



**University of
Nottingham**

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University of Nottingham FYP Progress Review

December 2023



Gantt Chart

Supervisor: Dr Hermawan Nugroho

Moderator: Prof T. Nandha Kumar

Project Code: HN-BEng-23-01

Student Name: Koay Xian Cong

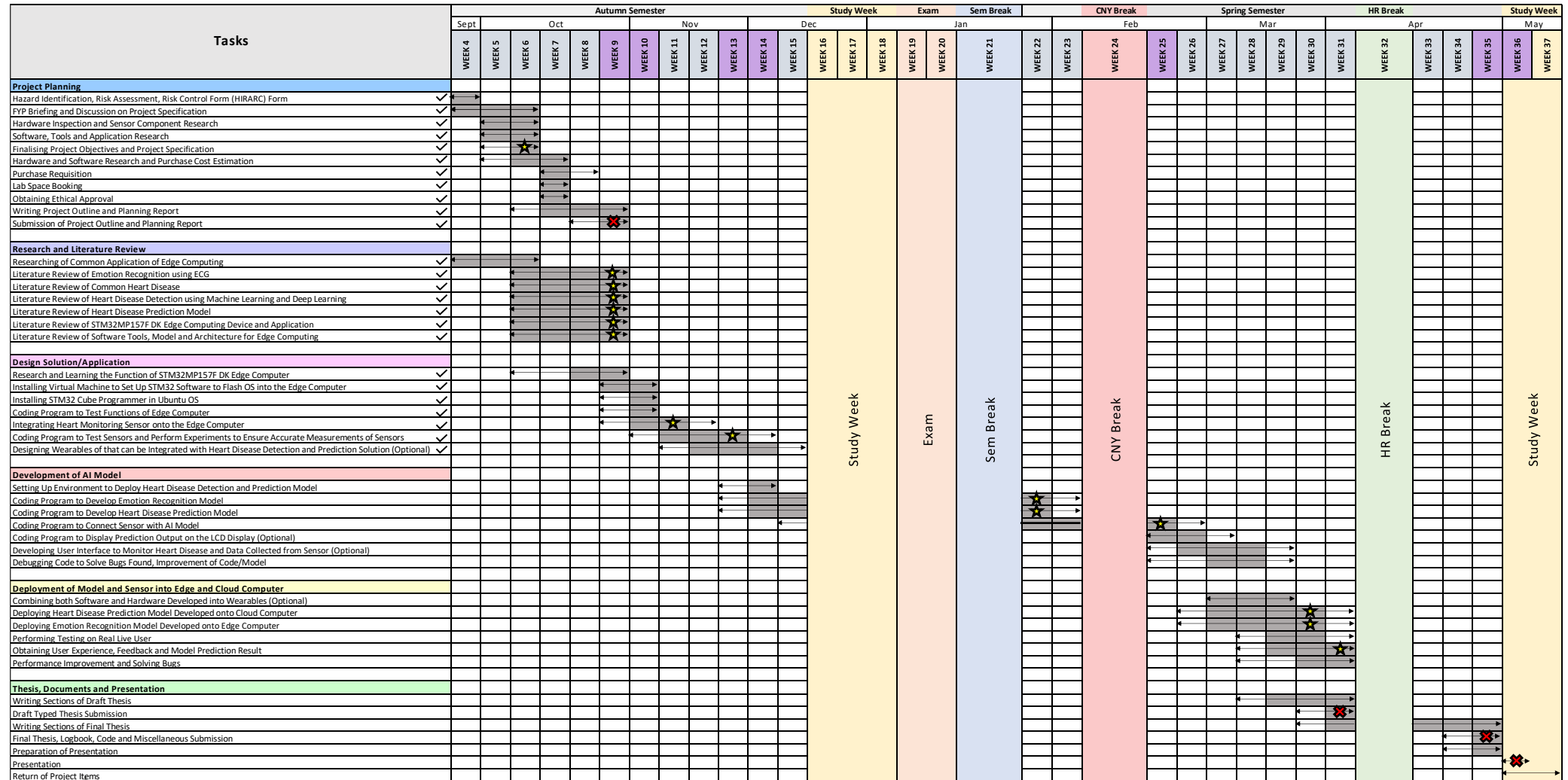
Student ID: 20418760

Legends: Error Bars for Uncertainty:

Submission Dateline:

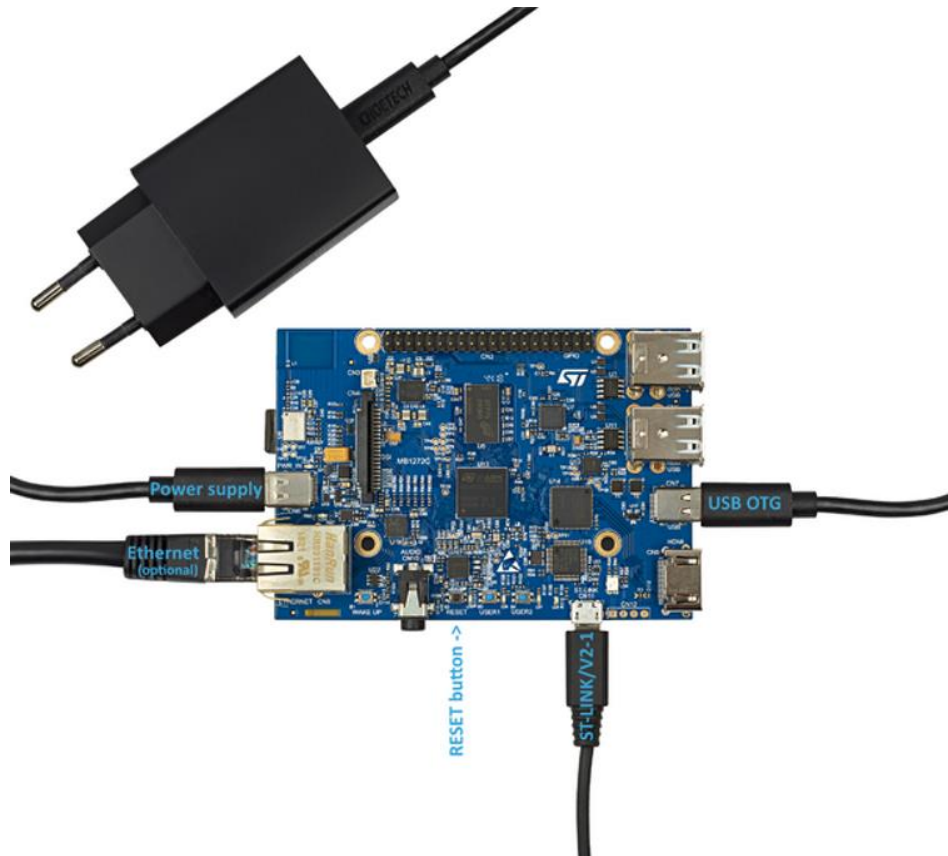
Moderator Meeting Week:

Project Milestone:





Setting Up STM32CubeIDE & Testing Code



Requirements

- 5V 3A power supply is needed
- ST-Link used as a debugger connection
- Engineering Mode/Boot Mode

5 Boot related switches†

The following table defines the different combination of the boot mode selection switches:

