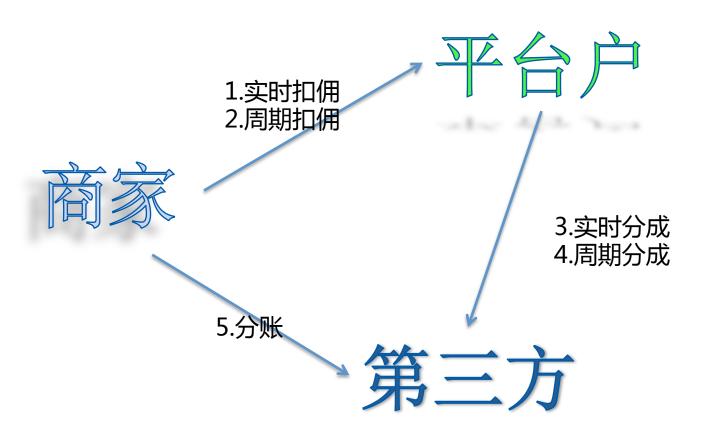
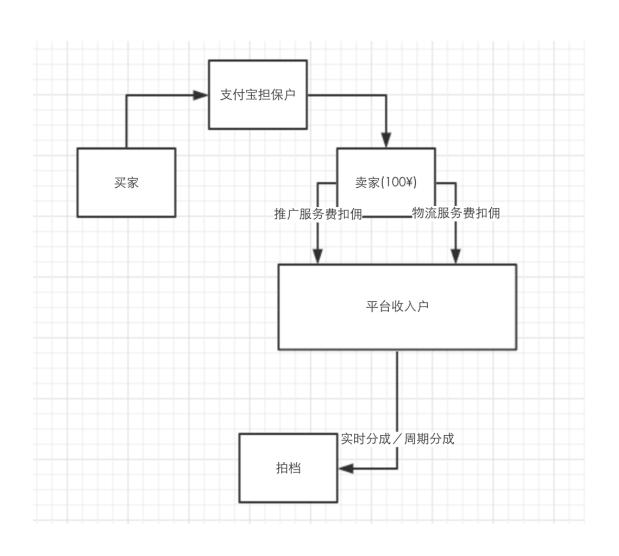
结算域设计

