

The 2020/21 CSEC-ASTU Competitive Programming Division Entrance Contest, August 15, 2021



Problem C. Collatz

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output

Time limit: 1s Balloon color: pink

The Collatz conjecture is a conjecture in mathematics named after Lothar Collatz, who first proposed it in 1937. The conjecture is also known as the 3n + 1 conjecture.

The conjecture can be summarized as follows. Take any positive integer n. If n is even, divide it by 2 to get n / 2. If n is odd, multiply it by 3 and add 1 to obtain 3n + 1. Repeat the process indefinitely. The conjecture is that no matter what number you start with, you will always eventually reach 1.

If n=22, this process results in the following sequence:

22 11 34 17 52 26 13 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1

Your task is given an integer n, print out the sequence that is taken to reach 1 from n, by following the Collatz conjecture.

Input

The first line contains two integers, n. (1 \leq n \leq 1000)

Output

Print out the sequence that is taken to reach 1 from n, by following the Collatz conjecture, each integer in the sequence separated by a single space.

Example

Sample Input 1	Sample Output 1
22	22 11 34 17 52 26 13 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1