Information

†Boot 1* is grounded (always 0) on the Discovery kits

Boot mode	Boot 0	Boot 1	Boot 2
Forced USB boot for flashing	0	0	0
Not supported	1	0	0
Engineering boot	0	0	1
microSD card	1	0	1

Boot modes

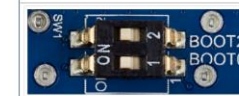
Below the corresponding configurations of the boot related switches (SW1 on the board overview picture):



Forced USB boot for flashing



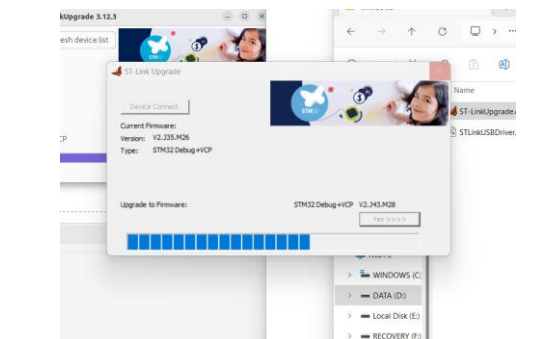
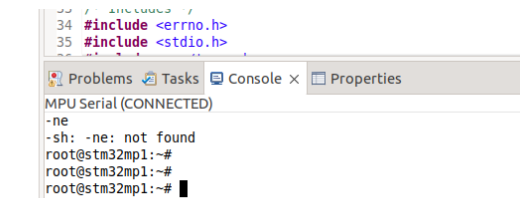
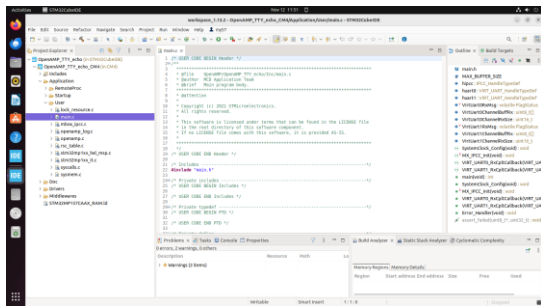
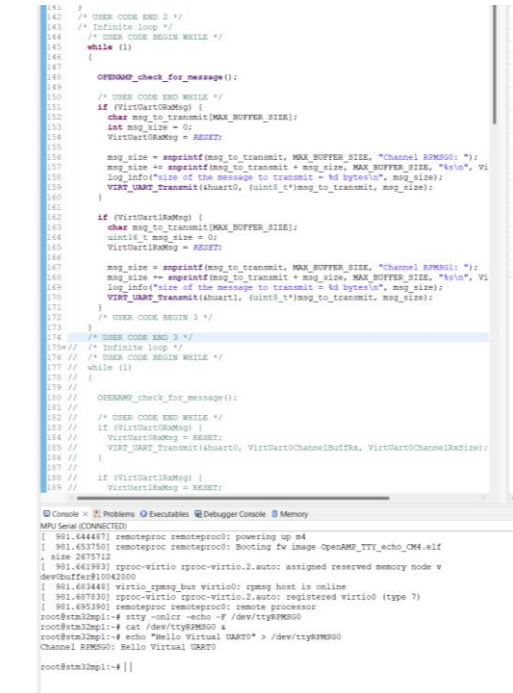
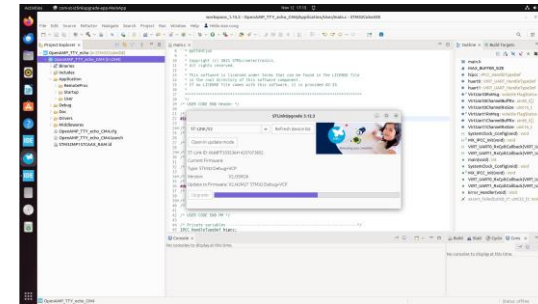
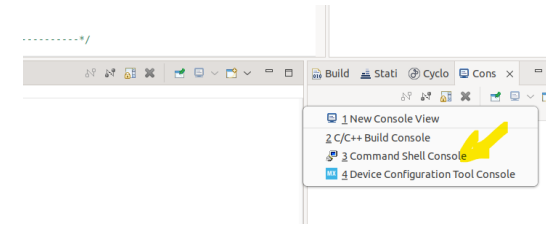
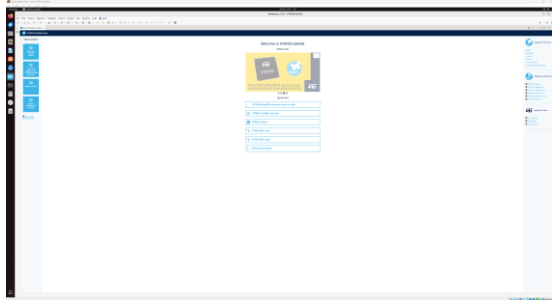
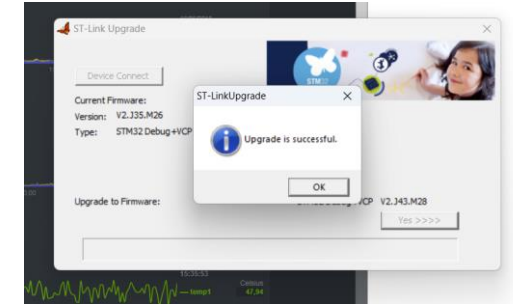
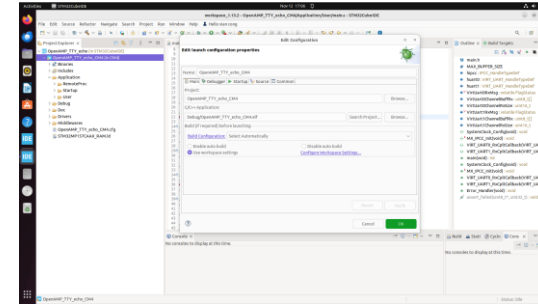
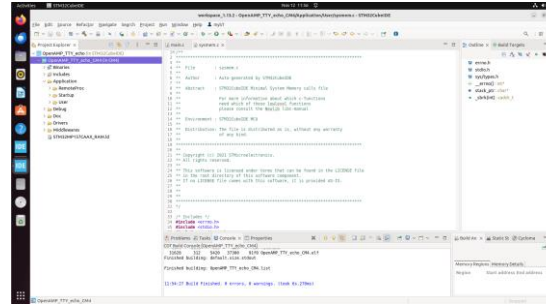
Engineering boot



