

HTTP STREAMING

DASH

MPEG-DASH ISO/IEC 23009-1

Content

- Introduction
- Service description
- MPD description
- Segment description
- Profiles
- Functionalities
- References







Terminology

- HTTP adaptive bit rate streaming HABS
- Apple HTTP Live Streaming HLS
- Adobe HTTP Dynamic Streaming HDS
- Windows Media HTTP Streaming Protocol WMSP
- Dynamic Adaptive Streaming over HTTP DASH
 - Supported by Microsoft, Adobe





HTTP streaming

- •HTTP & TCP not efficient: required bandwidth = 2 x bitrate of media due to TCP overhead
- HTTP + consumption w/o downloading the entire content
- •HTTP Streaming ::= delivery of continuous media



では、

HTTP Streaming why

- Reasonable Internet connectivity (i.e., in terms of bandwidth for media content)
- Available anywhere, anytime, and almost on any device
- •HTTP does not cause any NAT/firewall issues as it is the case with other media transport protocols like RTP/RTSP
- SERVER simplicity ()





Akamai's principal architect for media engineering, commented:

"We've spent the past five years delivering a variety of adaptive video formats—SmoothHD, HDNI, HLS and HDS—all of which are **80 percent the same but 100 percent incompatible**."



份多数

HTTP Streaming solutions

Apple HTTP Live Streaming HLS

draft-pantos-http-live-streaming-03

MPEG2 TS

Microsoft IIS Smooth Streaming

Appelée technologie Smooth Streaming (silverlight plugin) MP4

Adobe HTTP Dynamic Streaming HDS

Adobe Flash Media Streaming Serveur

Mp4 (F4V F4F)

Dynamic Adaptive Streaming over HTTP DASH

MPEG standard

MP4 TS





HTTP STREAMING DIFFERENCIATION

All HTTP-based adaptive streaming technologies use a combination of encoded media files and manifest files that identify alternative streams and their respective URLs.





HTTP STREAMING DIFFERENCIATION

The respective **players** monitor **buffer status** (HLS) and **CPU utilization** (Smooth Streaming and HTTP Dynamic Streaming) and **change streams** as necessary, locating the alternate stream from the URLs specified in the manifest file.





HTTP STREAMING DIFFERENCIATION

HLS uses MPEG-2 Transport Stream (**M2TS**) segments, stored as thousands of tiny M2TS files, while Smooth Streaming and HDS use time-code to find the necessary fragment of the appropriate **MP4** elementary streams.



Streaming HTTP Adaptatif

Multiple niveaux en fichiers (n niveaux, n connexions)

Commutation de Chunk

Closed GOP

GOP de longueur fixe

De 2 sec à 10 sec

Démo: smoothstreaming

http://www.iis.net/media/experiencesmoothst

reaming1080p



DASH Definition

Dynamic Adaptive Streaming over HTTP (DASH)
 Standart in 2012

MPEG-DASH ISO/IEC 23009-1

Specifies formats that enable delivery of media content from standard HTTP servers to HTTP clients and enable caching of content by standard HTTP caches



DASH Standard

- Superset for system specifications
 - 3GPP Release-9 AHS in TS 26.234 and 3GPP Release-10 DASH TS26.247
 - Open IPTV Forum HTTP Adaptive Streaming (HAS)

System specifications may define more: codecs, DRM, etc.

International Standard 2012



MPEG-DASH Design Principles

DASH is an enabler

- provides formats to enable efficient and highquality streaming over the Internet
- System definition left to other organizations (SDOs, Fora, Companies, etc.)

DASH is not:

system, protocol, presentation, codec, middleware, client specification



HTTP Streaming 3GP

Manifest File (MF): Playlist, Media Presentation Description, ... mostly XML-based 3gm format

Delivery Format (DF)

3gp format as extensions/specializations of

- •ISO Base File Format (ISOBMFF)
- •MPEG-2 Transport Stream (M2TS)



- Supports adaptive on demand and live streaming such as MPEG-4 file format and MPEG-2TS.
- Efficient and ease of use of existing CDNs, proxies, caches, NATs and firewalls.
- Control of entire streaming session by the client.
- Support of seamless switching of tracks.
- The concept of switching and selectable streams.



- Signaling, delivery, utilization of multiple DRM schemes.
- Supports ad-insertion.
- Segments with variable durations.
- Sub-segment alignment indication to simplify switching and avoiding overlapping fragments.





- Manifest fragmentation and assembly for external inclusion of elements.
- Content Descriptors for accessibility, roles, rating and camera views.
- Multiple base URLs for the same content.
- Clock drift control for live sessions.



- Scalable Video Coding (SVC) and Multiview Video Coding (MVC)
- Subseting of representation groups according to the content author's guidance.
- Quality metrics for reporting the session experience.



Drawback

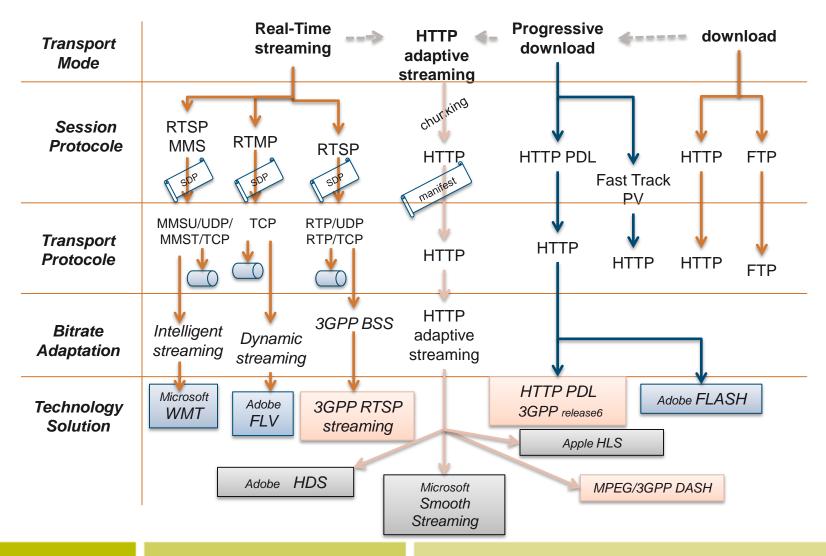
- Does not Standardize the player and server
- Bitrate regulation let to the client decision! Peak bitrate risk
- Lot of chunk, server risk : file listings ,log processing capacity,



