Lifestyle Store

Detailed Developer Report

INTRODUCTION:

- This is the vulnerability project and penetration testing (VAPT) report for "Lifestyle Store".
- All vulnerabilities found on this store with their screenshots and links are reported.
- I have also provided business risks and expert recommendations to tackle those vulnerabilities.

SECURITY STATUS: Extremely Vulnerable

SQLi: Hackers can steal all records from the databases of the website. Hackers can take complete control of the website including view, edit, add or delete files and folders via shell upload.

IDOR: Hackers can extract mobile numbers of all customers using user-id. Hackers can change the source code and can upload any malicious code, phishing etc. in the website via shell upload.

XSS: Hackers can trick users to click on malicious pop up links and steal information via cross-site-scripting.

VULNERABILITY STATISTICS:

Critical	Severe	Moderate	Low
12	7	3	3

VULNERABILITIES FOUND:

S NO.	CONDITION	VULNERABILITY	COUNT
1.	CRITICAL	SQL INJECTION	2
2.	SEVERE	STORED AND REFLECTED XSS	3
3.	CRITICAL	IDOR	4
4.	SEVERE	RATE LIMITING FLAW	2
5.	CRITICAL	INSECURE FILE UPLOAD	2
6.	MODERATE	CLIENT SIDE FILTER BYPASS	2
7.	SEVERE	SERVER MISCONFIGURATION	2
8.	CRITICAL	PII LEAKAGE	4
9.	CRITICAL	OPEN REDIRECTION	4

1. SQL INJECTION

(CRITICAL)

Below mentioned URL is vulnerable to SQL injection attack.

Relevant URL:

http://13.127.120.228/products.php?cat=1

Affected Parameters:

category (GET)

Payload:

• cat=1'

Other similar URLs vulnerable to SQLi:

URL #1:

http://13.127.120.228/products.php?cat=2

URL #2:

http://13.127.120.228/products.php?cat=3

PAYLOAD:

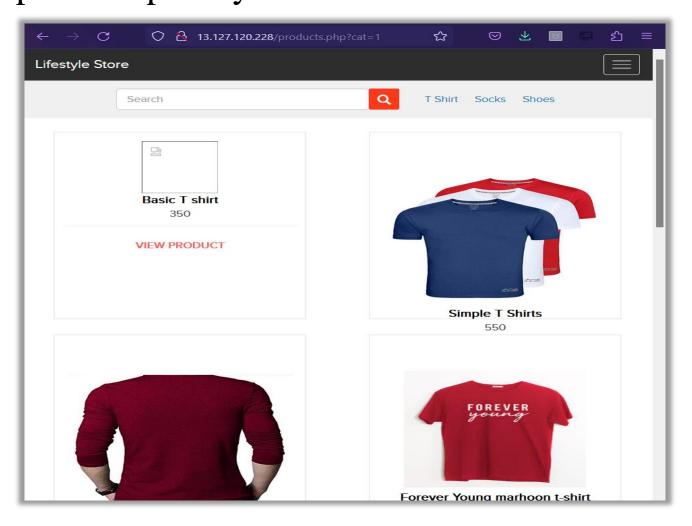
• cat=1'

Observations:

Following slides have details about the vulnerability observed.

• Go to the categories option from the homepage of the e-commerce website and click on "T-Shirt", "Socks" or "Shoes" to get into the URL, you will see products as per the option you have chosen but notice the get parameter in the

URL.

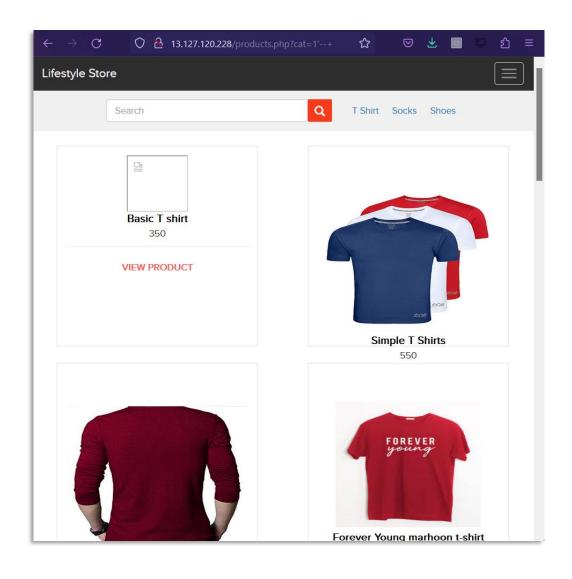


• When you add a single quote 'in the get parameter, you get a MySQL error.



You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near "1" LIMIT 0, 9' at line 1

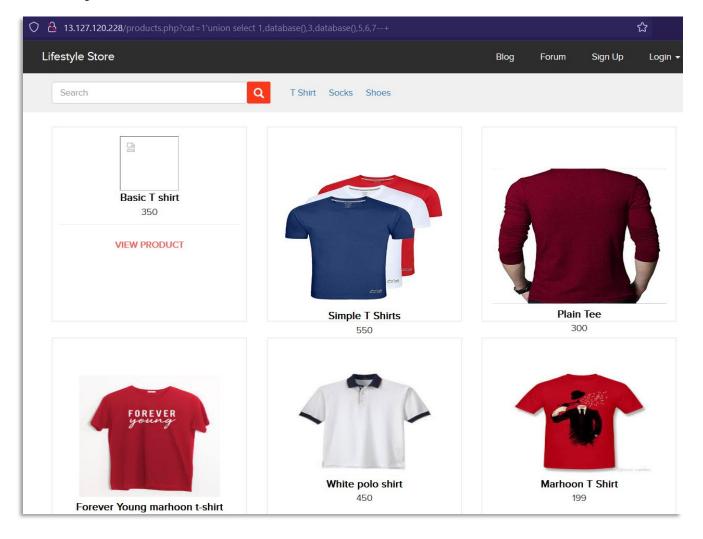
• Recheck, you can put "--+" in the end of the parameter, and the page loads in its original format, this confirms the error.



Proof of concept:

Following slides have the proof and risks of the proposed vulnerability.

• Hacker can execute commands as shown below to get critical information, here we have used the payload to find the name of the database of MySQL.



Proof of concept:

No. of Databases: 2

- Information_Schema
- Hacking_training_project

No. of tables in "Hacking_training_project": 10

- order_items
- brands
- cart_items
- categories
- customers
- orders
- product_reviews
- products
- users
- sellers

Business Impact:

The impact on the company if the vulnerability is exploited.

Business Impact:

Using this vulnerability, the attacker can execute arbitrary SQL commands on Lifestyle Store's server and gain complete access to the internal database, which also makes all customer data inside it visible.

Below is the screenshot of users table which shows user credentials being leaked.

The data above can be decoded using Burp Suite, the attacker can decode and use this information to login to admin panel and gain complete admin level access to the website which could lead to complete compromise of the server and all other servers connected to it

Recommendations:

Take the following recommendations to secure and avoid SQL database exploitation.