by xiangmao.lxm

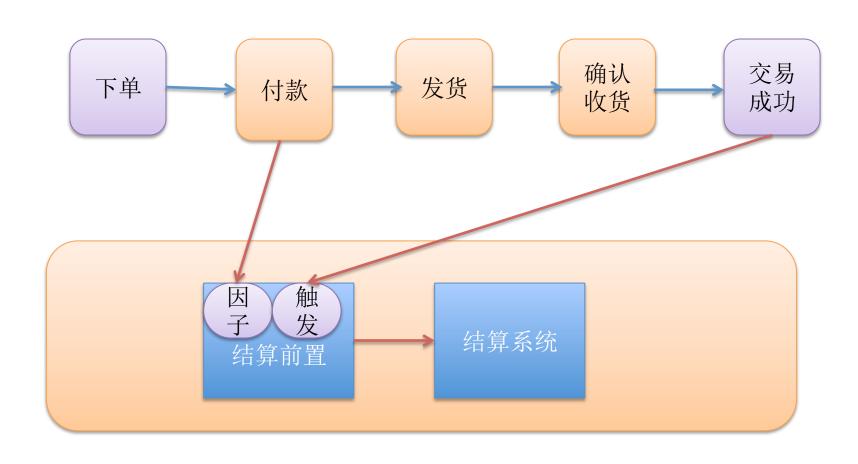
一. 经典结算模式



二. 经典资金流



三. 状态流转



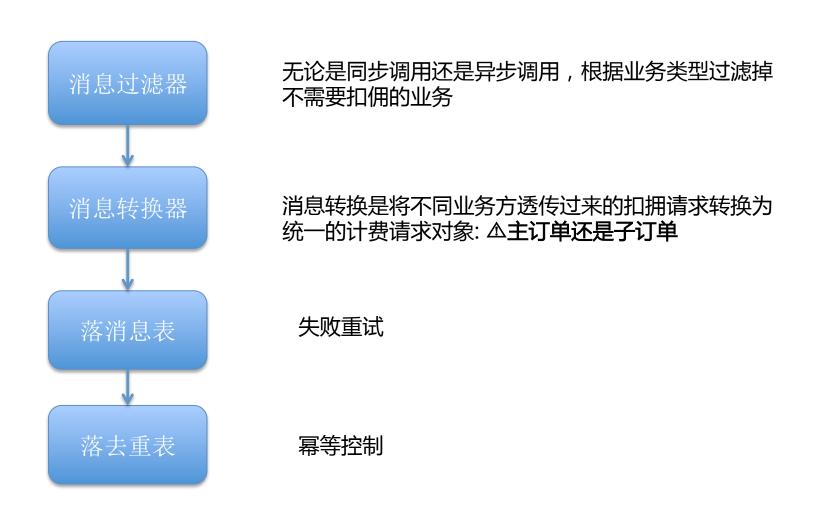
四. 微店结算系统业务架构



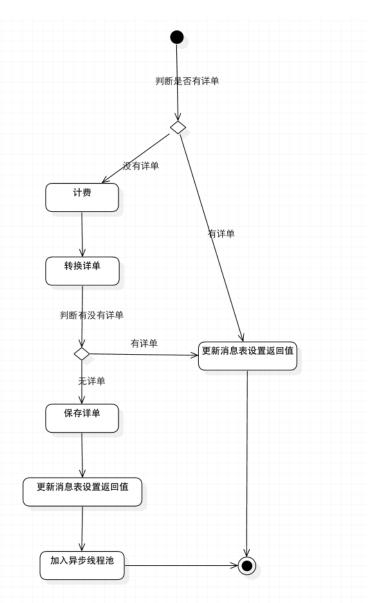
五. 微店结算系统技术架构



4.1. 网关



4.2 结算



4.3 费率

费率规则

表达式	优先级
OFFER_ID==?	10
LEAT_CAT_ID==?	20
BASE_LINE==?	30

费率规则实例

表达式	费率
OFFER_ID==123	{ rate:0.01 }
LEAT_CAT_ID==456	{fixedAmount:100}
BASE_LINE==100	

4.4 计费模版

```
rate = ((FixRate) 当前分成方费率规则)。getRate();
   当前分成方分成金额 = 请求金额 multiply(rate) setScale(2, RoundingMode HALF UP);
   当前分成方比例 = rate;
   /**固定金额类型**/
} else if (当前分成方费率规则.getType().getType()==2) {
   当前分成方分成金额 = ((FixAmount) 当前分成方费率规则).getAmount().abs();
   /**避免divide by zero问题**/
   if (请求金额.compareTo(new BigDecimal(0)) == 0) {
      当前分成方比例 = 0;
   } else {
       当前分成方比例 = 当前分成方分成金额。divide(请求金额,2,RoundingMode。HALF_UP);
} else {
   exception("unsupported rate type~~, rate type: " + 当前分成方费率规则.getType().getType());
剩余金额 = 剩余金额 subtract(当前分成方分成金额);
剩余分成比例 = 剩余分成比例。subtract(当前分成方比例);
if (剩余金额。compareTo(new BigDecimal(0)) == -1) {
   exception("fc amount not enough~~, remain amount:" + 剩余金额);
if (剩余分成比例。compareTo(new BigDecimal(0)) == -1) {
   剩余分成比例 = new BigDecimal(0);
计费明细 = new StdFcRatingDetailATO();
计费明细。quantity = 请求金额;
计费明细。amount = 当前分成方分成金额;
计费明细。proration = 当前分成方比例;
计费明细。fcCode = 分成code;
```