Service Description

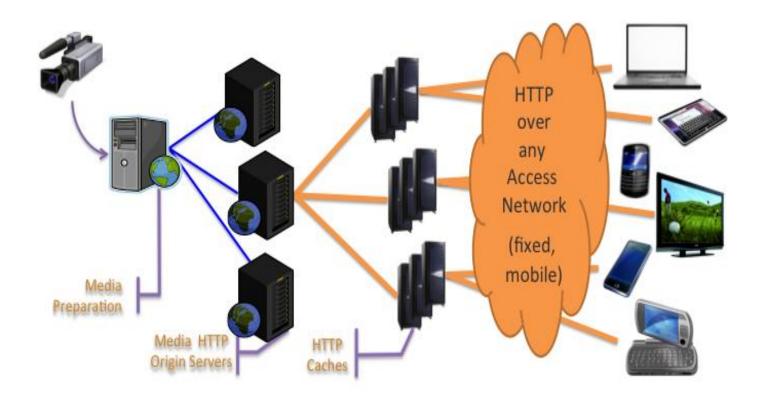


Techniques



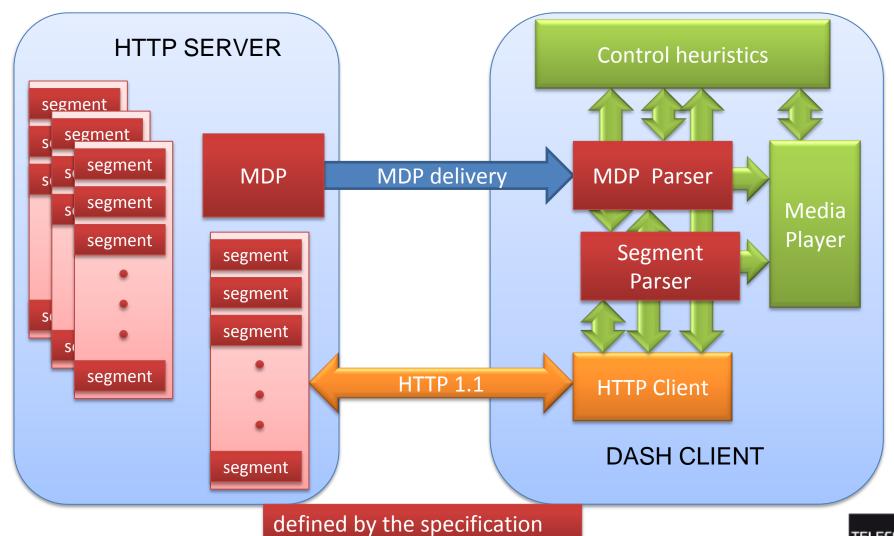


HTTP Scheme

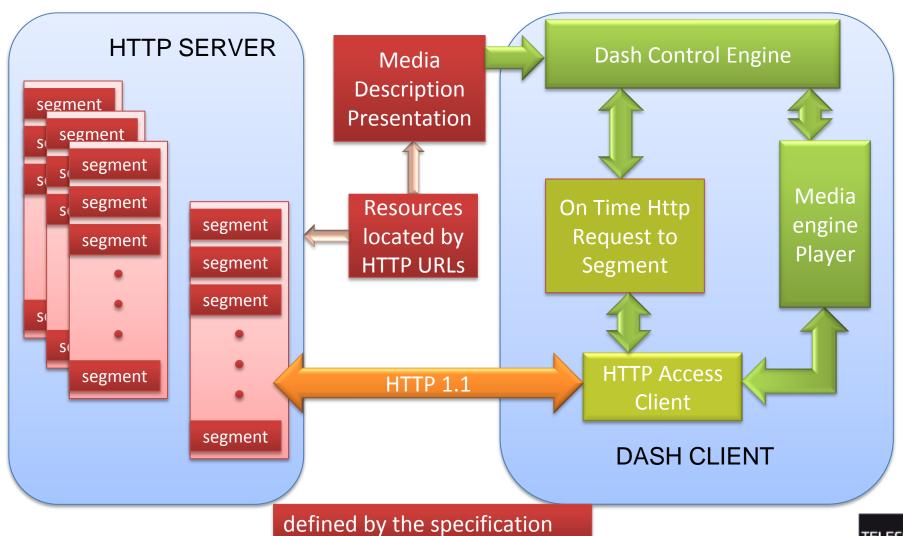




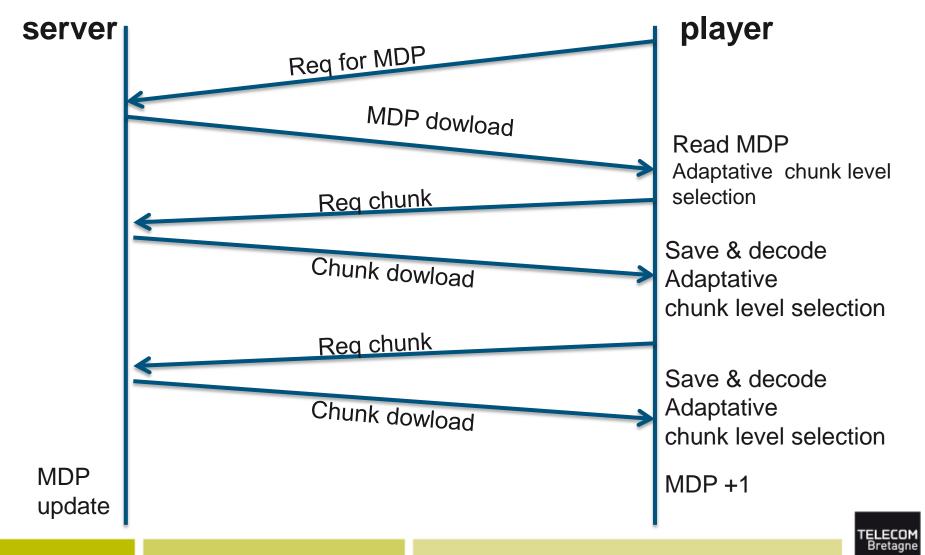
Scope of the MPEG-DASH Standard



Scope of the MPEG-DASH Standard



DASH How To



Defines two formats

- Media Presentation Description (MPD)
- The Segment formats identified in the MPD (Chunk)

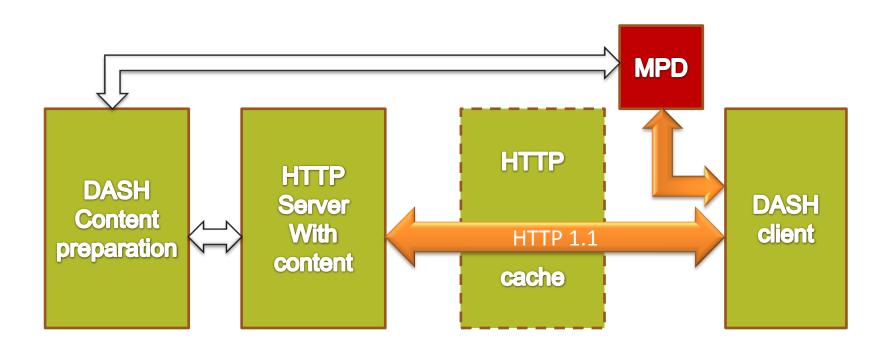


Client

- DASH Client is not standardized.