Recommendations:

- Prepared statements: Use SQL prepared statements available in all web development languages and frameworks to avoid attacker being able to modify SQL query.
- Do not run Database service as admin/root user.
- Disable default accounts, passwords and databases.
- Assign each Database user only the required permissions and not all permissions.
- Character encoding: Convert simple codes into different characters like '~'/"^'. It is also suggested to follow HTML and other encodings.

References:

- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/SQL_Injection
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SQL_injection

2. ACCOUNT TAKEOVER VIA OTP BYPASS

(CRITICAL)

Below mentioned page has a login form that follows login via OTP that can be brute forced.

RELEVANT URL:

http://13.127.120.228/login/admin.php

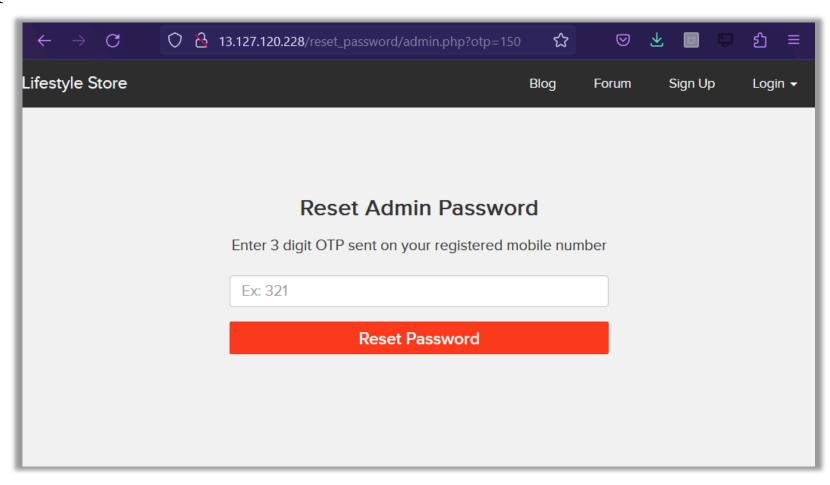
AFFECTED PARAMETERS:

• OTP (POST)

Observations:

Following slides have the details about the vulnerability observed.

• Navigate to http://13.127.120.228/login/admin.php you will see a "forgot your password" hyperlink which asks for OTP which is sent to victim's mobile number, input any anonymous 3 digit OTP and intercept the request with burp suite.



Proof of concept:

Following slides have the proof and risks of the proposed vulnerability.

• The request below will be generated in burp suite using GET parameter.

```
GET /reset password/admin.php?otp=150 HTTP/1.1
Host: 13.127.120.228
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:109.0)
Gecko/20100101 Firefox/110.0
Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,imag
e/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: close
Referer: http://13.127.120.228/reset password/admin.php?otp=150
Cookie: key=f9r5lhhl3x ; PHPSESSID=f3t5ajeboig0ebheui2pmslnl2;
X-XSRF-TOKEN=
81c8a93b6a6ab2694f5fe9a6011686d0447f55436da009b433a00e23f8c532f9
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
```

• We will brute force by getting all combinations of 3 digit OTPs and input the correct one to bypass.



Business impact:

The impact on the company if the vulnerability is exploited.

Business Impact:

- A malicious hacker can gain complete access to admin account just by brute-forcing due to rate limiting flaw as a hacker can attempt as many times as he wants as there is no bounds in number of trials.
- This leads to complete compromise of personal user data of every customer.
- Attacker can login, then carry out actions on behalf of the victim which could lead to serious financial loss.

Recommendations:

Take the following recommendations to secure and avoid OTP bypass.

Recommendations:

- Use rate limiting checks on the number of times the OTP request is generated.
- OTP should be at least of 6 digits, a 3 digit OTP can be guessed or brute-forced easily.
- OTP should expire in a particular time like 2 to 5 minutes to make authorization process more secure.

References:

https://owasp.org/www-project-mobile-app-security/

3. UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS TO CUSTOMER DETAILS

(CRITICAL)

The "My orders" section of the website shows am Insecure Direct Object Reference (IDOR), this allows hackers to get access to any customer's order details and more.

RELEVANT URL:

• http://13.127.120.228/orders/orders.php?customer=18

AFFECTED PARAMETERS:

• Customer data (GET)

Other URL with similar issues

RELEVANT URL:

• http://13.127.120.228/products/details.php?p_id=5

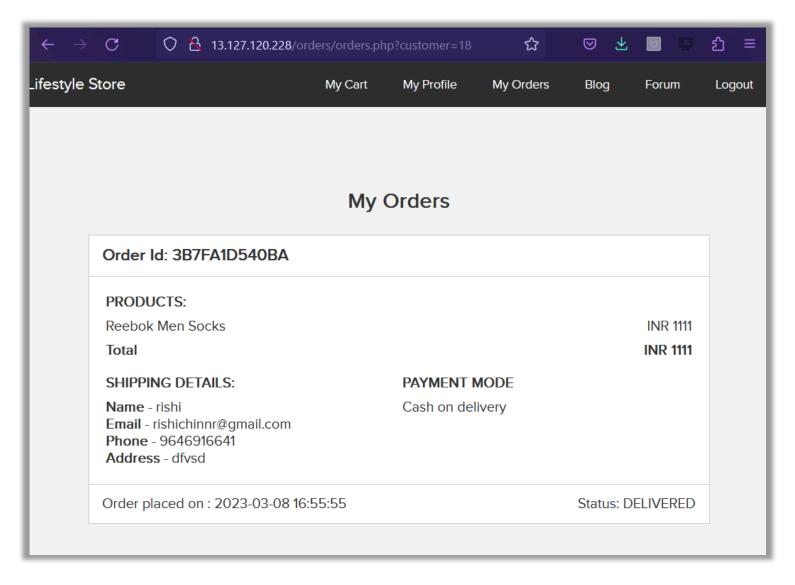
AFFECTED PARAMETRS:

• P_ID (GET)

Observations:

Following slides have the details about the vulnerability observed.

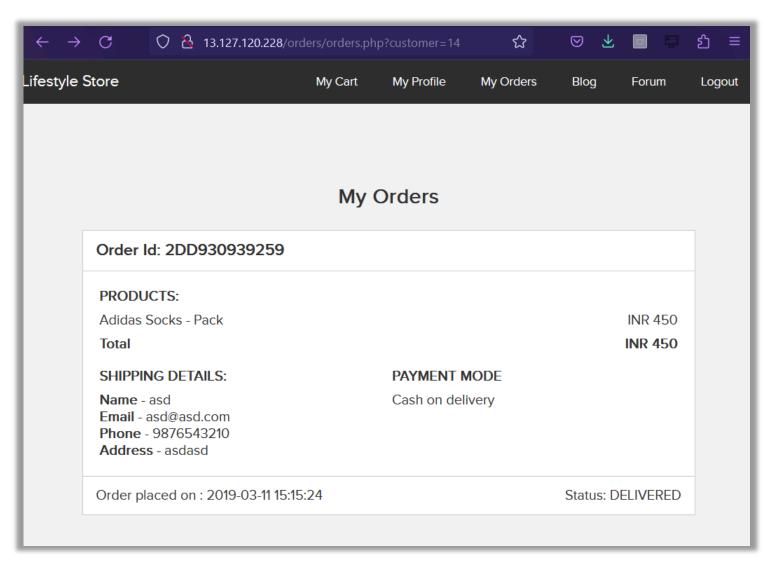
• Login to your account and go to "My orders" section, you will see a GET parameter as shown below "customer=18"



Proof of concept:

Following slides have the proof and risks of the proposed vulnerability.

