# coop-writing v1.4.2

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## Contents

1	Intr	roduction	3
	1.1	A bit of context	3
	1.2	The Brazilian origin	3
2	Hov	v to use coop-writing	3
	2.1	How to complain or make suggestions	4
	2.2	Using from Overleaf	4
3	Pac	kage Options	4
	3.1	Command oriented options	5
	3.2	State oriented options	5
	3.3	Behavior oriented options	6
	3.4	General behavior	6
4	Ver	sion	6
5	Edi	torial comments	7
	5.1	Creating authors	7
	5.2	Available commands	8
		5.2.1 Comments	8
		5.2.2 Labeled Comments	8
	5.3	Striked-throught comments	9
	5.4	Text Modification - Suggestions	9
	5.5	Putting more warning in text	10
	5.6	A tip for using comments	11
6	And	onymization	11
7	Dra	ft environment	12
8	Sub	pjects	13
		Reconfiguring the behavior of cwmain	14

Lists	15
To dos	15
Language Support	16
Optional Files (input and include)	16
Warnings	17
The commands in Portuguese 14.1 Opções em Português	1 <b>7</b> 17
Comparision with other packages	18
Useful packages that work together with coop-writing	18
Interaction with other packages	18
Implementation  18.1 Access to the current version  18.2 Option Processing  18.2.1 Creating Options Variables used in ed  18.2.2 Portuguese Options  18.2.3 English Options, inspired on ed package  18.2.4 Original English Options  18.2.5 Fixing the Super Options  18.3 Required Packages  18.4 Optional Packages  18.5 CoppeTeX problems  18.6 Solving problems with other packages  18.6.1 Problems with abntex2 and memoir  18.7 Color related variables  18.8 I18N Almost Using Babel  18.9 ed inspired code  18.9.1 The footnote  18.9.2 The margin note  18.10Anonymization  18.11Subjects  18.12Editorial Comments  18.13Suggestions, Removes and Changes  18.14File Control  18.15Citations Needed  18.16Draft  18.17Powerful command to create editors and authors  18.18To do notes  18.19Portuguese/English, or inverse translation table	18 19 19 19 20 20 21 21 22 22 23 23 24 24 26 28 30 32 34 34 35 36 36 37 38
	Language Support  Optional Files (input and include)  Warnings  The commands in Portuguese 14.1 Opções em Português  Comparision with other packages  Useful packages that work together with coop-writing  Interaction with other packages  Implementation  18.1 Access to the current version  18.2 Option Processing 18.2.1 Creating Options Variables used in ed 18.2.2 Portuguese Options 18.2.3 English Options, inspired on ed package 18.2.4 Original English Options 18.2.5 Fixing the Super Options 18.2.5 Fixing the Super Options 18.6.1 Required Packages 18.4 Optional Packages 18.5 CoppeTeX problems 18.6 Solving problems with other packages 18.6.1 Problems with other packages 18.6.1 Problems with abntex2 and memoir 18.7 Color related variables 18.8 I18N Almost Using Babel 18.9 ed inspired code 18.9.1 The footnote 18.9.2 The margin note 18.10Anonymization 18.11Subjects 18.13Suggestions, Removes and Changes 18.14File Control 18.15Citations Needed 18.16Draft 18.17Powerful command to create editors and authors 18.18Tr Owerful command to create editors and authors

## 1 Introduction

This package supports editorial comments and gives some extra support for writing papers, or any document that involves more than one author or editor.

Usually, a final version of a document would be printed with the publish option turned on, and no editorial comments would appear. In this document the reader will see some uses of the package, since it is distributted with the editing option turned on. This is done to provide the examples of use.

## 1.1 A bit of context

I wrote coop-writing to support my way of writing papers in colaboration with my students, and also to comment on thesis and dissertations I supervise. It received many suggestions from my students.

The starting goal was to build a front-end that would put together other packages, with the best behavior of each package, mostly ed and todonotes, but with time, and the difficulty to make different packages with commands that have the same name to coexist, it grew in scope.

It picks ideas from different packages, such as ed[Koh11], color-edits[Kem20], and todonotes[Mid21]. As it is my first package, TEX and LATEX programming is sometimes naive. However, due to the large amount of available code, and sites as StackExchange, this is not a rule.

## 1.2 The Brazilian origin

Originally, coop-writing was written in Portuguese. The Portuguese commands are still available. Typos and others errors can appear in this text, please use GitHub issues to warn me any errors that you find.

## 2 How to use coop-writing

coop-writing is available as open source at https://github.com/xexeo/coop-writing, using a MIT License. The stable distribution is in the folder dist, while the lastest, and unstable, will be in the root folder. A CTAN folder now contains the current submitted CTAN distribution.

The only file you really need, besides this manual, is coop-writing.sty. This should be in your LATEX path, such as in the same folder that your main .tex file.

If you are new to LATEX, just put **one** of these 3 lines in the preamble part of you document, i.e., before \begin{document}:

 $<sup>^1\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o}$ : This is an exemple of using this package to make a comment with highlighted text

```
\usepackage[editing] {coop-writing}
\usepackage[submit] {coop-writing}
\usepackage[publish] {coop-writing}
```

After that, you can use \cwauthor or \cweditor to make commentaries, but you should look at the many options available that are described in section 5. You will probably want to define authors as described in subsection 5.1.

## 2.1 How to complain or make suggestions

You can make suggestions, complain about bugs, and request features using GitHub's "Issues" feature, in https://github.com/xexeo/coop-writing/issues.

## 2.2 Using from Overleaf

The best way to use coop-writing inside Overleaf is to link the distributed style file through its URL. To do that, inside your project, select first "Upload". An "Add files" window will appear, then select "From External URL" and enter https://raw.githubusercontent.com/xexeo/coop-writing/main/dist/coop-writing.sty as "URL to fetch the file from" and "coop-writing" as "File Name in This Project", as in Figure 1.

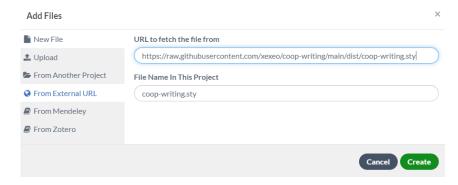


Figure 1: How to link a coop-writing sty file in your project folder in Overleaf to the official distribution.

## 3 Package Options

Using the package allows the use of all macros and environments described in this manual, however, if the options are not turned on, there will be no effect on the generated pdf, since, by default, all options are false.

There are three types of options. The first type enables the visualization of the result of specific macros or environments, such as the cwdraft environment. They are named *command oriented options*. You can use many of them in the same time.

The second type represents a state of the text, which can be editing, submit, or publish, and some minor variations. They are named *state oriented options*. They turn on and off different commands, according to the need described by the state.

The third type control other behaviors. They are named behavior oriented options

If they appear together, state oriented commands have precedence over the others. However, the user should avoid mixing command and state oriented options. Also, you should use only one of the state oriented options.

It should be clear that the options have no impact on the availability of the macros and environments, they will be there for you to use, but the deeply affect their behavior. A macro that is very complex, such as \cwauthor, if one of the options comments or editing is selected, is replaced by a simple version that do almost nothing.

## 3.1 Command oriented options

subjects

• subjects, enables the use of \subject, which is proposed as a paragraph heading describing its subject;

comments

- comments, enables all editorial comments and the command \pleasecite;
- drafts, enables the \cwdraft command;

drafts suggestions

• suggestions, enables the comments definided in the suggestion section of this text.

anonymize todos

- anonymize, enables anonymization commands, and
- todos, enables the to do family of commands.

## 3.2 State oriented options

submit

• submit, enables the submit state. anonymize is on, subjects, comments, drafts and suggestions are off.

noanonymize publish acceptingpublish

- noanonymize, disables anonymize even in submit and editing options.
- $\bullet$  publish, disables all command oriented options, ignore suggestions.
- acceptingpublish, disables all command oriented options, accept sugges-

editing

• editing, enables subjects, comments, drafts, and suggestions; since version 1.3 it disables anonymize.

## 3.3 Behavior oriented options

Some of this option are inherited from ed.

- nopdfbookmarks will avoid adding bookmarks in the pdf file for all comments. The default behavior of coop-writing is adding them.
- toclofttitles toggles the option titles in tocloft, that avoid the redefinition of \listoffigures and \listoftables. This fix the bug with CoppeTeX package, identified as coppe.

#### 3.4 General behavior

The general behavior of this package is to provide different ways of marking your text, for example, with comments or to do notes, which can be totally supressed when desired. Mostly, this can be easily done using one the the 3 main option states: editing, submit, and publish.

Users should use the editing state most of the time. In this state, all markings will appear and the anonymization will be off.

When submitting, the submit state will provide a clean article, without any markings. Most of the times the article should be anonymized, but if this is not enforced by a conference or journal, it is possible to use the options submit and noanonymize together. publish will never anonymize.

The goal is to make the submit and publish documents states minimally invasive, to avoid any clash with publishers' styles. A clash will be considered a bug, and should be reported to the authors. Most of the time, using these options will simply create dummy commands.

If you use comments, there will be a lot of "Marginpar moved" warnings. This is normal behavior, caused by the margin notes. It will not happen when submit or publish is active.

## 4 Version

It is possible that the user wants to know the version being used. We provide two commands for it.

\coopwritingversion

Provides the current version

Provides name and version

 $\coopwritingversion$  was used in the title of this article. The current version is v1.4.2.

If needed, the second macro prints also the name of the package:

\printcoopwritingversion

will result in:

coop-writing v. v1.4.2

Please state the version when reporting bugs.

## 5 Editorial comments

This is the main reason of this package.

The idea is that users not only can make editorial comments on the text they are writing, but they can also establish a dialog through those comments. In this package an editorial comment has 3 visual parts: an intervention in the text, a margin note indicating this intervention, and a footnote explaining it<sup>2</sup>. Figure 2 illustrate this behavior.



Figure 2: How comments appear in the document when editing option is on.

## 5.1 Creating authors

\cwnamedef

Xexéo:2

This macro creates a series of commands based on a desired base command name. The command name is, usually, the name of the author, of the editor, or a function in the work being done.

