

Taller de Heurísticas

Integrantes

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Ejercicio 1. Problema de la Mochila

- Plantee usted mismo un problema tipo Mochila, que contenga al menos quince (15) variables, con los pesos y valores que usted desee.

Artículo (qi)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Peso (wi)	42	23	21	15	7	28	30	10	18	33	10	10	50	30	25
Valor (vi)	100	60	70	15	15	50	30	60	23	90	10	80	10	10	77

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{maximizar} && \sum_{i=1}^n v_i x_i \\
 &\text{tal que} && \sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i \leq W \\
 &&& \text{y } 1 \leq q_i \leq \infty.
 \end{aligned}$$

RESTRICCIÓN PRINCIPAL

W = 300

a. Mediante seis (6) heurísticas definidas por usted, de solución a dicho problema. Muestre los cuadros de solución indicando el valor de la función obtenido y cuáles son las variables.

In [4]: `W = 300`
`qCount = 15`

```
In [5]: from pprint import pprint

weights = [ 42, 23, 21, 15, 7, 28, 30, 10, 18, 33, 10, 10, 50, 30, 25
]
values  = [ 100, 60, 70, 15, 15, 50, 30, 60, 23, 90, 10, 80, 10, 10,
77 ]
# Crear lista de elementos para poder ordenar y operar más fácil con los elementos
items = list()

wMax = 0
vMax = 0
for i in range(0, qCount):
    wMax += weights[i]
    vMax += values[i]
    items.append((i, weights[i], values[i], weights[i]/ values[i],))

def getI(item):
    return item[0]

def getW(item):
    return item[1]

def getV(item):
    return item[2]

def getD(item):
    return item[3]

print("wMax: ", wMax)
print("vMax: ", vMax)
print()
print("(index, weight, value, value/weight(density))")
print()
pprint(items)
```

wMax: 352

vMax: 700

(index, weight, value, value/weight(density))

```
[(0, 42, 100, 0.42),
 (1, 23, 60, 0.38333333333333336),
 (2, 21, 70, 0.3),
 (3, 15, 15, 1.0),
 (4, 7, 15, 0.4666666666666667),
 (5, 28, 50, 0.56),
 (6, 30, 30, 1.0),
 (7, 10, 60, 0.16666666666666666),
 (8, 18, 23, 0.782608695652174),
 (9, 33, 90, 0.36666666666666664),
 (10, 10, 10, 1.0),
 (11, 10, 80, 0.125),
 (12, 50, 10, 5.0),
 (13, 30, 10, 3.0),
 (14, 25, 77, 0.3246753246753247)]
```

Heurística 1: Seleccionar elementos con base a su orden original.

```
In [72]: wAcum = 0
         vAcum = 0

         for i in range(0, qCount):
             if wAcum + getW(items[i]) <= W:
                 wAcum += getW(items[i])
                 vAcum += getV(items[i])

         print("wAcum: ", wAcum)
         print("vAcum: ", vAcum)
```

wAcum: 297

vAcum: 613

Heurística 2: Seleccionar los más valiosos primero.

```
In [73]: # Ordenar elementos por valor más alto primero
itemsSorted = sorted(items, key=getV, reverse=True)

wAcum = 0
vAcum = 0

for i in range(0, qCount):
    if wAcum + getW(itemsSorted[i]) <= W:
        wAcum += getW(itemsSorted[i])
        vAcum += getV(itemsSorted[i])

print("wAcum: ", wAcum)
print("vAcum: ", vAcum)

wAcum: 272
vAcum: 680
```

Heurística 3: Seleccionar los más livianos primero.

```
In [74]: # Ordenar elementos por el peso más liviano primero
itemsSorted = sorted(items, key=getW)

wAcum = 0
vAcum = 0

for i in range(0, qCount):
    if wAcum + getW(itemsSorted[i]) <= W:
        wAcum += getW(itemsSorted[i])
        vAcum += getV(itemsSorted[i])

print("wAcum: ", wAcum)
print("vAcum: ", vAcum)

wAcum: 260
vAcum: 590
```

