

# **QPROBE: DETECTING THE BOTTLENECK IN CELLULAR COMMUNICATION**

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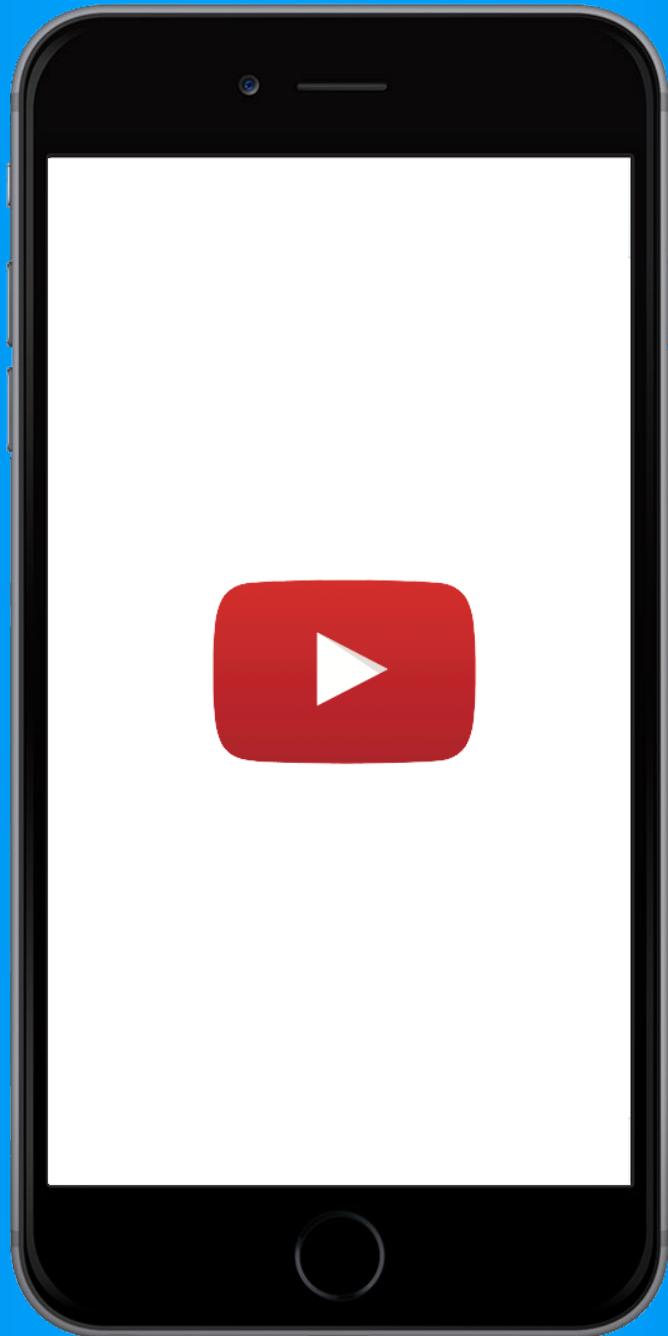
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**VENKAT PADMANABHAN**

