h(t_1) = 1$
үңгірлескіншік бер. на $[t_0, t_1]$ гүйе \hat{x} , ессеу $\forall t \in [t_0, t_1] \quad h(t) \neq 0$
яғе T - конп. ке t_0 , ессеу $h(T) = 0$ $\begin{matrix} \text{нем комп. ке } t_0 \\ (t_0; t_1] - \text{яғын} \end{matrix}$

Үңгірлескіншік бер. на $[t_0, t_1]$ гүйе \hat{x} , ессеу $\xi(t, \hat{x}, \dot{x}, u) \geq 0, \forall u \in \mathbb{R}^n, \forall t \in [t_0, t_1]$

(29) Үңгірлескіншік бер. на \hat{x} -түрмелешік, ессеу $\xi(t, \hat{x}, \dot{x}, u) \geq 0, \forall u \in \mathbb{R}^n, \forall t \in [t_0, t_1]$
яғе φ -с. берег.: $\varphi(t, x, \dot{x}, u) = L(t, x, u) - L(t, \hat{x}, \dot{x}) - L(t, \hat{x}, \dot{x})(u - \dot{x})$
яғе $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad \varphi(x, x') = f(x') - f(x) - f'(x)(x' - x)$ - үп-кес-а?

нұрдел $\varphi(x, x') \geq 0, \forall x, x' \in A \Leftrightarrow f(x) - \text{бен. на } A$

(Ycum) $\exists b(t, \dot{x}): \forall x \in O(\Gamma_{\dot{x}}) \quad \xi(t, \hat{x}, \dot{x}, u) \geq 0, \forall u \in \mathbb{R}^n, \forall t \in [t_0, t_1]$
яғе x - гор., м.е. $x \in C^1[t_0, t_1] \cap \{x(t_0) = x_0, x(t_1) = x_1\}$

(30) (Heodx; ПЗ) $\begin{cases} \hat{x} \in \text{Wlocmin} \\ \hat{x} \in C^2[t_0, t_1] \\ h \in C^3(O(\Gamma_{\dot{x}})) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{яки. түрел} \\ \text{яки. демаңға} \\ \text{ессеу яки. яки. дем.} \Rightarrow \text{яки. қада} \end{cases}$

(31) (Heodx; ПЗ) $\begin{cases} \hat{x} \in \text{stlocmin} \\ \hat{x} \in C^2[t_0, t_1] \\ h \in C^2(O(\Gamma_{\dot{x}})) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{яки. түрел} \\ \text{яки. Весіршілескіншік} \\ \text{ессеу } \exists h_{\hat{x}} \Rightarrow h_{\hat{x}} \geq 0, \forall t \in [t_0, t_1] \end{cases}$

(32) (Aocom; ПЗ) $\begin{cases} \hat{x} \in C^2[t_0, t_1] \\ h \in C^3(O(\Gamma_{\dot{x}})) \\ \text{яки. түрел} \\ \text{яки. яки. демаңға, яки. яки. қада} \end{cases} + \{x(t_0) = x_0; x(t_1) = x_1\} \Rightarrow \hat{x} \in \text{Wlocmin}$

(33) (Aocom; ПЗ) $\begin{cases} \hat{x} \in C^2[t_0, t_1] \\ h \in C^3(O(\Gamma_{\dot{x}}) \times \mathbb{R}) \\ \text{яки. түрел} \\ \text{яки. яки. демаңға, яки. яки. қада, яки. яки. Весіршілескіншік} \end{cases} + \{x(t_0) = x_0; x(t_1) = x_1\} \Rightarrow \hat{x} \in \text{stlocmin}$

(34) (Heodk.; Бонч.)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{x} \in wlocmin \\ \hat{x} \in C^2[t_0, t_1] \\ h \in C^3(O(\Gamma_{\hat{x}\hat{x})) \\ l \in C^2(\mathbb{R}^2) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Ур. линеар + уен. трансвейсальности} \\ \text{уен. лемандр} \\ \text{если уен. уен. дем., но уен. Яноди} \\ \text{если уен. уен. дем. + уен. уен. Яноди, но } P+Q > 0 \end{array} \right.$$

(35) (Heodk.; Бонч.)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{x} \in strlocmin \\ \hat{x} \in C^2[t_0, t_1] \\ L \in C^3(O(\Gamma_{\hat{x}\hat{x})) \\ l \in C^2(\mathbb{R}^2) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Ур. линеар + уен. транс-ни} \\ \text{уен. лемандр} \\ \text{если уен. дем., но Яноди} \\ \text{если уен. дем. + уен. Яноди, но } P+Q > 0 \\ \text{уен. Вейерштрасса} \end{array} \right.$$

(36) (Докм.; Бонч.)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Уен. линеар + уен. транс-ни для } \hat{x} \\ \text{уен. лемандр, уен. Яноди} \\ P+Q > 0 - \text{ниж} \\ \hat{x} \in C^2[t_0, t_1] \\ L \in C^3(O(\Gamma_{\hat{x}\hat{x}})) \\ l \in C^2(\mathbb{R}^2) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \hat{x} \in wlocmin$$

(37) (Докм.; Бонч.)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Уен. линеар + уен. транс-ни} \\ \text{уен. лемандр, уен. Яноди} \\ P+Q > 0 - \text{ниж} \\ \hat{x} \in C^2[t_0, t_1] \\ L \in C^3(O(\Gamma_{\hat{x}}) \times \mathbb{R}) \\ l \in C^2(\mathbb{R}^2) \\ \text{уен. Вейерштрасса} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \hat{x} \in wlocmin$$