Heurística 4: Seleccionar los que tengan menor relación **valor/peso (densidad)**.

```
In [75]: # Ordenar elementos la menor relación de densidad.
itemsSorted = sorted(items, key=getD)

wAcum = 0
vAcum = 0

for i in range(0, qCount):
    if wAcum + getW(itemsSorted[i]) <= W:
        wAcum += getW(itemsSorted[i])
        vAcum += getV(itemsSorted[i])

print("wAcum: ", wAcum)
print("vAcum: ", vAcum)
```

wAcum: 272

vAcum: 680

Heurística 5: Seleccionar los que tengan mayor relación **valor/peso (densidad)**.

```
In [84]: # Ordenar elementos la mayor relación de densidad.
itemsSorted = sorted(items, key=getD, reverse=True)

wAcum = 0
vAcum = 0

for i in range(0, qCount):
    if wAcum + getW(itemsSorted[i]) <= W:
        wAcum += getW(itemsSorted[i])
        vAcum += getV(itemsSorted[i])

print("wAcum: ", wAcum)
print("vAcum: ", vAcum)
```

wAcum: 296

vAcum: 473

Heurística 6: Seleccionar los elementos de forma aleatoria

In [212]: *# Ramdonizo los elementos y voy seleccionando*

```
import random
itemsRandom = list(items)
random.shuffle(itemsRandom)

pprint(itemsRandom)

wAcum = 0
vAcum = 0

for i in range(0, qCount):
    if wAcum + getW(itemsRandom[i]) <= W:
        print("i: ", getI(itemsRandom[i])+1)
        wAcum += getW(itemsRandom[i])
        vAcum += getV(itemsRandom[i])

print("wAcum: ", wAcum)
print("vAcum: ", vAcum)
```

```
[(2, 21, 70, 0.3),
 (8, 18, 23, 0.782608695652174),
 (5, 28, 50, 0.56),
 (1, 23, 60, 0.38333333333333336),
 (9, 33, 90, 0.36666666666666664),
 (4, 7, 15, 0.46666666666666667),
 (6, 30, 30, 1.0),
 (12, 50, 10, 5.0),
 (10, 10, 10, 1.0),
 (13, 30, 10, 3.0),
 (11, 10, 80, 0.125),
 (7, 10, 60, 0.16666666666666666),
 (3, 15, 15, 1.0),
 (0, 42, 100, 0.42),
 (14, 25, 77, 0.3246753246753247)]
```

i: 3

i: 9

i: 6

i: 2

i: 10

i: 5

i: 7

i: 13

i: 11

i: 14

i: 12

i: 8

i: 4

wAcum: 285

vAcum: 523

Solución

- **Heurística 1 (H1):** Seleccionar elementos con base a su orden original.
- **Heurística 2 (H2):** Seleccionar los más valiosos primero.
- **Heurística 3 (H3):** Seleccionar los más livianos primero.
- **Heurística 4 (H4):** Seleccionar los que tengan menor relación valor/peso (densidad).
- **Heurística 5 (H5):** Seleccionar los que tengan mayor relación **valor/peso (densidad)**.
- **Heurística 6 (H6):** Seleccionar los elementos de forma aleatoria

	H1	H2	H3	H4	H5	H6	CHU-BEASLY
WeigthAcum	297	272	260	272	296	285	272
ValueAcum	613	680	590	680	473	523	680

b. Muestre dos pasos usando el algoritmo de vecindarios usando alguna heruristica para la escogencia de la siguiente solución.

Para el algoritmo de vecindad escogeré como mi vector inicial el siguiente:

Vector inicial:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Vecindarios:

Vecino 1

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Vecino 2

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Vecino 3

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Vecino 4

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Vecino 5

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Vecino 6

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Vecino 7

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Vecino 8

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Vecino 9

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0

Vecino 10

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0

Vecino 11

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0

Vecino 12

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0

Vecino 13

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0

Vecino 14

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0

Vecino 15

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Heurística para escoger el siguiente

Usaré la heurística de **best improvement**, donde elijo el mejor de los vecinos generados.