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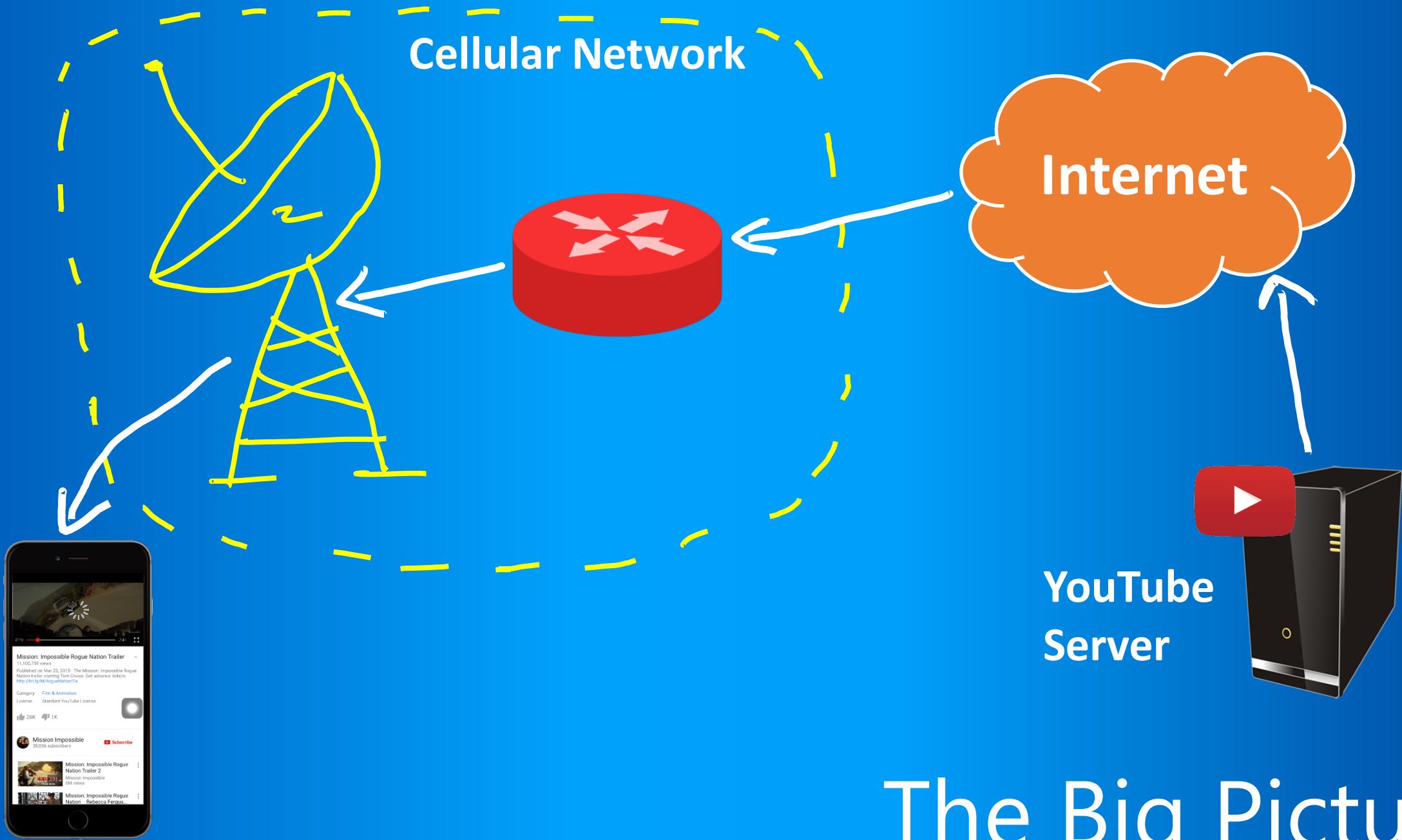