34-37, zge $P = \begin{pmatrix} \hat{L}_{\alpha\alpha}(t_1) \dot{H}_1(t_1) + \hat{L}_{\alpha\alpha}(t_2) & \frac{1}{2} (\hat{L}_{\alpha\alpha}(t_1) \dot{H}_0(t_1) - \hat{L}_{\alpha\alpha}(t_2) \dot{H}_1(t_2)) \\ -11- & -\hat{L}_{\alpha\alpha}(t_0) \dot{H}_0(t_0) - \hat{L}_{\alpha\alpha}(t_1) \end{pmatrix}$

$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} \hat{\ell}_{\alpha(t_1)\alpha(t_1)}'' & \hat{\ell}_{\alpha(t_1)\alpha(t_0)}'' \\ -11- & \hat{\ell}_{\alpha(t_0)\alpha(t_0)}'' \end{pmatrix}$$

zge $H(t)$ - перемене $- \frac{d}{dt} B_h + B_h = 0$ $h(t_0) = 1 \quad L(t_1) = 0$

$\underline{H}_1(t)$ - перемене $-11-$ $h(t_0) = 0 \quad h(t_1) = 1$

$h(t) = h_0 H_0(t) + h_1 H_1(t) \quad -11-$ $h(t_0) = h_0 \quad h(t_1) = h_1$

① Норма и метрика. Определение

(X, ρ) — метр. np-б, где $\rho: X \times X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$ — метрика

$$1) \forall x, y \in X \quad \rho(x, y) > 0$$

$$2) \forall x, y \in X \quad \rho(x, y) = \rho(y, x)$$

$$3) \forall x, y, z \in X \quad \rho(x, z) \leq \rho(x, y) + \rho(y, z)$$

X -норм. np-б, если $\forall x \in X \rightarrow \|x\| = \text{норма}$

- 1) $\forall x \in X \quad \|x\| > 0 \quad (\|x\| = 0 \Leftrightarrow x = 0)$
- 2) $\forall x \in X, \alpha \in \mathbb{C} \quad \|\alpha x\| = |\alpha| \cdot \|x\|$
- 3) $\forall x, y \in X \quad \|x + y\| \leq \|x\| + \|y\|$

Онеп.норм. $B(x_0, r) \subset X = \{x \in X : \rho(x, x_0) < r\}$ $(D_\epsilon(x_0) = B(x_0, \epsilon))$

Задп.норм. $B[x_0, r] \subset X = \{x \in X : \rho(x, x_0) \leq r\}$

Норм. np-б симметрическое, если $\rho(x, y) = \|x - y\|$

$$\begin{aligned} ① C[t_0, t_1] \quad \|x\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} &= \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t)| \quad ; \quad \rho(x, y) = \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t) - y(t)| \\ \triangleright t^* \in [t_0, t_1] : \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t) + y(t)| &= |x(t^*) + y(t^*)| \\ \|x+y\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} &= \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t) + y(t)| = |x(t^*) + y(t^*)| \leq |x(t^*)| + |y(t^*)| \leq \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t)| + \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |y(t)| = \\ &= \|x\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} + \|y\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ② C^k[t_0, t_1] \quad \|x\|_{C^k[t_0, t_1]} &= \max \left\{ \|x\|_{C[t_0, t_1]}, \dots, \|x^{(k)}\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} \right\} \\ \rho(x, y) &= \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} \{ |x(t) - y(t)|, \dots, |x^{(k)}(t) - y^{(k)}(t)| \} \\ \text{зде } x^{(k)}(t_0) &= \lim_{t \rightarrow t_0} \frac{x^{(k-1)}(t) - x^{(k-1)}(t_0)}{t - t_0}, k = \overline{1, 2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\triangleright \text{недмн. max б норн. } \|x+y\|_{C^k[t_0, t_1]} \text{ gocm. на } k_0 \in [0; 2] \text{ — он np-он} \\ \|x+y\|_{C^k[t_0, t_1]} = \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x^{(k_0)}(t) + y^{(k_0)}(t)| \leq \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x^{(k_0)}(t)| + \max_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |y^{(k_0)}(t)| = \|x^{(k_0)}\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} + \|y^{(k_0)}\|_{C[t_0, t_1]} \leq \|x\|_{C^k[t_0, t_1]} + \|y\|_{C^k[t_0, t_1]}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ③ PC[t_0, t_1] \quad \|x\|_{PC[t_0, t_1]} &= \sup_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t)| \quad ; \quad \rho(x, y) = \sup_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t) - y(t)| \\ \triangleright t^* \in [t_0, t_1] : \|x\|_{PC[t_0, t_1]} &= \max \{ |x(t^*)|, |x(t^*+0)|, |x(t^*-0)| \} \\ \|x+y\|_{PC[t_0, t_1]} &= \dots = |x(t^*) + y(t^*)| \leq |x(t^*)| + |y(t^*)| \leq \sup_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |x(t)| + \sup_{t \in [t_0, t_1]} |y(t)| \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ④ PC^k[t_0, t_1] \quad \|x\|_{PC^k[t_0, t_1]} &= \max_{s=0, n-1} \|x(s)\|_{C^k[\xi_s, \xi_{s+1}]}, \quad \rho(x, y) = \max_{s=0, n-1} \|x(s) - y(s)\|_{C^k[\xi_s, \xi_{s+1}]} \\ \text{зде } t_0 = \xi_0 < \dots < \xi_n = t_1 : x \in C^k[\xi_s, \xi_{s+1}] \quad &s = \overline{0, n-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\triangleright \exists m = \overline{0, n-1} : \max_{s=0, n-1} \|x(s) + y(s)\|_{C^k[\xi_s, \xi_{s+1}]} = \|x(t) + y(t)\|_{C^k[\xi_m, \xi_{m+1}]}$$