In [220]: `solution = [0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]`


```

In [219]: def F0(solution):
            vAcum = 0
            for i in range(0, qCount):
                vAcum += getV(items[i])*solution[i]
            return vAcum

        def calcW(solution):
            wAcum = 0
            for i in range(0, qCount):
                wAcum += getW(items[i])*solution[i]
            return wAcum

        initialBestF0 = F0(solution)
        initialBestW = calcW(solution)

        print("Original F0: ", initialBestF0)
        print("Original W: ", initialBestW)
        print()

        bestNeighborIndex = 0
        bestNeighborF0 = initialBestF0
        bestNeighborW = initialBestW
        bestNeighborSol = list(solution)

        iteration = 1
        bestIterationF0 = initialBestF0
        bestIterationW = initialBestW
        bestIterationSol = list(solution)
        while (True):
            if (bestIterationF0 < bestNeighborF0):
                bestIterationF0 = bestNeighborF0
                bestIterationSol = list(bestNeighborSol)
                bestIterationW = bestNeighborW

            for i in range(0, qCount):
                neighbor = list(bestIterationSol)
                neighbor[i] = 1 - neighbor[i]
                pprint(neighbor)
                neighborF0 = F0(neighbor)
                neighborW = calcW(neighbor)
                print("Neighbor F0(%d): %d -- W: %d" % (i+1 , neighborF0, neighborW))
            if (neighborF0 > bestIterationF0 and neighborW <= bestIterationW):
                bestNeighborIndex = i
                bestNeighborF0 = neighborF0
                bestNeighborSol = list(neighbor)
                bestNeighborW = neighborW

            print("-----")
            print("BEST SOLUTION ITERATION (%d)" % iteration)
            print("bestNeighborIndex= %d" % bestNeighborIndex)
            print("bestNeighborW= %d" % bestNeighborW)
            print("bestNeighborF0= %d" % bestNeighborF0)
            print("bestNeighborSol= ", bestNeighborSol)
            print()

```

```
iteration = iteration + 1

if (bestIterationF0 == bestNeighborF0):
    break
```

Original F0: 368

Original W: 210

```
[1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(1): 468 -- W: 252
[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(2): 308 -- W: 187
[0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(3): 298 -- W: 189
[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(4): 353 -- W: 195
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(5): 383 -- W: 217
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(6): 418 -- W: 238
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(7): 398 -- W: 240
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(8): 428 -- W: 220
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(9): 345 -- W: 192
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(10): 278 -- W: 177
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(11): 358 -- W: 200
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(12): 288 -- W: 200
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(13): 358 -- W: 160
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0]
Neighbor F0(14): 358 -- W: 180
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(15): 445 -- W: 235
```

BEST SOLUTION ITERATION (1)

bestNeighborIndex= 14

bestNeighborW= 235

bestNeighborF0= 445

bestNeighborSol= [0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

```
[1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(1): 545 -- W: 277
[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(2): 385 -- W: 212
[0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(3): 375 -- W: 214
[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(4): 430 -- W: 220
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(5): 460 -- W: 242
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(6): 495 -- W: 263
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(7): 475 -- W: 265
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(8): 505 -- W: 245
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
```

```

Neighbor F0(9): 422 -- W: 217
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(10): 355 -- W: 202
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(11): 435 -- W: 225
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(12): 365 -- W: 225
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(13): 435 -- W: 185
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1]
Neighbor F0(14): 435 -- W: 205
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(15): 368 -- W: 210
-----
BEST SOLUTION ITERATION (2)
bestNeighborIndex= 7
bestNeighborW= 245
bestNeighborF0= 505
bestNeighborSol= [0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

