## coop-writing v1.0

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### 1 Introduction

Xexéo:1

This package supports editorial comments and gives some extra support for writing papers, or any document that involves more than one author or editor.

Usually, a final version of a document would be printed with the publish option turned one, and no editorial comment would appear. In this document the reader will see some uses of the package, since it is distributted with the editing option turned on. This is done because I must provide the examples of use. A version using publish is available to be used as a comparision.

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o}$ : This is an exemple of using this package to make a comment with highlighted text

### 1.1 A bit of context

coop-writing was written to support my way of working, and received suggestions from my students. The starting goal was to build only a front-end to put together other packages, but with time, and the difficulty to make differente packages with commands that have the same name work together, it grow in scope.

It picks ideas from different packages, such as ed[Koh11], color-edits[Kem20], and todonotes[Mid21], and from my practice writing papers and supervising thesis. As it is my first package, TEX and LATEX programming is sometimes naive. However, due to the large amount of available code, and sites as StackExchange, this is not a rule.

### 1.2 The Brazilian origin

Originally, coop-writing was written in Portuguese. The Portuguese commands are still available.

### 2 How to use coop-writing

coop-writing is available as open source at https://github.com/xexeo/coop-writing. The stable distribution is in the folder dist, while the lastest, and unstable, will be in the root folder.

The only file you really need, besides this manual, is coop-writing.sty. This should be in your LATEX path, such as in the same folder that your main .tex file.

If you are new to LATEX, just put one of these 3 lines in the preamble part of you document, i.e., before \begin{document}:

```
\usepackage[editing]{coop-writing}
\usepackage[submit]{coop-writing}
\usepackage[publish]{coop-writing}
```

After that, you can use \cwauthor or \cweditor to make commentaries, but you must look at the many options available that are described in section 5. You will probably want to define authors as described in subsection 5.1.

You can make suggestions, complain about bugs, and request features using GitHub's "Issues" feature, in https://github.com/xexeo/coop-writing/issues (you must be signed in).

### 2.1 Using from Overleaf

The best way to use coop-writing inside Overleaf is to link the distributed style file through its URL. To do that, inside your project, select first "Up-

load". An "Add files" window will appear, then select "From Externa URL" and enter https://raw.githubusercontent.com/xexeo/coop-writing/main/dist/coop-writing.sty as "URL to fetch the file from" and "coop-writing" as "File Name in This Project", as in Figure 1.

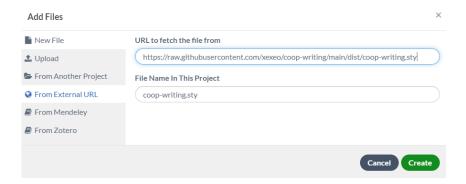


Figure 1: How to link a coop-writing sty file in your project folder in Overleaf to the official distribution.

### 3 Package Options

Using the package allows the use of all macros and environments described in this manual, however, if the options are not turned on, there will be no effect on the generated pdf, since, by default, all options are false.

There are two types of options. The first type enables the visualization of the result of specific macros or environments, such as the cwdraft environment. They are named *command oriented options*. You can use many of them in the same time.

The second type represent a state of the text, which can be editing, submit, or publish, and some minor variations. They are named *state oriented options*.

If they appear together, state oriented commands have precedence over the others. However, the user should avoid mixing command and state oriented options. Also, most of the time, you should use only one of the state oriented options.

It should be clear that the options have no impact on the availability of the macros and environments, they will be there for you to use, but the deeply affect their behavior. A macro that is very complex, such as \cwauthor, if one of options comments or editing is selected, is replaced by a simple version that do almost nothing.

### 3.1 Command oriented options

subjects

• subjects, enables the use of \subject, which is proposed as a paragraph heading describing its subject;

comments drafts

suggestions

• comments, enables all editorial comments and the command \pleasecite;

• drafts, enables the \cwdraft command;

• suggestions, enables the comments definided in the suggestion section of this text.

anonymize todos

- anonymize, enables anonimization commands, and
- todos, enables the to do family of commands.

### 3.2 State oriented options

submit

• submit, enables the submit state. Anonimization is on, subjects, comments, drafts and suggestions are off

noanonymize publish acceptingpublish

- noanonymize, disables anonymizations even in submit and editing options
- publish, disables all command oriented options, ignore suggestions.
- acceptingpublish, disables all command oriented options, accept suggestions

editing

• editing, enables subjects, comments, drafts and suggestions.

#### 3.3 General behavior

The general behavior of this package is to provide different ways of marking your text, for example with comments or to do notes, that can be totally supressed when desired. Mostly, this can be easily done using one the the 3 main option states: editing, submit, and publish.

Users should use the editing state most of the time. In this state, all markings will appear and the anonymization will be off.

When submitting, the submit state will provide a clean article, without any markings. Most of the times the article should be anonymized, but if this is not enforced, it is possible to use the options submit and noanonymize together. publish will never anonymize.

The goal is to make the submit and publish documents states minimally invasive, to avoid any clash with publishers' styles. A clash will be considered a bug, and should be reported to the authors.

If you use comments, there will be a lot of "Marginpar moved" warnings. This is normal behavior, caused by the margin notes.

### 4 Version

It is possible that the user wants to know the version being used. We provide two commands for it.

\coopwritingversion \printcoopwritingversion

Provides the current version

Provides name and version

\coopwritingversion was used in the title of this article. The current version is v1.0.

If needed, the second macro prints also the name of the package:

\printcoopwritingversion

will result in:

coop-writing v. v1.0

Please state the version when reporting bugs.

### 5 Editorial comments

This is the main reason of this package.