• Change the customer number to any random number, and we get the details of the new customer ID.



Business impact:

The impact on the company if the vulnerability is exploited.

Business Impact:

- This vulnerability can be exploited by malicious hackers to carry out targeted phishing attacks on the users and the information can be sold to the competitors/black-market.
- More over, as there is no rate limiting checks, attacker can brute-force the "user_id" for all possible values and get bill information of each and every user of the organization resulting is a massive information leakage.

Recommendations:

Take the following recommendations to secure and avoid OTP bypass.

Recommendations:

- Make sure user have the access to self data.
- Use proper rate limiting checks on the number of request comes from a single user in a small amount of time.
- Implement proper authentication and authorization checks to make sure that the user has permission to the data which is being requested.

References:

- https://owasp.org/www-chapter-ghana/
- https://portswigger.net/web-security/access-control/idor

4. REFLECTED CROSS SITE SCRIPTING

(SEVERE)

These parameters are vulnerable to XSS

RELEVANT URL:

http://13.127.120.228/products/details.php?p_id=4

AFFECTED PARAMETERS:

• URL (GET)

PAYLOAD:

<script>alert(1)</script>

Other parameters with similar issues.

RELEVANT URL:

• http://13.127.120.228/products/details.php?p_id=29

AFFECTED PARAMETERS:

Review box

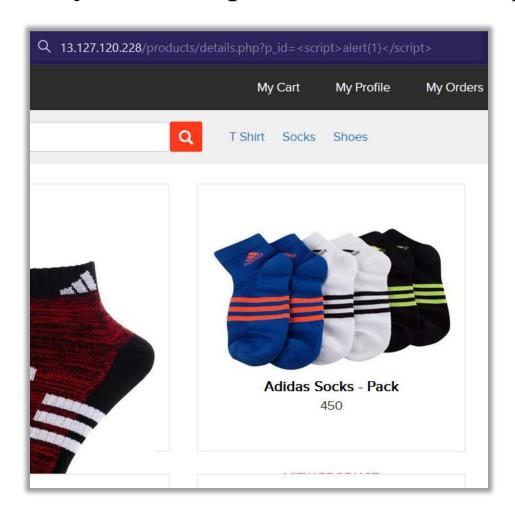
PAYLOAD:

<script>alert(12)</script>

Observations:

Following slides have the details about the vulnerability observed.

- Navigate to the site and login your account.
- Go to products and select any product. Now, the URL shows the id of the product you are on, you can replace that with the payload.

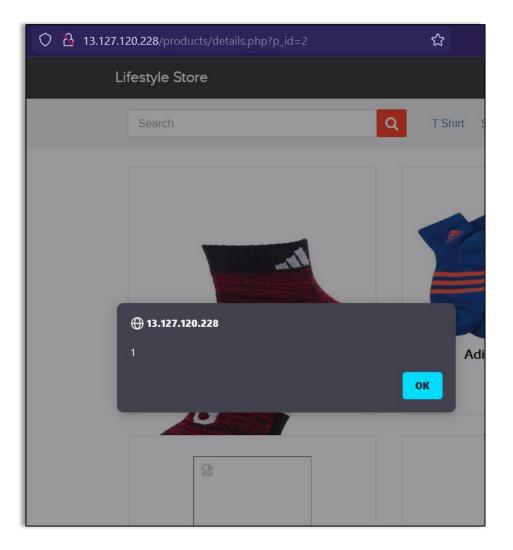


Proof of concept:

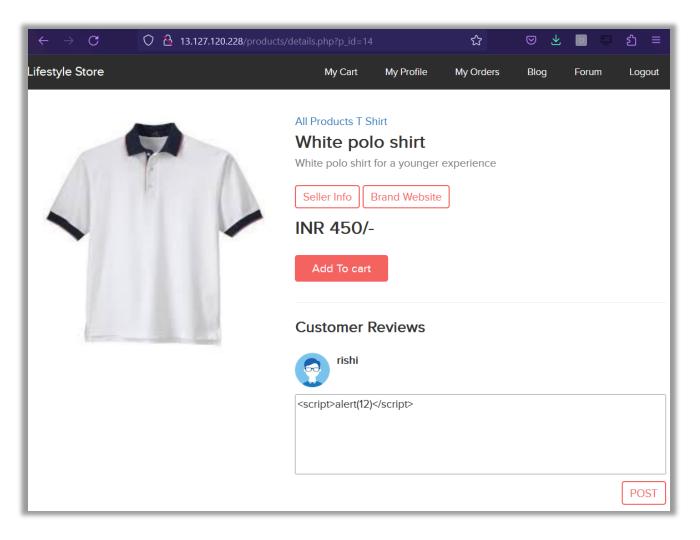
Following slides have the proof and risks of the proposed vulnerability.

• After entering the payload press enter. The page will redirect you to home page but when you click on the same product again it will show the alert you

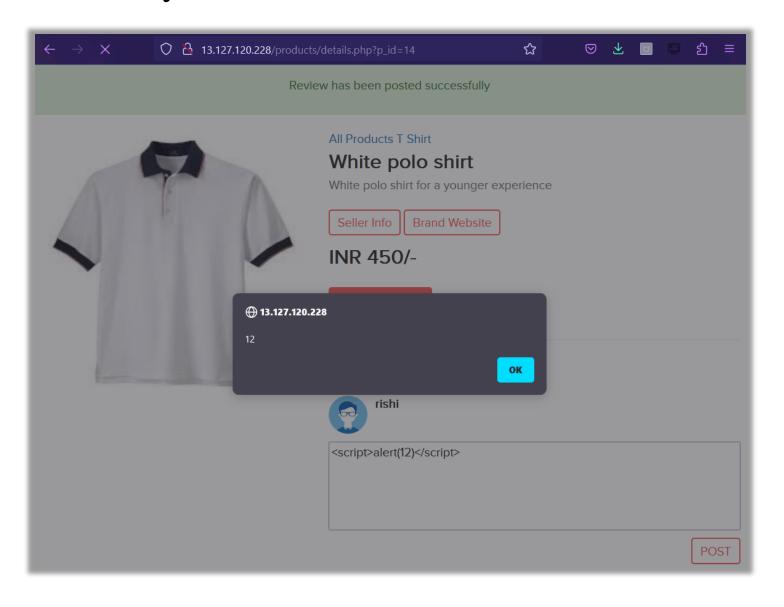
had just input.