$$\|x+y\|_{PC^k[t_0, t_1]} = \|x(t) + y(t)\|_{C^k[\xi_m, \xi_{m+1}]} \leq \|x\|_{C^k[\xi_m, \xi_{m+1}]} + \|y\|_{C^k[\xi_m, \xi_{m+1}]} \leq \max_{s=0, n-1} \|x(s)\|_{C^k[\xi_s, \xi_{s+1}]} + \max_{s=0, n-1} \|y(s)\|_{C^k[\xi_s, \xi_{s+1}]}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ⑤ C^k(I) \times \mathbb{R}^2 \quad \|\xi\| &= \sum_{k=1}^d \|x_k\|_{C^k(I)} + |t_0| + |t_1| = \sum_{k=1}^d \max \{ \|x_k\|_{C^k(t_0, t_1)}, \|x_k\|_{C^k(t_1, t_0)} \} + |t_0| + |t_1|, \text{зде } I \subset \mathbb{R}, \xi = (x(t), t_0, t_1); x_k(t) \in C^k(I), k = \overline{1, d} \end{aligned}$$

$$\triangleright \|\xi_1 + \xi_2\| = \sum_{k=1}^d \|x_k + y_k\|_{C^k(I)} + |t_0 + T_0| + |t_1 + T_1| \leq \sum_{k=1}^d \|x_k\|_{C^k(I)} + |t_0| + |T_0| + \dots = \|\xi_1\| + \|\xi_2\|, \text{зде } \xi_1 = (x, t_0, T_0) \\ \xi_2 = (y, t_1, T_1)$$

② Lemmum Dadoya - Peimounga

$$L: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad \ell: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\int_{t_0}^{t_1} L(t, x(t), \dot{x}(t)) dt + \ell(x(t_0), x(t_1)) \rightarrow \text{extremum}; \quad T_x = \{(t, x(t)), t \in [t_0; t_1]\} \\ T_{\dot{x}} = \{(t, \dot{x}(t)), t \in [t_0; t_1]\}$$

Lemma $a_0, a_1 \in C[t_0; t_1]$

$$\text{ecum } \forall x \in C^1[t_0; t_1] : x(t_0) = x(t_1) = 0 \quad \int_{t_0}^{t_1} (a_1(t) \cdot \dot{x}(t) + a_0 x(t)) dt = 0$$

$$\text{mo } a_1 \in C^1[t_0; t_1] \quad u - \frac{d}{dt} a_1 + a_0 = 0$$

$$\triangleright \quad \dot{y} = a_0 : \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \dot{y}(t) dt = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} a_0(t) dt \iff \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \ddot{x} dt = 0$$

$$\ddot{x} = a_1 - y : \ddot{x}(t_0) = 0, \quad \ddot{x}(t_1) = 0$$

$$\int (a_1 \ddot{x} + a_0 \ddot{x}) dt = \int a_1 \ddot{x} dt + \int \dot{y} \cdot \ddot{x} dt = \int a_1 \ddot{x} dt + \int \ddot{x} dy = \int a_1 \ddot{x} dt + \underbrace{\dot{y} \ddot{x} \Big|_{t_0}^{t_1}}_{=0} - \int y d\ddot{x}$$

$$- \int (a_1 - y) \cdot \ddot{x} dt = \int (a_1 - y)^2 dt$$

$$\int (a_1 - y)^2 dt = 0 \iff a_1 = y \in C^1$$

$$-a_1 + y = 0$$

$$-\frac{d}{dt} a_1 + a_0 = 0$$

③ Herakl. уравнение exte в прям. заг. всп. иск. Классификация траекторий

$$TBH: J(x) = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} L(t, x(t), \dot{x}(t)) dt \rightarrow \text{exte}, \quad x(t_0) = x_0 \quad x(t_1) = x_1$$

x -гон. по- α , если $x \in C^1[t_0, t_1]$, $x(t_0) = x_0$, $x(t_1) = x_1$
 \hat{x} лок. минимум — $\hat{x} \in X_0$ — np. по гон. по- α $\exists D(\hat{x})$: $\forall x \in D(\hat{x})$ гон. по- α : $J(x) \geq J(\hat{x})$

Теорема: $L, L_x, L_{\dot{x}} \in C(D(\hat{x}))$ \hat{x} лок. минимум в TBH

$$\text{но } \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} \in C^1[t_0, t_1] \text{ и } \text{бун. на } \hat{L} : -\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0$$

$$\text{т.е. } \hat{L}_x = L_x(t, \hat{x}(t), \dot{\hat{x}}(t)) \quad \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} = L_{\dot{x}}(t, \hat{x}(t), \dot{\hat{x}}(t))$$

$\triangleright \forall h \in C^1[t_0, t_1] : h(t_0) = h(t_1) = 0 \quad \hat{x} + \lambda h$ — гон. по- α при $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\psi(\lambda) = J(\hat{x} + \lambda h) - J(\hat{x}) = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} (L(t, \hat{x} + \lambda h, \dot{\hat{x}} + \lambda \dot{h}) - L(t, \hat{x}, \dot{\hat{x}})) dt$$

$$\lambda = 0 \in \text{лок. минимум } \psi(\lambda) \Rightarrow \psi'(0) = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} (L_x(t, \hat{x}, \dot{\hat{x}}) \cdot h + L_{\dot{x}}(t, \hat{x}, \dot{\hat{x}}) \dot{h}) dt = 0 \quad \text{но м. фиксировано}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{но условие D-D: } \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} \in C^1[t_0, t_1]$$

$$-\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0$$

Классификация траекторий

$$-\frac{d}{dt} h_{\dot{x}} + h_x = -\ddot{x} h_{\dot{x}} - \dot{x} h_{\dot{x}\dot{x}} - h_{\dot{x}\dot{x}} + h_x = 0 \quad - \text{условие фиксации}$$