The idea is that not only users can make editorial comments on the text they are writing, but they can also establish a dialog through those comments. I this package an editorial comment has 3 visual parts: an intervention in the text, a margin note indicating this intervention, and a footnote explaining it<sup>2</sup>. Figure 2 illustrate this behavior.



Figure 2: How comments appear in the document when editing option is on.

### 5.1 Creating authors

\cwnamedef

This macro creates a series of commands based on a desired base command name. The command name is, usually, the name of the author, of the editor, or a function in the work being done.

Xexéo:2

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o}$ : This is the simplest form of an editorial note.

It must be given in the preamble of the LATEX document, i.e., before the \begin{document} declaration. It is usually done just after the \usepackage{coop-writing} line. Its syntax is:

```
\cwnamedef \{\langle name \rangle\}\{\langle color \rangle\}\{\langle author-name \rangle\}
```

Where  $\langle name \rangle$  will be the base command name, which generates different commands by receiving sufixes,  $\langle color \rangle$  is the color to be used by all comments and suggestions made by this author, and  $\langle author-name \rangle$  is the string to be used to represent the author.

As an example, I usually declare myself as:

```
\cwnamedef{xexeo}{red}{Xexéo}
```

And, among other commands, \xexeo will be defined in such a way that it generates a footnote written in red, with a indicative margin note in the same color. Both will be identified with "Xexéo"<sup>3</sup>.

The  $\langle name \rangle$  and  $\langle author-name \rangle$  are different to support short command names and characters not supported in LATEX macros. Therefore, if you name is Gutemberg you can create a family of commenting macros based on \gut, but use "Gutemberg" as your identifier.

\cwauthor \cweditor

<name>

Two authors are pre-defined in the style, cwauthor and cweditor, to represent an author and an editor.

### 5.2 Available commands

For each user created with command name  $\langle name \rangle$ , such as cwauthor and cweditor, used as example, the following commands are available.

#### 5.2.1 Comments

```
\label{eq:cwauthor} $$ \cwauthor [\langle selection \rangle] {\langle footnote\ comment \rangle} $$ \cweditor [\langle selection \rangle] {\langle footnote\ comment \rangle} $$ $$ \cwauthor [\langle selection \rangle] {\langle footnote\ comment \rangle} $$ $$ $$ \cwauthorr [\langle selection \rangle] {\langle footnote\ comment \rangle} {\langle label \rangle} $$ \cwauthorr [\langle selection \rangle] {\langle footnote\ comment \rangle} {\langle label \rangle} $$ \cwauthorr [\langle selection \rangle] {\langle footnote\ comment \rangle} {\langle label \rangle} $$ $$ \cwauthorr [\langle selection \rangle] {\langle footnote\ comment \rangle} {\langle label \rangle} $$
```

 $\ \c [\langle selection \rangle] \{\langle footnote\ comment \rangle\}$ 

Xexéo:3

Author:4 Editor:5

 $<sup>^4\</sup>mathrm{Author}$ :Simplest footnote comment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Editor: Comment with highlighting

### Author: 6 Author: 7

This command will make a comment in the form of a labeled footnote<sup>6</sup>. It can also be used to highlight some text<sup>7</sup>. The label must be unique, since it is used as a IAT<sub>F</sub>X label too.

### 5.3 Striked-throught comments

After using the editorial comments for a time we started to delete the old ones that represented fixed problems. However, we notice that some comments should be kept, even if solved. The solution was to create the striked-trought comments. They are easy to use, just put an x after the command name.

```
\<name>x
\cwauthorx
\cweditorx
```

```
\ \comment \comment
```

This command will make a comment in the form of a footnote<sup>8</sup>, however the comment is striked through. It can also be used to highlight some text<sup>9</sup>.

```
\<name>rx
\cwauthorrx
\cweditorrx
```

```
\comment \end{array} $$ \comment \end{array} {\langle label \end{array}} $$ \comment \end{array} $$ \comment \end{array} {\langle label \end{array}} $$ \comment \end{array} $$ \comment
```

Author:10 Author:11

Editor:8

Author:9

This command will make a comment in the form of a labeled footnote<sup>10</sup>, however the comment is striked through. It can also be used to highlight some text<sup>11</sup>. The label must be unique, since it is used as a LATEX label too.

### 5.4 Text Modification - Suggestions

Sometimes one of the authors wants to insert, remove or edit some text, but he or she is not sure that every one will agree, therefore he or she can make a suggestion, that will appear with his or her color.

```
\<name>sug
\cwauthorsug
\cweditorsug
```

```
\comment \] \  \{ \langle suggested \ text \rangle \}  \cwauthorsug [\langle comment \rangle] \  \{ \langle suggested \ text \rangle \}  \cweditorsug [\langle comment \rangle] \  \{ \langle suggested \ text \rangle \}
```

