Metaprogramming with Macros

Eugene Burmako

École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne http://scalamacros.org/

10 September 2012

Macros

2

Macros

Macros realize the notion of textual abstraction.

Textual abstraction:

- Recognize pieces of text that match a specification
- ► Replace them according to a procedure

Why macros?

- Deeply embedded DSLs (database access, testing)
- Optimization (programmable inlining, fusion)
- Analysis (integrated proof-checker)
- Effects (effect containment and propagation)
- **.**..

Outline

The prelude of macros

The tale of bindings

The trilogy of tongues

The vision of the days to come

Anaphoric if

```
(aif (calculate)
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
```

Anaphoric if

```
(aif (calculate)
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
```

```
(let* ((temp (calculate))
          (it temp))
  (if temp
          (print it)
          (error "does not compute")))
```

The aif macro

```
(aif (calculate)
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(defmacro aif args
```

```
(let* ((temp (calculate))
          (it temp))
  (if temp
          (print it)
          (error "does not compute")))
```

Start with a notation

```
(aif (calculate)
 (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(defmacro aif args
        (let*
                          ((temp (car args))
                           (it temp))
          (if temp
             (cadr args)
             (caddr args))))
(let* ((temp (calculate))
       (it temp))
  (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

Surround it with parentheses

```
(aif (calculate)
 (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(defmacro aif args
  (list 'let* (list (list 'temp (car args))
                    (list 'it 'temp))
    (list 'if 'temp
             (cadr args)
             (caddr args))))
(let* ((temp (calculate))
       (it temp))
  (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

Quasiquote

```
(aif (calculate)
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(defmacro aif args
        (let*
                          ((temp ....)
                           (it temp))
          (if
               temp
             . . . . . . . . . . . .
             ....)))
(let* ((temp (calculate))
       (it temp))
  (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

Quasiquote

```
(aif (calculate)
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(defmacro aif args
       '(let*
                          ((temp ....)
                           (it temp))
          (if
               temp
             . . . . . . . . . . . .
             ....)))
(let* ((temp (calculate))
       (it temp))
  (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

Unquote

```
(aif (calculate)
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(defmacro aif args
       '(let*
                          ((temp ,(car args))
                           (it temp))
          (if temp
            ,(cadr args)
            ,(caddr args))))
(let* ((temp (calculate))
       (it temp))
  (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

Unquote

```
(aif (calculate)
 (print it)
 (error "does not compute"))
(defmacro aif args
 '(let* ((temp ,(car args))
         (it temp))
    (if temp
        ,(cadr args)
        ,(caddr args))))
(let* ((temp (calculate))
       (it temp))
  (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

Macro by example (MBE)

```
(aif (calculate)
 (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(defmacro+ aif
  (aif cond then else)
  (let* ((temp cond)
         (it temp))
    (if temp
        then
        else)))
(let* ((temp (calculate))
       (it temp))
  (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

Interlude

- ▶ Macros are regular functions that happen to work with syntax objects
- Quasiquotes = static templates + dynamic holes

Outline

The prelude of macros

The tale of bindings

The trilogy of tongues

The vision of the days to come

Anaphoric if

- ► So far macros are simple: define a function, recognize pieces of text and replace them with a template
- ▶ This is so immediately useful, that we could wrap up right now

But actually

The aif macro has two bugs

```
(aif (calculate)
 (print it)
 (error "does not compute"))
(defmacro+ aif
  (aif cond then else)
 (let* ((temp cond)
         (it temp))
    (if temp then else)))
(let* ((temp (calculate))
       (it temp))
 (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

Bug #1: Violation of hygiene

```
(let ((temp 451°F))
  (aif (calculate)
    (print it)
    (print temp)))
(defmacro+ aif
  (aif cond then else)
  (let* ((temp cond)
         (it temp))
    (if temp then else)))
(let ((temp 451°F))
  (let* ((temp (calculate))
         (it temp))
    (if temp
      (print it)
      (print temp))))
```

Bug #2: Violation of referential transparency

```
(let ((if hijacked))
  (aif (calculate)
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
(defmacro+ aif
  (aif cond then else)
  (let* ((temp cond)
         (it temp))
    (if temp then else)))
(let ((if hijacked))
  (let* ((temp (calculate))
         (it temp))
    (if temp
      (print it)
      (error "does not compute"))))
```

Old school

Old school

And please don't rename core forms

Interlude

- Cross-pollination of scopes can lead to inadvertent variable capture
- ▶ Violation of hygiene = def site harms call site
- ▶ Violation of referential transparency = call site harms def site