```

```

[1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(1): 605 -- W: 287
[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(2): 445 -- W: 222
[0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(3): 435 -- W: 224
[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(4): 490 -- W: 230
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(5): 520 -- W: 252
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(6): 555 -- W: 273
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(7): 535 -- W: 275
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(8): 445 -- W: 235
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(9): 482 -- W: 227
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(10): 415 -- W: 212
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(11): 495 -- W: 235
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(12): 425 -- W: 235
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(13): 495 -- W: 195
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1]
Neighbor F0(14): 495 -- W: 215
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(15): 428 -- W: 220
-----

```

```

BEST SOLUTION ITERATION (3)
bestNeighborIndex= 6
bestNeighborW= 275
bestNeighborF0= 535
bestNeighborSol= [0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

```

```

[1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(1): 635 -- W: 317
[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(2): 475 -- W: 252
[0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(3): 465 -- W: 254
[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(4): 520 -- W: 260
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(5): 550 -- W: 282
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(6): 585 -- W: 303
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(7): 505 -- W: 245
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(8): 475 -- W: 265
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(9): 512 -- W: 257
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(10): 445 -- W: 242
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(11): 525 -- W: 265
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(12): 455 -- W: 265
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1]
Neighbor F0(13): 525 -- W: 225
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(14): 525 -- W: 245
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(15): 458 -- W: 250
-----
BEST SOLUTION ITERATION (4)
bestNeighborIndex= 4
bestNeighborW= 282
bestNeighborF0= 550
bestNeighborSol= [0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

```

```

[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(1): 650 -- W: 324
[0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(2): 490 -- W: 259
[0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(3): 480 -- W: 261
[0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(4): 535 -- W: 267
[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(5): 535 -- W: 275
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(6): 600 -- W: 310
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(7): 520 -- W: 252
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(8): 490 -- W: 272
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(9): 527 -- W: 264
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(10): 460 -- W: 249

```

```
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(11): 540 -- W: 272
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(12): 470 -- W: 272
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1]
Neighbor F0(13): 540 -- W: 232
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1]
Neighbor F0(14): 540 -- W: 252
[0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
Neighbor F0(15): 473 -- W: 257
-----
BEST SOLUTION ITERATION (5)
bestNeighborIndex= 4
bestNeighborW= 282
bestNeighborF0= 550
bestNeighborSol= [0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
```

Para la solución elegida, lastimosamente usando la heurística de vecindades no fue posible encontrar una mejor solución que las de las otras heurísticas planteadas, pero si mejoramos bastante la solución inicial.

Ejercicio 2. Problema del Agente viajero para 6 ciudades

Se tiene la siguiente matriz de distancias entre ciudades. Se desea solucionar el problema del agente viajero.

