1 point	1.	Questions 1 to 5 refer to the following scenario: Suppose a binary classifier produced the following confusion matrix.			
		Actual Positive	Predicted Positive 5600	Predicted Negative 40	
		Actual Negative	1900	2460	
		What is the recall of this classifier? Round your answer to 2 decimal places.			
		0.99			
1 point	2.		nted in Question 1 to answer to better than random guessing		
1 point	3.	Refer to the scenario presented in Question 1 to answer the following: (True/False) This classifier is better than the majority class classifier. True False			
1 point	4.		0.5 0	the following: corresponds to this classifier? 2 4 3 1.0 call	
1 point	5.	Refer to the scenario presented in Question 1 to answer the following: Which of the following best describes this classifier? It is optimistic It is pessimistic None of the above			
1 point	6.	Suppose we are fitting a logistic regression model on a dataset where the vast majority of the data points are labeled as positive. To compensate for overfitting to the dominant class, we should Require higher confidence level for positive predictions Require lower confidence level for positive predictions			
1 point	7.	It is often the case that false positives and false negatives incur different costs. In situations where false negatives cost much more than false positives, we should Require higher confidence level for positive predictions Require lower confidence level for positive predictions			
1 point	8.	We are interested in reducir metrics should we primarily Accuracy Precision Recall	ng the number of false negative look at?	es. Which of the following	
1 point	9.		old for positive predictions at 0 and your answer to 2 decimal p	.9. What is the lowest score that places.	