This macro must be used in the preamble of the LATEX document, i.e., before the \begin{document} declaration. It is usually done just after the \usepackage{coop-writing} line. Its syntax is:

```
\cwnamedef \{\langle name \rangle\}\{\langle color \rangle\}\{\langle author-name \rangle\}
```

Where  $\langle name \rangle$  will be the base command name, which generates different commands, by receiving suffixes,  $\langle color \rangle$  is the color to be used by all comments and suggestions made by this author, and  $\langle author-name \rangle$  is the string to be used to represent the collaborator.

As an example, I usually declare myself as:

\cwnamedef {xexeo} {red} {Xexéo}

And, among other commands, \xexeo will be defined in such a way that it generates a footnote written in red, with a indicative margin note in the same

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o}$ : This is the simplest form of an editorial note.

#### Xexéo:3

color. Both will be identified with "Xexéo".

The  $\langle name \rangle$  and  $\langle author-name \rangle$  are different to support short command names and characters not supported in LaTeX macros. Therefore, if you name is Gutem-berg you can create a family of commenting macros based on \gut, but use "Gutemberg" as your identifier.

\cwauthor \cweditor

Two authors are pre-defined in the style, cwauthor and cweditor, to represent an author and an editor. They can be freely used.

#### 5.2 Available commands

For each user created with command name  $\langle name \rangle$ , such as cwauthor and cweditor, used as example, the following commands are available.

#### 5.2.1 Comments

\<name>
\cwauthor
\cweditor

These are the simplest commands, and will make a comment in the form of a identified footnote<sup>4</sup>. The optional  $\langle selection \rangle$  parameter allows to highlight some text<sup>5</sup>.

### 5.2.2 Labeled Comments

\<name>r \cwauthorr \cweditorr

```
\comment \comment \cite{Continuous} \cite{Cont
```

This command will make a comment in the form of a labeled footnote<sup>6</sup>. It can also be used to highlight some text<sup>7</sup>. The label must be unique, and usually a single word, since it is used as a  $\LaTeX$  \lambda label too. You can refer to this command using \ref{cw: $\langle label \rangle$ }. For example, the comment 6 would be referenced as \ref{cw:FirstLabel}, as in here Comment 6.

Author:4 Editor:5

Author:6

Author: 7

 $<sup>^3\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o}$ :This is the example of the minimal use of an editorial command

 $<sup>^4\</sup>mathrm{Author}{:}\mathsf{Simplest}\ \mathsf{footnote}\ \mathsf{comment}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>EDITOR: Comment with highlighting

 $<sup>^6\</sup>mathrm{Author}[\mathrm{FirstLabel}]$ : labeled footnote comment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Author[OtherLabel]:labeled comment with highlighting

## 5.3 Striked-throught comments

After using the editorial comments for a time we started to delete the old ones that represented fixed problems. However, we notice that some comments should be kept, even if solved. The solution was to create the striked-trought comments. They are easy to use, just put an x after the command name.

```
\<name>x
\cwauthorx
\cweditorx
```

```
\comment \ \ \ \comment \ \ \ \comment \ \ \ \comment \
```

This command will make a comment in the form of a footnote<sup>8</sup>, however the comment is striked through. It can also be used to highlight some text<sup>9</sup>.

## Editor:8 Author:9

```
\<name>rx
\cwauthorrx
\cweditorrx
```

```
\label{label} $$ \operatorname{comment}_{{\langle label \rangle}} \ \ \operatorname{comment}_{{\langle label \rangle}} $$ \operatorname{comment}_{{\langle label \rangle}} \ \ \operatorname{comment}_{{\langle label \rangle}} $$ \operatorname{comment}_{{\langle label \rangle}} $$ \operatorname{comment}_{{\langle label \rangle}} $$ $$ \operatorname{comment}_{{\langle label \rangle}} $$
```

Author:10 Author:11 This command will make a comment in the form of a labeled footnote<sup>10</sup>, however the comment is striked through. It can also be used to highlight some text<sup>11</sup>. The label must be unique, since it is used as a LATEX label too.

## 5.4 Text Modification - Suggestions

Sometimes one of the authors wants to insert, remove or edit some text, but he or she is not sure that every one will agree, therefore he or she can make a suggestion, that will appear with his or her color.

\<name>sug \cwauthorsug \cweditorsug

```
\comment \cite{Comment} \cite{Comm
```

This macro supports making a suggestion. It inserts text, using the color chosen by the author. It is also possible to make a comment, but in this command the command is the optional argument.

As example, in this paragraph the following text:

\cwauthorsug{inserted text} will appears in the red, and it is possible to \cweditorsug[I want to insert this]{use a comment}.

generates:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Editor: Simplest footnote comment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Author: Comment with highlighting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Author[Second Label]:\fileabeled footnote comment

11Author[New Label]:\fileabeled comment with highlighting

## Editor:12

Author:13

\<name>rem \cwauthorrem \cweditorrem inserted text will appears in the red, and it is possible to use a comment 12.

 $\verb|\comment|| \{ \langle suggested\ removal \rangle \} |$ 

 $\comment$   $\comment$   $\cite{comment}$ 

 $\comment$   $\comment$   $\cite{comment}$ 

This macro is used to suggest removals.

For example:

This is an example \cwauthorrem{that is quite good}.

Again, it is also possible to comment
the \cwauthorrem[Repeated words]{the removal} removal.

generates:

This is an example that is quite good. Again, it is also possible to comment the the removal 13 removal.

\<name>swap \cwauthorswap \cweditorswap  $\verb|\comment|| \{\langle suggested\ removal \rangle\} \{\langle suggested\ insertion \rangle\} \\$ 

 $\verb|\cwauthorswap[|\langle comment|\rangle]| \{\langle suggested\ removal\rangle\} \{\langle suggested\ insertion\rangle\}|$ 

 $\verb|\cweditorwap[|\langle comment|\rangle]{|} {\langle suggested\ removal|\rangle} {\langle suggested\ insertion|\rangle}$ 

This will work as the union of a removal and a suggestion. Actually, both are simplified forms of this command.

For example:

\cwauthorswap{This should work like this.}%
{This is an example of how the command should work.}%
The following text is not a suggestion.

generates:

This should work like this. This is an example of how the command should work. The following text is not a suggestion.

## 5.5 Putting more warning in text

It is possible to define a symbol, or any other thing, to appear before the superscript number that indicates the comment.

\cwsetcommwarn

This is done using the following command and syntax:

 $\colonermath{\tt cwsetcommwarn}\{\langle symbol \rangle\}$ 

Using package marvosym, the example:

 $<sup>^{12}\</sup>mathrm{Editor}$ : I want to insert this

 $<sup>^{13}\</sup>mathrm{Author}{:}\mathsf{Repeated} \,\, \mathsf{words}$ 

## \cwsetcommwarn{\Lightning}

will change the behavior of editorial \( \frac{1}{2} \) comments to include the \( \frac{1}{2} \) symbol.

You can remove the symbol by simply using \cwsetcommwarn{}

It should be clear that coop-writing does not provide any font for these symbols. If users want to use a certain font, like marvosym, they import it with \usepackage.

## 5.6 A tip for using comments

A student asked me to give a priority to my demands. This would make me add yet another set of commands, with more arguments. labels don't work because they must be unique to allow for being used as references.

The solution, however, is simple, special characters, such as  $\star$ , \$\star\$ can be used and are highly efficient to communicate priority<sup>15</sup>.

Using other fonts, more can be acomplished. For example, package marvosym offers  $\HollowBox$ ,  $\Box$ ,  $\CrossedBox$ ,  $\not\Box$ , which can be used to indicate that something should be done, is done or will not be done.

## 6 Anonymization

Anonymization provide commands to replace names and references by anonymous names and references. It, by default, is enabled only in the submit option

There are 5 anonymization commands:

\cwanon
\cwanoncite
\cwanoncitet
\cwanoncitep
\cwblind

Xexéo:14

Xexéo:15

- \cwanon $\{\langle text \rangle\}$
- \cwanoncite[ $\langle cite\text{-}compatible\text{-}oarg \rangle$ ] { $\langle cite\text{-}compatible\text{-}arg \rangle$ }
- \cwanoncitet[ $\langle citet\text{-}compatible\text{-}oarg \rangle$ ] { $\langle citet\text{-}compatible\text{-}arg \rangle$ }
- \cwanoncitep[ $\langle citep\text{-}compatible\text{-}oarg \rangle$ ] { $\langle citep\text{-}compatible\text{-}arg \rangle$ }
- $\command$   ${\langle command \rangle} {\langle open\ text \rangle} {\langle blind\ text \rangle}$

The alternative text used by anonymization commands can be configured with other commands:

\cwdefanontext \cwdefanoncitetext \cwdefanoncitettext \cwdefanonciteptext

- \cwdefanontext $\{\langle replacement\text{-}text\rangle\}$
- \cwdefanoncitetext $\{\langle replacement\text{-}text\rangle\}$
- \cwdefanoncitettext $\{\langle replacement\text{-}text\rangle\}$
- \cwdefanonciteptext $\{\langle replacement\text{-}text\rangle\}$

 $<sup>^{14}\</sup>mathrm{XEx\acute{e}o}\text{:}\mathsf{This}$  comment superscript number should be preceeded by a §

 $<sup>^{15}\</sup>mathrm{Xexéo:}\star\star$  Two stars are still low priority

```
The example:
```

```
My name is \cwanon{Geraldo Xexéo}, and I read \cwanoncite{ed}, \cwanoncitep[pags 1]{todonotes}, % \cwanoncitet{xcolor}.
```

#### generates:

My name is Geraldo Xexéo, and I read [Koh11], [Mid21, pags 1], Kern [Ker16]. Changing values, as in:

```
\cwdefanontext{Can't say}
\cwdefanoncitetext{[0]}
\cwdefanonciteptext{[X]}
\cwdefanoncitettext{[Anon]}
My name is \cwanon{Geraldo Xexéo}, and I read \cwanoncite{ed},
\cwanoncitep[pags 1]{todonotes}, % \cwanoncitet{xcolor}.
```

generates:

My name is Geraldo Xexéo, and I read [Koh11], [Mid21, pags 1], Kern [Ker16].

cwblind is a command that appeared in version 1.3. It works as a \newcommand with two different definitions, the first for when anonymization is turned off, the second for when it is turned on.

When in editing mode, text to be anonymized will be printed in blue. This color can be changed with the command \cwsetanoncolor.