This macro supports making a suggestion. It inserts text, using the color chosen by the author. It is also possible to make a comment, but in this command the command is the optional argument.

```
<sup>6</sup>Author[First Label]:labeled footnote comment
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>AUTHOR YET ANOTHER LABEL]: labeled comment with highlighting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Editor: Simplest footnote comment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Author:Comment with highlighting

 $<sup>^{10}\</sup>mathrm{Author[Second\ Label]:} \\ \overline{\text{labeled\ footnote\ comment}}$ 

<sup>11</sup> AUTHOR NEW LABEL]: labeled comment with highlighting

#### Editor:12

\<name>rem \cwauthorrem \cweditorrem As example, in this paragraph the inserted text will appears in the red, and it is possible to use a comment<sup>12</sup>.

 $\comment$   $\comment$   $\comment$ 

This macro is used to suggest removals.

This is an example that is quite good. Again, it is also possible to comment the the removal<sup>13</sup> removal.

### Author:13

Xexéo:14

\<name>swap
\cwauthorswap
\cweditorswap

 $\verb|\comment|| \{\langle suggested\ removal \rangle\} \{\langle suggested\ insertion \rangle\} |$ 

 $\verb|\cwauthorswap[|\langle comment|\rangle]{|} {|\langle suggested\ removal|\rangle} {|\langle suggested\ insertion|\rangle} {|}$ 

 $\coment$   $\coment$   $\coment$   $\coment$ 

This will work as the union of a removal and a suggestion. Actually, both are simplified forms of this command.

This should work like this. This is an example of how the command should work.

### 5.5 Putting more warning in text

It is possible to define a symbol, or any other thing, to appear before the superscript number that indicates the comment.

\cwsetcommwarn

This is done using the following command and syntax:

Using package marvosym, the example:

\cwsetcommwarn{\Lightning}

will change the behavior of editorial comments to include the symbol.

You can remove the symbol by simply using \cwsetcommwarn{}

It should be clear that coop-writing does not provide any font. If the user wants to use one font, like marvosym, he or she must import it with \usepackage.

### 5.6 A tip for using comments

A student asked me to give a priority to my demands. This would make me add yet another set of commands, with more arguments. labels don't work because they must be unique to allow for being used as references.

 $<sup>^{12}\</sup>mathrm{Editor}$ : I want to insert this

 $<sup>^{13}\</sup>mathrm{Author}{:}\mathsf{Repeated} \ \mathsf{words}$ 

 $<sup>^{14}\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o}$ :This comment superscript number should be preceded by a  $extit{f}$ 

Xexéo:15

The solution, however, is simple, special characters, such as  $\star$ , \$\star\$ can be used and are highly efficient to communicate priority<sup>15</sup>.

Using other fonts, more can be acomplished. For example, package marvosym offers \HollowBox, □, \Checkedbox, ☑, \CrossedBox, ☒, which can be used to indicate that something should be done, is done or will not be done.

### 6 Draft environment

cwdraft

The cwdraft environment aims to allow writers to include text that is marked somehow as a draft<sup>1</sup>

This environment is evolving, looking for a good way to signal the draft status, due to the different interactions with the packages it uses and user's packages. It has one optional parameter that names the draft. Its default value is "Draft" If the draft option is not enabled, the text inside the title and the text inside the environment will not appear. The user should remember that some options will automatically turn on the draft option, such as the option edicao.

\cssetdraftcolor

The color of the title highlight can be changed with

 $\cspace{color}{\langle color \rangle}$ 

The example:

\begin{cwdraft}[A draft title]
This is the example of a draft.
The title must be highlighted
There must be a box around it.
\end{cwdraft}

\cwsetdraftcolor{blue}
\begin{cwdraft}
This draft has the default title.
\end{cwdraft}

generates:

### A draft title

This is the example of a draft.

The title must be highlighted

 $<sup>^{15}\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o:}\star\star$  Two stars are still low priority

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This was motivated because my students liked to hide text from me because "it was only a draft", but I need to have some way to measure if they were advancing. Marking text as a draft allowed them to be free of the fear of showing errors to me. I see it most as a psychological support to writing without fear of making mistakes. And, yes, you can still use footnotes and they will be correctly numbered

There must be a box around it.

### Draft

This draft has the default title.

### 7 Subjects

\cwsubject

```
\colon (color) = \{ \langle text \rangle \}
```

These are supposed to help organizing a text by giving a "title" for each paragraph.

The idea here is that each paragraph should be about one and only one subject, and that reading these paragraph title will allow the authors to better understand what is being written and in which sequence.

This feature was inspired by Minto [Min09].

The example:

```
\cwsubject{Example of a subject}
A subject is the main subject of a paragraph
```

\cwsubject[pink]{A pink colored subject}
You can use other colors, such as pink.%

generates:

#### Example of a subject

A subject is the main subject of a paragraph

A pink colored subject

You can use other colors, such as pink.

### 8 Lists

\listofcomment \listofcomment \listofsubject Comments, citation demands and subjects can be list with these commands.

The lists will only appear if their commands are enable (or in the all-enabling editing option).

They are usually put in the end of the file.

### 9 To dos

\todo The todo command is a much simpler version than the one available in

