

କେବଳିତା

କେବଳିତା

ISP କେବଳିତାର ପରିମାଣର ଅଧିକାରୀ

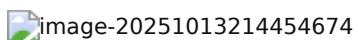
MAC କେବଳିତାର ପରିମାଣର ଅଧିକାରୀ

RTT କେବଳିତାର ପରିମାଣର ଅଧିକାରୀ

MSS TCP କେବଳିତାର ପରିମାଣର

TCP/IP କେବଳିତା

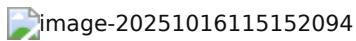
OSI TCP/IP



କେବଳିତା

- କେବଳିତା HTTPS ଏବଂ FTP ଏବଂ DHCP କେବଳିତା HTTP କେବଳିତା
- TCP ଏବଂ UDP କେବଳିତା
- IP କେବଳିତା

କେବଳିତାର ପରିମାଣର **TCP/IP** କେବଳିତା



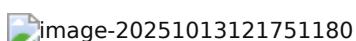
Socket

କେବଳିତାର ip କେବଳିତା + କେବଳିତା

TCP

କେବଳିତା

TCP କେବଳିତା 20 କେବଳିତା



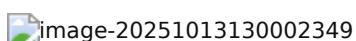
TCP କେବଳିତା **SYN** **ACK** **FIN** କେବଳିତା

- କେବଳିତା 1 କେବଳିତାର କେବଳିତା
- କେବଳିତା 0 କେବଳିତାର କେବଳିତା

କେବଳିତା

କେବଳିତା

- କେବଳିତା **SYN** କେବଳିତାର କେବଳିତା
- କେବଳିତା **SYN+ACK** କେବଳିତାର କେବଳିତା **SYN** କେବଳିତା + 1
- କେବଳିତା **ACK** କେବଳିତାର କେବଳିତା **SYN** କେବଳିତା + 1

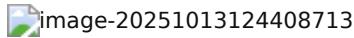


TCP

IP

- FIN+ACK
- ACK+**1**
- FIN+ACK
- FIN+ACK+ACK

+1



TCP/IP

IP

TCP

IP

IP

IP

IP

1. IP

- FIN+ACK
- TCP Window rwnd 65535

2. IP

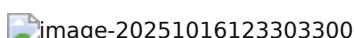
- ACK
- ACK+ACK
- ACK+rwnd

3. IP

- ACK+“”
- ACK+ACK

IP

- FIN+ACK
- FIN+ACK+ACK
 - FIN+ACK
 - ACK
- ACK+ACK



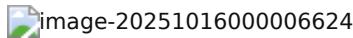
IP

IP

IP = $\min(\text{窗口}, \text{剩余})$

□□

- សារពិនិត្យ ssthresh នៃការបញ្ចូលពាក្យសង្គម cwnd នឹង 1MSS នៃTCPដែលបានបញ្ចូល
- សារពិនិត្យ 1 នៃការបញ្ចូល
- និង ssthresh នៃការបញ្ចូលពាក្យសង្គម
- និងការគ្រប់
 - សារពិនិត្យការគ្រប់
 - $ssthresh = cwnd / 2$
 - cwnd នឹង 1MSS
- និង 3 នៃការបញ្ចូលACK
 - សារពិនិត្យការបញ្ចូលACK
 - $ssthresh = cwnd / 2$
 - $ssthresh = cwnd + 3MSS$
 - និងការគ្រប់



BBR

□Google និង TC នៃការបញ្ចូល

- និងការគ្រប់
- និងការគ្រប់នៃការបញ្ចូល BtlBw និង RTprop
- $\$ \approx BtlBw \times RTprop \$$

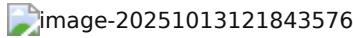
UDP

និងការបញ្ចូលពាក្យសង្គម នៃការបញ្ចូល UDP

□□

- និងការគ្រប់
- និងការគ្រប់នៃការបញ្ចូល
- និងការគ្រប់នៃការបញ្ចូល UDP និងការបញ្ចូល
- និង