- We have a similar issue in the review box.
- Inject payload <script>alert(12)



• We get the alert by the website.



Business impact:

The impact on the company if the vulnerability is exploited.

Business Impact:

- As the attacker can inject arbitrary HTML, CSS and Javascript via the URL, they can put any content on the page like phishing pages, and can even host explicit content that could compromise the reputation of the organization.
- When the attacker sends the link with the payload to the victim, the victim sees a modified content on the website. As the user trusts the website, user will trust the content as well.

Recommendations:

Take the following recommendations to secure and avoid OTP bypass.

Recommendations:

- Secure the user input by blocking other inputs which you don't want.
- Encode the HTML/CSS special characters and codes in an encoded form before printing them on the website.

References:

- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/xss/
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cross-site_scripting
- https://www.w3schools.com/cybersecurity/cybersecurity_web_applications_attacks.php

5. DIRECTORY LISTINGS

(SEVERE)

This URL is vulnerable

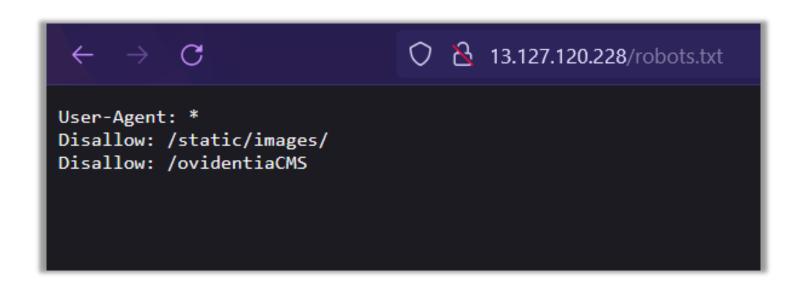
RELEVANT URL:

• http://13.127.120.228/robots.txt

Observations:

Following slides have the details about the vulnerability observed.

- Go to http://13.127.120.228/robots.txt
- Here, we can see a complete list and directories of the customers, images of products and all the products-page info.
- We can also see the administrator directory.
- This has a weak password flaw in Ovidentia CMS, which lets an attacker access the administrator panel without much trials.



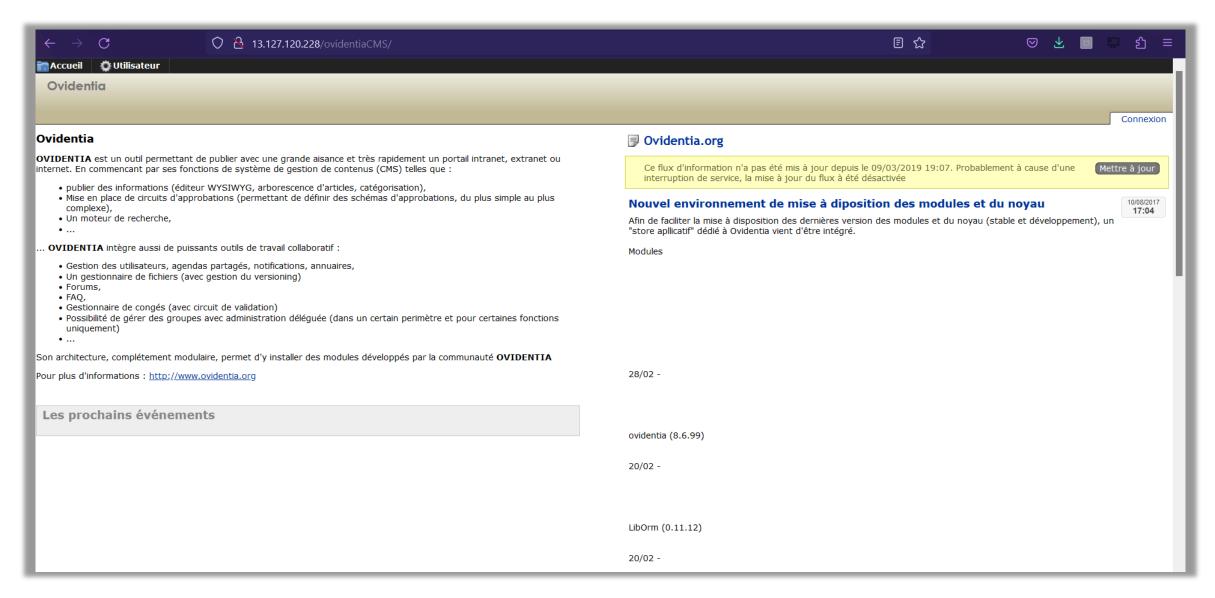
Proof of concept:

Following slides have the proof and risks of the proposed vulnerability.

/static/images

← → C	O 各 13.127.120.228/static/images/	
Index of /static/images/		
customers/	05-Jan-2019 06:00	_
icons/	05-Jan-2019 06:00	_
products/	05-Jan-2019 06:00	-
banner-large.jpeg	05-Jan-2019 06:00	672352
banner.jpeg	07-Jan-2019 08:49	452884
card.png	07-Jan-2019 08:49	91456
default product.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	1287
<u>donald.png</u>	05-Jan-2019 06:00	10194
<u>loading.gif</u>	07-Jan-2019 08:49	39507
<u>pluto.jpg</u>	05-Jan-2019 06:00	9796
popoye.jpg	05-Jan-2019 06:00	14616
profile.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	15187
<u>seller_dashboard.jpg</u>	05-Jan-2019 06:00	39647
shoe.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	77696
socks.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	67825
tshirt.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	54603

/ovidentiaCMS/



Business impact:

The impact on the company if the vulnerability is exploited.

Business Impact:

- The hacker can get all the information on the CMS and also get the privileges to tackle with the administrator login credentials and compromise the complete name of the company.
- A malicious hacker can take important information from seller point of view and what products every seller is selling at what price and also the information of users.

Recommendations:

Take the following recommendations to secure and avoid defacing/data altering.

Recommendations:

- Disable all the directory listings.
- Include a index.html in all folders with default messages.
- Remove all the default passwords and add your own new strong passwords which must have a special character and a number and must be greater or equal to 8 digits for maximum security.