```
Xexéo:16
```

todonotes<sup>16</sup>. It's syntax is:

 $\time [inline] {\langle text \rangle}$ 

To do:17

A todo without a inline option is equivent to a comment of author "To do" 17. With the option, the text will appear inside an orange box, as in the example below.

The example:

\todo[inline]{This command can have other options, based on other implementations of to do in different packages.}

generates:

This command can have other options, based on other implementations of to do in different packages

\cwdefinetodocolor

It is possible to change the background color of the box using . The idea, however, is that all to-dos should have the same color.

\cwdefinetodocolor $\{\langle color \rangle\}$ .

The example:

\cwdefinetodocolor{yellow}
\todo[inline]{This command can have other options,
based on other implementations of to do in different packages.}

generates:

This command can have other options, based on other implementations of to do in different packages.

### 10 Warnings

This package uses another package that changes LATEX's standard behavior for summary and lists. When you use it, you must explicitly change pages with \newpage before \tableofcontents or similar commands.

### 11 The commands in Portuguese

This section is in Brazilian Portuguese.

A Tabela 1 Mostra o mapeamento em inglês e português.

 $<sup>^{16}\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o}$ :But it will grow in power with time

 $<sup>^{17}{</sup>m To~Do:}$  This is how it works without the inline option

Tabela 1:	Tradu	ção dos	comandos	para	português

		<u> </u>
$\operatorname{Tipo}$	${ m Ingl\hat{e}s}$	Português
environment	cwdraft	rascunho
macro	\cwnamedef	\cwautor
macro	\cwsubject	$\c$ cwassunto
macro	\listofcomment	\listofcomentario
macro	\listofsubject	\listofassunto
macro	$\$ listofcitationneeds	$\$ listofcomentarioref
macro	\todo	\todo

### 11.1 Opções em Português

As seguintes opções são aceitas em português, todas sem acentos ou cedilha: anonimizar, naoanonimizar, rascunhos, assuntos, comentarios, edicao, submeter, publicar, sugestoes, publicaraceitando.

### 12 Comparision with other packages

It is interesting to compare this package with other 3:

- ed has more features for commenting, and is more configurable, however it does not have colors.
- todonotes it does not have the identification of the commentator, which must be put by hand. It has more options too.
- color-edits does not support to do notes and drafts.

### 13 Implementation

This package was initially written in Portuguese. As it become more useful, it was translated to English. There are still some signs of this in the code.

### 13.1 Access to the current version

We provide some macros for the user to know the version being used.

\coopwritingversion Provides current version of coop-writing

1 \newcommand{\coopwritingversion}{\cw@version}%

\printcoopwritingversion Provides package name and version

 ${\tt 2 \backslash newcommand \{ \backslash print coopwriting version \} \{ coop-writing v. \backslash coopwriting version \} \%}$ 

### 13.2 Option Processing

### 13.2.1 Creating Options Variables

```
3 \newif\ifshowednotes\showednotestrue%
4 \newif\ifmargins\marginstrue%
5 \newif\ifmarginnote\marginnotefalse%
6 \newif\ifednotebookmarks\ednotebookmarksfalse%
7 \newif\if@showcomentario\@showcomentariofalse%
8 \newif\if@naoanonimizar\@naoanonimizarfalse%
9 \newif\if@showdraft\@showdraftfalse%
10 \newif\if@showsubjects\@showsubjectsfalse%
11 \newif\if@showsugestao\@showsugestaofalse%
12 \newif\if@showsugestao\@showsugestaofalse%
13 \newif\if@showtodo\@showtodofalse%
14 \newif\if@modoedicao\@modoedicaofalse%
15 \newif\if@modosubmeter\@modosubmeterfalse%
16 \newif\if@modopublicar\@modopublicarfalse%
17 \newif\if@modopublicaraceitando\@modopublicaraceitandofalse%
```

### 13.2.2 Portuguese Options

```
18 \DeclareOption{rascunhos}{\@showdrafttrue}

19 \DeclareOption{comentarios}{\@showcomentariotrue}

20 \DeclareOption{anonimizar}{\@heanonymoustrue}

21 \DeclareOption{naoanonimizar}{\@naoanonimizartrue}

22 \DeclareOption{sugestoes}{\@showsugestaotrue}

23 \DeclareOption{assuntos}{\@showsubjectstrue}

24 \DeclareOption{edicao}{\@modoedicaotrue}

25 \DeclareOption{submeter}{\@modosubmetertrue}

26 \DeclareOption{publicar}{\@modopublicartrue}

27 \DeclareOption{publicaraceitando}{

28 \@modopublicarrue

29 \@modopublicaraceitandotrue

30 }
```

### 13.2.3 English Options, from ed package

```
31 \DeclareOption{show}{\showednotestrue\message{ed.sty: showing ednotes}}
32 \DeclareOption{hide}{\showednotesfalse\message{ed.sty: hiding ednotes}}
33 \DeclareOption{draft}{\showednotestrue\message{ed.sty: showing ednotes}}
34 \DeclareOption{final}{\showednotesfalse\message{ed.sty: hiding ednotes}}
35 \DeclareOption{nomargins}{\marginsfalse}
36 \DeclareOption{marginnote}{\marginnotetrue}
37 \DeclareOption{pdfbookmarks}{\ednotebookmarkstrue}
```

### 13.2.4 Original English Options

```
38 \DeclareOption{comments}{\@showcomentariotrue}
39 \DeclareOption{anonimize}{\@beanonymoustrue}
40 \DeclareOption{noanonymize}{\@naoanonimizartrue}
```

```
41 \DeclareOption{suggestions}{\@showsugestaotrue}
42 \DeclareOption{subjects}{\@showsubjectstrue}
43 \DeclareOption{drafts}{\@showdrafttrue}
44 \DeclareOption{todos}{\@showtodotrue}
45 \DeclareOption{editing}{\@modoedicaotrue}
46 \DeclareOption{submit}{\@modosubmetertrue}
47 \DeclareOption{publish}{\@modopublicartrue}
48 \DeclareOption{acceptingpublish}{
49 \@modopublicartrue
50 \@modopublicaraceitandotrue
51 }
52 \ProcessOptions\relax
```

### 13.2.5 Fixing the Super Options