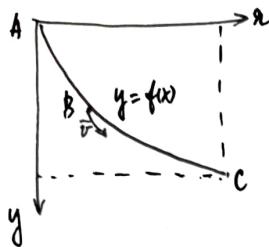
$$1) h = h(t, x) \Rightarrow h_x = 0$$

$$2) L = L(t, \dot{x}) \Rightarrow h_{\dot{x}} = \text{const}$$

$$3) L = L(x, \dot{x}) \Rightarrow \dot{x} h_{\dot{x}} - L = \text{const}$$

$$\triangleright \frac{d}{dt} (\dot{x} h_{\dot{x}} - L) = (\ddot{x} h_{\dot{x}} + \dot{x} \frac{d}{dt} h_{\dot{x}}) - (\dot{x} h_{\dot{x}\dot{x}} + \ddot{x} h_{\dot{x}}) = \dot{x} \left(\frac{d}{dt} h_{\dot{x}} - h_x \right) = 0$$

④ Задача о брахистохrone



$$f(x) - ? : A \rightarrow C \quad t \rightarrow \min$$

$$mv^2 = mgh \Rightarrow f(x) = h = \frac{v^2}{2g} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{ds}{dt} = \sqrt{2g f(x)} \\ \frac{ds}{dx} = \sqrt{1 + (f'(x))^2} \end{cases}$$

$$ds = \sqrt{2g f(x)} dt = \sqrt{1 + (f'(x))^2} dx$$

$$\sqrt{2g} \cdot dt = \sqrt{\frac{1 + (f'(x))^2}{f(x)}} dx$$

$$\sqrt{2g} T = \int_0^a \sqrt{\frac{1 + \dot{y}^2}{y}} dx \rightarrow \inf \quad y(0) = 0 \quad y(a) = b$$

$$L(y, \dot{y}) \Rightarrow \dot{y}^2 - L = \text{const}$$

$$\dot{y} \cdot \frac{1}{\dot{y}} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+\dot{y}^2}} \cdot 2\dot{y} - \frac{\sqrt{1+\dot{y}^2}}{\dot{y}} = c$$

$$\frac{-1}{\sqrt{y}\sqrt{1+\dot{y}^2}} = c \Rightarrow \dot{y} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 y} - 1} \Rightarrow \dot{y} \sqrt{\frac{c^2 y}{1-c^2 y}} = 1$$

$$\int \dot{y} \sqrt{\frac{c^2 y}{1-c^2 y}} dy = x + C_1$$

$$\text{имам } y = \frac{\sin^2 z}{c^2} \Rightarrow dz = \frac{dy \cdot c^2}{2\sin z \cdot \cos z}$$

$$\int \frac{2\sin z}{c^2} \cdot \cos z \sqrt{\frac{\sin^2 z}{\cos^2 z}} dz = x + C_1$$

$$\frac{2}{c^2} \int \sin^2 z dz = x + C_1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{c^2} \int (1 - \cos 2z) dz = x + C_1$$

$$\frac{1}{c^2} \left(z - \frac{\sin 2z}{2} \right) = x + C_1$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{c^2} \left(z - \frac{\sin 2z}{2} \right) - C_1 \\ y = \frac{1}{c^2} \cdot \sin^2 z \end{cases}$$

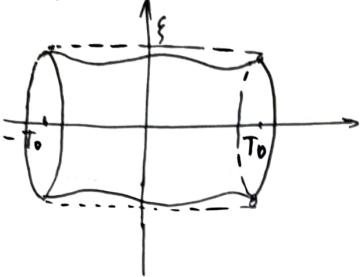
$$\begin{cases} y(0) = 0 \\ y(a) = b \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x(t) = z(t - \sin t) \\ y(t) = z(1 - \cos t) \end{cases}$$

- решение

$$C_1 = 0 \quad t = 2\pi \quad z = \frac{1}{2c^2}$$

$$\begin{cases} \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1 - \cos 2\alpha}{2} \\ \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1 + \cos 2\alpha}{2} \end{cases}$$

⑤ Задана вимірювання поверхнісю спрямованою. Отримати



$$x(t) - ? : S = 2\pi \int_{-T_0}^{T_0} r dt = 2\pi \int_{-T_0}^{T_0} r \sqrt{1+\dot{x}^2} dt \rightarrow \min$$

$$x(T_0) = x(-T_0) = \xi$$

$$L(x, \dot{x}) = x \sqrt{1+\dot{x}^2} \Rightarrow \dot{x} L \dot{x} - L = C$$

$$\ddot{x} \frac{x \cdot 2\dot{x}}{2\sqrt{1+\dot{x}^2}} - x \sqrt{1+\dot{x}^2} = -C_1$$

$$\frac{x(\dot{x}^2 - 1 - \dot{x}^2)}{\sqrt{1+\dot{x}^2}} = -C_1$$

$$\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} = C_1$$

$$\text{параметри} \quad \dot{x} = \operatorname{sh} t = \frac{e^t - e^{-t}}{2} \Rightarrow x = C_1 \operatorname{ch} t = C_1 \frac{e^t + e^{-t}}{2}$$

$$dt = \frac{dx}{\dot{x}} = \frac{C_1 \cdot \operatorname{sh} t dt}{\operatorname{sh} t} = C_2 dt$$

$$t = C_2 dt + C_3 \Rightarrow t = \frac{t - C_3}{C_2}$$

$$\text{значення} \quad x = C_1 \operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{t - C_3}{C_2}\right), \quad x(T_0) = \xi$$