Boot from microSD card



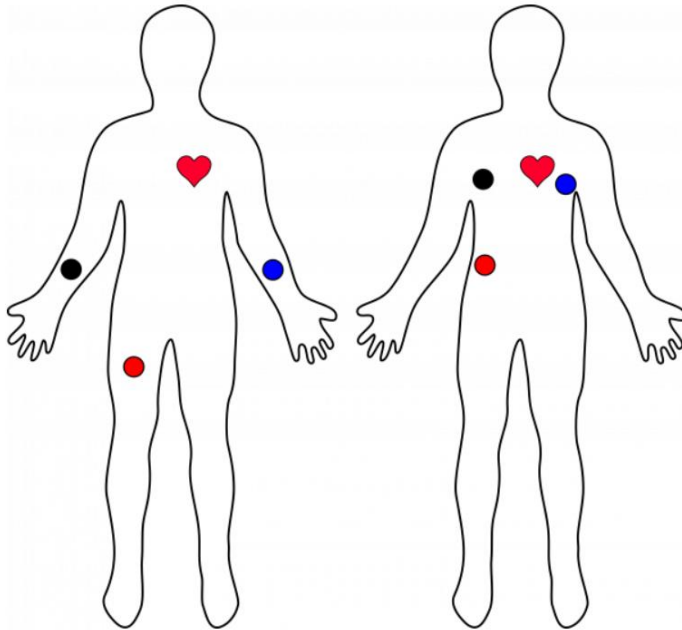
Setting Up STM32CubeIDE & Testing Code



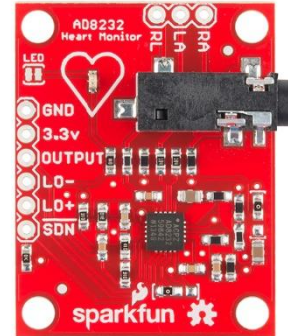


Connecting ECG sensors onto STM32MP157F-DK2

Cable Color	Signal
Black	RA (Right Arm)
Blue	LA (Left Arm)
Red	RL (Right Leg)



Typical Sensor Placements



Board Label	Pin Function	Arduino Connection
GND	Ground	GND
3.3v	3.3v Power Supply	3.3v
OUTPUT	Output Signal	A0
LO-	Leads-off Detect -	11
LO+	Leads-off Detect +	10
SDN	Shutdown	Not used

```
void setup() {  
  Serial.begin(9600);  
  pinMode(10, INPUT); // Setup for leads off detection LO +  
  pinMode(11, INPUT); // Setup for leads off detection LO -  
}  
  
void loop() {  
  if((digitalRead(10) == 1) || (digitalRead(11) == 1)){  
    Serial.println('!');  
  }  
  else{  
    // send the value of analog input 0:  
    Serial.println(analogRead(A0));  
  }  
  //Wait for a bit to keep serial data from saturating  
  delay(1);  
}
```



Connecting ECG sensors onto STM32MP157F-DK2



UM2637
ARDUINO® connectors

6.16.3 ARDUINO® interface

Figure 16 shows the pinout of the ARDUINO® connectors.

Figure 16. ARDUINO® connectors pinout

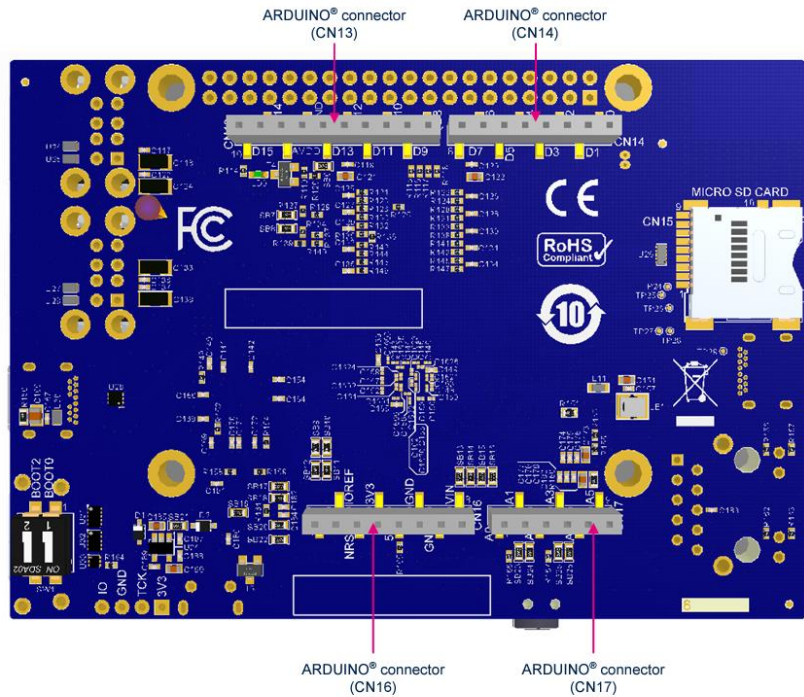


Table 23 describes the I/O configuration of the ARDUINO® interface.

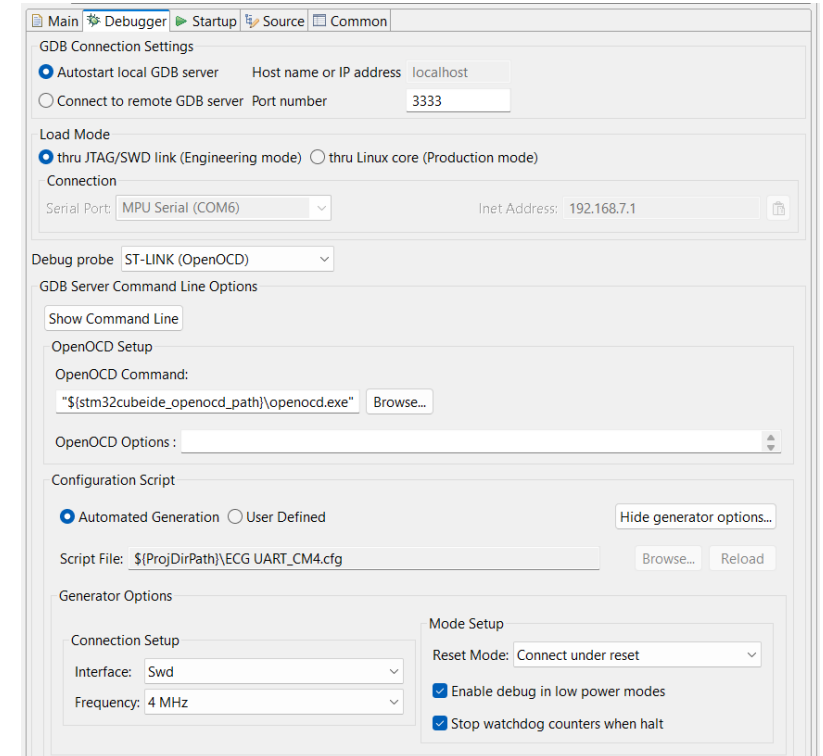
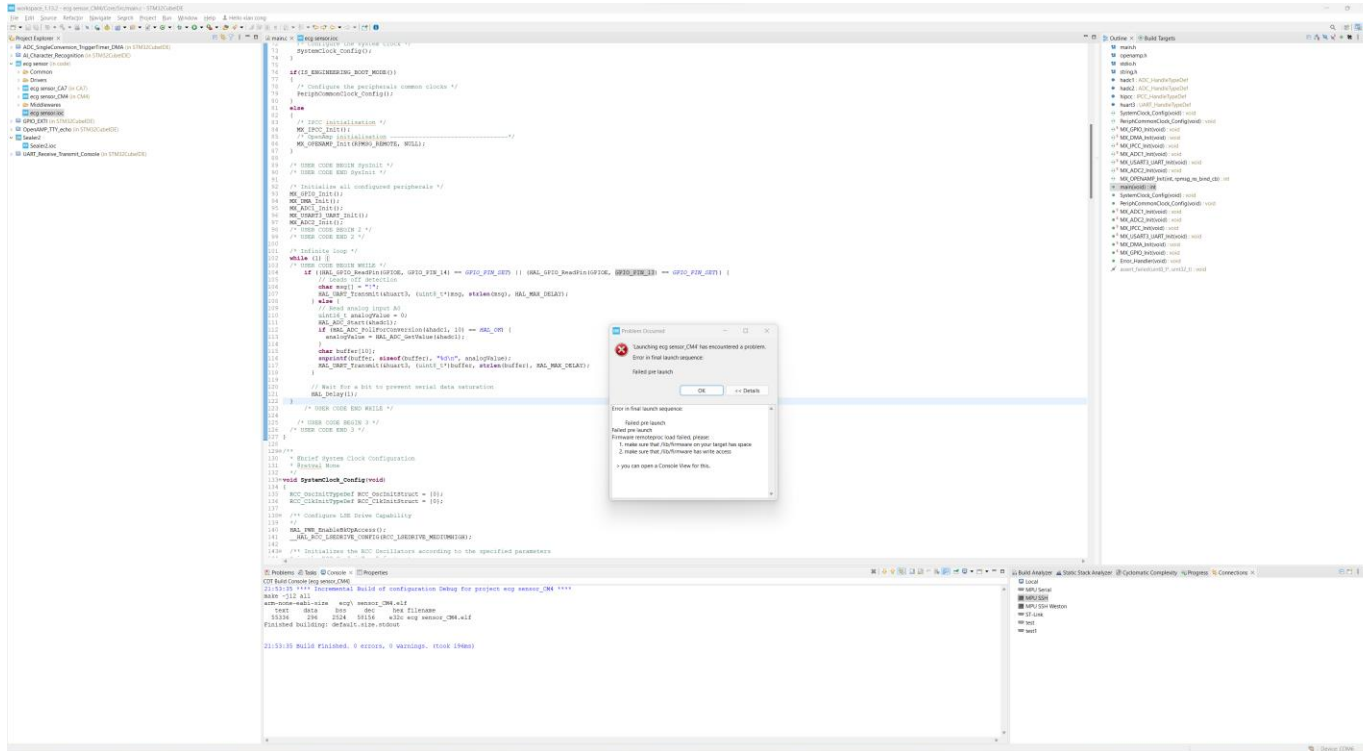
Table 23. I/O configuration of the ARDUINO® interface