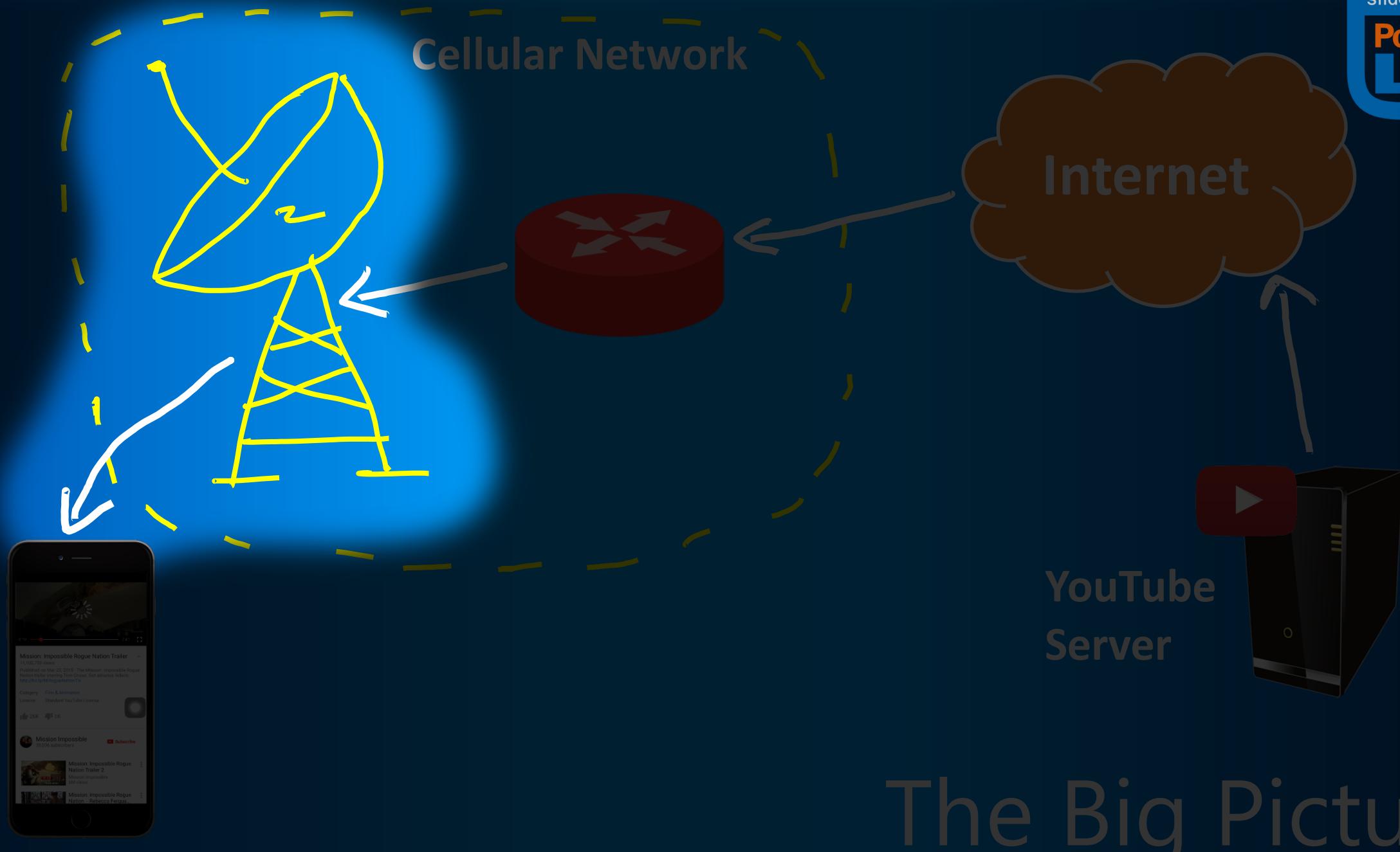
Mission: Impossible Rogue Nation Trailer