- MPD provides sufficient information for a client to provide a streaming service to the user by accessing the Segments through the protocol HTTP/1.1specified in the scheme of the defined resources.

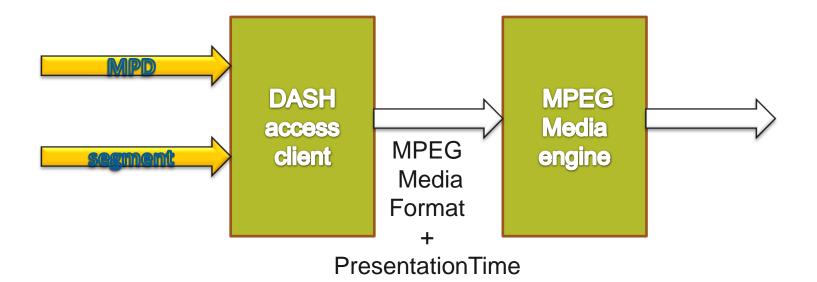


Possible DASH Architecture





DASH Client Model





MDP description



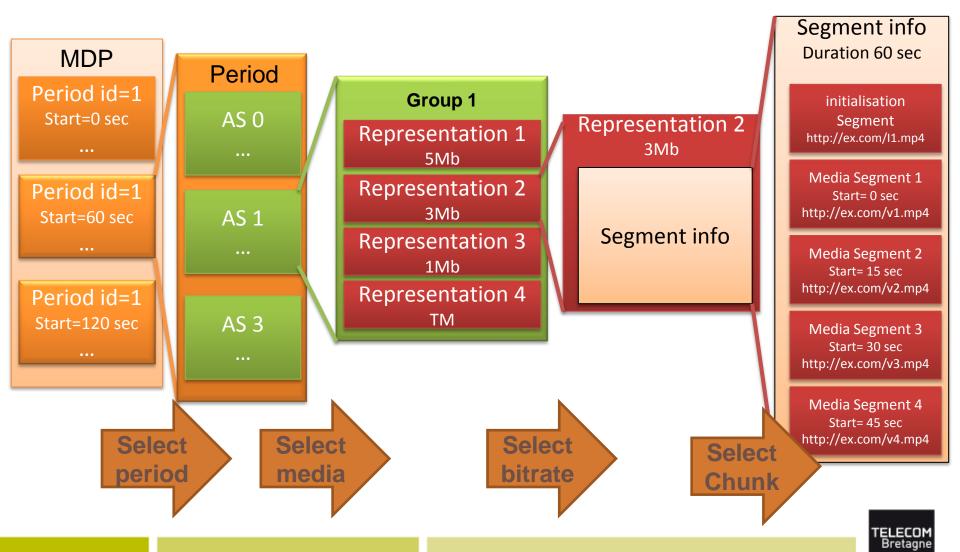
MPD Description

- MPD is an XML-document
- collection of data that is accessible via URL to a DASH Client
- HTTP-URLs may be absolute or relative
- updates of the MPD possible