I/O	HW	Configuration
PF14	-	PF14 is used as ARD_A0: ADC2_IN6
PF13	-	PF13 is used as ARD_A1: ADC2_IN2
ANA0	-	ANA0 is used as ARD_A2: ADC1_IN0, ADC2_IN0
ANA1	-	ANA1 is used as ARD_A3: ADC1_IN1, ADC2_IN1
PC3	SB24 ON	PC3 is used as ARD_A4: ADC1_IN13 default configuration
PF12	SB26 ON	PF12 is used as ARD_A5: ADC1_IN16 default configuration
PE7	-	PE7 is used as ARD_D0: UART7_RX
PE8	-	PE8 is used as ARD_D1: UART7_TX

Connector	Pin name	Signal name	STM32 pin	Comment
CN13	1	ARD_D8	PG3	IO
	2	ARD_D9	PH6	TIM12_CH1
	3	ARD_D10	PE11	SPI4_NSS and TIM1_CH2
	4	ARD_D11	PE14	SPI4_MOSI and TIM1_CH4
	5	ARD_D12	PE13	SPI4_MISO
	6	ARD_D13	PE12	SPI4_SCK
	7	GND	-	GND
	8	VREFP	-	VREF+
	9	ARD_D14	PA12	I2C5_SDA
	10	ARD_D15	PA11	I2C5_SCL

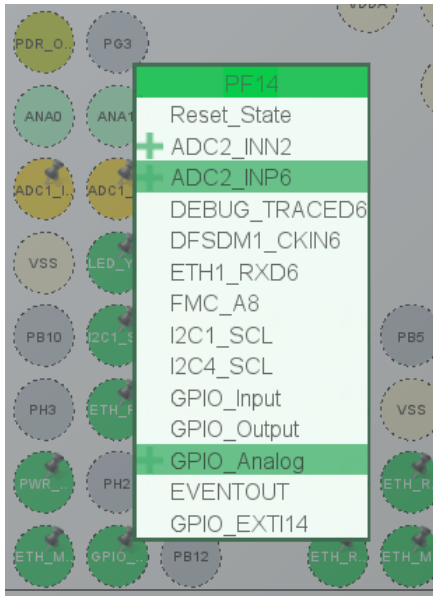


Problems

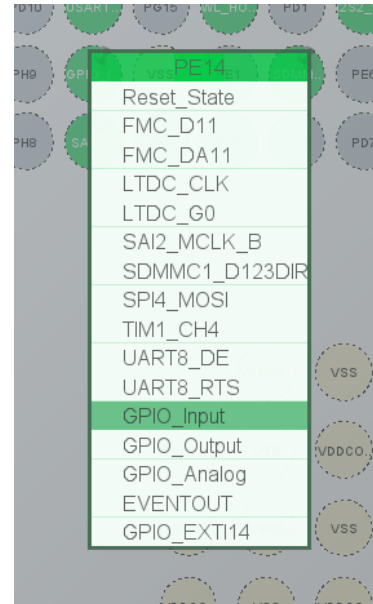




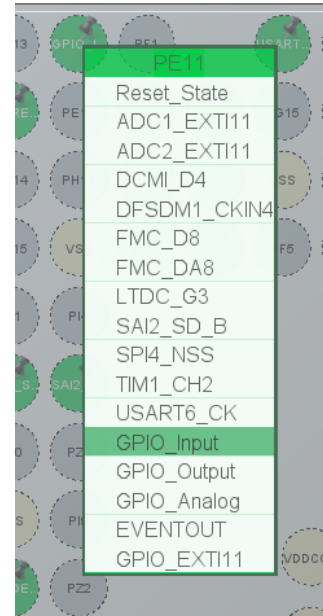
STM32 Pin Configuration



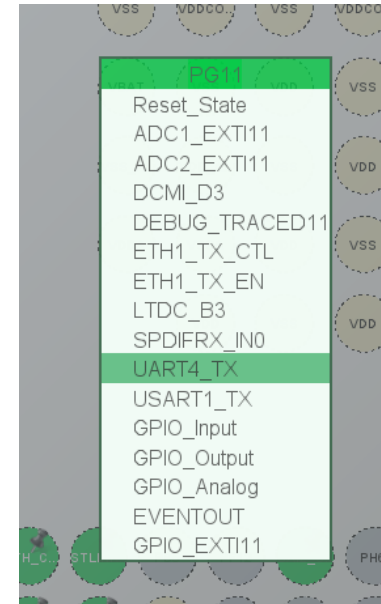
ADC



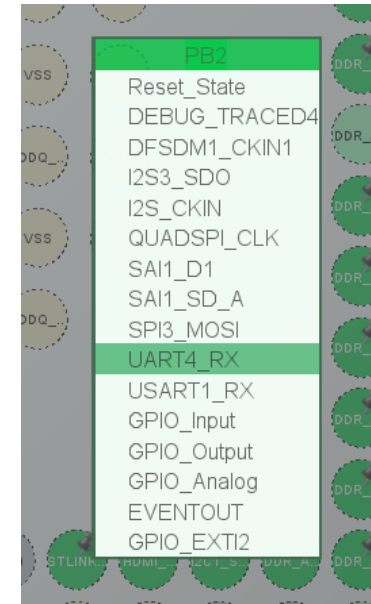
LO-



LO+



ST-Link UART





ADC

6 REPLIES

Sort: Oldest to Newest ▼



PatrickF

ST Employee

2022-09-28 06:43 AM

Hi @Andrés Bonilla

Except if you have very tight real-time constrains, you should probably being able to do what you want by using STM32MP157F-DK2 starter package and Cortex-A7 Linux.