Tabla 1: Matriz de Distancias

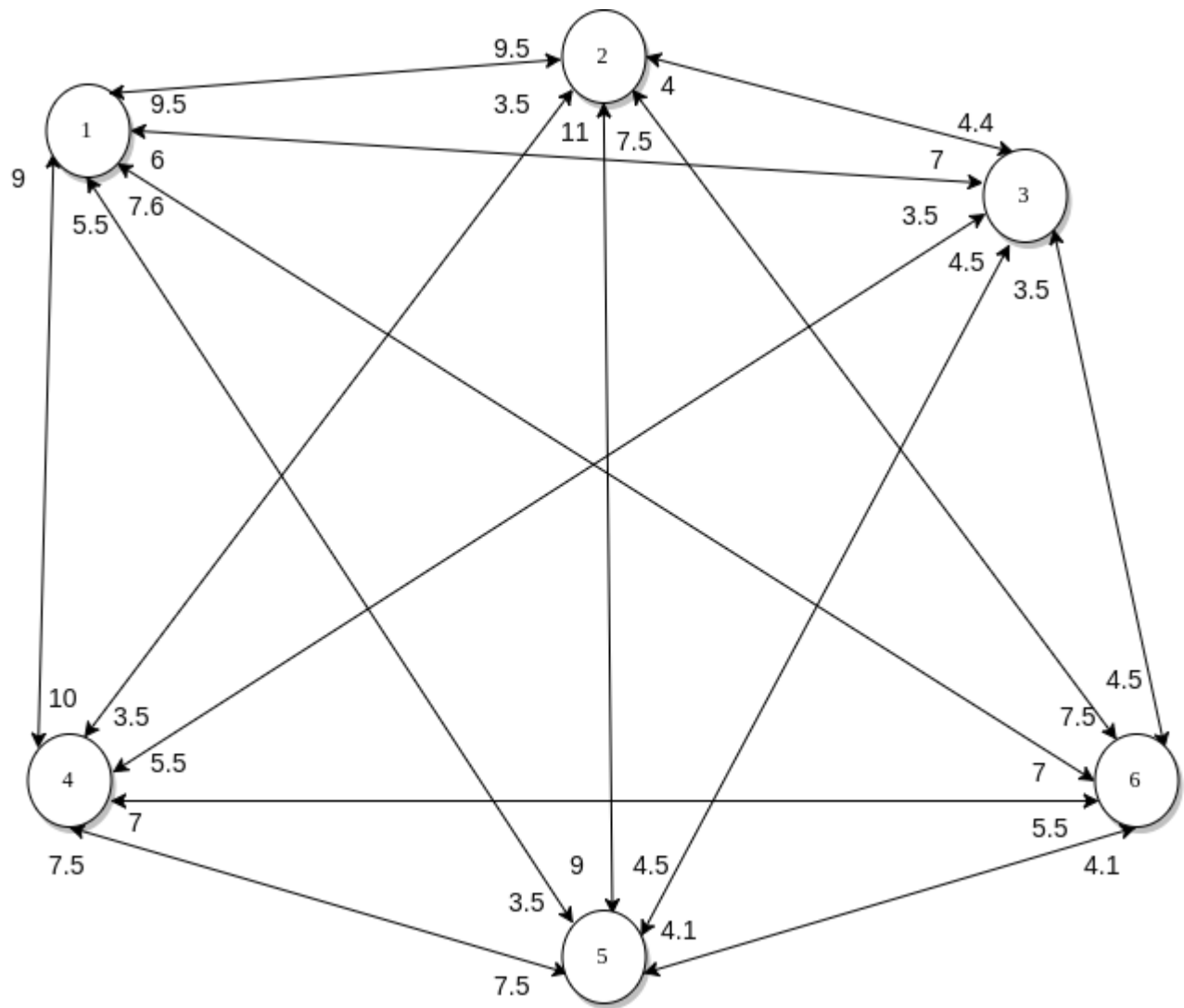
Ciudades	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	0	9.5	7	10	3.5	7
2	9.5	0	4.4	3.5	9	7.5
3	6	4	0	5.5	4.5	4.5
4	9	3.5	3.5	0	7.5	5.5
5	5.5	11	4.5	7.5	0	4.1
6	7.6	7.5	3.5	7	4.1	0

a. Defina el Modelo matemático

El TSP puede ser formulado por la programación lineal en enteros. Sea x_{ij} igual 1, si existe el camino de ir de la i a la ciudad j , y 0 en otro caso, para el conjunto de ciudades $0, \dots, n$. Sean u_i para $i = 1, \dots, n$ variables artificiales y sea c_{ij} la distancia desde la ciudad i a la ciudad j . Entonces el modelo de programación lineal en enteros puede ser escrito como:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \min \quad & \sum_{i=0}^n \sum_{j \neq i, j=0}^n c_{ij} x_{ij} \\
 0 \leq & x_{ij} \leq 1 & i, j = 0, \dots, n \\
 x_{ij} \text{ integer} & & i, j = 0, \dots, n \\
 \sum_{i=0, i \neq j}^n x_{ij} = & 1 & j = 0, \dots, n \\
 \sum_{j=0, j \neq i}^n x_{ij} = & 1 & i = 1, \dots, n \\
 u_i - u_j + nx_{ij} \leq & n - 1 & 1 \leq i \neq j \leq n.
 \end{aligned}$$