$$x(T_0) = x(-T_0) \Rightarrow C_3 = 0$$

$$x(T_0) = \xi \Rightarrow \frac{\xi}{T_0} = \frac{C_1}{T_0} \cdot \operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{T_0}{C_2}\right)$$

$$\operatorname{d}(z) = \frac{\operatorname{ch} z}{z}$$

$$\operatorname{d}(z) = \frac{z \cdot \operatorname{sh} z - \operatorname{ch} z}{z^2} = \frac{\operatorname{sh} z(z - \operatorname{cth} z)}{z^2} = \frac{\operatorname{sh} z}{z^2} (z - \operatorname{cth} z)$$

$$z = \operatorname{cth} z \quad \text{при } z^* = \tau^* - \min f(z)$$

$$\text{Задача: } \dot{x} = C \cdot \operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{t}{C}\right) - \text{значення}, \text{ тоді } C \cdot \operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{T_0}{C}\right) = \xi$$

$$\text{при } \frac{\xi}{T_0} < \operatorname{sh} \tau^* \quad - \text{нет зваж.}$$

$$\frac{\xi}{T_0} = \operatorname{sh} \tau^*, \quad \dot{x} = C \cdot \operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{t}{C}\right) - 1 \text{ зваж.}$$

$$\frac{\xi}{T_0} > \operatorname{sh} \tau^*, \quad \dot{x} = C \cdot \operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{t}{C}\right) - 2 \text{ зваж.}$$

$$\text{задача } \xi = C \cdot \operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{T_0}{C}\right)$$

⑥ Zagena Parcer

$$\int_0^t F(D, a) dt = D + \int c dt \quad \text{zge } S\text{-gatog, } D\text{-содержание, } C\text{-норм.}$$

$S = F(D, a)$, zge $a(t)$ - нал. до пад. бп.

$$F(D, a) = \frac{dD}{dt} + C$$

$$V = \int_0^T u(c(t)) e^{-rt} dt \rightarrow \max, \quad \frac{\dot{c}}{c} - ?$$

$$x(0) = x_0, \quad x(T) = x_1$$

$$\text{zge } c(t) = f(x) - \dot{x}, \quad u'(t) > 0, \quad u''(t) < 0, \quad f''(t) < 0$$

zge V - будем. сумма дыг.
"ном. нон-ти"

e^{-rt} - норм. штбр. прибл.

$\dot{x} = 0$ - макс. динам.

$$D \quad L(t, x, \dot{x}) = u(f(x) - \dot{x}) e^{-rt} = u(f(x) - \dot{x}) e^{-rt}$$

$$0 = -\frac{d}{dt} h_{\dot{x}} + h_x = -\frac{d}{dt} (u'(c) \cdot (-1) \cdot e^{-rt}) + u'(c) \cdot f'(x) e^{-rt} = u''(c) \cdot \dot{c} \cdot e^{-rt} - u'(c) \cdot f'(x) e^{-rt} + u'(c) \cdot f'(x) e^{-rt} = 0$$

$$u''(c) \cdot \dot{c} - u'(c) + u'(c) \cdot f'(x) = 0$$

$$u''(c) \cdot \dot{c} + u'(c) \cdot (f'(x) - 1) = 0 \quad | : u''(c)$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{\dot{c}}{c} = \frac{u'(c) \cdot (1 - f'(x))}{c u''(c)} = \frac{1 - f'(x)}{w}, \quad \text{zge } w = \frac{c u''(c)}{u'(c)} < 0, \text{ m.b. } u''(c) < 0 \\ \frac{\dot{c}}{c} > 0 \Rightarrow 1 - f'(x) < 0 \\ w < 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{u'(c)}{u''(c)} \cdot (f'(x) - 1) + \dot{c} = 0, \quad c = f(x) - \dot{x}$$

$$\frac{u'(c)}{u''(c)} \cdot (f'(x) - 1) + f'(x) \cdot \ddot{x} - \ddot{x} = 0 \Rightarrow \ddot{x} - f'(x) \cdot \ddot{x} + \frac{u'(c)}{u''(c)} (1 - f'(x)) = 0$$

$$L(t, x, \dot{x}) = u(f(x) - \dot{x}) e^{-rt}$$

$$\text{Текущ.: } \begin{pmatrix} L_{xx} & L_{x\dot{x}} \\ L_{\dot{x}x} & L_{\dot{x}\dot{x}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} u''(c)(f'(x))^2 + u'(c) \cdot f''(x) & -u''(c) \cdot f'(x) \\ -u''(c) \cdot f'(x) & u''(c) \end{pmatrix} \cdot e^{-rt}$$

$$\text{м.а. } f''(x) < 0, \quad u'(c) > 0, \quad u''(c) < 0 \quad \Delta_1 e^{-rt} = \ddot{u} \cdot f^2 + \ddot{u}' \cdot f' < 0$$

$$\Delta_2 e^{-rt} = \ddot{u}^2 \cdot f^2 + \ddot{u} \cdot f \cdot \ddot{u} - \ddot{u}^2 \cdot f^2 = \ddot{u} \cdot f \cdot \ddot{u} \geq 0$$

$\Rightarrow L(t, x, \dot{x})$ - боч. фнкц. по \dot{x}, x

\Rightarrow + пер. yg. $\ddot{x} - f \dot{x} + \frac{u}{\ddot{u}} (1 - f) = 0$

нрн $x(0) = x_0, \quad x(T) = x_1$

абл. пер. заг. Parcer

③ Задача Баншура

$$J(x) = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} L(t, x(t), \dot{x}(t)) dt + \ell(x(t_0), x(t_1)) \rightarrow \text{extr}$$

x -гон., если $x \in C^1[t_0, t_1]$

$\hat{x} \in \text{Wloomin},$ если \hat{x} -гон.: $\exists O(\hat{x}): \forall x \in O(\hat{x}) \quad J(x) \geq J(\hat{x})$