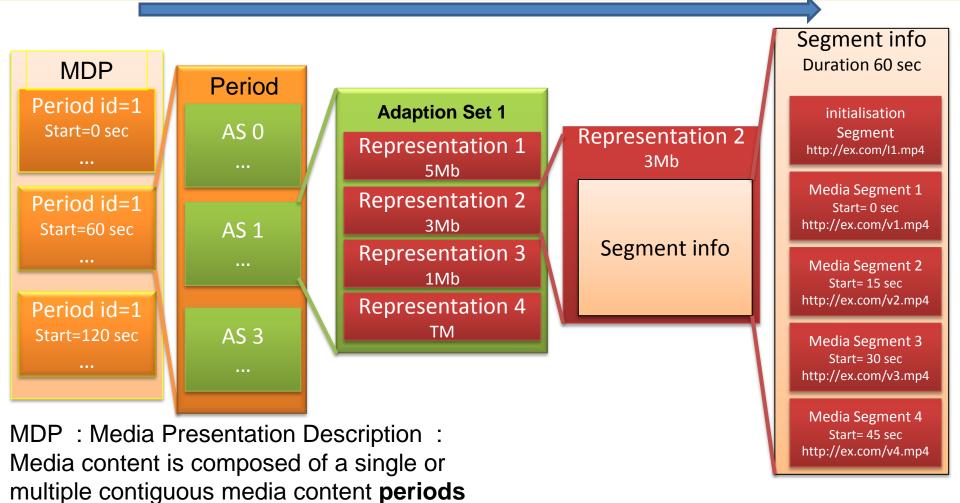


接觸

MPD hierarchical data model



MPD hierarchical data model





in time.

MPD hierarchical data model

MDP
Period id=1
Start=0 sec
...

Period id=1
Start=60 sec
...

Period id=1
Start=120 sec
...

AS 0
...

AS 1
...

Adaption Set 1

Representation 1

5Mb

Representation 2

3Mb

Representation 3

1Mb

Representation 4

TM

Representation 2
3Mb

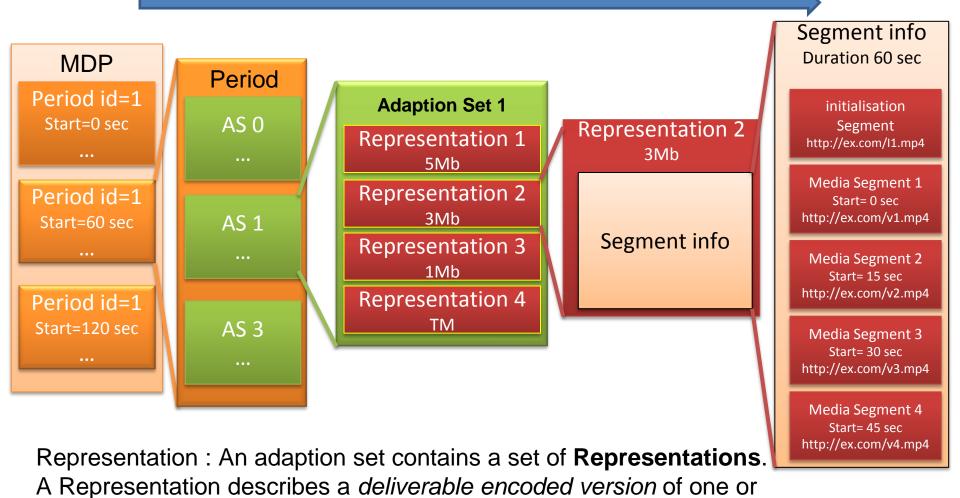
Segment info

Segment info Duration 60 sec initialisation Segment http://ex.com/l1.mp4 Media Segment 1 Start= 0 sec http://ex.com/v1.mp4 Media Segment 2 Start= 15 sec http://ex.com/v2.mp4 Media Segment 3 Start= 30 sec http://ex.com/v3.mp4 Media Segment 4 Start= 45 sec http://ex.com/v4.mp4

Adaptation Set: Each media content **period** is composed of one or multiple **media content components**, for example audio components in various languages and a video component. Each media content component has an assigned **media content component type**, for example audio or video.



MPD hierarchical data model





several media content components.

MPD hierarchical data model

Segment info Duration 60 sec MDP Period Period id=1 **Adaption Set 1** initialisation AS₀ Start=0 sec Representation 2 Segment Representation 1 http://ex.com/I1.mp4 3Mb 5Mb Media Segment 1 Representation 2 Period id=1 Start= 0 sec 3Mb http://ex.com/v1.mp4 **AS 1** Start=60 sec Segment info Representation 3 Media Segment 2 1Mb Start= 15 sec http://ex.com/v2.mp4 Representation 4 Period id=1 TM **AS 3** Start=120 sec Media Segment 3 Start= 30 sec http://ex.com/v3.mp4 Media Segment 4 Start= 45 sec. Segment: Within a Representation, the content may be divided in