```
53 \if@modoedicao
54 \@showsubjectstrue
55 \@showdrafttrue
56 \@showcomentariotrue
57 \@showsugestaotrue
58 \@beanonymoustrue
59 \@showtodotrue
60 \fi
61 \if@modosubmeter
62 \@showsubjectsfalse
63 \@showdraftfalse
64 \@showcomentariofalse
65 \setminus @showsugestaofalse
66 \@beanonymoustrue
67 \@showtodofalse
68 \fi
69 \if@naoanonimizar
70 \@beanonymousfalse
71 \fi
72 \if@modopublicar
73 \@showsubjectsfalse
74 \@showsugestaofalse
75 \@showdraftfalse
76 \@showcomentariofalse
77 \@beanonymousfalse
78 \@showtodofalse
79 \fi%
80 \if@showtodo
81 \@showcomentariotrue
82 \fi
```

### 13.3 Required Packages

Packages that are always required

To do:18

- xcolor used to support colors
- soulutf8 this is a variation of soul, used for highlighting
- ulem used to support strikethrought 18
- tocloft used to support modifications in lists and tocs
- mdframed used to support boxes for todos and drafts
- iflang used to check if language is loaded and define new words not in Babel

```
83 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
84 \RequirePackage{soulutf8}
85 \RequirePackage[normalem] {ulem}
86 \RequirePackage{tocloft}
87 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
88 \RequirePackage{environ}
89 \RequirePackage{xstring}
90 \RequirePackage{csquotes}
91 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
```

### 13.4 Optional Packages

Package that are required only sometimes

```
92 \ifshowednotes%
 93 \ifmarginnote%
 94 \RequirePackage{marginnote}%
 95 \fi%
 96 \else%
 97 \RequirePackage{verbatim}%
 98 \fi%
 Checking if babel is loaded, use iflang
 99 \@ifpackageloaded{babel}%
100 {% \message{Babel Loaded!}%
101
       \RequirePackage{iflang}%
102 } { %
103
       \message{Babel not detected!}%
104 }%
105 % |hyperref| must always be the last
106 \ifednotebookmarks\RequirePackage{hyperref}\fi
```

#### 13.5 Color related variables

```
107 \newcommand{\cor@prof}{red}%
108 \newcommand{\cor@cand}{blue}%
109 \newcommand{\cor@subject}{green}%
110 \newcommand{\cor@citar}{purple}%
```

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{^{18}\mathrm{To}}$  DO:I must complete this explanation list

### 13.6 I18N Almost Using Babel

We can detect if babel is enable and allow for some languages. If you want to use another language, you must set new values for the command \cwdrafttitle. I really thought that it was possible to do something smarter with babel, for example using \setlocalecaption, but no attempt worked out was I wanted.

There are some packages, as translator that can be useful but up to now this seems to be the easiest way of doing it.

The advantage of this way is that any user can \renewcommand{\cwdrafttitle}{some text}.

```
112 \def\cwdrafttitle{Standard Draft}%
113 \def\cwcommentstitle{Standard List of Comments}%
114 \def\cwsubjtitle{Standard List of Subjects}%
115 \def\cwcitationstitle{Standard List of Citation Needs}%
116 \def\cwpleasecitetext{Plese cite}
117 \def\cwpleasecitemessage{something to support this information}
118 \def\cwpleasecitemarginnote{Cite}%
119 %
120 \ \texttt{\@ifpackageloaded{babel}\%}
121 {%
       \IfLanguageName{brazilian}%
122
123
       {%
124
           \def\cwdrafttitle{draft}%
           \def\cwcommentstitle{Lista de Comentários}%
125
           \def\cwsubjtitle{Lista de Assuntos}%
126
           \def\cwcitationstitle{Necessidades de Citação}%
127
           \def\cwpleasecitetext{Favor citar}%
128
           \def\cwpleasecitemessage{alguma coisa que suporte este texto}%
129
130
           \def\cwpleasecitemarginnote{Citar}%
       }{}%
131
132 %
       \IfLanguageName{portuguese}%
133
134
           \def\cwdrafttitle{draft}%
135
136
           \def\cwcommentstitle{Lista de Comentários}%
137
           \def\cwsubjtitle{Lista de Assuntos}%
138
           \def\cwcitationstitle{Necessidades de Citação}%
           \def\cwpleasecitetext{Favor citar}%
139
           \def\cwpleasecitemessage{alguma coisa que suporte este texto}%
140
           \def\cwpleasecitemarginnote{Citar}%
141
       }{}%
142
143 %
144
       \IfLanguageName{english}%
145
           \def\cwdrafttitle{Draft}%
146
           \def\cwcommentstitle{List of Comments}%
147
```

```
\def\cwsubjtitle{List of Subjects}%
148
           \def\cwcitationstitle{List of Citation Needs}%
149
           \def\cwpleasecitetext{Plese cite}
150
           \def\cwpleasecitemessage{something to support this information}
151
           \def\cwpleasecitemarginnote{Cite}%
152
153
       }{}%
154 }%
155 {}%
```

#### 13.7 ed inspired code

This code, inspired in the ed package, makes the basic mechanism for inserting comments as footnotes with an observation in the margin. As an adition to ed, it support colors.

Setting up the counter

```
156 \newcounter{cwnote}%
```

Format for the text

```
157 \newcommand\cw@noteshape{\sffamily}%
```

Defining the variable that holds the color to be printed. soul made it quite complex, global variable is not the best programming technique, but it works.

footnote indicador e rótulo

\cw@foot This macro really creates a footnote. It uses counter cwnote in arabic. It prints the footnote using the currently defined color (That is a global variable, setted up elsewehre. This is not good programming practice, but it turned out to be the easiest way of doing it in LATEX without more and more arguments.)