Cortex-M4 is usually required when there is hard real time constrains (e.g. motor control, high input reactivity, etc...).

Some ADC and TTY(UART) trials with Linux command lines are possible

(note that you need to choose '2: stm32mp157f-dk2-a7-examples' during boot to get confirmation listed below) :

see

https://wiki.st.com/stm32mpu/wiki/How_to_use_the_IIO_user_space_interface#How_to_do_a_simple_ADC_conversion_using_the_sysfs_interface

Some ADC pins are available with this starter package Device Tree on DK2 board (please also refer to [board documentation](#)👉)

- ADC1_INP0 and ADC2_INP0 on pin ANA0 (Arduino connector A2)
- ADC1_INP1 and ADC2_INP0 on pin ANA1 (Arduino connector A3)
- ADC1_INP6 on pin PF12 (Arduino connector A5)
- ADC1_INP13 on pin PC3 (Arduino connector A4)
- ADC2_INP2 on pin PF13 (Arduino connector A1)
- ADC2_INP6 on PF14 (Arduino connector A0)

For UART,

See https://wiki.st.com/stm32mpu/wiki/Serial_TTY_overview

- ttySTM1 is USART3 (RX/TX/RTS/CTS on GPIO connector)
- ttySTM2 is UART7 (RX/TX on Arduino connector)

Then, you could use them from any application (e.g. in python).

For GUI, I'm not expert, but there is many possible options with Weston Wayland (https://wiki.st.com/stm32mpu/wiki/Wayland_Weston_overview).

Demo is using GTK (https://wiki.st.com/stm32mpu/wiki/GTK_demo_launcher), but there is certainly other options.

Regards

In order to give better visibility on the answered topics, please click on **'Accept as Solution'** on the reply which solved your issue or answered your question.



0 Kudos

Reply

ADC2 Mode and Configuration

Mode

Boot time:
Cortex-A7 ROM code
Cortex-A7 secure loader
(TF-A BL2)

Runtime contexts:
Cortex-A7 secure OS
(OP-TEE)

A7NS
(Linux)

Cortex-M4 FW
(Cube)

☐ IN0 Single-ended

IN1 Disable

IN2 Disable

IN3 Disable

IN4 Disable

IN5 Disable

☒ IN6 Single-ended

IN7 Single-ended

IN8 Single-ended

IN9 Single-ended

IN10 Disable

IN11 Single-ended

☐ VDAC_OUT1 Channel

☐ VDAC_OUT2 Channel

IN18 Disable

☐ IN19 Single-ended

☐ Vbat Channel

☐ Temperature Sensor Channel

Configuration

Reset Configuration

Parameter Settings

User Constants

NVIC Settings

DMA Settings

GPIO Settings

Configure the below parameters :

Search (Ctrl+F)

1

ADCs_Common_Settings

Mode

Independent mode

ADC_Settings

Clock Prescaler

Asynchronous clock mode divided by 1

Resolution

ADC 16-bit resolution

Scan Conversion Mode

Disabled

Continuous Conversion Mode

Disabled

Discontinuous Conversion Mode

Disabled

End Of Conversion Selection

End of single conversion

Overrun behaviour

Overrun data preserved

Conversion Data Management Mode

Regular Conversion data stored in DR register only

Low Power Auto Wait

Disabled

ADC_Regular_ConversionMode

Enable Regular Conversions

Enable

Left Bit Shift

No bit shift

Enable Regular Oversampling

Disable

Number Of Conversion

1

External Trigger Conversion Source

Regular Conversion launched by software

External Trigger Conversion Edge

None

Rank

1

ADC_Injected_ConversionMode

Enable Injected Conversions

Disable

DMA Request

Stream

Direction

Priority

ADC2

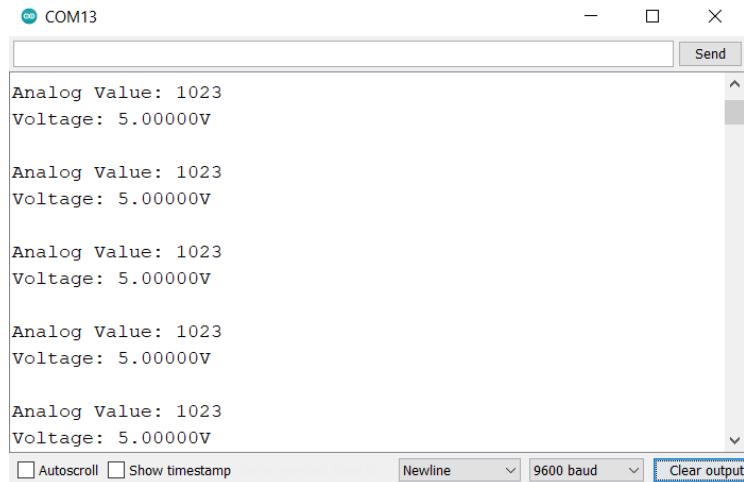
DMA2 Stream 0

Peripheral To Memory

Low



Problem



Kevin HUBER

ST Employee



2022-02-10 07:17 AM

Hi @msche.1 ,

Thanks to have shared your .ioc.

To be able to get a usable value by reading the ADC, you must have a reference which is VREFBUF.

I advice you to read the reference manual (RM0436 revision 5) page 1693:

https://www.st.com/resource/en/reference_manual/DM00327659.pdf

and the ADC page on the wiki: https://wiki.st.com/stm32mpu/wiki/ADC_internal_peripheral#Features

Then you have two choices to enable VREFBUF.

- Engineering mode (without Linux)

If you are not using linux you have to enable the VREFBUF after the ADC_Init() but before starting it:

```
__HAL_RCC_VREF_CLK_ENABLE(); // Enable the VREF clock
HAL_SYSCFG_VREFBUF_HighImpedanceConfig(SYSCFG_VREFBUF_HIGH_IMPEDANCE_DISABLE); // Disable the high impedance
mode which is the default one read page 1694 of refman
HAL_SYSCFG_VREFBUF_VoltageScalingConfig(SYSCFG_VREFBUF_VOLTAGE_SCALE1); // To set the volage to 2.5v
HAL_SYSCFG_EnableVREFBUF(); // To enable VREFBUF
```

Then you must calibrate your adc before using it:

```
if(HAL_ADCEx_Calibration_Start(&hadc1, ADC_CALIB_OFFSET_LINEARITY, ADC_SINGLE_ENDED) != HAL_OK)
{
    /* Calibration Error */
    Error_Handler();
}
```

And finally you can use the code that you wrote in your first post to read the value.