MPD may also include a byte range with the URL: Segment is

contained in the provided byte range of some larger resource

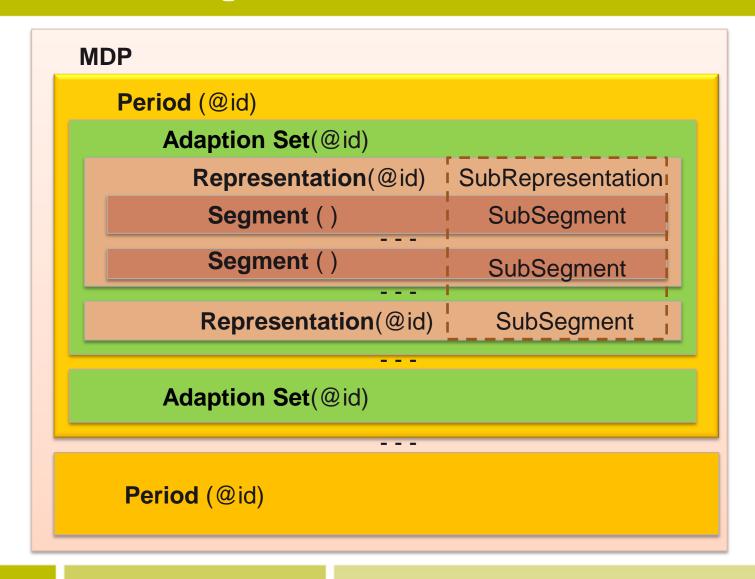


http://ex.com/v4.mp4

time into **Segments**



DASH High-Level Data Model







Segment description



Media Segments

ISO Base Media File Format as defined in ISO/IEC 14496-12

MPEG-2 Transport Stream as defined in the ISO/IEC 13818-2 Format



HTTP Live Streaming how to Encoding

Chunk length

2 sec for short sequence. (> 5mn).

6 sec for long sequence

Key frame (intra)

Every 2 sec

Independent chunk

Closed GOP

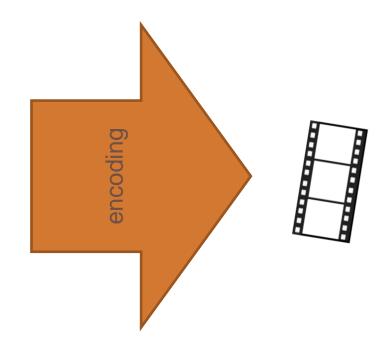
Rates example

512 kbps 288P

768 kbps 360P

1200 kbps 480P

2000 kbps 720P







Apple HTTP coding recommendation

Figure 1.

Apple provides very specific configuration recommendations in Technical Note TN2224.

HTTP Streaming Encode Recommendations 16:9 Aspect Ratio

| | Dimensions | Total Bitrate | Video Bitrate | Keyframe | Restrict Profile to | |
|-------|------------|---------------|---------------|----------|---------------------|--|
| CELL | 480x320 | 64 | NA | NA | NA | |
| CELL | 416x234 | 150 | 110 | 30 | Baseline, 3.0 | |
| CELL | 416x234 | 240 | 200 | 45 | Baseline, 3.0 | |
| CELL | 416x234 | 440 | 400 | 90 | Baseline, 3.0 | |
| WI-FI | 640x360 | 640 | 600 | 90 | Baseline, 3.0 | |
| WI-FI | 640x360 | 1240 | 1200 | 90 | Main, 3.1 | |
| WI-FI | 960x540 | 1840 | 1800 | 90 | Main, 3.1 | |
| WI-FI | 1280x720 | 2540 | 2500 | 90 | Main, 3.1 | |
| WI-FI | 1280x720 | 4540 | 4500 | 90 | Main, 3.1 | |



Consistent Audio Parameters

- 40Kbps audio for all streams. Most authorities recommend the same,
- audible pops may occur when switching between streams with different audio parameters.
- =>One set of parameters for audio.
- Concert example two sets of audio parameters,
 - one mono, one stereo
 - same sample rate and bit depth
 - Lower-quality 64Kbps/44 kHz/16-bit mono
 - Higher quality 128Kbps/44 kHz/16-bit stereo

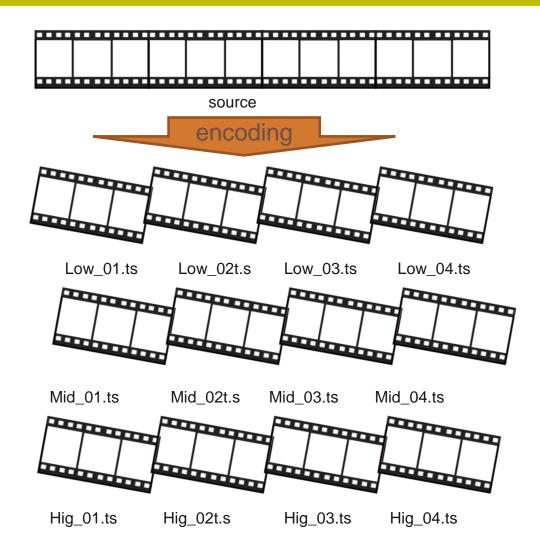


HTTP Live Streaming how to mux A

Encode the source into multiple files at different data rates
Ex 3: low midle high

Divide them into short chunks, usually between 5-10 seconds long. Low_01.ts Low_02.ts In closed GOP (independent)

Here MPEG2 TS is used as format container *.ts





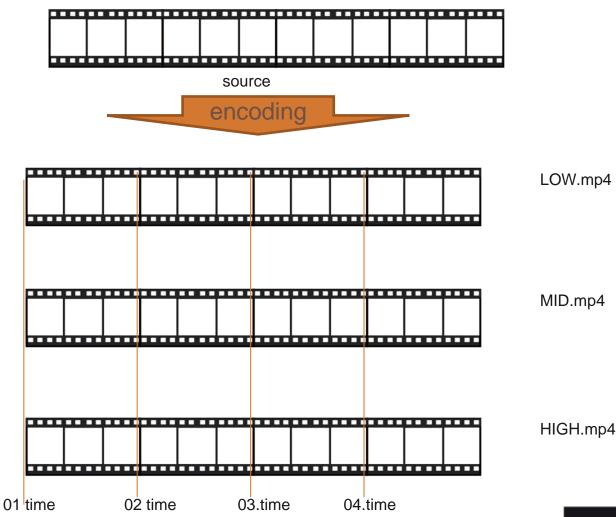
HTTP Live Streaming how to mux B

Encode the source into multiple files at different data rates

Ex 3: low midle high

Divide them into short chunks, usually between 5-10 seconds long. In closed GOP (independent)