```
158 \newcommand\cw@foot[3]%
159 {\def\@test{#3}\footnotetext[\arabic{cwnote}]%
160 {{\scshape{\textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{#2}}}%
161 \if\@test\@empty\else\label{ed:#3}\textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{[#3]}%
162 \fi\textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{:}}%
163 \cw@noteshape\textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{#1}}}%
```

#### 13.8 More for the footnote

\cw@mark This puts the footnote mark in the text

```
164 \def\cw@mark@style#1{#1}%
165 \newcommand\cw@mark[1]{\cw@mark@style{\footnotemark[#1]}}%
```

```
\cw@footnote This macro actually makes the footnote mark and text
                                                     166 \newcommand{\cw@beforemarksymbol}{}%
                                                     167 \newcommand{\cwsetcommwarn}[1]{\def\cw@beforemarksymbol{#1}}%
                                                     168 \newcommand\cw@footnote[3] {%
                                                     169 \verb|\textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{\cw@beforemarksymbol\cw@mark{\arabic{cwnote}}}|| % \cw@beforemarksymbol\cw@mark{\arabic{cwnote}}}|| % \cw@beforemarksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksymbol\cw@marksym
                                                     170 %%%%\cw@mark{\arabic{cwnote}}
                                                     171 \cw@foot{#1}{#2}{#3}%
                                                     172 }%
                                                         13.9
                                                                                         The margin note
                                                     173 \newcommand\cw@margin[1]{%
                                                     174 \ifmargins%
                                                     175 \ifmarginnote%
                                                     176 \marginnote{%
                                                     177 \textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{#1}}%
                                                      178 \else%
                                                     179 \marginpar{\textcolor{\cw@currentcolor}{#1}}%
                                                     180 \fi%
                                                     181 \fi}%
                \Cw@note Basic function to build the note
                                                     182 \newcommand\Cw@note[3]% text, type, label
                                                     183 {\addtocounter{cwnote}{1}%
                                                     184 \ifshowednotes%
                                                     185 \cw@footnote{#1}{#2}{#3}%
                                                     186 \ifednotebookmarks%
                                                     187 \belowpdfbookmark{#2: #1}{#2.\thecwnote}%
                                                     188 \fi
                                                     189 \fi}%
                                                         More functions for doing the editorial note
                                                     190 \newcommand\cw@note[4]% text, type, label, margin
                                                      191 {\Cw@note{#1}{#2}{#3}%
                                                     192 \if showednotes \cw@margin{#4: \arabic{cwnote}}%
                                                     193 \fi}%
                                                     194 \newcommand\cwnote@label{Editor}%
                                                     195 \newcommand\cwnote@margin{Ed}%
                                                     196 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc hewcommand}\mbox{\sc cwnote}\mbox{\sc label{fig:label}}\xspace \columnwidth{\mbox{\sc hewcommand}\mbox{\sc cwnote}\mbox{\sc cwnote}
                                                     197 \newcommand\cwnotemargin[1]{\def\cwnote@margin{#1}}%
                                                     198 \newcommand{\Cwnote} [2] [] {\Cw@note{#2}\cwnote@label{#1}}%
                                                     200 \mbox{ } \mbox{newcommand{\cwnote} [3] []{%}
                                                     201 \def\cw@currentcolor{#3}%
                                                     202 \cw@note{#2}%
                                                     203 \cwnote@label{#1}%
```

204 \cwnote@margin%

```
206 %%https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/30483/how-can-i-check-in-latex-or-plain-tex-whether-
         207 %% as opções comentario, assuntos e anonimizar
         208 %% CORES
\corleve Make a color lighter for later use in highlightings This code is more complex than it
          shuould be because o soulutf8's package \hl behavior. Solution found in: https:
          //tex.stackexchange.com/questions/410295/soul-color-transparency
         209 \newcommand{\cor@suavizacao}{40}%
         210 \newcommand{\corleve} [1] {#1!\cor@suavizacao!white}
\cw@hll Light highlight makes a \hl that is lighter
         211 \newcommand{\cw@hll}[2]% % Depedendo do soulutf8
         212 {\corr}(x@coraqui){\corr}%
         213 \sethlcolor{x@coraqui}%
         214 \h1{#2}%
         215 }%
          Isolating cwnote
         216 %% rótulo texto cor indicador
         217 \newcommand{\cw@cwnote} [4] [] {%
         218 \cwnotelabel{#4}%
         219 \cwnotemargin{#4}%
         220 \cwnote[#1]{#2}{#3}%
         221 }%
```

#### 13.10 Anonimization

Will write anonymous or cite anonymous. The user has a way to configure the citation as he or she wants.

```
229 \newcommand{\cwanon}[1]{Anonymous}%
230 \newcommand{\cwanoncite}[2][]{\cw@anoncitetext}%
231 \newcommand{\cwanoncitep}[2][]{\cw@anoncitetext}%
232 \newcommand{\cwanoncitet}[2][]{\cw@anoncitetext}%
233 \else
234 \newcommand{\cwanon}[1]{#1}%
235 \newcommand{\cwanoncite}[2][]{\cite[#1]{#2}}%
236 \ifdef{\citep}{\newcommand{\cwanoncitet}[2][]{\cite[#1]{#2}}}{\newcommand{\cwanoncitet}[2][]{\cite[#1]{#2}}}{\newcommand{\cwanoncitet}[2][]{\cite[#1]{#2}}}{\newcommand{\cwanoncitet}[2][]{\cite[#1]{#2}}}{\newcommand{\cwanoncitet}[2][]{\cite[#1]{#2}}}%
240 \newcommand{\xanoncitep}[2][]{\cwanoncitete[#1]{#2}}%
241 \newcommand{\xanoncitete}[2][]{\cwanoncitete[#1]{#2}}%
242 \newcommand{\xanoncitete}[2][]{\cwanoncitete[#1]{#2}}%
```

### 13.11 Subjects

The idea of subjects is to have one subject for each paragraph Currently is just a list of subjects and and a highlight