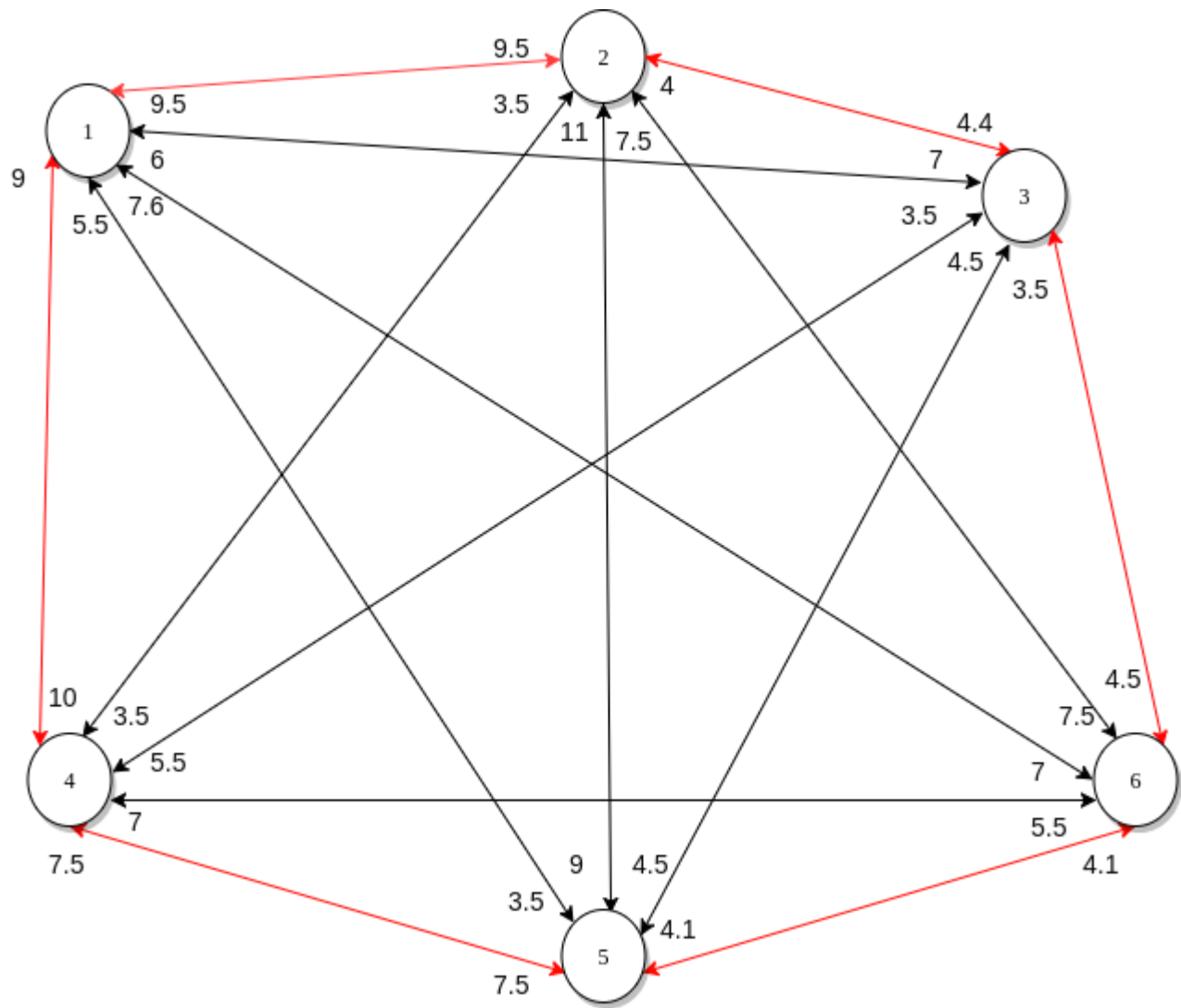
```
In [29]: distances = [  
    [0.0, 9.5 , 7.0, 10.0, 3.5, 7.0],  
    [9.5, 0.0 , 4.4, 3.5 , 9.0, 7.5],  
    [6.0, 4.0 , 0.0, 5.5 , 4.5, 4.5],  
    [9.0, 3.5 , 3.5, 0.0 , 7.5, 5.5],  
    [5.5, 11.0, 4.5, 7.5 , 0.0, 4.1],  
    [7.6, 7.5 , 3.5, 7.0 , 4.1, 0.0]  
]  
  
V = [ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 , 6 ]  
E = [  
    [(1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (1, 5), (1, 6)],  
    [(2, 1), (2, 3), (2, 4), (2, 5), (2, 6)],  
    [(3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 4), (3, 5), (3, 6)],  
    [(4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 5), (4, 6)],  
    [(5, 1), (5, 2), (5, 3), (5, 4), (5, 6)],  
    [(6, 1), (6, 2), (6, 3), (6, 4), (6, 6)],  
]
```