## 7 Draft environment

cwdraft

The cwdraft environment aims to allow writers to include text that is marked somehow as a draft  $^1$ 

This environment is evolving, looking for a good way to signal the draft status, due to the different interactions with the packages it uses and user's packages. It has one optional parameter that names the draft. Its default value is "Draft" If the draft option is not enabled, the text inside the title and the text inside the environment will not appear. The user should remember that some options will automatically turn on the draft option, such as the option editing.

\cssetdraftcolor

The color of the title highlight can be changed with

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This was motivated because my students liked to hide text from me because "it was only a draft", but I need to have some way to measure if they were advancing. Marking text as a draft allowed them to be free of the fear of showing errors to me. I see it most as a psychological support to writing without fear of making mistakes. And, yes, you can still use footnotes and they will be correctly numbered

```
\verb|\cssetdraftcolor{|} \langle color \rangle|
```

The example:

```
\begin{cwdraft}[A draft title]
This is the example of a draft.
The title must be highlighted
There must be a box around it.
\end{cwdraft}
```

\cwsetdraftcolor{blue}
\begin{cwdraft}
This draft has the default title.
\end{cwdraft}

generates:

#### A draft title

This is the example of a draft.

The title must be highlighted

There must be a box around it.

## Draft

This draft has the default title.

## 8 Subjects

\cwsubject \cwmain

These are alternatives supposed to help organizing a text.

\cwsubject provides a header or title for a paragraph.

\cwmain provides an emphasis (yellow highlight by default) for any text. It should be used in the main message of the paragraph

The idea here is that each paragraph should be about one and only one subject, and that reading these paragraph title will allow the authors to better understand what is being written and in which sequence.

This feature was inspired by Minto [Min09].

The example:

```
\cwsubject{Example of a subject}
A subject is the main subject of a paragraph
```

```
\cwsubject[pink]{A pink colored subject}
You can use other colors, such as pink.
\cwsetsubjectcolor{cyan}
\cwsubject{All subjects will be cyan.}
You can use other colors, such as pink.
  generates:
  Example of a subject
  A subject is the main subject of a paragraph
  A pink colored subject
  You can use other colors, such as pink.
  All subjects will be cyan.
  You can use other colors, such as pink.
  While the example:
\cwmain{This is the main idea}. This is the explanation. These are examples.
\cwmain[pink]{This is another main idea}. This is the explanation. These are examples.
\cwsetmaincolor{cyan}
\cwmain{This is the main idea}. This is the explanation. These are examples.
  generates:
```

This is the main idea. This is the explanation. These are examples.

This is another main idea. This is the explanation. These are examples.

This is the main idea. This is the explanation. These are examples.

Intentionally, entries in \cwsubject and \cwmain go both for the list of subjects, since users should use one or another for each paragraph.

## 8.1 Reconfiguring the behavior of cwmain

It is possible to reconfigure partially the behavior of \cwmain by using the standard LATEX macro \renewcommand on the command \cwmainemphasis.

Its standard definition is:

And this will highlight it with the current highlight color, which can be easily defined with \cwsetmaincolor.

However, suppose if you want the text to be in bold, you must redefine this command, like in:

\renewcommand{\cwmainemphasis}[1]{\textbf{#1}}

This is easy to do, but an error can always cause mayhem.

Therefore, the example:

generates.

This is the main idea. This is the explanation. These are examples.

## 9 Lists

\listofcomments \listofcitationneeds \listofsubjects

Xexéo:16

To do:17

Comments, citation demands and subjects can be list with these commands.

The lists will only appear if their commands are enable (or in the all-enabling editing option).

They are usually put in the end of the file.

## 10 To dos

\todo

The todo command is a much simpler version than the one available in todonotes<sup>16</sup>. It's syntax is:

```
\todo[inline] \{\langle text \rangle\}
```

A todo without a inline option is equivent to a comment of author "To do" 17. With the option, the text will appear inside an orange box, as in the example below.

The example:

\todo[inline]{This command can have other options, based on other implementations of to do in different packages.}

generates:

This command can have other options, based on other implementations of to

 $<sup>^{16}\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o}$ :But it will grow in power with time

 $<sup>^{17}{</sup>m To~Do:}$  This is how it works without the inline option

## do in different packages

\cwdefinetodocolor

It is possible to change the background color of the box using this macro . The idea, however, is that all to-dos should have the same color.

```
\label{eq:color} $$ \operatorname{color}(\operatorname{color}).$$ The example: $$ \operatorname{cwdefinetodocolor}(\operatorname{yellow}) $$ \todo[inline]{This command can have other options, based on other implementations of to do in different packages.}
```

This command can have other options, based on other implementations of to do in different packages.

## 11 Language Support

This style supports the following babel defined languages:

• brazil.

generates:

- brazilian,
- portuguese, and
- english.

\cwcommentstitle
\cwdrafttitle
\cwsubjtitle
\cwcitationstitle
\cwpleasecitetext
\cwpleasecitemessage
\cwpleasecitemarginnote

To use other language, or to use other texts instead of the standard ones, you should define these macros, as in:

```
\def\cwdrafttitle{Draft}
\def\cwcommentstitle{List of Comments}
\def\cwsubjtitle{List of Subjects}
\def\cwcitationstitle{List of Citation Needs}
\def\cwpleasecitetext{Plese cite}
\def\cwpleasecitemessage{something to support this information}
\def\cwpleasecitemarginnote{Cite}
```

## 12 Optional Files (input and include)

Since version 1.4, it is possible to insert optional files accordingly to the current mode

This first to commands allow to select which file will be displayed in each mode. \cwinput \cwinclude  $\colon \{ \langle file\text{-}editing\text{-}mode \rangle \} \{ \langle file\text{-}submit\text{-}mode \rangle \} \{ \langle file\text{-}publish\text{-}mode \rangle \} \}$  $\verb|\cwinclude|{|\langle file-editing-mode|\rangle}|{|\langle file-submit-mode|\rangle}|{|\langle file-publish-mode|\rangle}|$ The next six commands work only in their specific mode.  $\colon \colon \colon$ \cwinputediting \cwincludeediting  $\colon \colon \colon$ \cwinputsubmit  $\colon \colon \colon$ \cwincludesubmit \cwinputpublish  $\colon color = \{ \langle file-if-submit-mode \rangle \}$ \cwincludepublish  $\colon \colon \colon$ 

 $\colon \colon \colon$ 

## 13 Warnings

This package uses another package that changes LATEX's standard behavior for summary and lists. When you use it, you must explicitly change pages with \newpage before \tableofcontents or similar commands.

## 14 The commands in Portuguese

This section is in Brazilian Portuguese.

A Tabela 1 Mostra o mapeamento em inglês e português.

	Tabela I: Tradução dos co	omandos para português.
Tipo	$_{ m Ingl\hat{e}s}$	Português
environment	cwdraft	rascunho
macro	\cwnamedef	\cwautor
macro	\cwsubject	$\c$ wassunto
macro	\listofcomments	\listofcomentario
$_{ m macro}$	\listofsubjects	$\$ listofassunto
$_{ m macro}$	\listofcitationneeds	\listofcomentarioref
macro	\todo	\todo

Tabela 1: Tradução dos comandos para português

## 14.1 Opções em Português

As seguintes opções são aceitas em português, todas sem acentos ou cedilha: anonimizar, naoanonimizar, rascunhos, assuntos, comentarios, edicao, submeter, publicar, sugestoes, publicaraceitando.

## 15 Comparision with other packages

It is interesting to compare this package with other 3:

- ed has more features for commenting, and is more configurable, however it does not have colors.
- todonotes it does not have the identification of the commentator, which must be put by hand. It has more options too.
- color-edits does not support to do notes and drafts.

# 16 Useful packages that work together with coopwriting

lineno is useful in editing mode, and works together with coop-writing, as our tests show.

## 17 Interaction with other packages

This packages uses other packages, and this can cause interaction with them and even other packages. LATEX is a harsh mistress.

tocloft seems to be the main agressor and it is a candidate to be removed, since its function in the code is mostly secondary, generate lists of the comments, etc.

tocloft interacts with memoir. At this point, I blame memoir, since it emulates tocloft, but change syntax and behavior. This is a crazy idea for me, and show the need for namespaces in LATEX.

tocloft also interacts with coppe, the class for the CoppeTeX package, which I am one of the mainteiners, both redefine LoF and LoT. More IFs, that detect coppe and turn on titles option in tocloft, and a new option toclofttitles to solve the general problem of tocloft changing LoF and LoT definitions.

## 18 Implementation

This package was initially written in Portuguese. As it become more useful, it was translated to English. There are still some signs of this in the code.

## 18.1 Access to the current version

We provide some macros for the user to know the version being used.

\coopwritingversion Provides current version of coop-writing

1 \newcommand{\coopwritingversion}{\cw@version}%

\printcoopwritingversion Provides package name and version

2 \newcommand{\printcoopwritingversion}{coop-writing v. \coopwritingversion}%

#### 18.2 Option Processing

#### Creating Options Variables used in ed

Some come from ed code and are being cleaned

```
3 \newif\ifshowednotes\showednotestrue%
```

- 4 \newif\ifmargins\marginstrue%
- 5 \newif\ifednotebookmarks\ednotebookmarkstrue%
- 6 % \subsubsection{Creating Original Options Variables}
- 7 \newif\if@showcomentario\@showcomentariofalse%
- 8 % as próximas duas variáveis controlam o \@beanonymous, por isso tem que ser duas
- 9 % porque só são mexidas se chamadas, não pode chamar uma porque vai mudar sempre
- 10 % a \@beanonymous
- 11 \newif\if@anonimizar\@anonimizarfalse% o default é não anonimizar
- 12 \newif\if@naoanonimizar\@naoanonimizarfalse% o default dessa variavel é anonimizar
- 13 \newif\if@beanonymous\@beanonymousfalse%
- 14 \newif\if@showdraft\@showdraftfalse%
- 15 \newif\if@showsubjects\@showsubjectsfalse%
- 16 \newif\if@showsugestao\@showsugestaofalse%
- 17 \newif\if@showtodo\@showtodofalse%
- 18 \newif\if@modoedicao\@modoedicaofalse%
- 19 \newif\if@modosubmeter\@modosubmeterfalse%
- 20 \newif\if@modopublicar\@modopublicarfalse%
- 21 \newif\if@modopublicaraceitando\@modopublicaraceitandofalse%
- 22 \newif\if@cwtoclofttitles\@cwtoclofttitlesfalse