Outline

The prelude of macros

The tale of bindings

The trilogy of tongues

The vision of the days to come

Template Haskell

Template Haskell

Template Haskell

Not in scope: 'it'

```
$(aif [| calculate |]
  [| putStrLn (show it) |]
  [| error "does not compute" |])
aif :: Q Exp -> Q Exp -> Q Exp -> Q Exp
aif cond then' else' =
  [| let temp = $cond
         it = temp
     in if temp /= 0 then $then' else $else' |]
let temp_a1mx = calculate
    it_a1my = temp_a1mx
in if (temp_a1mx /= 0)
   then putStrLn (show it)
   else error "does not compute"
```

The Q monad

```
aif cond then' else' =
  [| let temp = $cond
          it = temp
    in if temp /= 0 then $then' else $else' |]
```

```
The Q monad
aif cond then' else' =
  [| let temp = $cond
         it = temp
     in if temp /= 0 then $then' else $else' |]
aif :: Q Exp -> Q Exp -> Q Exp -> Q Exp
aif cond' then', else' =
    do { temp <- newName "temp"
        : it <- newName "it"
        : cond <- cond'
        : then' <- then',
        : else' <- else''
        ; let notEq = mkNameG_v "ghc-prim" "GHC.Classes" "/="
         in return
           (LetE [ValD (VarP temp) (NormalB cond) [],
                 ValD (VarP it) (NormalB (VarE temp)) []]
                 (CondE (... (VarE notEq) ...) then' else'))
```

Perils of hygiene

```
$(aif [| calculate |]
  [| putStrLn (show $(dyn "it")) |]
  [| error "does not compute" |])

aif :: Q Exp -> Q Exp -> Q Exp -> Q Exp
aif cond then' else' =
  [| let temp = $cond
         it = temp
  in if temp /= O then $then' else $else' |]
```

Summary: Template Haskell

- Quasiquotes in Template Haskell are automatically hygienic and referentially transparent
- ► That's because are translated into Q monad, which takes care of gensymming and fully qualified names
- ▶ When hygiene fails, we are forced to drop to low level

Nemerle

```
macro aif(cond, then, else_) {
    <[
        def temp = $cond;
        def it = temp;
        if (temp != 0) $then else $else_
     ]>
}
```

Nemerle

```
aif(calculate,
  WriteLine(it),
  throw Exception("does not compute"))
macro aif(cond, then, else_) {
  <[
    def temp = $cond;
    def it = temp;
    if (temp != 0) $then else $else_
  ]>
```

Nemerle

```
aif(calculate,
  WriteLine(it),
  throw Exception("does not compute"))
macro aif(cond, then, else_) {
  ۲۲
    def temp = $cond;
    def it = temp;
    if (temp != 0) $then else $else_
  1>
def calculate = 42;
def temp_1087 = calculate;
def it_1088 = temp_1087;
if (temp_1087 != 0) WriteLine(it) else throw Exception("...")
```

Coloring algorithm

```
def calculate = 42;
aif(calculate,
  WriteLine(it),
  throw Exception("does not compute"))
macro aif(cond, then, else_) {
  <۲
    def temp = $cond;
    def it = temp;
    if (temp != 0) $then else $else_
 ]>
def calculate = 42:
def temp = calculate;
def it = temp;
if (temp != 0) WriteLine(it) else throw Exception("...")
```

Coloring algorithm: normal code gets a vanilla color

```
def calculate = 42;
                                     // vanilla color
aif(calculate,
  WriteLine(it),
  throw Exception("does not compute"))
macro aif(cond, then, else_) {
  <۲
    def temp = $cond;
    def it = temp;
    if (temp != 0) $then else $else_
 ]>
def calculate = 42:
def temp = calculate;
def it = temp;
if (temp != 0) WriteLine(it) else throw Exception("...")
```

Coloring algorithm: each expansion gets unique colors

```
def calculate = 42;
                                    // vanilla color
aif(calculate,
  WriteLine(it),
  throw Exception("does not compute"))
macro aif(cond, then, else_) { // expansion color
  <۲
    def temp = $cond;
    def it = temp;
    if (temp != 0) $then else $else_
 ]>
def calculate = 42:
def temp = calculate;
def it = temp;
if (temp != 0) WriteLine(it) else throw Exception("...")
```

Coloring algorithm: at the end of the day

```
def calculate = 42;
                                    // vanilla color
aif(calculate,
  WriteLine(it),
  throw Exception("does not compute"))
macro aif(cond, then, else_) { // expansion color
  <۲
    def temp = $cond;
    def it = temp;
    if (temp != 0) $then else $else_
 ]>
def calculate = 42:
                                    // bind using colors
def temp = calculate;
def it = temp;
if (temp != 0) WriteLine(it) else throw Exception("...")
```

Coloring algorithm: inherit use site

```
def calculate = 42;
                                    // vanilla color
aif(calculate,
  WriteLine(it),
  throw Exception("does not compute"))
macro aif(cond, then, else_) { // expansion color
  <۲
    def temp = $cond;
    def $("it": usesite) = temp;
    if (temp != 0) $then else $else_
 ]>
def calculate = 42:
                                    // bind using colors
def temp = calculate;
def it = temp;
if (temp != 0) WriteLine(it) else throw Exception("...")
```

