杜教筛

```
1 #include <cstring>
 2
   #include <iostream>
 3
    #include <map>
 4
    using namespace std;
 5
    constexpr int MAXN = 2000010;
 6
    using i64 = long long;
 7
    i64 T, n, pri[MAXN], cur, mu[MAXN], sum_mu[MAXN];
8
    bool vis[MAXN];
9
    map<i64, i64> mp_mu;
10
11
    i64 S_mu(i64 x) { // 求mu的前缀和
12
      if (x < MAXN) return sum_mu[x];</pre>
      if (mp_mu[x]) return mp_mu[x]; // 如果map中已有该大小的mu值,则可直接返回
13
14
      i64 ret = (i64)1;
15
      for (i64 i = 2, j; i \le x; i = j + 1) {
16
        j = x / (x / i);
17
       ret -= S_mu(x / i) * (j - i + 1);
18
      }
19
      return mp_mu[x] = ret; // 路径压缩,方便下次计算
20
    }
21
22
    i64 S_phi(i64 x) { // 求phi的前缀和
      i64 \text{ ret} = (i64)0;
23
24
      i64 j;
25
      for (i64 i = 1; i \le x; i = j + 1) {
26
        j = x / (x / i);
        ret += (S_mu(j) - S_mu(i - 1)) * (x / i) * (x / i);
27
28
      }
29
      return (ret - 1) / 2 + 1;
30
    }
31
32
    signed main() {
33
      cin.tie(nullptr)->sync_with_stdio(false);
34
      cin >> T;
35
      mu[1] = 1;
36
      for (int i = 2; i < MAXN; i++) { // 线性筛预处理mu数组
37
        if (!vis[i]) {
38
         pri[++cur] = i;
39
          mu[i] = -1;
40
        }
        for (int j = 1; j \le cur \&\& i * pri[j] < MAXN; <math>j++) {
41
42
          vis[i * pri[j]] = true;
43
          if (i % pri[j])
44
            mu[i * pri[j]] = -mu[i];
45
          else {
46
            mu[i * pri[j]] = 0;
47
            break;
          }
48
49
        }
50
      }
51
      for (int i = 1; i < MAXN; i++)
        sum_mu[i] = sum_mu[i - 1] + mu[i]; // 求mu数组前缀和
52
```

```
53  while (T--) {
54    cin >> n;
55    cout << S_phi(n) << ' ' << S_mu(n) << '\n';
56  }
57   return 0;
58 }</pre>
```

2—SAT—Tarjan

```
1
    struct TwoSat {
2
        int n;
 3
        std::vector<std::vector<int>> e;
 4
        std::vector<bool> ans;
 5
        TwoSat(int n) : n(n), e(2 * n), ans(n) {}
        void addClause(int u, bool f, int v, bool g) {
 6
 7
            e[2 * u + f].push_back(2 * v + g);
8
        }
9
        bool satisfiable() {
            std::vector<int> id(2 * n, -1), dfn(2 * n, -1), low(2 * n, -1);
10
11
            std::vector<int> stk;
12
            int now = 0, cnt = 0;
13
            std::function < void(int) > tarjan = [\&](int u) {
14
                stk.push_back(u);
15
                dfn[u] = low[u] = now++;
16
                 for (auto v : e[u]) {
17
                     if (dfn[v] == -1) {
18
                         tarjan(v);
19
                         low[u] = std::min(low[u], low[v]);
20
                     } else if (id[v] == -1) {
21
                         low[u] = std::min(low[u], dfn[v]);
                     }
22
23
                }
24
                if (dfn[u] == low[u]) {
                     int v;
25
                     do {
26
27
                         v = stk.back();
28
                        stk.pop_back();
29
                        id[v] = cnt;
                     } while (v != u);
30
31
                     ++cnt;
32
                }
33
            };
34
            for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n; ++i) if (dfn[i] == -1) tarjan(i);
35
            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                if (id[2 * i] == id[2 * i + 1]) return false;
36
                ans[i] = id[2 * i] > id[2 * i + 1];
37
38
            }
39
            return true;
40
        }
41
        std::vector<bool> answer() { return ans; }
42
    };
```