## 18.2.2 Portuguese Options

```
23 \DeclareOption{rascunhos}{\@showdrafttrue}
```

- 24 \DeclareOption{comentarios}{\@showcomentariotrue}
- 25 \DeclareOption{anonimizar}{\@anonimizartrue} % isso vai se perder nos modos
- 26 \DeclareOption{naoanonimizar}{\@naoanonimizartrue}
- 27 \DeclareOption{sugestoes}{\@showsugestaotrue}
- 28 \DeclareOption{assuntos}{\@showsubjectstrue}
- 29 \DeclareOption{edicao}{\@modoedicaotrue}
- 30 \DeclareOption{submeter}{\@modosubmetertrue}
- 31 \DeclareOption{publicar}{\@modopublicartrue}
- 32 \DeclareOption{publicaraceitando}{
- 33 \@modopublicartrue
- \@modopublicaraceitandotrue

## 18.2.3 English Options, inspired on ed package

## 18.2.4 Original English Options

```
37 \DeclareOption{comments}{\@showcomentariotrue}
38 \DeclareOption{anonymize}{\@anonimizartrue}
39 \DeclareOption{noanonymize}{\@naoanonimizartrue}
40 \DeclareOption{suggestions}{\@showsugestaotrue}
41 \DeclareOption{subjects}{\@showsubjectstrue}
42 \DeclareOption{drafts}{\@showdrafttrue}
43 \DeclareOption{todos}{\@showtodotrue}
44 \DeclareOption{editing}{\@modoedicaotrue}
45 \DeclareOption{submit}{\@modosubmetertrue}
46 \DeclareOption{publish}{\@modopublicartrue}
47 \DeclareOption{acceptingpublish}{
      \@modopublicartrue
48
      \@modopublicaraceitandotrue
^{49}
50 }
```

New option to titles in tocloft

- $52 \ProcessOptions\relax$

### 18.2.5 Fixing the Super Options

```
53 \if@modoedicao
```

- $54 \ensuremath{\setminus \mathtt{Qshowsubjectstrue}}$
- 55 \@showdrafttrue
- 56 \@showcomentariotrue
- 57 \@showsugestaotrue
- $58 \setminus \texttt{Obeanonymousfalse}$
- 59 \@showtodotrue
- $60 \fi$
- 62 \@showsubjectsfalse
- $63 \ \verb|\@showdraftfalse|$
- 64 \@showcomentariofalse
- $65\ \ensuremath{\verb{\setminus}} 0showsugestaofalse$
- $66 \ \verb|\Qbeanonymoustrue|$
- 67 \@showtodofalse
- 68 \fi
- $69 \setminus if@modopublicar$
- 70 \@showsubjectsfalse
- 71 \@showsugestaofalse
- 72 \@showdraftfalse
- 73 \@showcomentariofalse
- 74 \@beanonymousfalse

```
75 \@showtodofalse
76 \fi%
77 % is explicitilly set, changes beanonymous
78 \if@naoanonimizar
79 \@beanonymousfalse
80 \fi
81 % is explicitilly set, changes beanonymous
82 \if@anonimizar
83 \@beanonymoustrue
84 \fi
85 \if@showtodo
86 \@showcomentariotrue
87 \fi
```

## 18.3 Required Packages

Packages that are always required

- xcolor used to support colors
- soulutf8 this is a variation of soul, used for highlighting
- ulem used to support strikethrought<sup>18</sup>
- to cloft - used to support modifications in lists and tocs
- mdframed used to support boxes for todos and drafts
- iflang used to check if language is loaded and define new words not in Babel

```
88 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
89 \RequirePackage{soulutf8}
90 \RequirePackage[normalem] {ulem}
91 \RequirePackage{etoolbox} % \ifdef comes from here
92 \RequirePackage{environ}
93 \RequirePackage{xstring}
94 \RequirePackage{csquotes}
95 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
```

## 18.4 Optional Packages

Package that are required only sometimes

```
96 \ifshowednotes%
97 \else%
98 \RequirePackage{verbatim}%
99 \fi%
```

 $<sup>^{18}\</sup>mathrm{To}$  DO:I must complete this explanation list

## 18.5 CoppeTeX problems

tocloft and CoppeTeX have different assumptions whether LoF, LoT and etc... appears in ToC. In default Book, they do not appear

```
100 \@ifclassloaded{coppe}%
101 {%
102 \RequirePackage[titles] {tocloft}%
104 {%
105 \if@cwtoclofttitles%
106 \RequirePackage[titles] {tocloft}%
107 \else%
108 \RequirePackage{tocloft}%
109 \fi%
110 }%
Checking if babel is loaded, use iflang
111 \@ifpackageloaded{babel}%
112 {% \message{Babel Loaded!}%
      \RequirePackage{iflang}%
114 } { %
115
      \message{Babel not detected!}%
116 }%
hyperref must always be the last
```

## 18.6 Solving problems with other packages

#### 18.6.1 Problems with abntex2 and memoir

abntex2 causes error in \newlistof, you can't refer to chapter, section or other counter as optional argument

This error is actually memoir fault<sup>19</sup>, since it emulates tocloft (and other packages). I can't imagine why...

Therefore, we will avoid using the command with option when the class is present

22

```
118 \@ifclassloaded{memoir}%
119 {% TRUE
120 \newif\if@cwmemoirdefense\@cwmemoirdefensetrue%
121 }%
122 {% FALSE
123 \newif\if@cwmemoirdefense\@cwmemoirdefensefalse%
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup>CITE:Plese cite memoir package

```
124 }%
125 %
```

#### 18.7 Color related variables

```
126 \newcommand{\cor@prof}{red}%
127 \newcommand{\cor@cand}{blue}%
128 \newcommand{\cor@subject}{green}%
129 \newcommand{\cor@main}{yellow}%
130 \newcommand{\cor@citar}{purple}%
131 \newcommand{\cor@hldraft}{yellow}%
132 \newcommand{\cw@cftnumwidth}{20pt}
```

## 18.8 I18N Almost Using Babel

We can detect if babel is enable and allow for some languages. If you want to use another language, you must set new values for the command \cwdrafttitle. I really thought that it was possible to do something smarter with babel, for example using \setlocalecaption, but no attempt worked out as I wanted.

There are some packages, as translator that can be useful but up to now this seems to be the easiest way of doing it.

The advantage of this way is that any user can \renewcommand{\cwdrafttitle}{some text}.

```
133 \def\cwdrafttitle{Standard Draft}%
134 \def\cwcommentstitle{Standard List of Comments}%
135 \def\cwsubjtitle{Standard List of Subjects}%
136 \def\cwcitationstitle{Standard List of Citation Needs}%
137 \def\cwpleasecitetext{Plese cite}%
138 \def\cwpleasecitemessage{something to support this information}%
139 \def\cwpleasecitemarginnote{Cite}%
140 %
141 \@ifpackageloaded{babel}%
142 {%
143
       \IfLanguageName{brazil}%
144
       \def\cwdrafttitle{Rascunho}%
145
       \def\cwcommentstitle{Lista de Comentários}%
146
       \def\cwsubjtitle{Lista de Assuntos}%
147
       \def\cwcitationstitle{Necessidades de Citação}%
148
       \def\cwpleasecitetext{Favor citar}%
149
       \def\cwpleasecitemessage{alguma coisa que suporte este texto}%
150
       \def\cwpleasecitemarginnote{Citar}%
151
152
       }{}%
       \IfLanguageName{brazilian}%
153
       {%
154
           \def\cwdrafttitle{Rascunho}%
155
           \def\cwcommentstitle{Lista de Comentários}%
156
157
           \def\cwsubjtitle{Lista de Assuntos}%
```

```
\def\cwcitationstitle{Necessidades de Citação}%
158
           \def\cwpleasecitetext{Favor citar}%
159
           \def\cwpleasecitemessage{alguma coisa que suporte este texto}%
160
           \def\cwpleasecitemarginnote{Citar}%
161
       }{}%
162
163 %
164
       \IfLanguageName{portuguese}%
165
           \def\cwdrafttitle{Rascunho}%
166
           \def\cwcommentstitle{Lista de Comentários}%
167
           \def\cwsubjtitle{Lista de Assuntos}%
168
           \def\cwcitationstitle{Necessidades de Citação}%
169
170
           \def\cwpleasecitetext{Favor citar}%
           \def\cwpleasecitemessage{alguma coisa que suporte este texto}%
171
           \def\cwpleasecitemarginnote{Citar}%
172
       }{}%
173
174 %
       \IfLanguageName{english}%
175
176
177
           \def\cwdrafttitle{Draft}%
           \def\cwcommentstitle{List of Comments}%
178
           \def\cwsubjtitle{List of Subjects}%
179
           \def\cwcitationstitle{List of Citation Needs}%
180
           \def\cwpleasecitetext{Plese cite}%
181
           \def\cwpleasecitemessage{something to support this information}%
182
183
           \def\cwpleasecitemarginnote{Cite}%
       }{}%
184
185 }%
186 {}%
```

## 18.9 ed inspired code

Cite:20

This code, inspired in the ed package<sup>20</sup>, makes the basic mechanism for inserting comments as footnotes with an observation in the margin. As an adition to ed, it support colors and some text before the superscript number in the text

cwnotecounter Setting up the counter that gives the number of the footnote

187 \newcounter{cwnotecounter}%

#### 18.9.1 The footnote

Format for the text

188 \newcommand\cw@noteshape{\sffamily}%

 $<sup>^{20}\</sup>mathrm{Cite}$ :Plese cite ed package

Defining the variable that holds the color to be printed. soul made it quite complex, global variable is not the best programming technique, but it works.

```
189 \def\cw@currentcolor{black}%
```

footnote indicador e rótulo

This macro write the text in the footnote using with standard LATEX \footnotetext \cw@foot

> It uses counter cwnotecounter in arabic. It prints the footnote using the currently defined color (That is a global variable, setted up elsewehre. This is not good programming practice, but it turned out to be the easiest way of doing it in LATEX without more and more arguments.)

```
Syntax: \cw@foot{\langle footnote-text\rangle}{\langle author-name\rangle}{\langle label\rangle}
```

If this is a labeled note, it will create a LATEX label on the format

```
cw:\langle label \rangle
```

That can be used in a \ref command.