References:

- http://www.securitytracker.com/
- https://www.w3schools.com/

6. INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

(LOW)

This URL is vulnerable

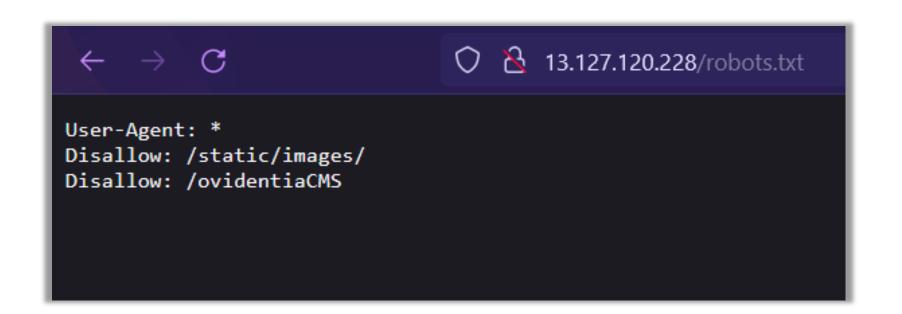
RELEVANT URL:

http://13.127.120.228/server-status

Observations:

Following slides have the details about the vulnerability observed.

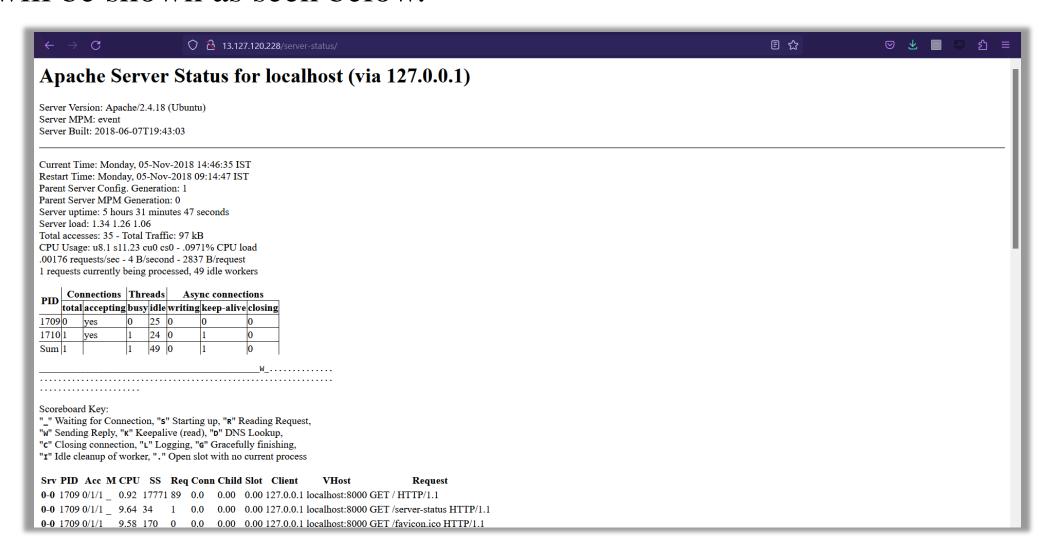
- Go to http://13.127.120.228/robots.txt
- Complete list and directories of the customer and images of products and all the products page info and also the administrator directory is also shown.
- Also this has a weak password flaw in Ovidenta CMS, which lets an attacker access the administrator panel without much trials.



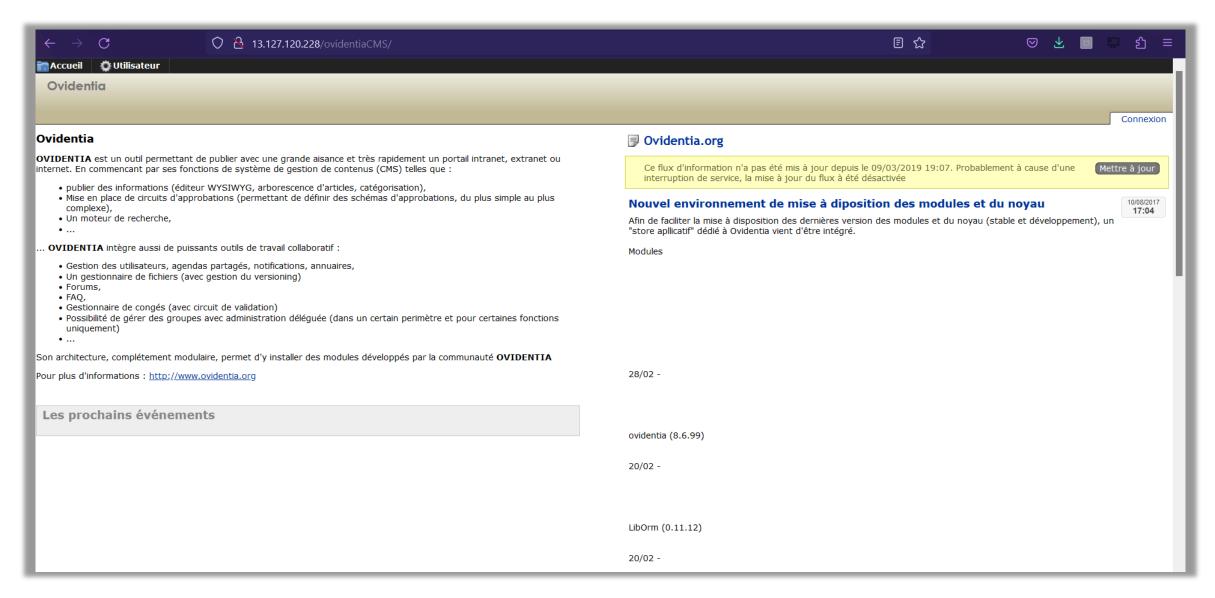
Proof of concept:

Following slides have the proof and risks of the proposed vulnerability.

• Go to http://13.127.120.228/server-status and the critical server information will be shown as seen below.



/ovidentiaCMS/



Business impact:

The impact on the company if the vulnerability is exploited.

Business Impact:

• Although this vulnerability does not have a direct impact on the server or the client but a malicious hacker can know things like mapping the server-architecture and map his hacking plan further on what and how to compromise.

Take the following recommendations to secure and avoid defacing/data altering.

- Disable all the directory listings.
- Disable the server-status.

7. PERSONALLY IDENTIFIED INFORMATION LEAKAGE

(CRITICAL)

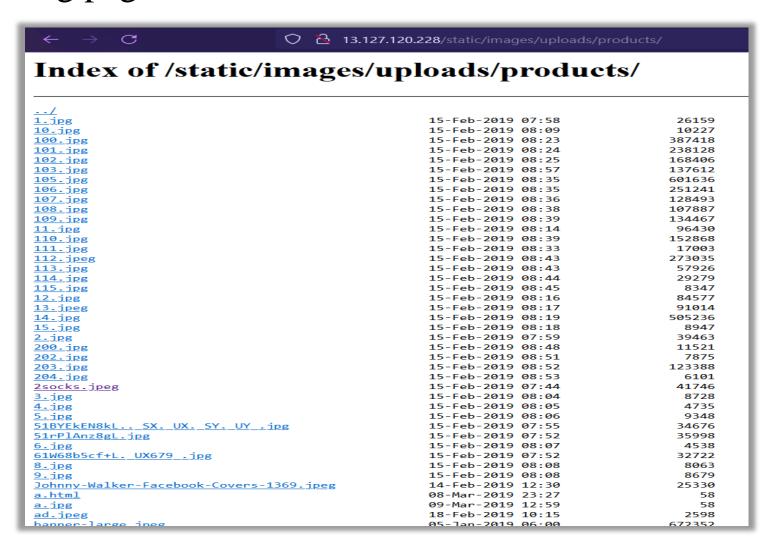
• Go to http://13.127.120.228/static/images/uploads/products/2socks.jpeg and drag any drop product image in a new tab, the following page will look like the one shown with the image of the product you chose.