теп $\hat{x} \in \text{Wloomin}, \quad h, h_x, h_{\dot{x}} \in C(O(\hat{x}))$, $\ell \in C^1(O(\hat{x}(t_0), \hat{x}(t_1)))$

$$\text{но } \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} \in C^1[t_0, t_1], \quad \text{бак-ар} \quad -\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0 \quad \text{yp-e зиалер}$$

$$\begin{cases} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_0) = \hat{\ell}_{x(t_0)} \\ \hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_1) = -\hat{\ell}_{x(t_1)} \end{cases} \quad \text{явл. mpauc-ар}$$

$$\text{згд } \hat{\ell} = \ell(\hat{x}(t_0), \hat{x}(t_1)); \quad \hat{\ell}_{x(t_0)} = \ell_{x(t_0)}(\hat{x}(t_0), \hat{x}(t_1))$$

▷ Пусть $h \in C^1[t_0, t_1], \lambda \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\psi(\lambda) = J(\hat{x} + \lambda h) - J(\hat{x}) = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} L(t, \hat{x} + \lambda h, \dot{\hat{x}} + \lambda \dot{h}) dt + \ell(\hat{x}(t_0) + \lambda h(t_0), \hat{x}(t_1) + \lambda h(t_1))$$

$$- \int_{t_0}^{t_1} L(t, \hat{x}, \dot{\hat{x}}) - \ell(\hat{x}(t_0), \hat{x}(t_1))$$

$$(\text{результ}) \quad \psi'(0) = 0 = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} (\hat{L}_{\dot{x}} h + \hat{L}_x \cdot h) dt + \hat{\ell}_{x(t_0)} h(t_0) + \hat{\ell}_{x(t_1)} h(t_1) \quad \text{безуказ h} \in C^1[t_0, t_1]: \\ h(t_0) = h(t_1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{t_0}^{t_1} (\hat{L}_{\dot{x}} h + \hat{L}_x \cdot h) dt = 0$$

но зиале D-p

$$\hat{h}_{\dot{x}} \in C^1[t_0, t_1]; \quad -\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0$$

м.е. $\forall h \in C^1[t_0, t_1]$

$$\int_{t_0}^{t_1} (\hat{L}_{\dot{x}} h + \hat{L}_x \cdot h) dt + \hat{\ell}_{x(t_0)} h(t_0) + \hat{\ell}_{x(t_1)} \cdot h(t_1) =$$

$$= \underbrace{\int_{t_0}^{t_1} \left(-\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x \right) h dt}_{=0} + (\hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_1) + \hat{\ell}_{x(t_1)}) \cdot h(t_1) + (-\hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_0) + \hat{\ell}_{x(t_0)}) h(t_0)$$

$$\text{бюлпаб h: } \begin{cases} h(t_1) = 0 & h(t_0) = 1 \\ h(t_1) = 1 & h(t_0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_0) = \hat{\ell}_{x(t_0)} \\ \hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_1) = -\hat{\ell}_{x(t_1)} \end{cases} \quad \text{явл. Tp-TW}$$

⑧ Задача бивыншного программирования

бивн. задача: x -ин. нр-бо, АСХ - бивн. ин-бо, $f_k: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$, $k = \overline{0, d}$ - бивн. $f_0(x) \rightarrow \min$, $f_k(x) \leq 0$, $k = \overline{1, d}$, $x \in A$

Теор. (бивн. з.) $x \in \text{locmin} \Rightarrow x \in \text{globmin}$

Теор. (Кардинал) 1) $\hat{x} \in \text{locmin} \Rightarrow \exists \lambda = (\lambda_0, \dots, \lambda_d) \in \mathbb{R}^{d+1}$ - нрмп.

$$a) \lambda_k > 0, k = \overline{0, d}$$

$$b) \lambda_k f_k(\hat{x}) = 0, k = \overline{1, d}$$

$$c) \min_{x \in A} L(x, \lambda) = L(\hat{x}, \lambda)$$

2) \hat{x} -гон. н., А-надор., бивн. а.б.с., $\lambda_0 > 0 \Rightarrow \hat{x} \in \text{locmin}$

3) Уч. Симпсона: $\exists x \in A : f_k(x) < 0, k = \overline{1, d} \Rightarrow \lambda_0 \neq 0$ *зар. т. 2:*
yg. а.б.с., гон. \hat{x}

1) нрмп $f_0(x) = 0$ (иначе $\tilde{f}_0(x) = f_0(x) - f_0(\hat{x})$)

$$Y = \{(y_0, \dots, y_d)\} = \mathbb{R}^{d+1}$$

$$B = \{(y_0, \dots, y_d) \in \mathbb{R}^{d+1} : y_k < 0, k = \overline{0, d}\} - \text{бивн. реш.}; \text{int } B \neq \emptyset$$

$$C = \{(y_0, \dots, y_d) \in \mathbb{R}^{d+1} : \exists x \in A \quad f_0(x) \leq y_0, \dots, f_d(x) \leq y_d\} - \text{бивн.}$$

$B \cap C = \emptyset$, иначе нрмпворное значение \hat{x}

но м. об огранничимости $\exists \lambda^* = (\lambda_0, \dots, \lambda_d) \in Y \setminus \{0\} : \forall B \in B, C \in C :$

$$(\lambda^*, B) \leq (\lambda^*, C) \Leftrightarrow \sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k^* b_k \leq \sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k^* c_k \Rightarrow \lambda^* - \text{нрн-нн нрп.}$$