```
190 \newcommand\cw@foot[3]%
192 \def\@test{#3}% @test just checks if argument #3 exists
193 \footnotetext[\arabic{cwnotecounter}]%
195 {\scshape{\textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{#2}}}%
196 \if\Qtest\%
197 \@empty%
198 \else%
199 \label{cw:#3}%
200 \textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{[#3]}% if \meta{label} is not empty
202 \textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{:}}%
203 \cw@noteshape\textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{#1}}%
204 }%
```

\cw@mark This macro generates the footnote mark with standard LATEX \footnotemark

```
205 \def\cw@mark@style#1{#1}%
206 \newcommand\cw@mark[1]{\cw@mark@style{\footnotemark[#1]}}%
```

\cwsetcommwarn notemark

\cw@beforemarksymbol These macros control the symbol (or any text) that can appear before the foot-

 $\langle symbol \rangle$  can be of any length, but we suggest only one character. It can be empty, what is the default option, and will print nothing at that point.

```
207 \newcommand{\cw@beforemarksymbol}{}%
208 \newcommand{\cwsetcommwarn}[1]{\def\cw@beforemarksymbol{#1}}\%
```

\cw@footnote This macro actually makes the footnote symbol, mark and text

Syntax is:

```
\cw@footnote{\langle text \rangle}{\langle name \rangle}{\langle label \rangle} \langle label \rangle can be empty, but must be present
```

It is in this macro that symbol, number and footnote mark end up in the document.

This command also changes the color of footnote mark WARNING: it does that by redefining \@makefnmark, however this interferes with normal LATEX operation. Therefore we save and restore the original value.

Whe change the \@makefnmark to a slighter different version that includes color, that is controlled by a "global" is a variable of coop-writing, even if is not global in the \gdef sense.

It is possible that this cause, in a style that changes the footnote, some difference between coop-writing footnotes and normal (style) footnotes. This is not bad necessarily, it can even be good.

### 18.9.2 The margin note

This macro builds the margin note.

```
216 \newcommand\cw@margin[1]{%
217 \ifmargins%
218 \marginpar{\textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{#1}}%
219 \fi%
220 }%

\Cw@note Basic function to build the comment
\Cw@note{\langle text\rangle} \{\langle ame \rangle} \{\langle abel \rangle}\}

If not label, it must be empty

221 \newcommand\Cw@note[3]% text, name, label
222 {%
223 \addtocounter{cwnotecounter}{1}%
224 \ifshowednotes%
225 \cw@footnote{#1}{#2}{#3}%
```

```
227 \belowpdfbookmark{#2: #1}{cwnotepdfbm.\thecwnotecounter}%
                228 \fi%
                229 \fi}%
                 More functions for doing the editorial note
                230 \newcommand\cw@note[4]% text, type, label, margin
                231 {\Cw@note{#1}{#2}{#3}%}
                232 \ifshowednotes%
                233 \cw@margin{#4:\arabic{cwnotecounter}}%
                234 \fi}%
                235 \newcommand\cwnote@label{Editor}%
                236 \newcommand\cwnote@margin{Ed}%
                237 \newcommand\cwnotelabel[1]{\def\cwnote@label{#1}}%
                238 \newcommand\cwnotemargin[1]{\def\cwnote@margin{#1}}%
                239 \newcommand{\Cwnote} [2] [] {\Cw@note{#2}\cwnote@label{#1}}%
        \cwnote It writes the footnote, the symbol and the margin.
                    To avoid problems we keep \cw@currentcolor
                    WARNING: will this use a lot of memory? Every creation will keep the old
                 value alive?
                240 \newcommand{\cwnote}[3][]{%
                241 \let\@temp@color\cw@currentcolor%
                242 \def\cw@currentcolor{#3}%
                243 \cw@note{#2}%
                244 \cwnote@label{#1}%
                245 \cwnote@margin%
                246 \let\cw@currentcolor\@temp@color%
                247 }%
                 https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/30483/how-can-i-check-in-latex-or-plain-
                 tex-whether-a-command-exists-by-name as opções comentario, assuntos e anoni-
                 mizar CORES
       \corleve Make a color lighter for later use in highlightings This code is more complex than it
                 shuould be because o soulutf8's package \hl behavior. Solution found in: https:
                 //tex.stackexchange.com/questions/410295/soul-color-transparency
                248 \newcommand{\cor@suavizacao}{40}%
                249 \newcommand{\corleve} [1] {#1!\cor@suavizacao!white}
\cwsetanoncolor Sets the color used to indicate what will be anonymized
                250 \newcommand{\cwsetanoncolor}[1]{\def\cw@editAnonColor{#1}}
                251 \cwsetanoncolor{blue}
```

226 \ifednotebookmarks%

```
\cw@hll Light highlight makes a \hl that is lighter

252 \newcommand{\cw@hll}[2]% % Depedendo do soulutf8
253 {\colorlet{x@coraqui}{\corleve{#1}}%
254 \sethlcolor{x@coraqui}%
255 \hl{#2}%
256 }%

Isolating cwnote

257 %% rótulo texto cor indicador
258 \newcommand{\cw@cwnote}[4][]{%
259 \cwnotelabel{#4}%
260 \cwnotemargin{#4}%
261 \cwnote[#1]{#2}{#3}%
262 }%
```

## 18.10 Anonymization

Will write anonymous or cite anonymous. The user has a way to configure the citation as he or she wants.

```
\cw@anontext Default values for anonymous citation.
       \cw@anoncitetext
     \cw@anonciteptext ^{263} %
    \label{lem:cw_anoncitettext} $$ \cw@anoncitettext $$ ^{264} \rightarrow $$ \cw@anontext}{Anonymous}$
                                                      265 \newcommand{\cw@anoncitetext}{(Anonymous, Year)}%
                                                      266 \newcommand{\cw@anonciteptext}{(Anonymous, Year)}%
                                                      267 \newcommand{\cw@anoncitettext}{Anonymous (Year)}%
            \cwdefanontext
                                                        These macros allow to define how anonymous citations will appear is anonymous
  \cwdefanoncitetext
                                                        mode is activated. For exemplo, one can change all the citation formats to [0].
\cwdefanonciteptext
                                                     268 \newcommand{\cwdefanontext}[1]{\renewcommand{\cw@anontext}{#1}}%
\cwdefanoncitettext
                                                      269 \newcommand{\cw@anoncitetext}[1]{\renewcommand{\cw@anoncitetext}{#1}}%
                                                      270 \ \texttt{\newcommand{\cwdefanonciteptext}[1]{\command{\cwdenonciteptext}{\#1}}}
                                                      271 \newcommand{\cwdefanoncitettext}[1]{\renewcommand{\cw@anoncitettext}{#1}}%
                                                      272 \if@beanonymous
                                                      273 \newcommand{\cwanon}[1]{\cw@anontext}%
                                                      274 \newcommand{\cwanoncite}[2][]{\cw@anoncitetext}%
                                                      275 \newcommand{\cwanoncitep} [2] [] {\cw@anonciteptext}%
                                                      276 \newcommand{\cwanoncitet}[2][]{\cw@anoncitettext}%
                                                      277 \else% be anonymous
                                                      278 \if@modoedicao%
                                                      279 \mbox{$\c\mbox{cwanon}[1]_{\t\mbox{cw}\c}$} 1) % The weak of the control of
                                                      280 \newcommand{\cwanoncite}[2][]%
                                                      281 {%
                                                      282 \ifstrempty{#1}%
```

```
283 {\textcolor{\cw@editAnonColor}{\cite{#2}}}%
284 {\textcolor{\cw@editAnonColor}{\cite[#1]{#2}}}%
285 }%
286 \else% modo edicao
287 \newcommand{\cwanon} [1] {\#1}%
288 \newcommand{\cwanoncite}[2][]%
290 \ \text{ifstrempty} \{ #1 \} \%
291 { \text{cite}{#2}} %
292 {\cite[#1]{#2}}%
293 }%
294 \fi\% modoedicao
295 %
297 % where ifdef comes from?
298 \ \texttt{\fdef{\citep}}\%
299 {% tem citep
300 \newcommand{\cwanoncitep}[2][]%
301 {%
302 \if@modoedicao%
303 \ \text{ifstrempty} \{ \#1 \} \%
{\tt 304~{\tt \citep{\#2}}}\%
305 {\textcolor{\cw@editAnonColor}{\citep[#1]{#2}}}%
306 \else% modo edicao
307 \ifstrempty{#1}%
308 {\citep{#2}}%
309 {\citep[#1]{#2}}%
310 \fi% mode edicao
311 }%
312 }%
313 {% não tem citep
314 \newcommand{\cwanoncitep}[2][]
315 {\ifstrempty{#1}%
316 {\cwanoncite{#2}}%
317 {\cwanoncite[#1]{#2}}%
318 }%
319 }%
321 \left\{ \left( \right) \right\}
322 {% tem citet
323 \newcommand{\cwanoncitet}[2][]%
324 {%
325 \if@modoedicao%
326 \ifstrempty{#1}%
327 {\textcolor{\cw@editAnonColor}{\citet{#2}}}%
328 {\textcolor{\cw@editAnonColor}{\citet[#1]{#2}}}%
329 \else% modo edicao
330 \ifstrempty{#1}%
331 {\citet{#2}}%
332 { \text{(itet[#1]{#2})} % }
```

```
333 \fi% mode edicao
                     334 }%
                     335 }%
                     336 {% não tem citet
                     337 \newcommand{\cwanoncitet}[2][]
                     338 {%
                     339 \ifstrempty{#1}%
                     340 {\cwanoncite{#2}}%
                     341 {\cwanoncite[#1]{#2}}%
                     342 }%
                     343 }%
                     344 \fi% be anonymous
                     \cwblind Defines a new macro for blind review commands \cwblind{(command)}{(open)
                      text}{\langle blind \ text}}
                     346 \if@beanonymous%
                     347 \newcommand{\cwblind}[3]{%
                     348 \newcommand{#1}{#3}%
                     349 }%
                     350 \ensuremath{\setminus} \texttt{else} \%
                     351 \if@modoedicao%
                     352 \newcommand{\cwblind}[3]{%
                     353 \newcommand{#1}{\textcolor{\cw@editAnonColor}{#2}}% AQUI
                     354 }%
                     355 \else
                     356 \newcommand{\cwblind}[3]{%
                     357 \newcommand{#1}{#2}%
                     358 }%
                     359 \fi%
                     360 \fi%
                      18.11
                                 Subjects
                          The idea of subjects is to have one subject for each paragraph.
                          There are two commands to support it: \c subject[\langle highlight\text{-}color\rangle] \{\langle subject\rangle\}
                      and \cmain[\langle highlight\text{-}color\rangle] \{\langle line\text{-}inside\text{-}a\text{-}paragraph}\rangle\}
                          Both are listed with \listofsubject.
\cwsetsubjectcolor Sets color for all cwsubject and cwcolor
   \cwsetmaincolor
                     361 \newcommand{\cwsetsubjectcolor}[1]{\def\cor@subject{#1}}%
                     362 \newcommand{\cwsetmaincolor}[1]{\def\cor@main{#1}}\%
         \cwsubject Currently is just a list of subjects and and a highlight
```

This is an use for cwsubject

it is a header for a paragraph.