b. Sugiera un vector que represente una alternativa de solución para este problema.

Vector solución usando Heurística simple seleccionando las ciudades con base a su orden.

1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 -> 5 -> 6 -> 1



```
In [41]: # 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 -> 5 -> 6 -> 1
solution = [
    (1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4), (4, 5), (5, 6), (6, 1),
]

def calcGraphF0(solution):
    distF0 = 0
    for edge in solution:
        distF0 += distances[edge[0]-1][edge[1]-1]

    return distF0

print("SolutionF0: %f" % calcGraphF0(solution))

SolutionF0: 38.600000
```

c. Usando al menos dos (2) heurísticas, encuentre una solución y compárelas.

Heurística 1: Seleccionar la ciudad más cercana primero.

```

In [67]: # 1 -> 5 -> 6 -> 3 -> 2 -> 4 -> 1
solution = list()

originV    = 1
nextV      = 1
totalDist  = 0

markedV = [ 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 ]

def solSolved(markedV):
    for i in markedV:
        if not i:
            return False
    return True

def findMinEdge(selectedV):
    minEdge = ()
    minDist = 1000000000000
    for edge in E[selectedV-1]:
        if not markedV[edge[1]-1]:
            dist = distances[edge[0]-1][edge[1]-1]
            if dist < minDist:
                minEdge = edge
                minDist = dist

    global totalDist, nextV
    totalDist = totalDist + minDist
    solution.append(minEdge)
    nextV = minEdge[1]
    markedV[nextV-1] = 1

while not solSolved(markedV):
    findMinEdge(nextV)

markedV[originV-1] = 0
findMinEdge(nextV)

pprint(solution)
pprint(totalDist)

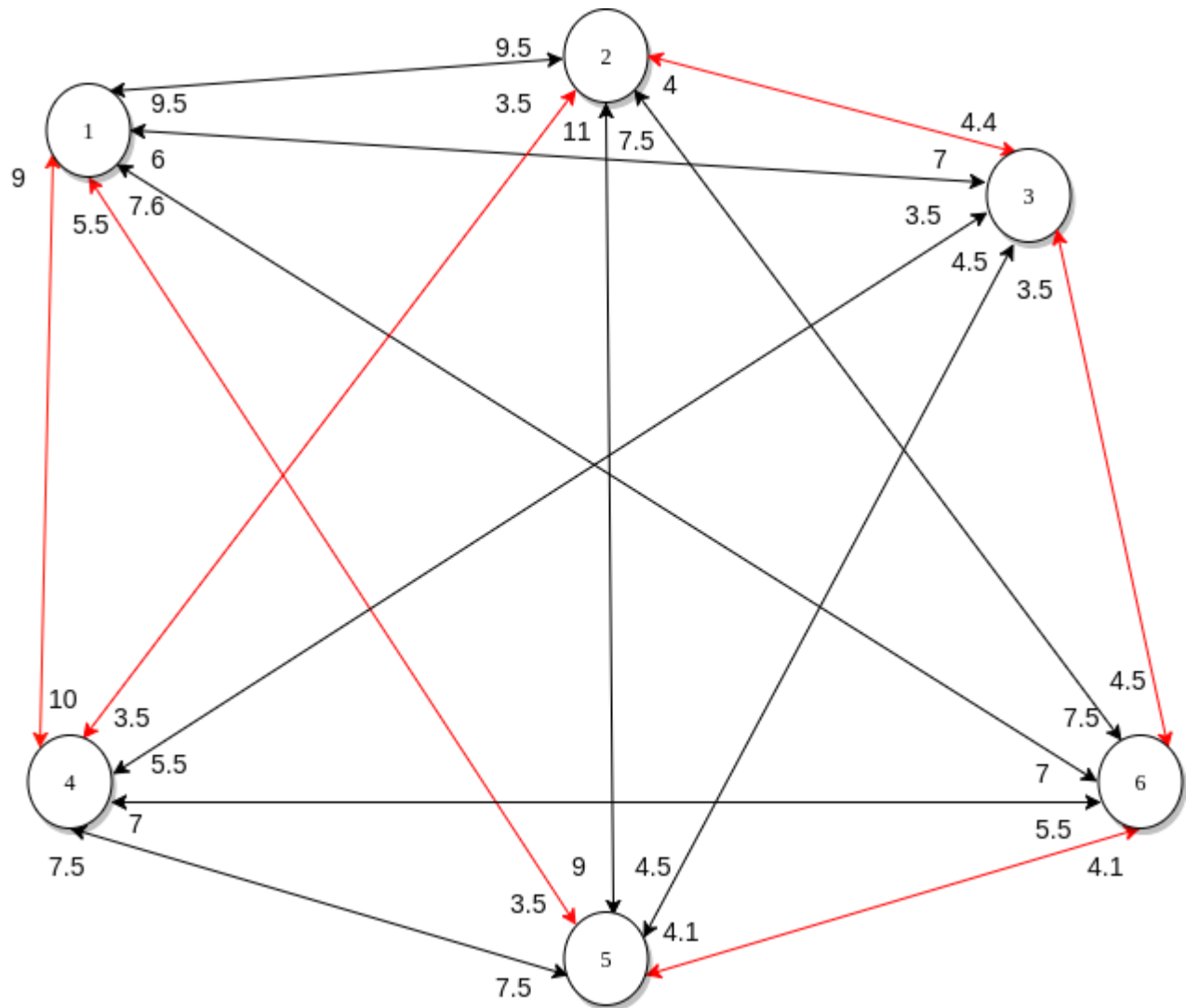
[(1, 5), (5, 6), (6, 3), (3, 2), (2, 4), (4, 1)]
27.6