SCC Tarjan

```
1
    struct SCC {
 2
        int n;
        std::vector<std::vector<int>> adj;
 3
 4
        std::vector<int> stk;
 5
        std::vector<int> dfn, low, bel;
 6
        int cur, cnt;
 7
 8
        SCC() {}
9
        SCC(int n) {
10
            init(n);
11
        }
12
        void init(int n) {
13
14
            this->n = n;
15
             adj.assign(n + 1, {});
16
            dfn.assign(n + 1, -1);
17
            low.resize(n + 1);
18
            bel.assign(n + 1, -1);
19
            stk.clear();
20
            cur = cnt = 0;
21
        }
22
23
        void addEdge(int u, int v) {
24
             adj[u].push_back(v);
25
        }
26
        void dfs(int x) {
27
28
            dfn[x] = low[x] = cur++;
29
            stk.push_back(x);
30
31
             for (auto y : adj[x]) {
32
                 if (dfn[y] == -1) {
                     dfs(y);
33
34
                     low[x] = std::min(low[x], low[y]);
35
                 } else if (bel[y] == -1) {
36
                     low[x] = std::min(low[x], dfn[y]);
37
                 }
            }
38
39
40
            if (dfn[x] == low[x]) {
41
                 int y;
42
                 ++cnt;
43
                 do {
44
                     y = stk.back();
45
                     bel[y] = cnt;
46
                     stk.pop_back();
47
                 } while (y != x);
            }
48
49
        }
50
51
        std::vector<int> work() {
             for (int i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
52
53
                 if (dfn[i] == -1) {
```

割点

```
struct CutPoint {
1
 2
        int n, m, idx;
 3
        std::vector<int> dfn, low, vis, cut;
 4
        std::vector<std::vector<int>> adj;
 5
        CutPoint(int \_n, int \_m) : n(\_n), m(\_m), dfn(\_n + 1),
 6
        low(_n + 1), vis(_n + 1), cut(_n + 1), adj(_n + 1) {
7
8
        }
9
10
        void dfs(int x, int root) {
            vis[x] = 1;
11
12
            dfn[x] = ++idx;
            low[x] = idx;
13
14
            int child = 0;
            for (auto y : adj[x]) {
15
                 if (!vis[y]) {
16
17
                     dfs(y, root);
18
                     low[x] = std::min(low[x], low[y]);
19
                     if (low[y] >= dfn[x] & x != root) {
20
                         cut[x] = 1;
21
                     }
22
                     if (x == root) {
23
                         child++;
24
                     }
25
26
                 low[x] = std::min(low[x], dfn[y]);
27
            }
            if (child >= 2 \&\& x == root) {
28
29
                 cut[x] = 1;
30
            }
31
        }
32
        std::vector<int> work() {
33
34
            std::vector<int> q;
35
            for (int i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
                 if (!vis[i]) {
36
37
                     dfs(i, i);
38
                 }
39
            }
40
            for (int i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
41
                 if (cut[i]) {
                     q.push_back(i);
42
43
                 }
44
            }
```

```
45     return q;
46     }
47
48     void addEdge(int u, int v) {
49         adj[u].push_back(v);
50     }
51 };
```

割边

```
struct CutEdges {
 1
 2
        int n;
 3
        int idx = 0;
 4
        vector<int> low, dfn, fa;
 5
        vector<int> head, nxt, to;
 6
        vector<int> b;
        int iddx = 1;
 7
 8
        vector<pair<int,int>> bridge;
9
        CutEdges(int n, int m) : low(n + 1), dfn(n + 1), fa(n + 1),
10
        head(n + 1), to(2 * m + 4), nxt(2 * m + 4), b(2 * m + 4) {
11
            this->n = n;
12
        }
13
        void addEdge(int x, int y) {
14
            nxt[++iddx] = head[x];
15
            head[x] = iddx;
16
            to[iddx] = y;
17
        }
18
        vector<pair<int, int>> work() {
19
            for (int i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
20
                if (!dfn[i]) tarjan(i, 0);
21
            }
22
            return bridge;
23
        }
24
        void tarjan(int x, int e_in) {;
            dfn[x] = low[x] = ++idx;
25
26
            for(int i = head[x]; i; i = nxt[i]) {
27
                int y = to[i];
                 if(!dfn[y]) {
28
29
                     tarjan(y, i);
30
                     if(dfn[x] < low[y]) {
31
                         bridge.push_back({x, y});
                         b[i] = b[i \land 1] = 1;
32
33
                     }
34
                     low[x] = min(low[x], low[y]);
35
                } else if (i != (e_in ^ 1)) {
                     low[x] = min(low[x], dfn[y]);
36
37
                }
38
            }
39
        }
40
41
    };
    CutEdges g(n, m);
42
```