нрмп $C_k = f_k(x) \quad \forall x \in A \Rightarrow \forall y \in B :$ $\sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k^* y_k \leq \sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k^* f_k(x)$

нрн $k = k_0, x \in A$ если $\lambda_{k_0} < 0 \Rightarrow$ нрн огранчение $-\infty = \lim_{y_{k_0} \rightarrow -\infty} \lambda_{k_0} y_{k_0} \leq \sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k^* y_k \Rightarrow \lambda_k^* \geq 0$

нрн $y \rightarrow 0+$, $y \in B$ $\sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k^* f_k(x) > 0$

$$\begin{aligned} x = \hat{x} & \quad \sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k^* f_k(\hat{x}) > 0 \\ & \quad \sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k^* f_k(x) \geq 0, \text{ т.к.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_k^* > 0 \\ f_0(x) = 0 \\ f_k(x) < 0 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k^* f_k(\hat{x}) = 0 \Rightarrow B - \text{гок.}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k^* f_k(\hat{x}) \leq 0$$

2) $x \in A$ -гон $\lambda_0 f_0(x) \geq \underset{a}{\sum} f_k(x) \geq \underset{c}{\sum} f_k(x) \geq \underset{b}{\sum} f_k(x) = \lambda_0 f_0(\hat{x})$

3) $\exists x \in A : f_k(x) < 0, a, b, c, \lambda_0 = 0 \Rightarrow 0 > \sum_{k=1}^d \lambda_k f_k(x) = \sum_{k=0}^d \lambda_k f_k(x) = L(x, \lambda) \geq L(\hat{x}, \lambda) > 0 \Rightarrow$
 \Rightarrow нрн огранч. $\Rightarrow \lambda_0 \neq 0$

⑨ Численні та аналітичні методи вирішення загальних завдань.

$$\int_{t_0}^{t_1} h(t, x, \dot{x}) dt \rightarrow \text{extremum} ; \quad x(t_0) = x_0, \quad x(t_1) = x_1$$

$\hat{x} \in \text{wlocmin } (\hat{x} \in C^1[t_0; t_1]), \text{ such that } \exists O_\delta(\hat{x}) \in C^1[t_0; t_1], \forall x \in O_\delta(\hat{x}) \quad J(x) \geq J(\hat{x})$

т.е. x -гом. $x \in C^1[t_0; t_1] \cap \{x(t_0) = x_0, x(t_1) = x_1\}$

$\hat{x} \in \text{stlocmin } (\hat{x} \in PC[t_0; t_1]), \text{ such that } \exists O_\delta(\hat{x}) \in C[t_0; t_1] \quad \forall x \in O_\delta(\hat{x}) \quad J(x) \geq J(\hat{x})$

т.е. x -гом. $x \in PC^1[t_0; t_1] \cap h(x(t_0) = x_0, x(t_1) = x_1)$

Приклад $\int_0^1 \dot{x}^3 dt \rightarrow \inf \quad x(0) = 0, \quad x(1) = 1$

$$\triangleright -\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} \cdot 3\dot{x}^2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow \ddot{x} = 0 \Rightarrow x = C_1 t + C_2$$

$x(0) = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \hat{x} = t \in C^1[0; 1]$
 $x(1) = 1$

$$h \in C^1[0; 1]$$

$$J(\hat{x} + h) - J(\hat{x}) = \int_0^1 ((1+h)^3 - 1) dt = \int_0^1 h(3+3h+h^2) dt = \dots = \int_0^1 h^2(3+h) dt \geq 0$$

если $+h: \|h\| < 3$
 $C^1[0; 1]$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{x} = t \in \text{wlocmin}$$

$$S_{\text{wlocmin}} = 1$$

$$\triangle h_n(t) : \quad \dot{h}_n = 0$$

$$J(\hat{x} + h_n) - J(\hat{x}) = \int_0^1 \dot{h}_n^2(3 + \dot{h}_n) dt = \int_0^{1/n} h(3 - \frac{1}{t}) dt + \int_{1/n}^1 \frac{1}{h}(3 + \frac{2}{t}) dt = -\ln(1+n) \rightarrow -\infty,$$

$n \rightarrow +\infty$

$$\hat{x} = t \notin \text{stlocmin}$$

$$S_{\text{stlocmin}} = -\infty$$

(10) Headx. yerdinec uyysen etamni wlocextz, strlocextz b' nroon. zag. bap. uen.

$$\text{TBH} : \int_{t_0}^{t_1} h(t, x(t), \dot{x}(t)) dt \rightarrow \text{extz} \quad x(t_0) = x_0, x(t_1) = x_1$$

$$(\text{Headx.}) \quad \begin{cases} x \in \text{wlocmih} \\ \dot{x} \in C^2[t_0; t_1] \\ h \in C^3(0 \cap \mathbb{R}^n) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} -\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0 & (\text{зинер}) \\ \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}(t) \geq 0, \forall t \in [t_0, t_1] & (\text{лемауп}) \\ \text{если } \exists \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}} > 0, \text{ то } \forall t \in [t_0, t_1] \quad h(t) \neq 0 & (\text{дуоди}) \end{cases}$$

$$(\text{Headx.}) \quad \begin{cases} \dot{x} \in \text{strlocmih} \\ \dot{x} \in C^2[t_0; t_1] \\ h \in C^3(0 \cap \mathbb{R}^n) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} -\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0 & (\text{зинер}) \\ q(t, \dot{x}, \ddot{x}, u) \geq 0 \quad \forall u \in \mathbb{R}^n, \forall t \in [t_0, t_1] & (\text{Винерумпраек}) \\ \text{если } \exists \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}} \Rightarrow \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}} \geq 0, \forall t \in [t_0, t_1] & \end{cases}$$