Proof of concept:

Following slides have the proof and risks of the proposed vulnerability.

• Now, we remove the image name, i.e. "2socks.jpeg" in our case and it enter, the following page with details will be shown.



Business impact:

The impact on the company if the vulnerability is exploited.

Business Impact:

- A malicious hacker can gain access to the shell application and various other html files which have been shown in the listings.
- It can also has a weak-password flaw.
- A hacker can get access to the shell and upload his own malicious codes to make the trusted site a hacker room for phishing and tricking users. This will result in defamation of the website.

Take the following recommendations to secure and avoid defacing/data altering.

- Enable 2-factor authentication for sensitive data, and also use stronger passwords of at least 8 characters of different types.
- Find all PII stored, and encrypt them with various techniques and also disable all the listings.

References:

- https://www.cloudcodes.com/blog/casb-help-organizations-pii-compliance.html
- https://www.hackerone.com/resources/reporting

8. SELF REDIRECTION HTML DEVELOPER FLAW

(SEVERE)

It redirects to password reset link without authentication.

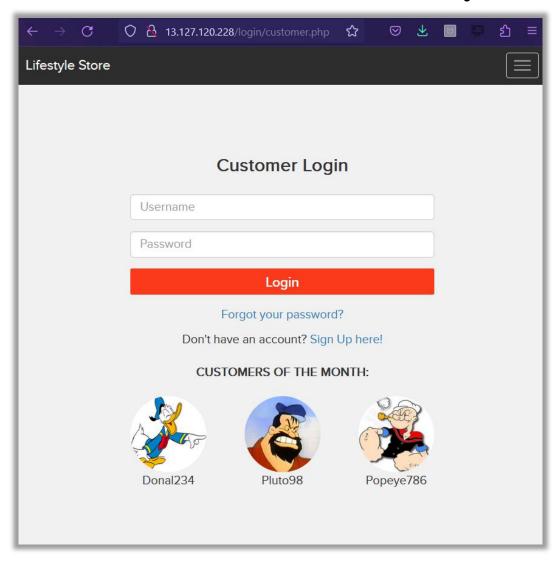
RELEVANT URL:

http://13.127.120.228/reset_password/customer.php

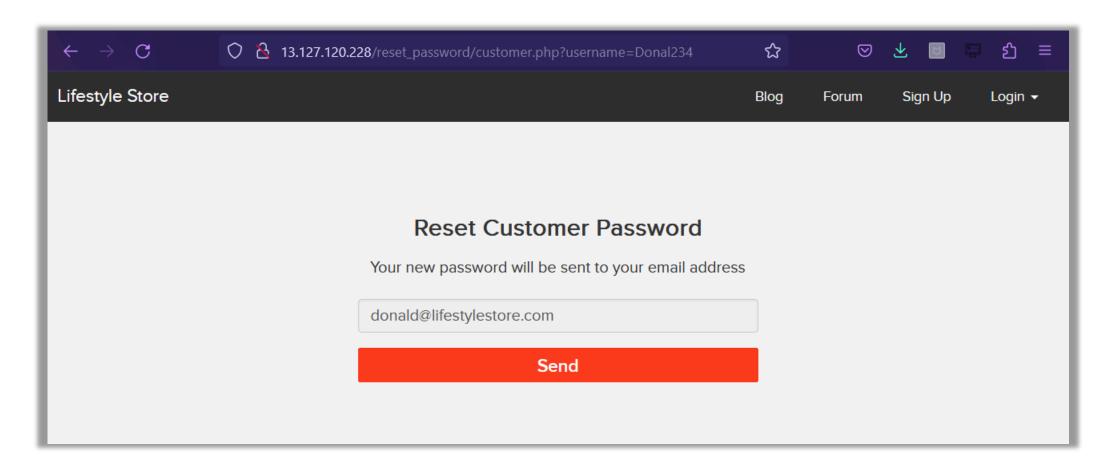
AFFECTED PARAMETERS:

Password reset

• Go to http://13.127.120.228/login/customer.php and you will see names of top customers as shown below, take note of any username.



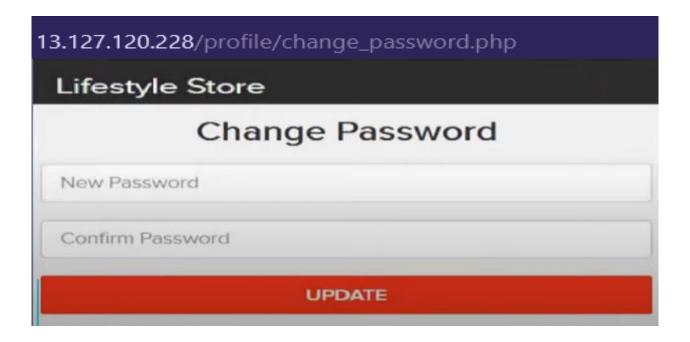
• Now, click "forgot your password" and then input the memorized username and click "reset password". We will see the interface like this, click send.



• When you click send you are directed to a page like this due to development/authentication error, "click here" button and you will be redirected to change password of the customer.

ring[20] "backinglab2@zoho.com" object(PHPMailer PHPMailer Exception]#6 (7) (["message" protected]=> string[35] "SMTP Error. Could not suthenticate." ["string": "Exception" private]=> string[0] "" ["code" protected]=> int(0) "file" protected]=> string[69] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/sporper. ["line" protected]=> string[69] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/sporper. ["line" protected]=> string[29] "PHPMailer PHPMailer PHPMailer PHPMailer ["type"]=> string[69] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/sporper. ["line"]=> string[29] "PHPMailer PHPMailer PHPMailer ["type"]=> string[69] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/sporper. ["line"]=> string[29] "PHPMailer PHPMailer PHPMailer ["type"]=> string[69] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/sporper. ["line"]=> string[29] "PHPMailer PHPMailer ["type"]=> string[69] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/sporper. ["line"]=> string[29] "PHPMailer PHPMailer ["type"]=> string[69] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/sporper. ["line"]=> string[79] "line"]=> string[79] "string[79] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/sporper. ["line"]=> string[79] "line"]=> string[79] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/phpmailer/sporper. ["line"]=> string[79] "line"]=> string[79] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/phpmailer/sporper. ["line"]=> string[79] "line"]=> string[79] "var/www/backing_project/vendor/phpmailer/phpmailer/phpmailer/sporper. ["line"]=> string[79] "line"]=> string[79] "line"]=>

• You will be redirected to change password of the customer id, and you will be automatically logged in to that customer's account even if you don't change the password, you can change the password for complete takeover of the customer id.