```
243 \if@showsubjects
244 \newcommand{\listsubject}{\cwsubjtitle}%
245 %% cria a lista, depende do pacoto tcloft
246 \@ifundefined{chapter}
247 {\newlistof[section]{subject}{aaa}{\listsubject}}
248 {\newlistof[chapter]{subject}{aaa}{\listsubject}}%
250 \newcommand{\cwsubject}[2][\cor@subject]{%
251 \refstepcounter{subject}%
252 \slashed{1}\%
253 \h1{#2}%
254 \par%
255 \addcontentsline{aaa}{subject}{\protect\numberline{\thesubject}{#2}}%
257 \setlength{\cftsubjectnumwidth}{2.5em}%
258 \else%
259 \newcommand{\listofsubject}{}%
260 \newcommand{\cwsubject}[2][]{}%
261 \fi%
```

### 13.12 Editorial Comments

The main subject of this package

```
262 \if@showcomentario
263 %% Resolve a lista de comentários
264 \newcommand{\listcomentario}{\cwcommentstitle}%
265 %% cria a lista
```

```
266 \@ifundefined{chapter}
267 {\newlistof[section]{comentario}{ccc}{\listcomentario}}
268 {\newlistof[chapter]{comentario}{ccc}{\listcomentario}}%%
270 %% Comentador genérico - parte I
271 %% faz o cwnote e soma na lista
272 %% []rótulo], texto, cor, indicador
273 \newcommand{\cw@comentar} [4] [] {\%}
274 \ifstrempty{#4}{%
275 \% rótulo texto cor indicador
277 \addcontentsline{ccc}{comentario}{\protect\numberline{\thecomentario}{#2}}%
278 }%
279 {%
280 \cw@cwnote[#1]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
281 \addcontentsline{ccc}{comentario}{\protect\numberline{\thecomentario}{\#4: #2}}\%
282 }%
283 }%
284 %% comentador genérico, parte II
285 %% faz o highlight , soma o step e comenta
286 %% [texto hl] footnote cor indicator
287 \newcommand{\cw@comment}[4][]{%
288 \refstepcounter{comentario}% soma um ao contador
289 \cw@hll{#3}{#1}% ver subfunção de impressão com hl
290 \cw@comentar{#2}{#3}{#4}%
291 }%
292 %%
293 %%
294 \newcommand{\cw@xcomment} [4] [] {%
295 \refstepcounter{comentario}% soma um ao contador
296 \cw@hll{#3}{#1}% ver subfunção de impressão com hl
297 \cw@comentar{\sout{#2}}{#3}{#4}%
298 }%
299 %%
300 %%
301 %% comentador genérico com rótulo
302 %% [texto hl] footnote cor indicator rótulo
303 \newcommand{\cw@commentLabeled}[5][]{%
304 \refstepcounter{comentario}%
305 \cw@hl1{#3}{#1}%
306 \cw@comentar[#5]{#2}{#3}{#4}%
307 }%
308 %%
309 %% [texto hl] footnote cor indicator rótulo
310 \newcommand{\cw@xcommentLabeled} [5] [] {%
311 \refstepcounter{comentario}%
312 \cw@hll{#3}{#1}%
313 \cw@comentar[#5]{\sout{#2}}{#3}{#4}%
314 }%
315 %%
```

```
316 \setlength{\cftcomentarionumwidth}{2.5em}
317 \else
318 \newcommand{\cw@comentar}[4][]{}%
319 \newcommand{\listofcomentario}{}%
320 %% não pode perder o texto comentado
321 \newcommand{\cw@comment}[4][]{#1}%
322 \newcommand{\cw@commentLabeled}[5][]{#1}%
323 \fi%|
```

### 13.13 Suggestions, Removes and Changes

```
324 %% comentário, cor, indicador, textovelho, cor velho, textonovo, cor novo
325 %% Em modo publicar coloca o textovelho
326 \if@showsugestao
327 \newcommand{\cw@gensug}[7][Uma proposta]{%
328 \textcolor{#5}{\sout{#4}}% CORRIGINDO AQUI
329 \textcolor{#7}{#6}%
330 \if@showcomentario%
331 \ifstrempty{#1}{}%
332 {\refstepcounter{comentario}%
333 \cw@comentar{#1}{#2}{#3}\% [rótulo], cor , footnote , indicador
334 }%
335 \fi%
336 } %% [rótulo], cor , footnote , indicador
337 \else%
338 \if@modopublicaraceitando
339 \newcommand{\cw@gensug} [7] [] \{#6\}\%
340 \else%
341 \newcommand{\cw@gensug} [7] [] \{#4\}\%
342 \fi%
343 \fi%
```

### 13.14 Citations Needed

353 \cw@hll{#3}{#1}%

354 \cw@cwnote{#2}{#3}{\cwpleasecitemarginnote}%

One common error of students is not to cite correctly. Citation errors are so common that I decided to provide the option to have an optional list just for them. They are enable together with commentaries, users can use them or not.