⑪ Рукавиця Вейерштрасса у вигляді $\varphi(x) = \inf_{x_1 \in \mathbb{R}^n} L(t, x_1, \dot{x}_1)$, тобто $\varphi(x) \in \text{wloc ext}$ в TBV

$$\text{TBV}: \int_{t_0}^{t_1} L(t, x(t), \dot{x}(t)) dt \rightarrow \text{ext} \quad x(t_0) = x_0 \quad x(t_1) = x_1$$

Рукавиця Вейерштрасса $\left| \xi(x, x') - \varphi(x) - \varphi'(x)(x' - x) \right|$:
Функція $\varphi: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ $\xi(x, x') \geq 0 \Leftrightarrow x, x' \in A \Leftrightarrow \varphi(x) = \text{Ext. на } A$

* якщо L - кінцева в TBV , то $\varphi(t, x, \dot{x}, u) = L(t, x, u) - L(t, x, \dot{x}) - L_{\dot{x}}(t, x, \dot{x})(u - \dot{x})$

$$(\text{Docr. TBV}) \quad \begin{cases} \dot{x} \in C^2[t_0; t_1] \\ L \in C^3(D \cap \Gamma_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}) \\ -\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0 \quad (\exists \text{непр.}) \\ \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}(t) > 0 \quad \forall t \in [t_0, t_1] \quad (\text{yc. лем.}) \\ \forall t \in [t_0, t_1], h(t) \neq 0 \quad (\text{yc. Shwartz}) \end{cases} + \left\{ x(t_0) = x_0; x(t_1) = x_1 \right\} \Rightarrow \dot{x} \in \text{wlocmin}$$

$$(\text{Docr. TBV}) \quad \begin{cases} \dot{x} \in C^2[t_0; t_1] \\ h \in C^3(D \cap \Gamma_{\dot{x}}) \times \mathbb{R} \\ -\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0 \quad (\exists \text{непр.}) \\ \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}(t) > 0 \quad \forall t \in [t_0, t_1] \quad (\text{yc. лем.}) \\ \forall t \in [t_0, t_1], h(t) \neq 0 \quad (\text{yc. Shwartz}) \\ \exists 0 \in \Gamma_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}: \forall x \in D \cap \Gamma_{\dot{x}\dot{x}} \quad \varphi(t, x, \dot{x}, u) \geq 0, \forall u \in \mathbb{R}, \forall t \in [t_0, t_1] \end{cases} + \left\{ x(t_0) = x_0; x(t_1) = x_1 \right\} \Rightarrow \dot{x} \in \text{stlocmin}$$

(12) Док. условие супримума экстремума локального вагона для вагонов. Критерий Симеонова

$$\text{вагон} \quad J(x) = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} L(t, x(t), \dot{x}(t)) dt + \ell(x(t_0), x(t_1)) \rightarrow \text{экст}$$

(Док.) $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{d}{dt} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}} + \hat{L}_x = 0 \quad (\text{уравнение}) \\ \hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_0) = \hat{\ell}_{x(t_0)} \quad (T_0-T_0) \\ \hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t_1) = -\ell_{x(t_1)} \end{array} \right.$

$\hat{L}_{\dot{x}}(t) > 0, \quad \forall t \in [t_0; t_1] \quad (\text{усл. норм.})$

$\forall t \in [t_0; t_1] \quad L(t) \neq 0 \quad (\text{усл. якоби})$

$P+Q > 0 - \text{мин}$

$\dot{x} \in C^1 [t_0; t_1]$

$L \in C^3(D(T_{\dot{x}}))$

$\ell \in C^2(\mathbb{R}^2)$

(Док.) $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{---, где } L \in C^3(D(T_{\dot{x}}) \times \mathbb{R}) \\ \exists D(T_{\dot{x}}) : \forall x \in C^1[t_0; t_1] \subset D(T_{\dot{x}}) \quad \dot{x}(t, x, \dot{x}, u) > 0 \quad \forall t \in \mathbb{R} \\ \forall t \in [t_0; t_1] \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \dot{x} \text{ есть лок. мин}$

$$\text{где } P = \begin{pmatrix} \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}(t_1) H_1(t_1) + \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}(t_0) & \frac{1}{2} (\hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}(t_0) H_0(t_0) - \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}(t_1) H_1(t_0)) \\ -\text{---} & \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}(t_0) H_0(t_0) + \hat{L}_{\dot{x}\dot{x}}(t_1) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} \hat{\ell}_{x(t_1)}'' x(t_1) & \hat{\ell}_{x(t_1)}'' x(t_0) \\ -\text{---} & \hat{\ell}_{x(t_0)}'' x(t_0) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{где } H_0(t) & - \text{ полу.} \quad -\frac{d}{dt} B_h \dot{h} + B_h = 0 \quad h(t_0) = 1 \quad h(t_1) = 0 \\ H_1(t) & - \text{---} \quad h(t_0) = 0 \quad h(t_1) = 1 \\ h(t) = h_0 H_0(t) + h_1 H_1(t) & - \text{---} \quad h(t_0) = h_0 \quad h(t_1) = h_1 \end{array}$$

Критерий Симеонова: где $A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{pmatrix}$

$$1) \Delta_1 > 0, \Delta_2 > 0, \Delta_3 > 0 \Rightarrow \text{нест. опт.} \quad A > 0$$

$$\Delta_1 < 0, \Delta_2 > 0, \Delta_3 < 0 \Rightarrow \text{стаб. опт.} \quad A < 0$$

$$2) a_{11} > 0 \quad a_{22} > 0 \quad a_{33} > 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} > 0 \quad \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} > 0 \quad \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} > 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{13} \\ \vdots & & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} > 0$$

но $A \succ 0$ нестаб. опт.