- In Production mode (with linux running):



UART

UART4 Mode and Configuration

Mode

Boot time: A7 ROM ☐ A7S (TF-A BL2) ☐ A7S (OP-TEE) ☒ A7NS (Linux) ☐ M4 (Cube) ☒

Runtime contexts:

Mode: Asynchronous

Hardware Flow Control (RS232): Disable

☒ Hardware Flow Control (RS485)

Configuration

Reset Configuration

DMA Settings ☒ GPIO Settings ☒

Parameter Settings ☒ User Constants ☒ NVIC Settings ☒

Configure the below parameters :

Search (Ctrl+F)

Basic Parameters

Baud Rate: 115200 Bits/s

Word Length: 8 Bits (including Parity)

Parity: None

Stop Bits: 1

Advanced Parameters

Data Direction: Receive and Transmit

Over Sampling: 16 Samples

Single Sample: Disable

ClockPrescaler: 1

Fifo Mode: FIFO mode disable

Txfifo Threshold: 1 eighth full configuration

Rxfifo Threshold: 1 eighth full configuration

Advanced Features

Auto Baudrate: Disable

TX Pin Active Level Inversi.: Disable

RX Pin Active Level Inversi.: Disable

Data Inversion: Disable

TX and RX Pins Swapping: Disable

Overrun: Enable

DMA on RX Error: Enable

MSB First: Disable

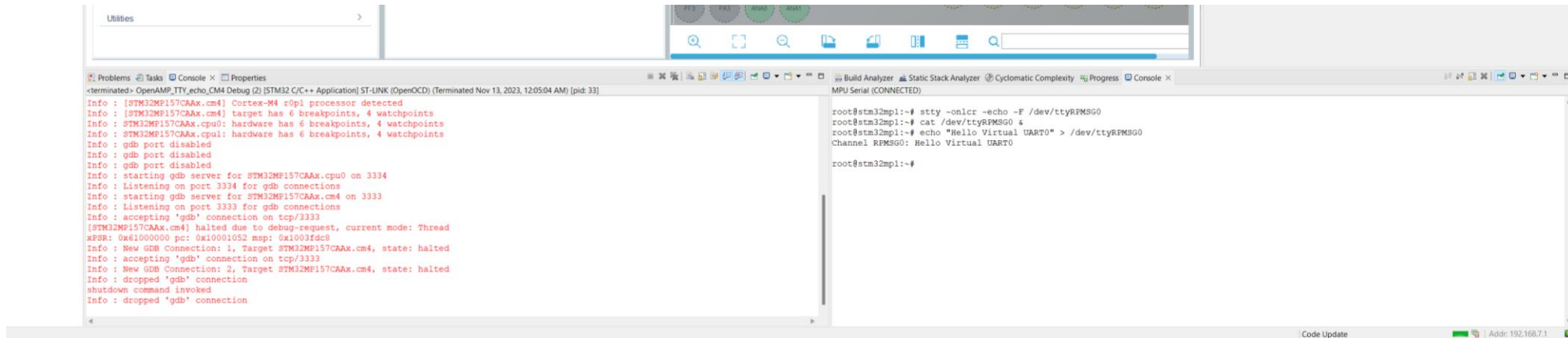


Port		AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7
		HDP/SYS/RTC	TIM1/2/16/17/ LPTIM1/SYS/ RTC	SAI1/4/I2C6/ TIM3/4/5/12/ HDP/SYS	SAI4/I2C2/ TIM8/ LPTIM2/3/4/5/ DFSDM1 /SDMMC1	SAI4/ I2C1/2/3/4/5/ USART1/ TIM15/LPTIM2/ DFSDM1/CEC	SPI1/I2S1/ SPI2/I2S2/ SPI3/I2S3/ SPI4/5/6/I2C1/ SDMMC1/3/ CEC	SPI3/I2S3/ SAI1/3/4/ I2C4/UART4/ DFSDM1	SPI2/I2S2/ SPI3/I2S3/ SPI6/ USART1/2/3/6/ UART7/ SDMMC2
Port A	PA0	-	TIM2_CH1/ TIM2_ETR	TIM5_CH1	TIM8_ETR	TIM15_BKIN	-	-	USART2_CTS/ USART2_NSS
	PA1	ETH_CLK	TIM2_CH2	TIM5_CH2	LPTIM3_OUT	TIM15_CH1N	-	-	USART2_RTS/ USART2_DE
	PA2	-	TIM2_CH3	TIM5_CH3	LPTIM4_OUT	TIM15_CH1	-	-	USART2_TX
	PA3	-	TIM2_CH4	TIM5_CH4	LPTIM5_OUT	TIM15_CH2	-	-	USART2_RX
	PA4	HDP0	-	TIM5_ETR	-	SAI4_D2	SPI1_NSS/ I2S1_WS	SPI3_NSS/ I2S3_WS	USART2_CK
	PA5	-	TIM2_CH1/ TIM2_ETR	-	TIM8_CH1N	SAI4_CK1	SPI1_SCK/I2S1_CK	-	-
	PA6	-	TIM1_BKIN	TIM3_CH1	TIM8_BKIN	SAI4_CK2	SPI1_MISO/ I2S1_SDI	-	-
	PA7	-	TIM1_CH1N	TIM3_CH2	TIM8_CH1N	SAI4_D1	SPI1_MOSI/ I2S1_SDO	-	-
	PA8	MCO1	TIM1_CH1	-	TIM8_BKIN2	I2C3_SCL	SPI3_MOSI/ I2S3_SDO	-	USART1_CK
	PA9	-	TIM1_CH2	-	-	I2C3_SMBA	SPI2_SCK/ I2S2_CK	-	USART1_TX
	PA10	-	TIM1_CH3	-	-	-	SPI3_NSS/ I2S3_WS	-	USART1_RX
	PA11	-	TIM1_CH4	I2C6_SCL	-	I2C5_SCL	SPI2_NSS/ I2S2_WS	UART4_RX	USART1_CTS/ USART1_NSS
PA12	-	TIM1_ETR	I2C6_SDA	-	I2C5_SDA	-	UART4_TX	USART1_RTS/ USART1_DE	

STM32MP157A/D



Problems



Olivier GALLIEN

ST Employee

2020-10-27 06:27 AM

Hi @Community member ,

Where did you read that Boot 0 = 0, Boot2 = 1 stand for "Reserved" and Boot0 = 0, Boot2 = 0 for "Engi" ?

Reading here :

https://wiki.st.com/stm32mpu/wiki/STM32MP157x-DKx_-_hardware_description#Boot_related_switches

Boot0 = 0, Boot2 = 0 -> Forced USB boot for flashing

Boot0 = 0, Boot2 = 1 -> Engineering boot

Consistent with behavior you noticed.

Olivier

Olivier GALLIEN

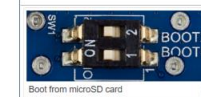
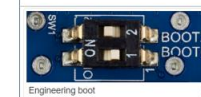
5 Boot related switches

The following table defines the different combination of the boot mode selection switches:

Information	Boot 0	Boot 1	Boot 2
Forced USB boot for flashing	0	0	0
Not supported	1	0	0
Engineering boot	0	0	1
microSD card	1	0	1

Boot modes

Below the corresponding configurations of the boot related switches (SW1 on the board overview picture):





Code – Printing ADC values via ST-Link

```
while (1)
{
    HAL_ADC_Start(&hadc2);
    HAL_ADC_PollForConversion(&hadc2, HAL_MAX_DELAY);
    raw = HAL_ADC_GetValue(&hadc2);
    HAL_Delay(10);
    sprintf(msg, "%d\r\n", raw);
    HAL_UART_Transmit(&huart4, msg, strlen(msg), HAL_MAX_DELAY);
}
```