```
363 \if@showsubjects
364 \newcommand{\listsubject}{\cwsubjtitle}%
365 %% cria a lista, depende do pacoto tcloft
Memoir class needs 2 commands to really define a list It also changes the
\newlistof arguments' meaning
366 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
367 \@ifundefined{chapter}%
368 {\newlistentry[section]{subject}{aaa}{0}}
369 {\newlistentry[chapter]{subject}{aaa}{0}}
370 \newlistof{listofsubject}{aaa}{\listsubject}
371 \else%
372 \@ifundefined{chapter}%
373 {\newlistof[section]{subject}{aaa}{\listsubject}}%
374 {\newlistof[chapter]{subject}{aaa}{\listsubject}}%
375 \fi%
376 %
377 %
378 \newcommand{\cwsubject}[2][\cor@subject]{%
379 \refstepcounter{subject}%
380 \sethlcolor{#1}%
381 \h1{#2}%
382 \par%
383 % I really can't say why we need to
384 % avoid curly braces in the next command
385 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
386 \addcontentsline{aaa}{subject}{\protect\numberline{\the subject}#2}%
387 \else%
388 \addcontentsline{aaa}{subject}{\protect\numberline{\the subject}{\#2}}%
389 \fi%
390 }%
```

\cwmain This is another way to control the main idea for a paragraph, but using an sentence inside it.

This is a use for cwmain. In the first sentence of a paragraph.

Trying to configure it:

This is a use for cwmain. In the first sentence of a paragraph.

```
391 \newcommand{\cwmainemphasis} [1] {\hl{#1}}
392 %
393 \newcommand{\cwmain} [2] [\cor@main] {%
394 \refstepcounter{subject}%
395 \sethlcolor{#1}%
396 \cwmainemphasis{#2}%
397 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
```

```
\label{lem:line} $$ \addcontentsline{aaa}{subject}{\operatorname{line}(\the subject)} $$
398
                                             \else%
399
                                              \verb|\addcontentsline{aaa}{subject}{\protect\\numberline{\the subject}{\#2}} | % addcontents | % 
400
                                              \fi%
401
402 }%
403 %
404 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
405 \else%
406 \setlength{\cftsubjectnumwidth}{\cw@cftnumwidth}%
407 \fi%
408 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc lse}\%}
409 \newcommand{\listofsubject}{}%
410 \newcommand{\cwsubject}[2][]{}%
411 \newcommand{\cwmain}[2][]{#2}
412 \fi%
```

## 18.12 Editorial Comments

The main subject of this package

```
413 \if@showcomentario
414 %% Resolve a lista de comentários
415 \newcommand{\listcomentario}{\cwcommentstitle}%
416 %% cria a lista
417 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
418 \@ifundefined{chapter}%
419 {\newlistentry[section]{comentario}{ccc}{0}}
420 {\newlistentry[chapter]{comentario}{ccc}{0}}
421 \newlistof{listofcomentario}{ccc}{\listcomentario}%
422 \else%
423 \@ifundefined{chapter}
424 {\newlistof[section]{comentario}{ccc}{\listcomentario}}
425 {\newlistof[chapter]{comentario}{ccc}{\listcomentario}}\%
426 \fi%
427 %%
428 %% Comentador genérico - parte I
429 %% faz o cwnote e soma na lista
430 %% [rótulo], texto, cor, indicador
431 \newcommand{\cw@comentar} [4] [] {%
432 \ifstrempty{#4}{%
433 \% rótulo texto cor indicador
434 \cw@cwnote[#1]{#2}{#3}{Comentário}% faz a nota de rodapé do ed
435 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
436 \addcontentsline{ccc}{comentario}{\protect\numberline{\thecomentario}#2}%
437 \ensuremath{\setminus} \texttt{else}\%
438 \ add contents line \{ccc\} \{comentario\} \{protect \ number line \{the comentario\} \{\#2\}\} \}
439 \fi%
440 }%
441 {%
```

```
442 \cw@cwnote[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
443 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
444 \ add contents line {\tt ccc} {\tt comentario} {\tt flow} for the comentario {\tt flow} 
447 \fi%
448 }%
449 }%
450 %% comentador genérico, parte II
451 %% faz o highlight , soma o step e comenta
452 %% [texto hl] footnote cor indicator
453 \newcommand{\cw@comment}[4][]{%
454 \refstepcounter{comentario}% soma um ao contador
455 \cw@hll{#3}{#1}% ver subfunção de impressão com hl
456 \cw@comentar{#2}{#3}{#4}%
457 }%
458 %%
459 %%
460 \newcommand{\cw@xcomment} [4] [] {%
461 \refstepcounter{comentario}% soma um ao contador
462 \wdots 011{\#3}{\#1}\% ver subfunção de impressão com hl
463 \cw@comentar{\sout{#2}}{#3}{#4}%
464 }%
465 %%
466 %%
467 %% comentador genérico com rótulo
468 %% [texto hl] footnote cor indicator rótulo
469 \newcommand{\cw@commentLabeled}[5][]{%
470 \refstepcounter{comentario}%
471 \cw@hll{#3}{#1}%
472 \cw@comentar[#5]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
473 }%
474 %%
475 %% [texto hl] footnote cor indicator rótulo
476 \newcommand{\cw@xcommentLabeled} [5] [] {%
477 \refstepcounter{comentario}%
478 \cw@hl1{#3}{#1}%
479 \cw@comentar[#5]{\sout{#2}}{#3}{#4}%
480 }%
481 %%
482 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
483 \else%
484 \end{th} {\tt cftcomentarionumwidth} {\tt cw@cftnumwidth} {\tt cw@cftn
485 \fi%
486 \ensuremath{\setminus} \mathtt{else}
487 \newcommand{\cw@comentar} [4] [] {}%
488 \newcommand{\listofcomentario}{}%
489 %% não pode perder o texto comentado
490 \newcommand{\cw@comment}[4][]{#1}%
491 \newcommand{\cw@commentLabeled}[5][]{#1}%
```

```
492 \newcommand{\cw@xcomment} [4] [] {#1} 493 \newcommand{\cw@xcommentLabeled} [5] [] {#1}% 494 \fi%|
```

## 18.13 Suggestions, Removes and Changes

```
495 %% comentário, cor, indicador, textovelho, cor velho, textonovo, cor novo
496 %% Em modo publicar coloca o textovelho
497 \if@showsugestao
498 \newcommand{\cw@gensug}[7][Uma proposta]{%
499 \textcolor{#5}{\sout{#4}}% CORRIGINDO AQUI
500 \textcolor{#7}{#6}%
501 \if@showcomentario%
502 \ifstrempty{#1}{}%
503 {\refstepcounter{comentario}%
504 \cw@comentar{#1}{#2}{#3}% [r\'otulo], cor , footnote , indicador
505 }%
506 \fi%
507 } % [rótulo], cor , footnote , indicador
508 \else%
509 \setminus if@modopublicaraceitando
510 \newcommand{\cw@gensug} [7] [] \{\#6\}\%
511 \else%
512 \newcommand{\cw@gensug} [7] [] {#4}%
513 \fi%
514 \fi%
```

## 18.14 File Control

```
\cwinput
       \cwinclude
                    515 \setminus if@modoedicao
  \cwinputediting
                    516 \newcommand{\cwinput}[3]{\input{#1}}
\cwincludeediting 517 \newcommand{\cwinclude} [3] {\include{#1}}
   \label{eq:cwinputsubmit} $$ \frac{518}{518} \left( \frac{1}{1}_{1}_{1}\right) $$
 \verb|\cwincludesubmit|_{519} \verb|\cwincludeediting| [1] {\cwinclude{#1}} 
  \verb|\cwinputpublish|_{520} \\ \verb|\cwinputsubmit| [1]{} \\
\verb|\cwincludepublish| 521 \verb|\newcommand{\cwincludesubmit}[1]{|}
                    522 \mbox{ newcommand{\cwinputpublish} [1]{}}
                    523 \newcommand{\cwincludepublish}[1]{}
                    524 \fi
                    525 \if@modopublicar
                    526 \newcommand{\cwinput} [3]{\input{#3}}
                    527 \newcommand{\cwinclude} [3] {\include{#3}}
                    528 \newcommand{\cwinputediting}[1]{}
                    529 \newcommand{\cwincludeediting}[1]{}
                    530 \newcommand{\cwinputsubmit}[1]{}
                    531 \newcommand{\cwincludesubmit}[1]{}
                    532 \newcommand{\cwinputpublish}[1]{\input{#1}}
```

```
533 \newcommand{\cwincludepublish}[1]{\include{#1}}
534 \fi
535 \if@modosubmeter
536 \newcommand{\cwinput}[3]{\input{#2}}
537 \newcommand{\cwinclude}[3]{\include{#2}}
538 \newcommand{\cwinputediting}[1]{}
539 \newcommand{\cwincludeediting}[1]{}
540 \newcommand{\cwinputsubmit}[1]{\input{#1}}
541 \newcommand{\cwincludesubmit}[1]{\include{#1}}
542 \newcommand{\cwincludepublish}[1]{}
543 \newcommand{\cwincludepublish}[1]{}
544 \fi
```

\cwincludepublish

### 18.15 Citations Needed

One common error of students is not to cite correctly. Citation errors are so common that I decided to provide the option to have an optional list just for them. They are enable together with commentaries, users can use them or not.

