Bare Demo of IEEEtran.cls for Conferences

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Abstract—The abstract goes here.

I. INTRODUCTION

In this project, we will extract the topics from a corpus collected from Stack Overflow using Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA) on a hadoop cluster. LDA is a statistical model for discovering underlying topics from a collection of documents [?].

II. EXPERIMENT

A. Dataset

The dataset of this project is obtained from Kaggle (www.kaggle.com), which is a platform for data analysis and prediction competitions. The data that we use are posted by Facebook for a keyword extraction competition. The dataset consists the files both for training and testing, of which the training file contains four columns id, title, body, and tags. In this project, only the title and body are used to extract the topics.

Example:

id: 1

title: How to check if an uploaded file is an image without mime type?

content:

I'd like to check if an uploaded file is an image file (e.g png, jpg, jpeg, gif, bmp) or another file. The problem is that I'm using Uploadify to upload the files, which changes the mime type and gives a 'text/octal' or something as the mime type, no matter which file type you upload.

Is there a way to check if the uploaded file is an image apart from checking the file extension using PHP?

tags: php image-processing file-upload upload mime-types

B. Hadoop Setup

The hadoop cluster contains six nodes including one masternode and five slavenodes. To set up the hadoop cluster, we first configured the hosts file as shown below.

```
192.168.65.70 masternode
192.168.65.71 slavenode1
192.168.65.72 slavenode2
```

192.168.65.75 slavenode3 192.168.65.76 slavenode4 192.168.65.77 slavenode5

To configure the hadoop accordingly, we updated the conf/masters and conf/slaves files on the master node as shown below.

conf/masters on the master node:

masternode

conf/slaves one the master node:

slavenode1 slavenode3 slavenode4 slavenode5

</configuration>

In addition, configuration files conf/core-site.xml, conf/mapred-site.xml, and conf/hdfs-site.xml were modified on all the nodes as shown below.

conf/core-site.xml on all the nodes:

```
<configuration>
property>
<name>fs.default.name
<value>hdfs://masternode:9000</value>
<description>Enter your NameNode hostname
</description>
</property>
cproperty>
<name>fs.checkpoint.dir</name>
<value>/home/student/DAT500/fs/hdfs/snn
</value>
<description>A comma separated list of paths.
Use the list of directories</description>
</property>
cproperty>
<name>hadoop.tmp.dir</name>
<value>/home/student/DAT500/fs/tmp</value>
<description>Comma separated list of paths
</description>
</property>
```

```
conf/mapred-site.xml on all the nodes:
<configuration>
cproperty>
<name>mapred.job.tracker</name>
<value>masternode:9001</value>
<description>Enter your JobTracker hostname
</description>
</property>
property>
<name>mapred.local.dir</name>
<value>/home/student/DAT500/fs/tmp/mapred/
local</value>
<description>Comma separated list of paths
</description>
</property>
</configuration>
conf/hdfs-site.xml on all the nodes:
<configuration>
cproperty>
<name>dfs.name.dir</name>
<value>/home/student/DAT500/fs/hdfs/nn
<description>Comma separated list of paths
</description>
</property>
cproperty>
<name>dfs.data.dir</name>
<value>/home/student/DAT500/fs/hdfs/dn
</value>
<description>Comma separated list of paths
</description>
</property>
cproperty>
<name>dfs.replication</name>
<value>2</value>
</property>
</configuration>
```

C. Data Cleaning

Due to the nature of the stack overflow platform, the posts come in various forms. Most posts has weird characters, huge amount of numbers and texts that's not natural language, representing mathematical formulations, program codes and also program or compiling outputs. For example, a lot of questions are asked about a certain compilation error or run time error, which very commonly contains a very long sequence of error report such as stack trace. These text do includes huge amount of text however, they're machine generated output and can be very confusing to the LDA training process. Therefore, we perform a certain steps of preprocessing before we actually run LDA. This not only prevent the unneccesary alements of the posts from confusing the training process but also reduce the data size tremendously.

• **Retrieve related fields.** The original data comes in a csv file with four fields for each record: id, title, body, tag.

Since we want to find out the popular topics among the posts, we want to use the text-rich segments (title and body). Tag is essentially the topic in a sense (tags are mostly about what technology the post is asking like a certain programming language). This can be used as the gold standard later to evaluate the topics we found. Thus, we eliminate them for the training process.

- Remove contents in ¡code¿¡/code¿. The ¡code¿¡/code¿ tag contains a lot of mathematical formulations, machine generated text etc. Since they're not helpful in finding topics, we eliminate them.
- Remove tags. Tags like ¡p¿¡/p¿ have a large frequency whereas they have no contribution to any topics. So they're all removed.
- Remove punctuations. Removing punctuations helps greatly with reducing the feature space. If punctuations are not removed, "happy", "happy." and "happy," would be regarded as different words whereas they should be the same.
- Lowercase the text. Lowercase the entire text also helps with reducing feature space since otherwise "happy" and "happy" would be regarded as different.
- Remove newlines and excessive white spaces. Since
 the preprocessed text will be fed into mahout later and
 text is segmented into words by white space in mahout.
 Therefore, this would guarantee mahout segments words
 correctly.
- D. Latent Dirichlet Allocation
- E. Results

III. CONCLUSION

The conclusion goes here.

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REFERENCES

[1] David M Blei, Andrew Y Ng, and Michael I Jordan. Latent dirichlet allocation. the Journal of machine Learning research, 3:993–1022, 2003.