UDP និង 8 នៃការបញ្ចូល



IPV4 និង 8

IPV4

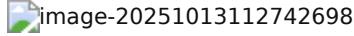
ipv4 និង 8 និង 8 នៃការបញ្ចូល . □

ip និង = និង + និង

- និងការគ្រប់នៃការបញ្ចូល
- និងការគ្រប់នៃការបញ្ចូល IP និងការបញ្ចូល
- និងការបញ្ចូល IP និងការបញ្ចូល
- និងការបញ្ចូលពាក្យសង្គម IP និងការបញ្ចូល

ip និង

- A
128
 - B
16384
 - C
2097152



2

- 0.0.0.0/0 ip範囲
 - 1.0.0.0/1 ip範囲
 - C 256-2=254 ip範囲

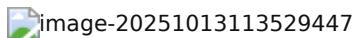
1

32

-  **1**
 -  **0** **1**

□□□□□□□□□□

- 1 IP
 - 0 IP



CIDR 100

□□□□□□□□□□ 1 □□IP□□□□ / 1□□□ □□

IPV6

ipv6 128 8 16 4

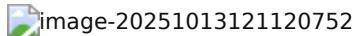
4

- $\overline{1010101010101010} \text{ :: } \overline{1010101010101010}$
 - $\overline{1010101010101010}0001\overline{10101010}$

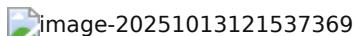
10 of 10

IPv4

64

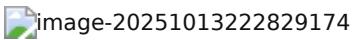


1



NAT

6



三

- **ipNAT**
 - **NAT**

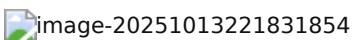
1

- NAT P2P
 - NAT

1

NAT

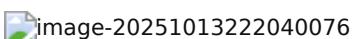
2



- 
 - 
 - 

NAT

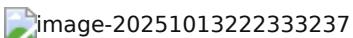
1



-      
 -                                                                                                                                          <img alt="Icon representing a network or connection" data-bbox="

2

2



DHCP

1

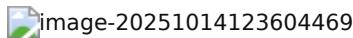
DHCP

1

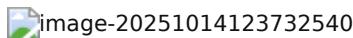
- ** DHCP Discover **
 - UDP端口号68到67
 - IP地址 0.0.0.0 和子网掩码 255.255.255.255 表示广播地址
 - MAC地址



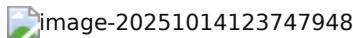
- DHCP** DHCP Offer **IP地址DNS
 - DHCP端口号IP地址IP地址
 - MAC地址



- ** DHCP Request **DHCP**IP



- ** DHCP ACK **IP



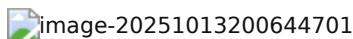
DNS

DNS UDP

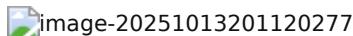
- UDP端口号512
- UDP端口号13

端口号

- 13

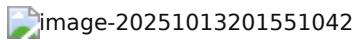


端口号



DNS

1. 通过命令行工具ping IP
2. 使用命令gethostbyname 从本地Hosts文件或DNS服务器
3. 通过DNS服务器或本地hosts文件解析DNS
4. 通过DNS服务器解析DNS，将域名转换为IP地址。TLD如 .com 或 .cn 等。
5. 通过DNS服务器解析TLD，将TLD转换为对应的DNS服务器。
6. 通过DNS服务器解析DNS，将子域名转换为IP地址。
7. 通过DNS服务器将IP地址转换为可读的域名。



DNS

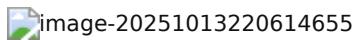
- A ୱୟାମିତିକୀୟିତା**IPv4**
- AAAA ୱୟାମିତିକୀୟିତା**IPv6**
- CNAME ନାମ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ କରନ୍ତି
- MX ନାମ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ କରନ୍ତି