```
545 \if@showcomentario%
546 \ \texttt{\label{listcomentarioref}} \{\texttt{\label{listcomentarioref}} \} $$
547 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
548 \@ifundefined{chapter}%
549 {\newlistentry[section]{comentarioref}{ccr}{0}}
550 {\newlistentry[chapter]{comentarioref}{ccr}{0}}
551 \newlistof{listofcomentarioref}{ccr}{\listcomentarioref}
552 \else%
553 \@ifundefined{chapter}%
554 {\newlistof[section]{comentarioref}{ccr}{\listcomentarioref}}
555 {\newlistof[chapter]{comentarioref}{ccr}{\listcomentarioref}}%
556 \fi%
557 \else%
558 \newcommand{\listofcomentarioref}{}%
559 \fi%
560 \if@showcomentario%
561 \newcommand{\cw@commentref}[3][]{%
562 \refstepcounter{comentarioref}%
563 \cw@hll{#3}{#1}%
564 \cw@cwnote{#2}{#3}{\cwpleasecitemarginnote}%
565 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
566 \ add contents line \{ccr\} \{comentarioref\} \{protect \mid mumber line \{the comentarioref\} \#2\} \% \}
568 \ \texttt{\ add} contents \texttt{\ line\{ccr\}\{comentarioref\}\{\ protect\ number line\{\ the comentarioref\}\{\#2\}\}\}} 
569 \fi%
570 }%
571 \if@cwmemoirdefense%
572 \else%
```

```
573 \setlength{\cftcomentariorefnumwidth}{\cw@cftnumwidth}%
574 \fi%
575 \else%
576 \newcommand{\cw@commentref}[3]{}%
577 \fi%
578 \if@showcomentario

\pleasecite \pleasecite[\langle footnote-text \rangle]
579
580 \newcommand{\pleasecite}[1][\cwpleasecitemessage]{%
581 \cw@commentref{\cwpleasecitetext\ #1}{\cor@citar}}%
582 \else%
583 \newcommand{\pleasecite}[1][]{}%
584 \fi%
```

### 18.16 Draft

cwdraft

600 %

This environment creates a boxed text, with title used as a first parameter It uses package mdframed to create the frame. If draft is turned off as an option, it supress everything inside the body. Due to problems with soul accepting \cwdrafttitle we use \colorbox to support multiple languages if default title is used

```
585 \if@showdraft%
586 \NewEnviron{cwdraft}[1][]{%
587 \ifstrempty{#1}%
588 {\colorbox{\corleve{\cor@hldraft}}{\textbf{\cwdrafttitle}}}%
589 {\cw@hll{\cor@hldraft}{\textbf{#1}}}%
590 \newline%
591 \BODY%
592 }%
593 {}%
594 \surroundwithmdframed{cwdraft}%
595 \else%
596 \NewEnviron{cwdraft}[1][]{}{}%
597 \fi%
```

599 \newcommand{\cwsetdraftcolor}[1]{\def\cor@hldraft{#1}}

## 18.17 Powerful command to create editors and authors

This allows for many types of comments. This was the reason I started using a front-end to ed, and later decided to use colors, that ed dones not support. If I

had known of color-edits, maybe this package was never done. I actually implemented the same functionalities without knowing about that package. One day, looking for other editorial packages that used editorial symbols, I found coloredits, but it was too late, I was already hooked on LATEX programming addiction. nome do autor, cor, identificador

#### \cwnamedef

```
601 \newcommand{\cwnamedef}[3]{%
         602 %% cwcomment - texto a hl, cor, comentário, indicador de pessoa
         603 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1\endcsname[2][]%
         604 {%
         605 \cw@comment[##1]{##2}{#2}{#3}}%
         606 % [texto a marcar], cor , comentário, palavra, rótulo
         607 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1r\endcsname[3][]%
         608 {\cw@commentLabeled[##1]{##2}{#2}{#3}{##3}}%
         609 %% cortados
         610 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1x\endcsname[2][]%
         611 {%
         612 %% Comentários
         613 \cw@xcomment[##1]{##2}{#2}{#3}}%
         614 %% [texto a marcar], cor , comentário, palavra, rótulo
         615 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1rx\endcsname[3][]%
         617 %% sugestões
         618 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1sug\endcsname[2][]%
         619 {\cw@gensug[##1]{#2}{#3}{}{#2}{##2}{#2}}%
         620 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1rem\endcsname[2][]%
         621 {\cw@gensug[##1]{#2}{#3}{##2}{#2}{}}
         622 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1troca\endcsname[3][]%
         623 {\cw@gensug[##1]{#2}{#3}{##2}{##3}{#2}}%
         624 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1swap\endcsname[3][]%
         625 {\cw@gensug[##1]{#2}{#3}{##2}{##3}{##2}}}%
          These are the two standard users.
\cwauthor
\cweditor
          627 \cwnamedef{cwauthor}{red}{Author}
         628 \cwnamedef{cweditor}{blue}{Editor}
```

## 18.18 To do notes

This was developed because some of my students started a text using todonotes, before being aware of my package, therefore I need to have some compatibility to make de change. With time it became useful and I will try to make something better in the future.

\todo If option inline is not used, it is only a front-end to an editorial comment for a

Xexéo:21

user called "To do". If it is used, it tries to simulate the simplest behavior of todonotes package. In the future this can be enhanced, since package mdframe is very powerful. If the non-inline version is used, the to do note will not appear in the List of Commentaries.<sup>21</sup>

```
629 \newcommand{\cw@todobackgroundcolor}{orange}%
630 \cwnamedef{cw@todoauthor}{orange}{To do}%
631 \if@showtodo%
632 \newcommand{\todo}[2][comentar]{%
633 \IfEq{inline}{#1}%
634 {%
635 \begin{mdframed} [backgroundcolor=\cw@todobackgroundcolor]
637 \end{mdframed}%
638 }%
639 {%
640 \cw@todoauthor{#2}%
641 }%
642 }%
643 \else%\if@showtodo
644 \newcommand{\todo}[2][]{}%
645 \fi%
```

\cwdefinetodocolor Allows the definition of a background color for todo notes.

 $646 \end{\cwdefine} {\tt 1} {\tt cwdefine} {\tt command} {\tt cwdefine} {\tt cwdefine} {\tt command} {\tt cwdefine} {\tt cwdefine} {\tt command} {\tt cwdefine} {\tt cwdef$ 

## 18.19 Portuguese/English, or inverse translation table

These next lines of code made easy to convert this package to English, because it was written in Portuguese, for Brazilian researchers. Some commands were rewritten in English with time, such as rascunho, but the Portuguese version will always be maintained, while other were translated using only his mechanism.

