Dynamic Optimization

Assignment 2

Due date: April 20, 2020 (Before class)

Submission method: Please submit your assignment to your TA Zeng, Zixuan via

E-mail: 2251681954@qq.com and cc me: sherryecon@qq.com.

Other requirements:

1. Your assignment should be in **pdf** format.

2. The title of your submission email should be "Optimization Assignment 2 - your stu-

dent ID - your name", for example, "Optimization Assignment 2 - 201901010101 - Zhang,

San"

There are 3 questions in total. Please present your work in a neat and orga-

nized manner.

Question 1: Exercise 8.2 Minimization

Part I Develope second-order sufficient conditions for the unconstrained miminization

problem.

You may use the definitions and the determinantal tests of positive (semi-)definite matrix

in the Lecture Notes directly. If you want, you could also develope the determinantal

tests from the tests for negative (semi-)definite matrix. In your derivation, you will find

the following result useful: $\det(-A) = (-1)^n \det(A)$ for an $n \times n$ matrix A.

Part 2 Use Theorem 8.4 in the Lecture Notes to develope the second-order sufficient

condition for the constrained minimization problem. (Hint: $\det(-A) = (-1)^n \det(A)$ for

an $n \times n$ matrix A.)

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Question 2 Consider the firm's cost minimization problem:

$$\min_{z} w \cdot z$$
s.t. $f(z) > q$,

where w is the vector of input prices, z is a vector of input quantities, q is the target output level, and f is the production function. Let c(w,q) be the minimized cost. The corresponding conditional factor demand function z(w,q) is the vector of quantities that solves the cost minimization problem.

Prove the following claims:

- (i) c(w,q) is a concave function of w.
- (ii) If f is strictly quasi-concave, z(w,q) is unique.
- (iii) Suppose c(w,q) is differentiable with respect to w, then $z(w,q)=c_w(w,q)$. This result is called *Shepard's lemma*.
- (iv) $z_w(w,q)$ is symmetric and negative semi-definite. (Hint: use (i) and (iii).)
- (v) If f is concave, then c(w,q) is a convex function of q.

Question 3 Consider the following maximization problem with 4 variables and 2 constraints:

$$\max_{x,y,z,w} F(x,y,z,w) \equiv 2x + y - z$$
 s.t. $G^{1}(x,y,z,w) \equiv y - 4w - 5z = 0$
$$G^{2}(x,y,z,w) \equiv x^{2} + z^{2} + w^{2} = 9$$

Part I Use the first-order necessary condition to solve for the stationary points.

Part II Use the second-order sufficient condition to determine which stationary point is a local maximum.