Insert chunk with time in a file File as MP4







Example configuration

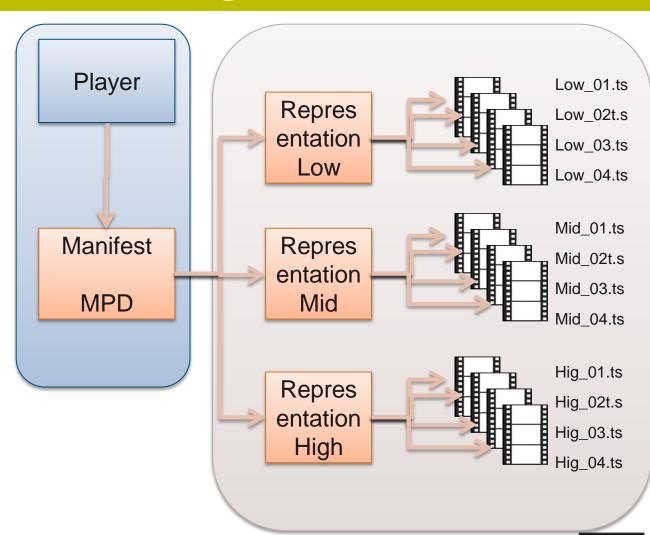
| | Constraints | _ | croson | ng prine | our so ea | anning . | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|------------|----------------|--|----|
| Adaptive 5 | Streaming Vic | feo | Audio | Filters | Publish | ing No | tification | Player Options | |
| ☑ Codec | MainCo | ncept | H.264 | | • | | | | |
| Keyfran | ne Interval | | | | | Frame Size | | | |
| Emit a keyframe every 3 seconds | | | | | | | Same as source | | |
| Fragme | ent Duratio | n | | | | | | Inconstrained Naintain aspect ratio | |
| 0.007 | a new frag | | every (| secon | ds | 0 | | etter Box or Pillar | 95 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Dimensions Fran | | | | | Rate | Data Rate | | |
| • | 512 | | 288 | | 1:1 | • | 110 | | • |
| - | 512 | | 288 | | 1:1 | • | 230 | | • |
| - | 512 | | 288 | | 1:1 | • | 480 | | |
| • | 640 | • | 360 | | 1:1 | • | 990 | | • |
| • | 852 | • | 480 | | 1:1 | ٠ | 1800 | | • |
| - | 1280 | | 720 | | 1:1 | * | 3000 | | • |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | |

http://www.streamingmediaglobal.com/Articles/Editorial/Featured-Articles/How-to-Produce-for-Adaptive-Streaming-81020.a

HTTP Live Streaming MPD

Loaded chunk on an HTTP server along with a text-based manifest file:
Media Presentation Description, XML file MDP

that directs the player to URL of each of the encoded chunk *.ts





Profiles



Profiles



MPEG2
TS
format
SIMPLE

MPEG2 TS format MAIN ISO Media Base file format MP4 MAIN

MP4
Format
On
Demand

MP4 Format Live



Profile

- Three profiles are defined reyling on the ISO base media FF as Segment formats
 - Main
 - On demand subset of Main
 - Live subset of Main
- Two profiles are defined for MPEG-2 TS based Media Segment formats
 - Main
 - Simple subset of main



Profile ISO base media FF on demand

- One segment / representation
- Subsegment aligned in across representation within an adaptatation set
- Subsegment begin by Stream Access Points
- MPD@type shall be "static"



Profile ISO base media FF Live

- Small segment
- MPD@type shall be "Live"



Example MPD for ISO Base media file format On Demand profile MDP

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<MPD
   xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
   xmIns="urn:mpeg:DASH:schema:MPD:2011"
   xsi:schemaLocation="urn:mpeg:DASH:schema:MPD:2011 DASH-
  MPD.xsd"
   type="static"
   mediaPresentationDuration="PT3256S"
   minBufferTime="PT1.2S"
   profiles="urn:mpeg:dash:profile:isoff-on-demand:2011">
   <BaseURL>http://cdn1.example.com/</BaseURL>
   <BaseURL>http://cdn2.example.com/</BaseURL>
   <Period>
   </Period>
</MPD>
```



On-Demand period

```
<Period>
    <!-- English Audio -->
    <AdaptationSet mimeType="audio/mp4" codecs="mp4a.0x40" lang="en"
  subsegmentAlignment="true" subsegmentStartsWithSAP="1">
    </AdaptationSet>
    <!-- French Audio -->
    <AdaptationSet mimeType="audio/mp4" codecs="mp4a.40.2" lang="fr"
  subsegmentAlignment="true" subsegmentStartsWithSAP="1">
    </AdaptationSet>
    <!-- Timed text -->
    <AdaptationSet mimeType="application/ttml+xml" lang="de">
    </AdaptationSet>
    <!-- Video -->
    <AdaptationSet mimeType="video/mp4" codecs="avc1.4d0228"
    </AdaptationSet>
</Period>
```



On-Demand audio



On-Demand text



On-Demand video

7₹/AdaptationSet>