```

SE OBTIENE COMO RESULTADO DE LA HEURÍSTICA UN

TotalDistance = 27.6

1 -> 5 -> 6 -> 3 -> 2 -> 4 -> 1



Heurística 2: Seleccionar las ciudades de forma aleatoria

```

In [122]: import random

# 1 -> 5 -> 6 -> 3 -> 2 -> 4 -> 1
solution = list()

originV    = 1
nextV      = 1
totalDist  = 0

markedV = [ 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 ]

def solSolved(markedV):
    for i in markedV:
        if not i:
            return False
    return True

def findMinEdge(selectedV):
    minEdge = ()
    minDist = 1000000000000

    edge = random.choice(E[selectedV-1])
    while markedV[edge[1]-1]:
        edge = random.choice(E[selectedV-1])

    dist = distances[edge[0]-1][edge[1]-1]
    if dist < minDist:
        minEdge = edge
        minDist = dist

    global totalDist, nextV
    totalDist = totalDist + minDist
    solution.append(minEdge)
    nextV = minEdge[1]
    markedV[nextV-1] = 1

while not solSolved(markedV):
    findMinEdge(nextV)

markedV[originV-1] = 0
findMinEdge(nextV)

pprint(solution)
pprint(totalDist)

[(1, 4), (4, 3), (3, 6), (6, 2), (2, 5), (5, 1)]
40.0

```

SE OBTIENE COMO RESULTADO DE LA HEURÍSTICA:

TotalDistance = 40

1 -> 4 -> 3 -> 6 -> 2 -> 5 -> 1