Business impact:

The impact on the company if the vulnerability is exploited.

Business Impact:

- The impact on the business is high, as a malicious hacker can get access to every user in the website and can login and perform tasks for their benefits and can also make the site vulnerable for security of customers.
- This will result in the defamation of the website as the users trust it.

Take the following recommendations to secure and avoid defacing/data altering.

- Better authentication should be provided and re-direction site must be rechecked before action.
- There must be a proper authorization access

References:

• https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/latest/4-Web_Application_Security_Testing/04-Authentication_Testing/11-Testing_Multi-Factor_Authentication

9. MULTIPLE VULNERABILITIES FOUND IN BLOG SITE (PII LEAKAGE, TEMPORRARY XSS AND MORE)

(SEVERE)

Parameters:

URL of the blog site: http://13.127.120.228/wondercms/

RELEVANT URL:

http://13.127.120.228/wondercms/files/b374kmini.php

AFFECTED PARAMETERS:

• File upload (POST)

RELEVANT URL:

• http://13.127.120.228/wondercms/home

AFFECTED PARAMETERS:

• Files (GET)

RELEVANT URL:

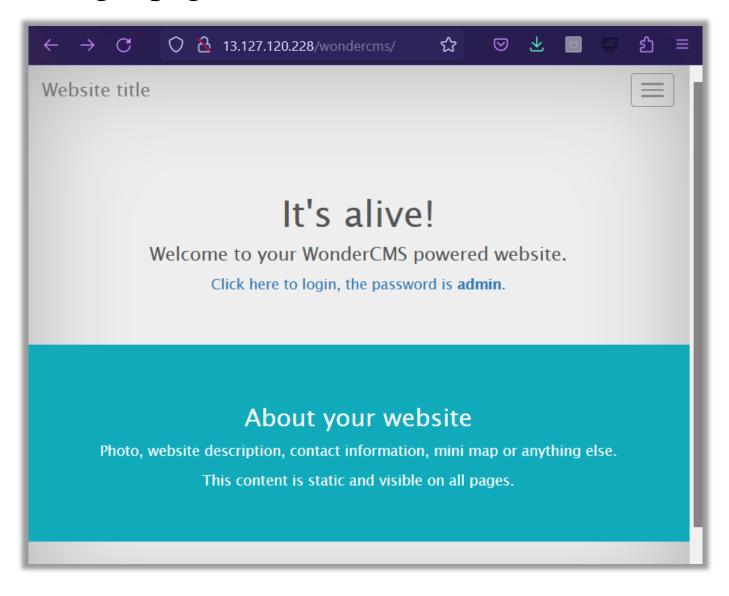
• http://13.127.120.228/wondercms/files/minisell.php

AFFECTED PARAMETERS:

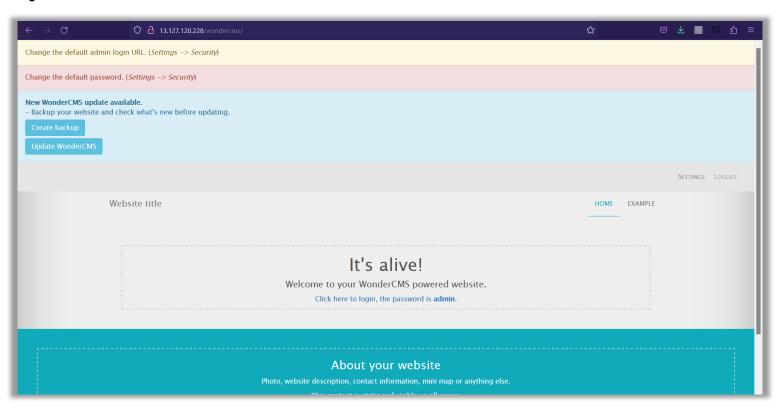
• Shell upload

- At the front page of the blog site we can directly find the login option, that says "Click here to login, the password is admin" by clicking on it, it will redirect us to the login page where just by entering 'admin' as password one can get access to the admin account of this site.
- This is a proper example of server side misconfiguration.

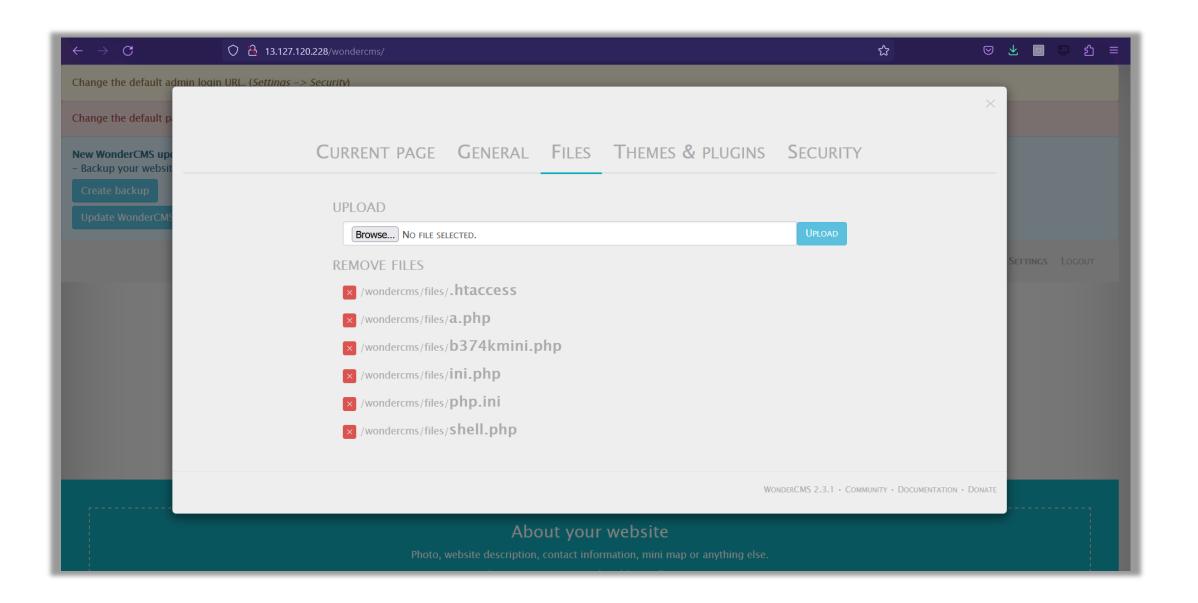
• This is how the login page looks like.

