# financial Well Being Analysis\*

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November 26, 2024

This should be an abstract. The report is still being finalized.

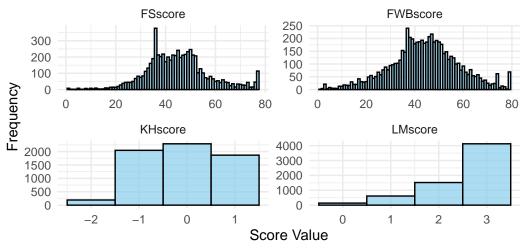
## 1 Introduction

# 2 Data

Data Summary										
		Va]	Lues							
Name		Pip	ed data	a						
Number of rows		639	94							
Number of column	ns	5								
		_								
Column type free	quency:									
numeric		5								
Group variables		Nor	ne							
Variable type	e: nume	ric								
skim_variable	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100			
1 FWBscore	44.0	14.0	1	36	44	53	79			
2 FSscore	44.7	12.5	1	36	44	51	77			
3 LMscore	2.51	0.755	0	2	3	3	3			
4 KHscore	-0.057	0.815	-2.05	-0.57	-0.188	0.712	1.27			
5 finalwt	1	0.585	0.166	0.601	0.845	1.25	6.64			

<sup>\*</sup>Code and data are available at: https://github.com/xgao28/financial\_well\_being\_analysis.

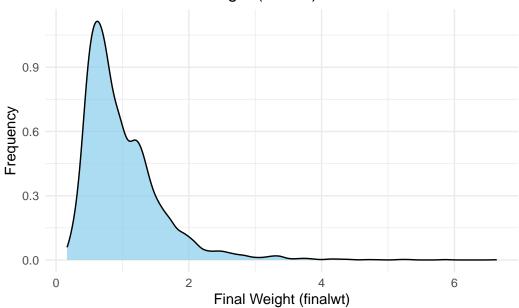
# Histograms of Financial Scores



FWBscore: Financial Well-being Scale FSscore: Financial Skill Scale LMscore: Lusardi and Mitchell Financial Knowledge Scale KHscore: Knoll and Houts Financial Knowledge Scale

The composition of finalwt remains on investigation.

# Distribution of Final Weight (finalwt)



## 3 Model

## 4 Linear Regression Model

The linear regression model can be expressed mathematically as:

$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \cdot \text{LMscore}_i + \beta_2 \cdot \text{KHscore}_i + \beta_3 \cdot \text{FWBscore}_i + \beta_4 \cdot \text{FSscore}_i + \epsilon_i, \quad \epsilon_i \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$$

### 4.0.1 Model Components

- $y_i$ : The dependent variable, finalwt<sub>i</sub>, for observation i.
- $\beta_0$ : The intercept term (constant in the model).
- $\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3, \beta_4$ : The slopes (coefficients) of the respective predictor variables:
  - LMscore<sub>i</sub>: Lusardi and Mitchell financial knowledge scale score.
  - KHscore<sub>i</sub>: Knoll and Houts financial knowledge scale score.
  - FWBscore<sub>i</sub>: Financial well-being scale score.
  - FSscore<sub>i</sub>: Financial skill scale score.

Table 1: Summary of Linear Regression Model

	Term	Estimate	Std_Error	t_value	p_value
(Intercept)	(Intercept)	1.335	0.042	32.138	0.000
LMscore	LMscore	-0.024	0.012	-2.061	0.039
KHscore	KHscore	-0.135	0.011	-12.094	0.000
FWBscore	FWBscore	-0.006	0.001	-10.547	0.000
FSscore	FSscore	0.000	0.001	-0.151	0.880

#### 5 Results

#### 6 Discussion

## 7 Appendix

#### 7.1 Data cleaning

#### 7.2 Surveys, sampling, and observational data

#### 7.3 Acknowledgements

We would like to express our gratitude to the developers and contributors of R (R Core Team 2023) as well as several R packages that were essential for the analysis and visualization of the data in this report. The following R packages provided indispensable tools and functionalities:

- tidyverse (Wickham et al. 2019): A collection of R packages designed for data science, including dplyr, ggplot2, readr, purrr, and others, which greatly facilitated data manipulation, analysis, and visualization.
- ggplot2 (Wickham 2016): An implementation of the Grammar of Graphics, which allowed us to create complex and aesthetically pleasing visualizations with ease.
- knitr (Xie 2023): This package enabled us to perform data demonstration with tables.
- styler (Müller and Walthert 2023): This package is helpful for styling the code.
- arrow (Richardson et al. 2024): This package provides a convenient and efficient way to work with parquet format.

We are grateful to the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) for conducting the Financial Well-Being Survey (Consumer Financial Protection Bureau 2017) and making the data publicly available. Their dedication to collecting and sharing such vital information significantly contributes to research on financial well-being.

Finally, we would like to thank all those who contributed to the development and maintenance of the R programming language and its ecosystem, as well as the broader open-source community, whose efforts make such research possible.

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