```
<AdaptationSet mimeType="video/mp4" codecs="avc1.4d0228"
 subsegmentAlignment="true" subsegmentStartsWithSAP="2">
     <ContentProtection schemeIdUri="urn:uuid:706D6953-656C-5244-4D48-</p>
 656164657221"/>
     <Representation id="6" bandwidth="256000" width="320" height="240">
      <BaseURL>8563456473.mp4</BaseURL>
     </Representation>
     <Representation id="7" bandwidth="512000" width="320" height="240">
      <BaseURL>56363634.mp4</BaseURL>
     </Representation>
     <Representation id="8" bandwidth="1024000" width="640" height="480">
      <BaseURL>562465736.mp4</BaseURL>
     </Representation>
     <Representation id="9" bandwidth="1384000" width="640" height="480">
      <BaseURL>41325645.mp4</BaseURL>
     </Representation>
     <Representation id="A" bandwidth="1536000" width="1280" height="720">
      <BaseURL>89045625.mp4</BaseURL>
     </Representation>
     <Representation id="B" bandwidth="2048000" width="1280" height="720">
      <BaseURL>23536745734.mp4</BaseURL>
     </Representation>
```

ISO Base media file format Live profile

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<MPD
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns="urn:mpeg:DASH:schema:MPD:2011"
  xsi:schemaLocation="urn:mpeg:DASH:schema:MPD:2011 DASH-
  MPD.xsd"
  type="dynamic"
  minimumUpdatePeriod="PT2S"
  timeShiftBufferDepth="PT30M"
  availabilityStartTime="2011-12-25T12:30:00"
  minBufferTime="PT4S"
  profiles="urn:mpeg:dash:profile:isoff-live:2011">
  <BaseURL>http://cdn1.example.com/</BaseURL>
  <BaseURL>http://cdn2.example.com/</BaseURL>
   <Period>...</Period>
</MPD>
```



ISO Base media file format Live profile PERIOD

```
<Period>
<!-- Video -->
<AdaptationSet mimeType="video/mp4" codecs="avc1.4D401F"
     frameRate="30000/1001" segmentAlignment="true"
     startWithSAP="1">
</AdaptationSet>
<!-- English Audio -->
<AdaptationSet mimeType="audio/mp4" codecs="mp4a.0x40" lang="en"
  segmentAlignment="0" startWithSAP="1">
</AdaptationSet>
<!-- French Audio -->
<AdaptationSet mimeType="audio/mp4" codecs="mp4a.0x40" lang="fr"
 segmentAlignment="0" startWithSAP="1">
</AdaptationSet>
</Period>
```

ISO Base media file format Live profile video

```
<!-- Video -->
<AdaptationSet mimeType="video/mp4" codecs="avc1.4D401F"
 frameRate="30000/1001" segmentAlignment="true" startWithSAP="1">
    <BaseURL>video/</BaseURL>
    <SegmentTemplate timescale="90000"</p>
       initialization="$Bandwidth%/init.mp4v"
       media="$Bandwidth%/$Time$.mp4v">
     <SegmentTimeline> <S t="0" d="180180" r="432"/>
     </SegmentTimeline>
    </SegmentTemplate>
   <Representation id="v0" width="320" height="240"</pre>
  bandwidth="250000"/>
    <Representation id="v1" width="640" height="480"
  bandwidth="500000"/>
    <Representation id="v2" width="960" height="720"</pre>
  bandwidth="1000000"/>
```

</AdaptationSet>

ISO Base media file format Live profile audio

```
<!-- English Audio -->
   <AdaptationSet mimeType="audio/mp4"
 codecs="mp4a.0x40" lang="en" segmentAlignment="0"
 startWithSAP="1">
    <SegmentTemplate timescale="48000"</pre>
 initialization="audio/en/init.mp4a"
 media="audio/en/$Time$.mp4a">
     <SegmentTimeline>
      <S t="0" d="96000" r="432"/>
     </SegmentTimeline>
    </SegmentTemplate>
    <Representation id="a0" bandwidth="64000" />
   </AdaptationSet>
```





Functionalities

Acces point MDP Update



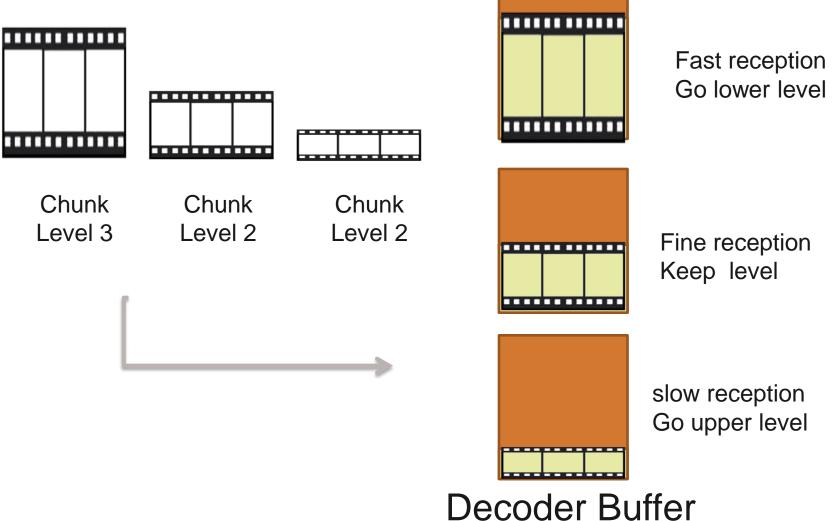


Functionalities

Regulation



HTTP Bitrate Regulation







Functionalities

Access Point

Resynchronization **Zapping**



SAP

- Stream Acces Point are defined to enable seamless stream switching
- The type of SAP is dependent only on which Access Units are correctly decodable
- Type 1 => "Closed GoP random access point" low delay
- Type 2 => "Closed GoP random access point" classical
- Type 3 => "Open GoP random access point",
- Type 4 => "Gradual Decoding Refresh (GDR) random access point"
- **Type 5 ...**
- **Type 6 ...**



SAP Media stream access points

- Type 1 « closed GOP »
- I1_{Isap} P2 P2
- **■** First Decoding order Isap = first presentation order
- Decoding order assume good continuous presentation
- No ref to anterior access unit
- Type 2 « closed GOP »
- Dec order: I1_{Isau} B0 P3 B2 P4
- Pres order : B0 I1 B2 P3
- First Decoding order Isau ≠ first presentation order
- Decoding order assume good presentation
- No ref to anterior access unit for B0



SAP Media stream access points

- Type 3 « open GOP »
- Dec order: I1_{Isau} B0 P3 B2 P4
- Pres order : B0 I1_{Tsap} B2 P3
- First Decoding order Isau ≠ first presentation order
- Not correct Decoding of B0
- Ref to anterior access unit for B0
- Type 4 « Gradual Decoding Refresh (GDR) » multiple reference frame HEVC
- Dec order: I1_{Isau} B0 P3 B2 P4
- Pres order : B0 I1_{Tsap} B2 P3
- First Decoding order Isau ≠ first presentation order
- Not correct Decoding of B0 P3...