```
344 \if@showcomentario%
345 \newcommand{\listcomentarioref}{\cwcitationstitle}%
346 \@ifundefined{chapter}{ \newlistof[section]{comentarioref}{\ccr}{\listcomentarioref}}{\newlistof
347 \else%
348 \newcommand{\listofcomentarioref}{}%
349 \fi%
350 \if@showcomentario%
351 \newcommand{\cw@commentref}[3][]{%
352 \refstepcounter{comentarioref}%
```

```
355 \addcontentsline{ccr}{comentarioref}{\protect\numberline{\thecomentarioref}{#2}}\%
356 }\%
357 \setlength{\cftcomentariorefnumwidth}{2.5em}\%
358 \else\%
359 \newcommand{\cw@commentref}[3]{}\%
360 \fi\%
361 \if@showcomentario
362 \newcommand{\favorcitar}[1][\cwpleasecitemessage]{\%
363 \cw@commentref{\cwpleasecitetext\ #1}{\cor@citar}}\%
364 \else\%
365 \newcommand{\favorcitar}[1][]{}\%
366 \fi\%
```

#### 13.15 Draft

cwdraft This environment creates a boxed text, with title used as a first parameter It uses package mdframed to create the frame. If draft is turned off as an option, it supress everything inside the body. Due to problems with soul accepting \cwdrafttitle we use \colorbox to support multiple languages if default title is used

```
367 \if@showdraft%
368 \NewEnviron{cwdraft}[1][]{%
369 \ifstrempty{#1}%
370 {\colorbox{\corleve{\cor@hldraft}}{\textbf{\cwdrafttitle}}}%
371 {\cw@hll{\cor@hldraft}{\textbf{#1}}}%
372 \newline%
373 \BODY%
374 }%
375 {}%
376 \surroundwithmdframed{cwdraft}%
377 \else%
378 \NewEnviron{draft}[1][]{}{}%
379 \fi%
```

\cwsetdraftcolor Sets the color that highlights the draft title

```
380 %
381 \newcommand{\cwsetdraftcolor}[1]{\def\cor@hldraft{#1}}
382 %
```

### 13.16 Powerful command to create editors and authors

This allows for many types of comments. This was the reason I started using a front-end to ed, and later decided to use colors, that ed dones not support. If I had known of color-edits, maybe this package was never done. I actually implemented the same functionalities without knowing about that package. One day,

looking for other editorial packages that used editorial symbols, I found coloredits, but it was too late, I was already hooked on IATEX programming addiction. nome do autor, cor, identificador

\cwautor

```
384 %% cwcomment - texto a hl, cor, comentário, indicador de pessoa
          385 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1\endcsname[2][]%
          387 \cw@comment[##1]{##2}{#2}{#3}}%
          388 % [texto a marcar], cor , comentário, palavra, rótulo
          389 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1r\endcsname[3][]%
          390 {\cw@commentLabeled[##1]{##2}{#2}{#3}{##3}}%
          391 %% cortados
          392 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1x\endcsname[2][]%
          393 {%
          394 %% Comentários
          395 \cw@xcomment[##1]{##2}{#2}{#3}}%
          396 %% [texto a marcar], cor , comentário, palavra, rótulo
          397 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1rx\endcsname[3][]%
          398 {\cw@xcommentLabeled[##1]{##2}{#2}{#3}{##3}}%
          399 %% sugestões
          400 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1sug\endcsname[2][]%
          401 {\cw@gensug[##1]{#2}{#3}{}{#2}{##2}{#2}}%
          402 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1rem\endcsname[2][]%
          403 {\cw@gensug[##1]{#2}{#3}{##2}{#2}{}#2}}
          404 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1troca\endcsname[3][]%
          405 {\cw@gensug[##1]{#2}{#3}{##2}{##3}{#2}}%
          406 \expandafter\newcommand\csname#1swap\endcsname[3][]%
          407 {\cw@gensug[##1]{#2}{#3}{##2}{##3}{#2}}%
\cwauthor
          These are the two standard users.
\cweditor
          409 \cwautor{cwauthor}{red}{Author}
          410 \cwautor{cweditor}{blue}{Editor}
```

### 13.17 To do notes

383 \newcommand{\cwautor}[3]{%

This was developed because some of my students started a text using todonotes, before being aware of my package, therefore I need to have some compatibility to make de change. With time it became useful and I will try to make something better in the future.

\todo If option inline is not used, it is only a front-end to an editorial comment for a user called "To do". If it is used, it tries to simulate the simplest behavior of todonotes package. In the future this can be enhanced, since package mdframe is

Xexéo:19

very powerful. If the non-inline version is used, the to do note will not appear in the List of Commentaries. 19

```
411 \newcommand{\cw@todobackgroundcolor}{orange}%
412 \cwautor{cw@todoauthor}{orange}{To do}%
413 \if@showtodo%
414 \newcommand{\todo}[2][comentar]{%
415 \IfEq{inline}{#1}%
416 {%
417 \begin{mdframed} [backgroundcolor=\cw@todobackgroundcolor]
419 \end{mdframed}%
420 }%
421 {%
422 \cw@todoauthor{#2}%
423 }%
424 }%
425 \else%
426 \newcommand{\todo}[2]{}%
427 \fi%
```

\cwdefinetodocolor Allows the definition of a background color for todo notes.

### 13.18 Portuguese/English, or inverse translation table

These next lines of code made easy to convert this package to English, because it was written in Portuguese, for Brazilian researchers. Some commands were rewritten in English with time, such as rascunho, but the Portuguese version will always be maintained, while other were translated using only his mechanism.

```
429 \let\rascunho=\cwdraft%

430 \let\cwassunto=\cwsubject%

431 \let\pleasecite=\favorcitar%

432 \let\cwnamedef=\cwautor%

433 \let\listofcomments=\listofcomentario%

434 \let\listofcitationneeds=\listofcomentarioref%

435 \let\listofassunto=\listofsubject%
```

End of Code

 $<sup>^{19}\</sup>mathrm{Xex\acute{e}o:}lt$  would be nice to check if todonotes is load and just use it

### References

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## Change History

v1.0					
General: First version					1

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