```
647 \let\rascunho=\cwdraft%
648 \let\cwassunto=\cwsubject%
649 \let\favorcitar=\pleasecite%
650 \let\cwautor=\cwnamedef%
651 \let\listofcomments=\listofcomentario%
652 \let\listofcitationneeds=\listofcomentarioref%
653 \let\listofassunto=\listofsubject%
654 \let\listofsubjects=\listofsubject%
655 %
```

End of Code

 $<sup>^{21}\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o:}lt$  would be nice to check if todonotes is load and just use it

## References

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- [Koh11] Michael Kohlhase. The Ed package. Editorial Notes for LaTeX documents. Version 1.8. July 1, 2011. URL: https://gl.kwarc.info/kwarc/macros/tree/master/ed (visited on 05/29/2021).
- [Mid21] Henrik Skov Midtiby. The todonotes package. Apr. 26, 2021. URL: http://www.ctan.org/pkg/todonote (visited on 05/29/2021).
- [Min09] B. Minto. The Pyramid Principle: Logic in Writing and Thinking. Financial Times Series. Financial Times Prentice Hall, 2009. ISBN: 9780273710516.

## Change History

v1.0	ToC. This is an option in
General: First version 1	tocloft, but Book does not
v1.1	behave like that
General: You can put an aditional	v1.2.4
symbol before the comment	General: Corrections for CTAN 1
superscript number 1	v1.3
v1.1.1	General: New macro cwblind 1
General: Fix some bugs,	v1.3.1
anonymization back on manual 1	General: Fix bug on todo and
v1.1.2	publish 1
General: PDF bookmarks can't	v1.3.2
$ \text{handle full UTF}  \dots  1 $	General: Fix bug on citation
v1.2.0	anonymous 1
General: New command cwmain	v1.3.3
and configuration for it 1	General: Fix behavior of
v1.2.1	anonymize and noanonymize to
General: Fixing problems with	be stronger than modes 1
footnote mark color and also	v1.4
recovering $\LaTeX$ command	General: Now there are commands
(at-sign)makefnmark 1	to include files in special
v1.2.2	situations $\dots \dots 1$
General: Memoir class, used by	v1.4.1
abnetex2, used by my	General: Text that will be
department, "emulates" tocloft,	anonimized will appear in a
but not correctly. Many IFs	different color $\dots 1$
were necessary 1	v1.4.2
v1.2.3	General: Citation that will be
General: CoppeTex class asks for	anonimized will appear in a
LoF and etc to appear in	different color 1

## $\mathbf{Index}$

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

Symbols	\@showdraftfalse	\citep 298,
\@anonimizarfalse . 11	14, 63, 72	304, 305, 308, 309
\@anonimizartrue 25, 38	\@showdrafttrue	\citet 321,
\@beanonymous 8, 10	23, 42, 55	327, 328, 331, 332
\@beanonymousfalse .	\@showsubjectsfalse	\color 211
13, 58, 74, 79	15, 62, 70	\colorbox 588
\@beanonymoustrue 66,83	\@showsubjectstrue .	
\@cwmemoirdefensefalse	28, 41, 54	\colorlet 253
123	\@showsugestaofalse	\coopwritingversion
\@cwmemoirdefensetrue	16, 65, 71	<u>1, 2</u>
120	\@showsugestaotrue .	\cor@cand 127
\@cwtoclofttitlesfalse	27, 40, 57	\cor@citar 130, 581
22	\@showtodofalse	\cor@hldraft
\@cwtoclofttitlestrue		. 131, 588, 589, 599
51		\cor@main . 129, 362, 393
	\Qshowtodotrue 43, 59	\cor@prof 126
\@empty 197	\Otemp@color 241, 246	$\cor@suavizacao$ 248, 249
\@ifclassloaded 100, 118	\@temp@makefnmark .	\cor@subject
\@ifpackageloaded .		$\dots 128, 361, 378$
\@ifundefined	\Otest 192, 196	\corleve $248$ , $253$ , $588$
•	\@textsuperscript . 211	\csname 603,
367, 372,	\@thefnmark 211	607, 610, 615,
418, 423, 548, 553		618, 620, 622, 624
\@makefnmark	\ E01	\cw@anonciteptext
\Qmodoedicaofalse . 18	\ 581	263, 270, 275
	Α	\cw@anoncitetext
\@modoedicaotrue 29, 44 \@modopublicaraceitandofa		263, 269, 274
\emodopublicaraceitandola		\cw@anoncitettext .
\@modopublicaraceitandotr	. 386, 388, 398,	<u>263</u> , 271, 276
——————————————————————————————————————		\cw@anontext
	444, 446, 566, 568	<u>263,</u> 268, 273
\@modopublicarfalse 20	\addtocounter 223	\cw@beforemarksymbol
\@modopublicartrue .	В	207, 212
31, 33, 46, 48	<del>-</del>	\cw@cftnumwidth
\@modosubmeterfalse 19	\belowpdfbookmark . 227	. 132, 406, 484, 573
\@modosubmetertrue .	\BODY 591	\cw@comentar
	$\mathbf{C}$	. 431, 456, 463,
\@naoanonimizarfalse 12	_	472, 479, 487, 504
\@naoanonimizartrue	\cftcomentarionumwidth	
		\cw@comment 453, 490, 605
\@showcomentariofalse	\cftcomentariorefnumwidth	
$\dots \dots $		469, 491, 608
\@showcomentariotrue	\cftsubjectnumwidth 406	\cw@commentref
$\dots 24, 37, 56, 86$	\cite . $283, 284, 291, 292$	$\dots 561, 576, 581$

\cw@currentcolor 189,	\cwdefanoncitetext . 268	D
195, 200, 202,	\cwdefanoncitettext ${268}$	\DeclareOption
203, 211, 212,	\cwdefanontext 268	23–32, 36–47, 51
218, 241, 242, 246	\cwdefinetodocolor . $646$	
\cw@cwnote	\cwdcaft	${f E}$
258, 434, 442, 564	cwdraft (environment) 585	\ednotebookmarksfalse
\cw@editAnonColor .	,	
250, 279,	\cwdrafttitle	\ednotebookmarkstrue 5
283, 284, 304,	133, 145,	\else 97, 107, 198, 277,
305, 327, 328, 353	155, 166, 177, 588	286, 306, 329,
\cw@foot <u>190</u> , 213	\cweditor	350,  355,  371,
\cw@footnote $\overline{209}$ , 225	\cwinclude <u>515</u>	387, 399, 405,
\cw@gensug	\cwincludeediting $.515$	408,  422,  437,
. 498, 510, 512,	\cwincludepublish $\frac{515}{515}$	445, 483, 486,
619, 621, 623, 625	\cwincludesubmit $$ $515$	508, 511, 552,
\cw@hl1 $252$ , $455$ , $462$ ,	\cwinput $515$	557, 567, 572,
471, 478, 563, 589	\cwinputediting $515$	575, 582, 595, 643
\cw@margin 216, 233	\cwinputpublish $515$	\end 637
\cw@mark <u>205</u> , 212	\cwinputsubmit $515$	\endcsname 603,
cw@mark@style  205, 206	\cwmain $391$	607, 610, 615,
\Cw@note $221$ , 231, 239	\cwmainemphasis 391, 396	618, 620, 622, 624
\cw@note 230, 243	\cwnamedef $601$ ,	environments:
\cw@noteshape . $188, 203$	627, 628, 630, 650	
\cw@todoauthor $640$	\Cwnote 239	cwdraft <u>585</u>
$\cv$ todobackgroundcolor	\cwnote 240, 261	\expandafter 603,
$\dots$ 629, 635, 646	\cwnote@label	607, 610, 615,
$\colongle$	. 235, 237, 239, 244	618, 620, 622, 624
\cw@xcomment	\cwnote@margin	TO.
$\dots$ 460, 492, 613	236, 238, 245	<b>F</b>
$\verb \cw@xcommentLabeled  \\$	\cwnotecounter 187	\favorcitar 649
$\dots$ 476, 493, 616	\cwnotelabel $237, 259$	\fi 60, 68, 76,
\cwanon $273, 279, 287$	\cwnotemargin . 238, 260	80, 84, 87, 99,
\cwanoncite	\cwpleasecitemarginnote	109,  117,  201,  210,  220,
$.  274, \ 280, \ 288,$	139, 151,	219,  228,  229,  224,  210,
316, 317, 340, 341	161, 172, 183, 564	234,  294,  310,
$\c$ wanoncitep	\cwpleasecitemessage	333, 344, 359,
275, 300, 314	138, 150,	$360,  375,  389, \\ 401,  407,  412,$
\cwanoncitet	160, 171, 182, 580	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
276, 323, 337	\cwpleasecitetext .	$426,  439,  447, \\ 485,  494,  506,$
\cwassunto 648	137, 149,	513, 514, 524,
\cwanthor $\frac{627}{370}$	159, 170, 181, 581	534, 544, 556,
\cwautor	\cwsetanoncolor $250$	554, 544, 550, 559, 569, 574,
\cwblind $346$	\cwsetcommwarn $207$	577, 584, 597, 645
\cwcitationstitle .	\cwsetdraftcolor 598	\footnotemark 206
150 160 100 546	<del></del>	\footnotemark 200
158, 169, 180, 546	\cwsetmaincolor 361	\100 thotelere 193
\cwcommentstitle	\cwsetsubjectcolor . 361	Н
134, 146,	\cwsubject 363, 410, 648	
156, 167, 178, 415	\cwsubjtitle 135, 147,	\hbox 211
\cwdefanonciteptext $268$	157, 168, 179, 364	\hl 255, 381, 391

I 106	\input 516, 518, 526, 532, 536, 540	\pleasecite 579, 649 \printcoopwritingversion
\if	520, 552, 550, 540	$\frac{1}{2}$
\if@anonimizar 11, 82	${f L}$	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
\if@beanonymous	\label 199	\protect 386, 388, 398,
13, 272, 346	\listcomentario	<del>-</del>
\if@cwmemoirdefense	. 415, 421, 424, 425	400, 436, 438,
. 120, 123, 366,	\listcomentarioref .	$444, \ 446, \ 566, \ 568$
385, 397, 404,	. 546, 551, 554, 555	R
417, 435, 443,	\listofassunto 653	\rascunho 647
482, 547, 565, 571	\listofcitationneeds	
\if@cwtoclofttitles		\refstepcounter 379,
22, 105	\listofcomentario .	394, 454, 461,
\if@modoedicao	488, 651	470, 477, 503, 562
$\dots$ 18, 53, 278,	\listofcomentarioref	\relax 52
$302, \ 325, \ 351, \ 515$	558, 652	\renewcommand
\if@modopublicar	\listofcomments 651	268–271, 646
$\dots \dots 20, 69, 525$	\listofsubject	\RequirePackage
\if@modopublicaraceitando	409, 653, 654	88-95, 98, 102,
$\dots \dots $	\listofsubjects 654	106, 108, 113, 117
\if@modosubmeter	\listsubject	Q
$\dots \dots 19, 61, 535$	. 364, 370, 373, 374	S 254 200 205
\if@naoanonimizar 12,78	. 501, 510, 515, 511	\sethlcolor 254, 380, 395
\if@showcomentario .	${f M}$	\setlength 406, 484, 573
$\dots \dots 7, 413,$	\marginpar 218	\sffamily 188
501, 545, 560, 578	\marginstrue 4	\showednotestrue 3
$\$ \if@showdraft $14,585$	\meta 200	\sout 463, 479, 499 \subsubsection 6
\if@showsubjects $15,363$		\surroundwithmdframed
\if@showsugestao 16, 497	N	\surroundwithmairamed
\if@showtodo	\NewEnviron 586, 596	
17, 85, 631, 643	\newif 3-	${f T}$
\ifdef 91, 298, 321	5, 7, 11–22, 120, 123	\textbf 588, 589
\ifednotebookmarks .	\newline 590	\textcolor
$\dots \dots 5, 117, 226$	\newlistentry	. 195, 200, 202,
\IfEq 633	$egin{array}{llll} \dots & 368,  369, \\ 419,   420,   549,   550 \end{array}$	203, 212, 218,
\IfLanguageName		279, 283, 284,
. 143, 153, 164, 175	\newlistof 370, 373,	304, 305, 327,
\ifmargins 4, 217	$374,  421,  424, \\ 425,  551,  554,  555$	328, 353, 499, 500
\ifshowednotes	\normalfont 211	\thecomentario
$\dots$ 3, 96, 224, 232	\numberline	. 436, 438, 444, 446
\ifstrempty 282,		\thecomentarioref .
290, 303, 307,	. 386, 388, 398,	566, 568
315, 326, 330,	$400,  436,  438, \\ 444,  446,  566,  568$	\thecwnotecounter . 227
$339, \ 432, \ 502, \ 587$	444, 440, 500, 508	\thesubject
\include 517, 519,	P	. 386, 388, 398, 400
527, 533, 537, 541	\par 382	\todo <u>629</u>
, , , , ,	-	<del></del>

# List of Comments

1.1	Xexéo: This is an exemple of using this package to make a comment	
	with highlighted text	3
5.1	Xexéo: This is the simplest form of an editorial note	7
5.2	Xexéo: This is the example of the minimal use of an editorial command	8
5.3	Author: Simplest footnote comment	8
	Editor: Comment with highlighting	8
	Author: labeled footnote comment	8
5.6	Author: labeled comment with highlighting	8
	Editor: Simplest footnote comment	9
5.8	Author: Comment with highlighting	9
	Author: labeled footnote comment	9
5.10	Author: labeled comment with highlighting	9
5.11	Editor: I want to insert this	10
5.12	Author: Repeated words	10
5.13	Xexéo: This comment superscript number should be preceded by a ${\it f}$ .	11
5.14	Xexéo: ** Two stars are still low priority	11
10.1	Xexéo: But it will grow in power with time	15
10.2	To do: This is how it works without the inline option	15
18.1	To do: I must complete this explanation list	21
18.2	Xexéo: It would be nice to check if todonotes is load and just use it	38

# List of Citation Needs

18.1 Plese cite memoir package													22
18.2 Plese cite ed package													2

# List of Subjects

8.1	Example of a subject												14
8.2	A pink colored subject												14
8.3	All subjects will be cyan												14
8.4	This is the main idea												14
8.5	This is another main idea .												14
8.6	This is the main idea												14
8.7	This is the main idea $\dots$												15
18.1	This is an use for cwsubject												30
18.2	This is a use for cwmain												31
18.3	This is a use for cwmain												31