SSH

କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ ଯେଉଁଠାରେ କାମ କରିବାକୁ ପରିଚାରିତ କରିବାକୁ ପରିଚାରିତ କରିବାକୁ ପରିଚାରିତ କରିବାକୁ

କାମ

- କେବଳ TCP
- କେବଳ SSH
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ **SSH**
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ କାମ କରିବାକୁ
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ କାମ କରିବାକୁ
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ କାମ କରିବାକୁ
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ କାମ କରିବାକୁ
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ host କେବଳ host କାମ କରିବାକୁ host କାମ କରିବାକୁ host କାମ କରିବାକୁ
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ host କେବଳ host କାମ କରିବାକୁ



କାମ

କାମ

- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ କାମ କରିବାକୁ
- କେବଳ host କାମ
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ

SSH

କାମ ssh-keygen କାମ କରିବାକୁ **ssh-copy-id** କାମ କରିବାକୁ

HTTP

କାମ

- କେବଳ Stateless
- କେବଳ HTTP1.1
- କେବଳ Header
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ
- କେବଳିକାରୀଙ୍କ

- 端口号**80**

协议

- **HTTP/1.1** 通过 TCP 传输
- **HTTP/2** 通过 TCP 传输
- **HTTP/3** 通过 QUIC/UDP 通过 TCP 传输 TLS

HTTP/1.1

请求头 **Keep-Alive** 值

通过 TCP HTTP 传输，通过 HTTP 1.1 HTTP 1.1

- 通过文本形式（纯文本）/或 ASCII Body 传输
 - 文本/二进制形式
 - 图像
- 通过 **TCP** 传输

HTTP2

协议

- 通过 TCP 传输，通过 HTTP/1.1 HTTP/1.1 通过 TCP 传输

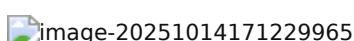
协议

- 通过二进制形式
- 协议
- 通过二进制形式
 - 通过 Stream_ID 传输

HTTP3

协议

- 通过 **TCP** 或 **QUIC** 或 **UDP** 通过 **TCP** 传输
- 通过 **HTTP2** 传输
- 通过 **QUIC** 和 **TLS1.3** 传输



HTTPS

协议

端口号**443**

Http 协议加上 S 表示 SSL/TLS

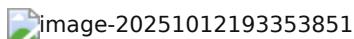
- **Https** = **Http** + **SSL/TLS**

1

-
 -

A decorative horizontal bar consisting of a series of small, evenly spaced rectangular blocks.

1



SSL

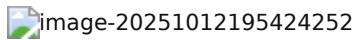
TLS1.2 ██████████ **TCP** █████

1. 1 Client Hello TLS Version 1 Client Random
 - 1
 - 2
 2. 2 Server Hello TLS Version 2 Server Random
 - 3
 - 4
 3. 3
 4. 4 Server Key Exchange
 5. 5 Server Hello Done
 6. 6
 7. 7
 8. 8
 - 9
 9. 9
 10. 10 Client Finished
 11. 11 Finished

TLS1.3 **2** **1**

1

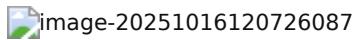
- 
 - 



QUIC

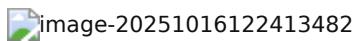
HTTP/2, HTTP/3, UDP, QPACK

- HTTP2 သူတဲ့ TLS သူတဲ့ TCP မှာ
- HTTP3
- UDP
- QPACK အတွက်



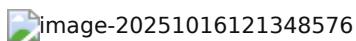
QUIC ပုံစံ

- QUIC ပုံစံ
- QUIC ပုံစံ
- QUIC ပုံစံ



လျော့လျော့

- လျော့လျော့ 1RTT လျော့လျော့လျော့လျော့လျော့လျော့
- လျော့လျော့ 0RTT



လျော့

- QUIC ပုံစံ ID လျော့လျော့လျော့
- ISP ပုံစံ ID လျော့လျော့