Coloring algorithm: polychromatic

```
def calculate = 42;
                                    // vanilla color
aif(calculate,
  WriteLine(it),
  throw Exception("does not compute"))
macro aif(cond, then, else_) { // expansion color
  <۲
    def temp = $cond;
    def $("it": dyn) = temp;
    if (temp != 0) $then else $else_
 ]>
def calculate = 42:
                                    // bind using colors
def temp = calculate;
def it = temp;
if (temp != 0) WriteLine(it) else throw Exception("...")
```

Summary: Nemerle

- ► Nemerle takes care of hygiene with a coloring algorithm of impressive simplicity and power
- ▶ No complex translation algorithms are necessary
- ► As another bonus programmer can fine-tune colors with MacroColors
- Referential transparency works as well

A Lisp, descendent from Scheme 25 years of hygienic macros, a bunch of macro systems Language features written using macros (classes, modu

Q: "How to turn macros into proper abstractions?"

```
(aif (calculate)
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(define-syntax (aif stx)
  (syntax-case stx ()
    ((aif cond then else)
       #'(let ((temp cond)
               (it temp)))
           (if temp then else)))))
```

```
(aif (calculate)
 (print it)
 (error "does not compute"))
(define-syntax (aif stx)
  (syntax-case stx ()
    ((aif cond then else)
       #'(let ((temp cond)
               (it temp)))
           (if temp then else)))))
(let* ((temp (calculate))
       (it temp))
  (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

```
(aif (calculate)
 (print it)
 (error "does not compute"))
(define-syntax (aif stx)
  (syntax-case stx ()
    ((aif cond then else)
     (with-syntax ((it (datum->syntax #'aif 'it)))
       #'(let ((temp cond)
               (it temp)))
           (if temp then else))))))
(let* ((temp (calculate))
       (it temp))
  (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

```
(define-syntax (aunless stx)
  (syntax-case stx ()
      ((aunless cond then else)
      #'(aif (not cond) then else))))
```

```
(aunless (not (calculate))
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))

(define-syntax (aunless stx)
  (syntax-case stx ()
        ((aunless cond then else)
        #'(aif (not cond) then else))))
```

```
(aunless (not (calculate))
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(define-syntax (aunless stx)
  (syntax-case stx ()
    ((aunless cond then else)
    #'(aif (not cond) then else))))
(let* ((temp (not (not (calculate))))
       (it temp))
  (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

```
(aunless (not (calculate))
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(define-syntax (aunless stx)
  (syntax-case stx ()
    ((aunless cond then else)
     #'(aif (not cond) then else))))
(let* ((temp (not (not (calculate))))
       (it temp))
 (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

```
(aunless (not (calculate))
  (print it)
  (error "does not compute"))
(define-syntax (aunless stx)
  (syntax-case stx ()
    ((aunless cond then else)
    #'(aif (not cond) then else))))
(let* ((temp (not (not (calculate))))
       (it temp))
 (if temp
    (print it)
    (error "does not compute")))
```

Solution: dynamic variables

Solution: dynamic variables

Summary: overall

- ► There are algorithms that take care of hygiene and referential transparency
- ► These algorithms can work in automatic mode, but are flexible enough to give the programmer full control
- ► Like a silver bullet
- ▶ Nevertheless sometimes even better solutions come from integration with language features

Outline

The prelude of macros

The tale of bindings

The trilogy of tongues

The vision of the days to come

scalamacros.org

- ► Since this semester Scala has macros
- ► Even better: macros are an official part of the language in the next production release 2.10.0
- Now it's time to put the pens down and think about the future

def serialize[T](x: T): Pickle

```
trait Serializer[T] {
  def write(pickle: Pickle, x: T): Unit
}
def serialize[T](x: T)(s: Serializer[T]): Pickle
```

```
trait Serializer[T] {
  def write(pickle: Pickle, x: T): Unit
}
def serialize[T](x: T)(implicit s: Serializer[T]): Pickle
```

```
trait Serializer[T] {
  def write(pickle: Pickle, x: T): Unit
}

def serialize[T](x: T)(implicit s: Serializer[T]): Pickle

implicit object ByteSerializer extends Serializer[Byte] {
  def write(pickle: Pickle, x: Byte) = pickle.writeByte(x)
}
```

```
trait Serializer[T] {
  def write(pickle: Pickle, x: T): Unit
}
def serialize[T](x: T)(implicit s: Serializer[T]): Pickle
implicit def generator: Serializer[T] = macro impl[T]
```

Research proposal

Marry macros and high-level language features:

- ► Macros + functions = programmable inlining, specialization, fusion
- ► Macros + annotations = code contracts
- ► Macros + path-dependent types = controlled effects
- ► Macros + implicits = static verification
- **.**.