

UE Assignment where both links are used and costs are equal.

Find minimum demand, d , for which this assignment is valid

$$(x_1, x_2 \geq 0)$$

$$C_1(x_1) = C_2(x_2) \Rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{x_1} = 2 + x_2$$

$$\frac{1}{x_1} = 2 + x_2$$

$$1 = 2x_1 + x_2 x_1$$

reminder : $x_1 + x_2 = d$

$$\therefore x_1 = d - x_2$$

$$x_2 = d - x_1$$

Solving for x_1 ($x_2 = d - x_1$)

$$1 = 2x_1 + x_1(d - x_1)$$

$$1 = 2x_1 + dx_1 - x_1^2$$

$$x_1^2 - (2+d)x_1 + 1 = 0$$

subbing into:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

where:

$$a = 1, b = -(2+d), c = 1$$

$$x_1 = \frac{-(2+d) \pm \sqrt{(-2-d)^2 - 4 \times 1 \times 1}}{2 \times 1}$$

$$= \frac{2+d \pm \sqrt{d^2 + 4d}}{2}$$

Solving for x_2 ($x_1 = d - x_2$)

$$1 = 2(d - x_2) + x_2(d - x_2)$$

$$1 = 2d - 2x_2 + x_2 d - x_2^2$$

$$x_2^2 + 2x_2 - x_2 d - 2d + 1 = 0$$

$$x_2^2 + x_2(2-d) + (1-2d) = 0$$

Subbing into

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

where:

$$a = 1, b = (2-d), c = (1-2d)$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-(2-d) \pm \sqrt{(2-d)^2 - 4 \times 1 \times (1-2d)}}{2 \times 1}$$

$$= \frac{-2+d \pm \sqrt{d^2 - 4d + 4 - 4 + 8d}}{2}$$

Reminder: $x_1 \geq 0$ to be valid solution

Reminder: $x_2 \geq 0$ to be a valid solution

$$\frac{2 + d \pm \sqrt{d^2 + 4d}}{2} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{d \pm \sqrt{d^2 + 4d}}{2} \geq -1$$

$$d \pm \sqrt{d^2 + 4d} \geq -2$$

For: $d + \sqrt{d^2 + 4d} \geq -2$

$$\sqrt{d^2 + 4d} \geq -2 - d$$

$$d^2 + 4d \geq (-2 - d)^2$$

$$d^2 + 4d \geq d^2 + 4d + 4$$

$$0 \geq 4 \text{ [Invalid]}$$

For: ~~$d - \sqrt{d^2 + 4d} \geq -2$~~

~~work~~

$$2 + d \geq \sqrt{d^2 + 4d}$$

$$(2 + d)^2 \geq d^2 + 4d$$

$$4 + 4d + d^2 \geq d^2 + 4d$$

$$4 \geq 0 \text{ [Not useful]}$$

$$\frac{-2 + d \pm \sqrt{d^2 + 4d}}{2} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{d \pm \sqrt{d^2 + 4d}}{2} \geq 1$$

$$d \pm \sqrt{d^2 + 4d} \geq 2$$

For: $d + \sqrt{d^2 + 4d} \geq 2$

$$\sqrt{d^2 + 4d} \geq 2 - d$$

$$d^2 + 4d \geq (2 - d)^2$$

$$d^2 + 4d \geq d^2 - 4d + 4$$

$$8d \geq 4$$

[Valid solution] $\underline{d \geq 0.5}$ (A)

For: $d - \sqrt{d^2 + 4d} \geq 2$

$$d - 2 \geq \sqrt{d^2 + 4d}$$

$$(d - 2)^2 \geq d^2 + 4d$$

$$d^2 - 4d + 4 \geq d^2 + 4d$$

$$4 \geq 8d$$

[Valid solution] $\underline{d \leq 0.5}$ (B)

Therefore using solution (A) $d \geq 0.5$ and (B) $d \leq 0.5$, d must be 0.5 to satisfy both solutions

$$\boxed{d = 0.5}$$

$$\begin{cases} c_1 = 1 + 1/x \\ c_2 = 3 + x_2 \end{cases}$$

sanity check using $d = 0.5$:

$$x_1 = \frac{2 + d \pm \sqrt{d^2 + 4d}}{2} = 2 \text{ or } 0.5$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-2 + d \pm \sqrt{d^2 + 4d}}{2} = 0 \text{ or } -1.5$$

$$c_1(2) = 1.5$$

$$c_1(0.5) = 3$$

$$c_2(0) = 3$$

$$c_2(-1.5) = 1.5$$

→ Two pairs
valid value of minimum d