Code – Printing ADC values via ST-Link

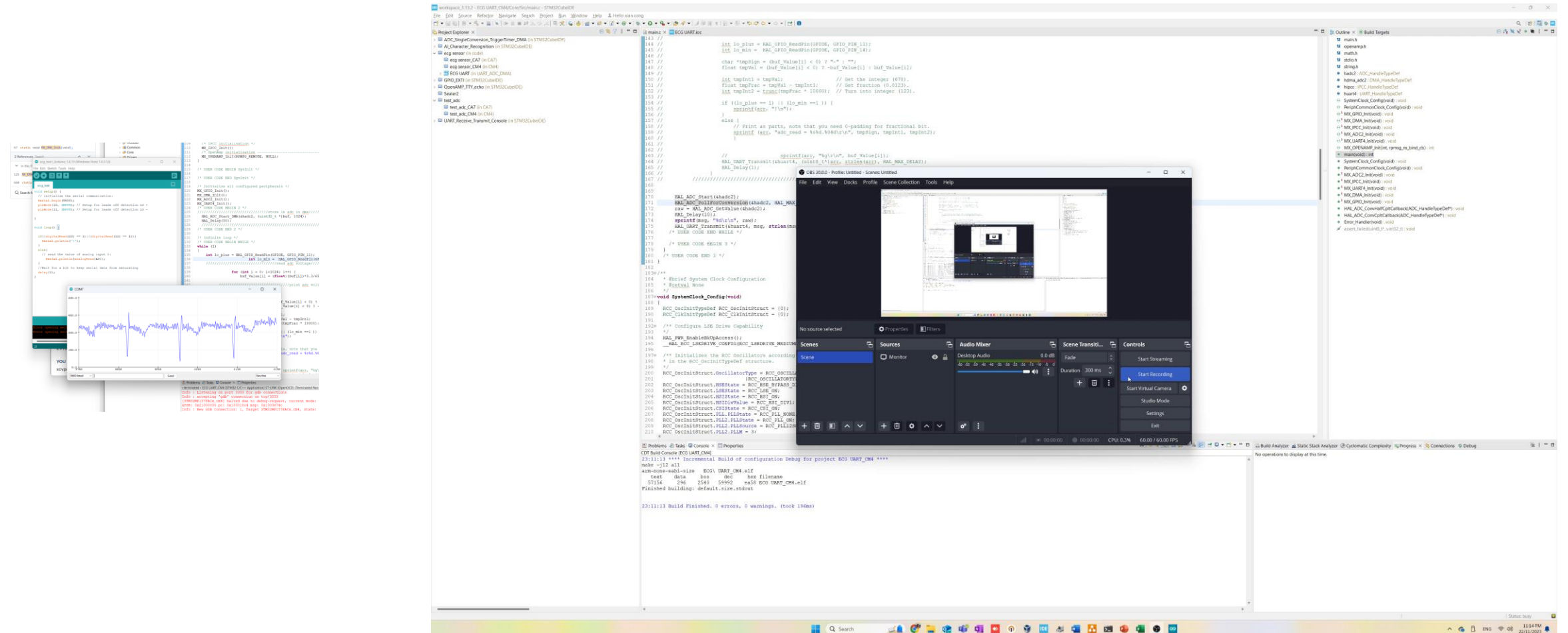
```
__HAL_RCC_VREF_CLK_ENABLE(); // Enable the VREF clock
HAL_SYSCFG_VREFBUF_HighImpedanceConfig(SYSCFG_VREFBUF_HIGH_IMPEDANC
E_DISABLE); // Disable the high impedance mode which is the default
one read page 1694 of refman
HAL_SYSCFG_VREFBUF_VoltageScalingConfig(SYSCFG_VREFBUF_VOLTAGE_SCAL
E1); // To set the volage to 2.5v
HAL_SYSCFG_EnableVREFBUF(); // To enable VREFBUF

if(HAL_ADCEx_Calibration_Start(&hadc2, ADC_CALIB_OFFSET_LINEARITY,
ADC_SINGLE_ENDED) != HAL_OK)
{
    /* Calibration Error */
    Error_Handler();
}
```



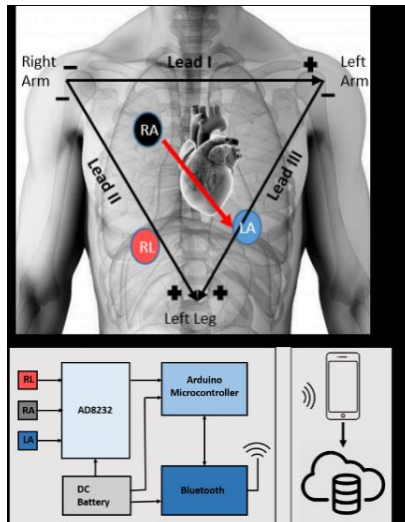
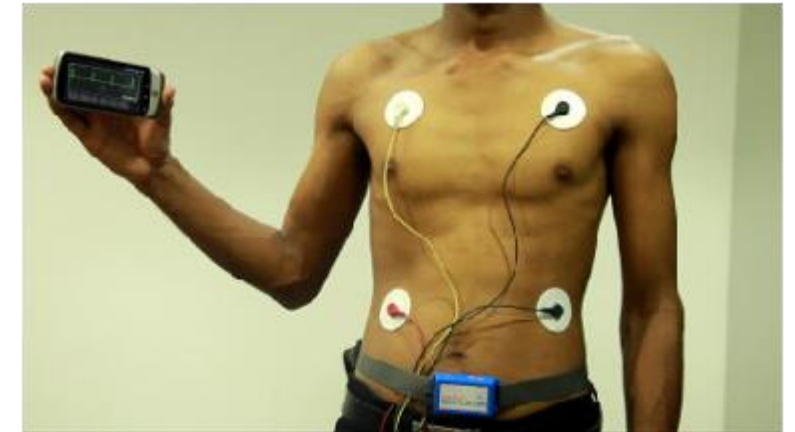
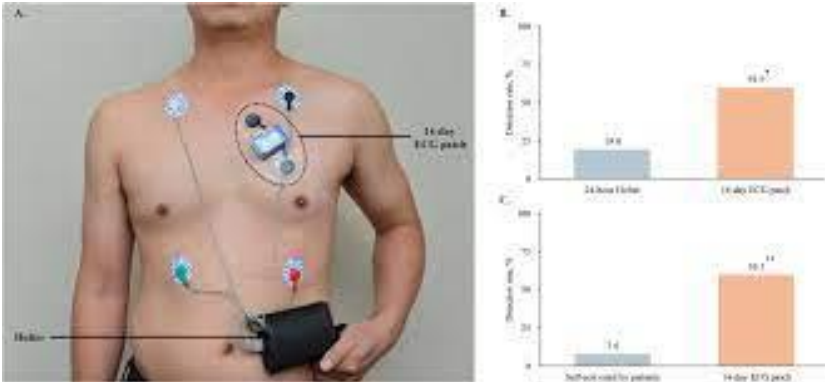
Result