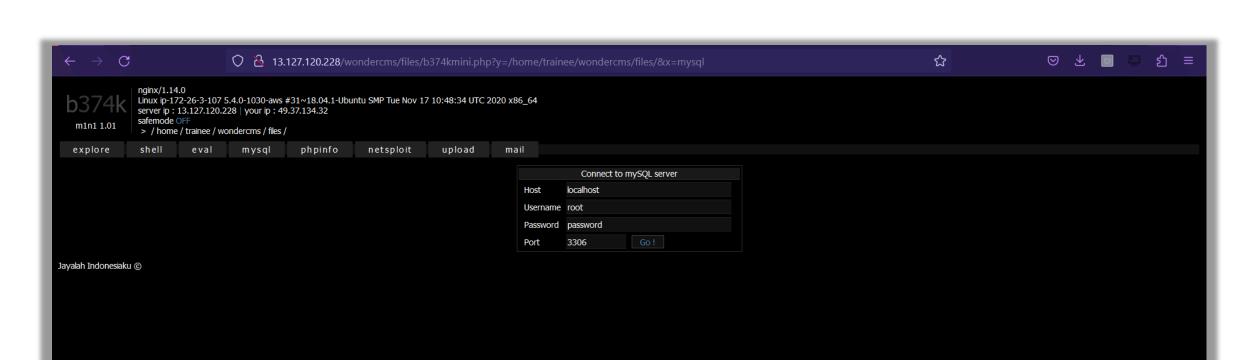


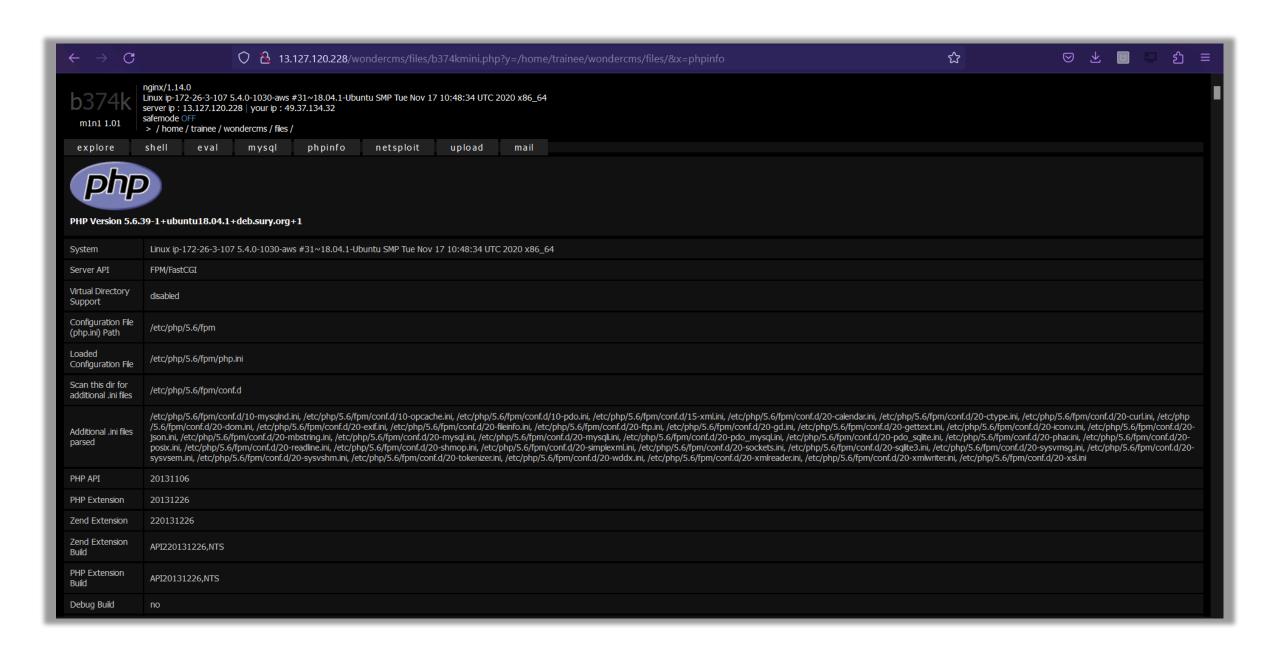
• When we log-in as the admin, at the first page of the site we can see some text written "It's alive!." If we click on it, the HTML code just starts running and a malicious hacker can easily make changes and can use the page as their phishing portal. This is a classic example of temporary XSS



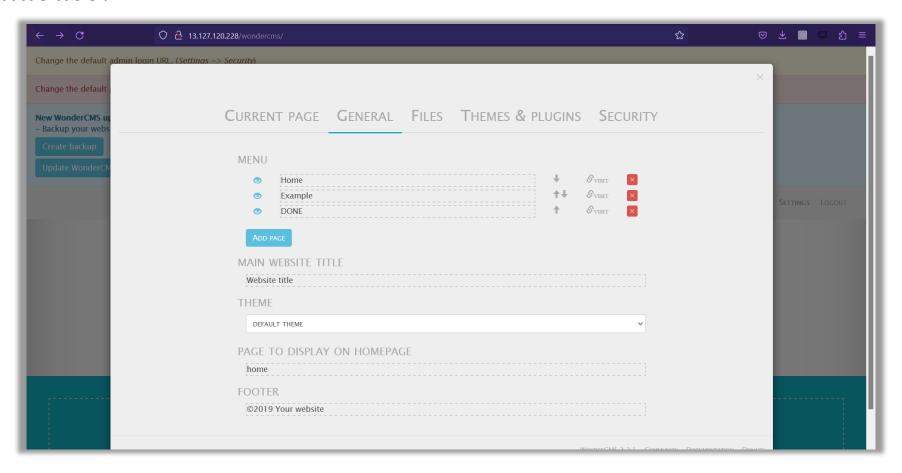
- As we are inside the admin account if we select the settings option and go to 'files' menu we can see some files with extension '.php' which can give information about the site and also very much capable of taking over the site.
- Here, if we select the '/wondercms/files/b374kmini.php' option, it will redirect us to a page which will give us many crucial information like server IP address, Linux IP address, the server type, the database, shell, the php info, uploads.
- The hacker can also mail someone with the admin compromising many factors one of which is the site reputation.







• When we are in the admin account and if we go to the general options found in the settings tab. We can see input fields, where a malicious hacker can inject and execute malicious client side scripts which gets permanently stored in the database.



- On the same page under settings, click on files here we have a file upload option, which has no limitations on the type of file which can be uploaded.
- We can upload files of any extension. Here, when we upload a shell into the site, it will give access to take over the whole website.
- This will be a great breakage of the site.

Business impact:

The impact on the company if the vulnerability is exploited.

Business Impact:

- As the blog site has multiple vulnerabilities such as temporary XSS, server side errors and development flaws the site is extremely vulnerable as a malicious hacker can indulge in the site and can use all the vulnerable components to do phishing and other attacks on user and perform malicious activities.
- This will result in defamation of the name of the company, money loss and customers will never trust the website again.

Take the following recommendations to secure and avoid defacing/data altering.

- The website should have proper two factor authentication.
- Try to develop the backend more stronger and secure.
- Remove all directory listings and add proper sanitization techniques at checks of the website.

References:

- https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/548.html
- https://www.w3schools.com/

THANK YOU