Functionalities

MDP Update

Modification of content location



B M MDP update

■ The server may update the MPD document during the Media Presentation

Media Presentation is described by a MPD including any possible updates of the MPD



MDP update Parameters

MPD@type set to 'dynamic', the MPD may be updated during the Media Presentation

- MPD@minimumUpdatePeriod :
 - Provides the minimum period the containing MPD document is updated.



MDP update client side

- If MPD@type set to 'dynamic'
- If the MPD@minimumUpdatePeriod attribute in the client is provided, then the check time is defined as the sum of the fetch time of this operating MPD and the value of this attribute, i.e.
- CheckTime = FetchTime+MPD@minimumUpdatePeriod





Functionalities

alternatives sources

content available from differents sources



選擇

Alternatives sources

URLs at each level of the MPD are resolved according to RFC3986 :

MPD Period AdaptationSet Representation

Ex : content available from two sources (cdn1 and cdn2)

<BaseURL>http://cdn1.example.com/</BaseURL>

<BaseURL><a href="http://cdn2.example.com/</BaseURL">http://cdn2.example.com//BaseURL>





Functionalities

Protection



Protection

- Content Descriptors for Protection, Accessibility, Rating, etc.
- Signaling, delivery, utilization of multiple DRM schemes.



Protection MP4 and TS Chunk

MP4

Representations based on ISO/IEC14496-12 urn:mpeg:dash:mp4protection:2011

- @value attribute shall be the 4CC contained in the Scheme Type Box of the Protection Scheme Information Box
- **TS**
- Representations based on ISO/IEC 13818-1 (MPEG-2 Transport Stream),

indicate the Conditional Access System used: urn:mpeg:dash:13818:1:CA_descriptor:2011



Pro

????????

MP4 PROTECTION

Representations based on ISO/IEC14496-12 a content protection scheme using the Protection System Specific Header Box defined in ISO/IEC 23001-7 may be identified in the ContentProtection element.

UUID URN as defined in RFC 4122 indicating the UUID specified in the SystemId field of the Protection System Specific Header Box shall be used. This does not imply that such schemes cannot define alternative URNs, or that all UUID URNs refer to schemes of this type.

Some problems...?

- 1. Chunk size / Number of objects / Number of log entries
- Stateless delivery loss of: session reporting / streams reporting / denying access by token to chunk URL
- 3. Caching servers were never designed for live streaming
- No QoS guarantee
- Overloading networks
- 6. regulation









http://dashpg.com/



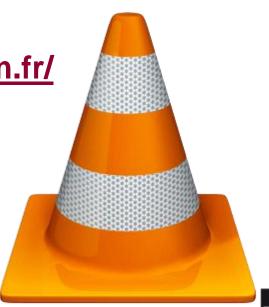
VLC DASH Player

http://www-itec.uni-klu.ac.at/dash/



http://gpac.wp.institut-telecom.fr/

http://www.videolan.org/





References

- Short Tutorial on MPEG-DASH ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11 N12340 Iraj Sodagar Microsoft Corporation
- MPEG-DASH: The Standard for Multimedia Streaming Over Internet Iraj Sodagar Microsoft Corporation
- ISO/IEC DIS 23009-1 Information technology Dynamic adaptive streaming over HTTP (DASH) Part 1: Media presentation description and segment formats
- ISO/IEC FCD 23001-6 Information technology MPEG systems technologies Part 6: Dynamic adaptive streaming over HTTP (DASH)



http streaming reference

- RTMP Flash
- Kapoor, Abhinav. "Live Dynamic Streaming With Flash Media Server 3.5." Adobe.com. Bouthillier, Larry. "How to Do Dynamic Streaming With Flash Media Server." Streaming Media.com.
 - "Tutorial: On-Demand HTTP Dynamic Streaming." Adobe.com.
 - <u>"Encoding Guidelines Dynamic Streaming for Flash Over HTTP."</u> Akamai.com.*HTTP Live Streaming*
- Apple Tech Note: <u>"Best Practices for Creating and Deploying HTTP Live Streaming Media for the iPhone and iPad."</u> Apple.com.
 - Apple Tech Note: "HTTP Live Streaming Overview." Apple.com.
 - Apple Tech Note: "Using HTTP Live Streaming." Apple.com. Smooth Streaming
- "Akamai HD for Microsoft Silverlight On-Demand Encoding Recommendations." Akamai.com.
 - Zambelli, Alex. "IIS Smooth Streaming Technical Overview." Microsoft.com.
 - Zambelli, Alex. Webinar: <u>"Transcoding Methodology 101."</u> StreamingMedia.com.*HTTP*
- "Encoding Guidelines for Dynamic Streaming for Flash Over HTTP." Akamai.com. Levkov, Maxim. "Video Encoding and Transcoding Recommendations for HTTP Dynamic Streaming on the Flash Platform." Adobe.com.