<https://youtu.be/zIIDBF6tEI>



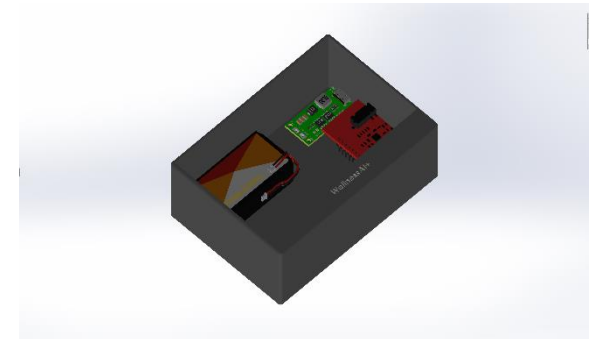
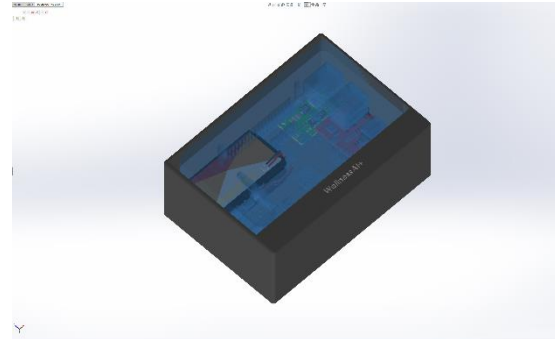
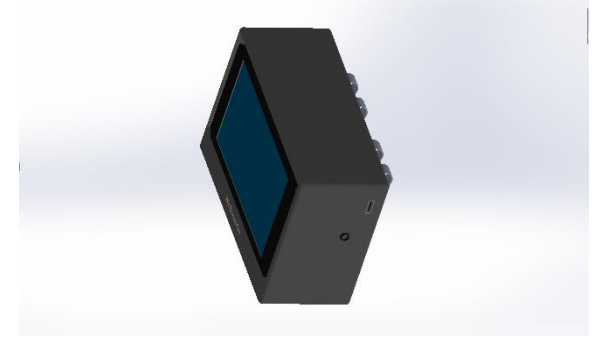
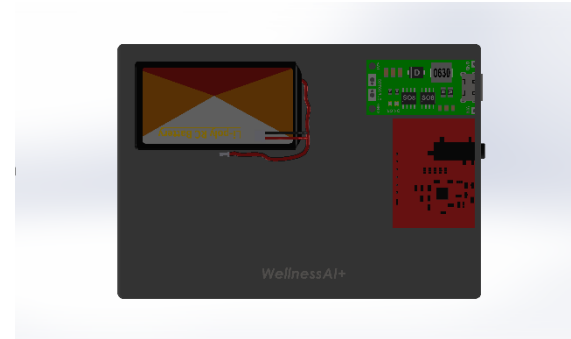
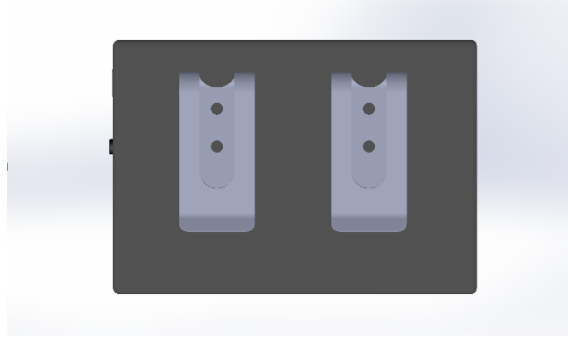


Wearable Design – Reference





Wearable Design – Clip on Pants



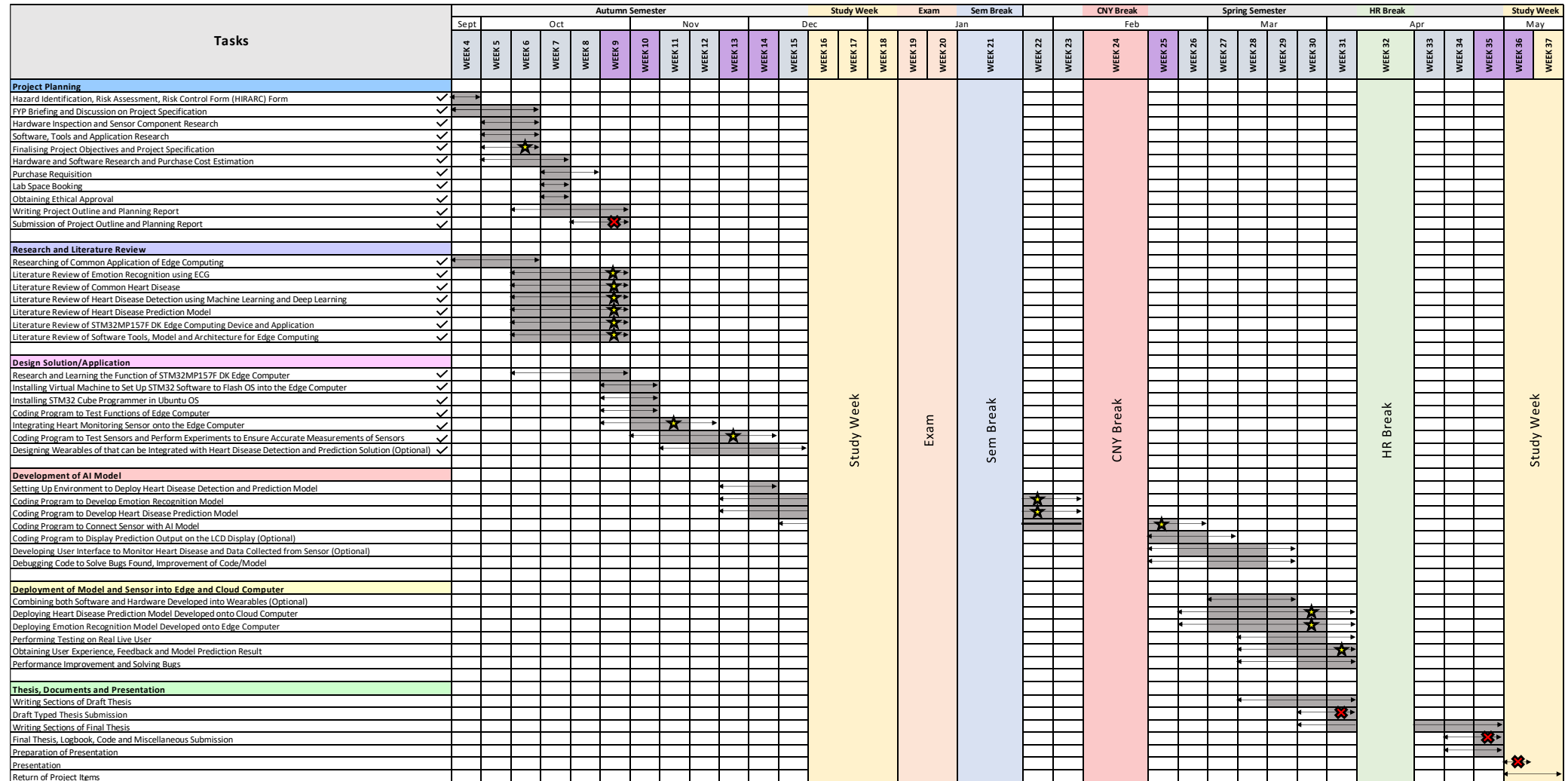


Gantt Chart – What's Next?

Supervisor: Dr Hermawan Nugroho
Moderator: Prof T. Nandha Kumar
Project Code: HN-BEng-23-01

Student Name: Koay Xian Cong
Student ID: 20418760

Legends: Error Bars for Uncertainty: Moderator Meeting Week:
Submission Dateline: Project Milestone:





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