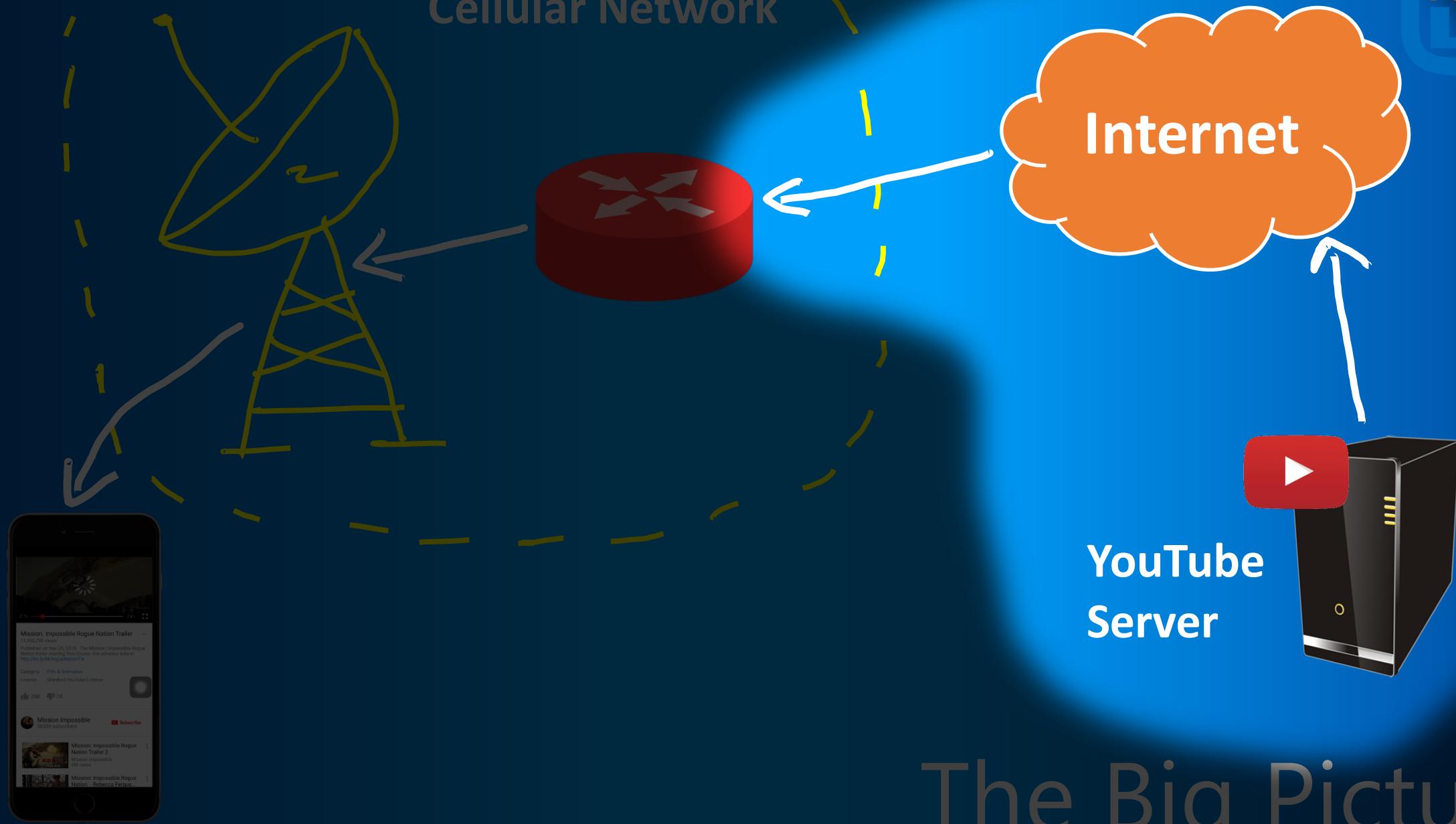


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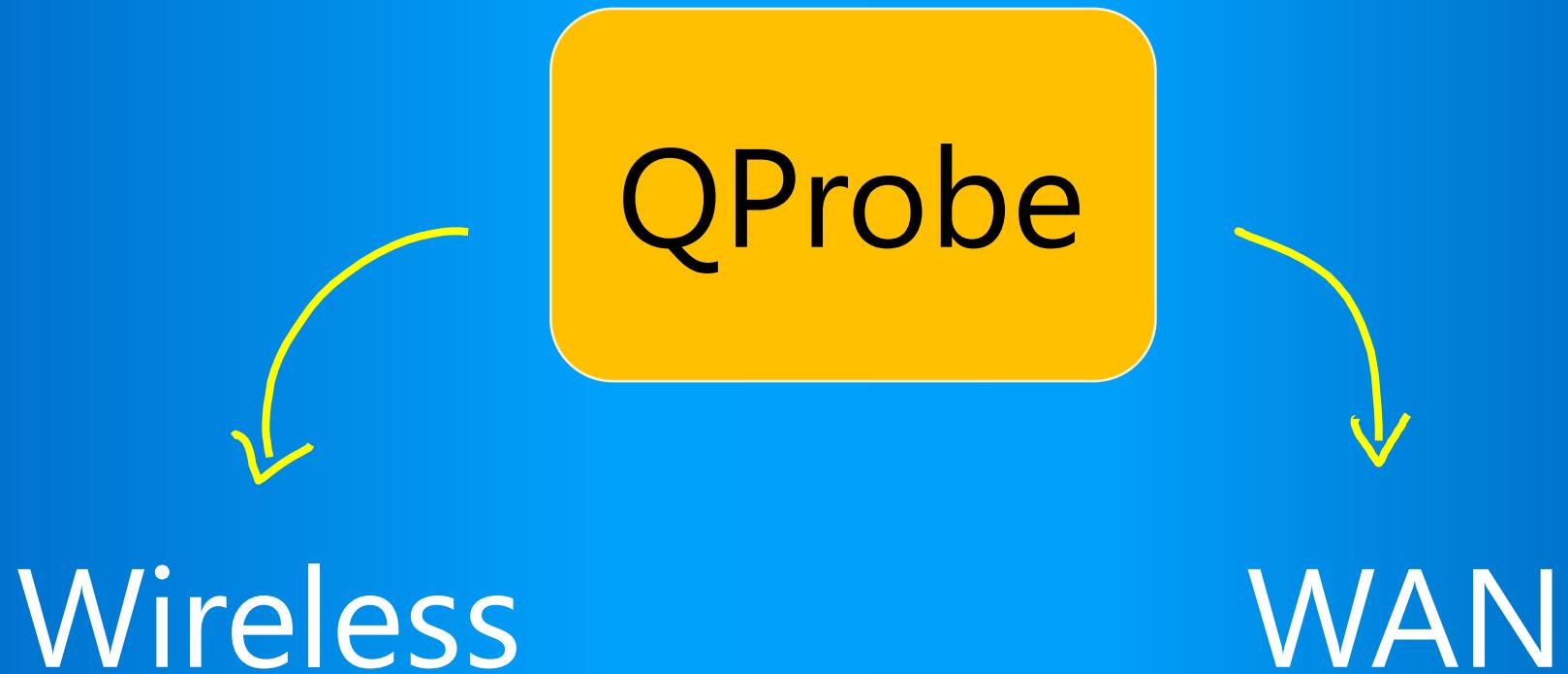






# Where is the Bottleneck?

# Where is the Bottleneck?



# Why Detect?

Wireless

Alternate connection (e.g., WiFi)

Downsize media content

WAN

- |
- | Route around the bottleneck
- |
- | Pick a different replica
- |

# PF Scheduler

# PF Scheduler

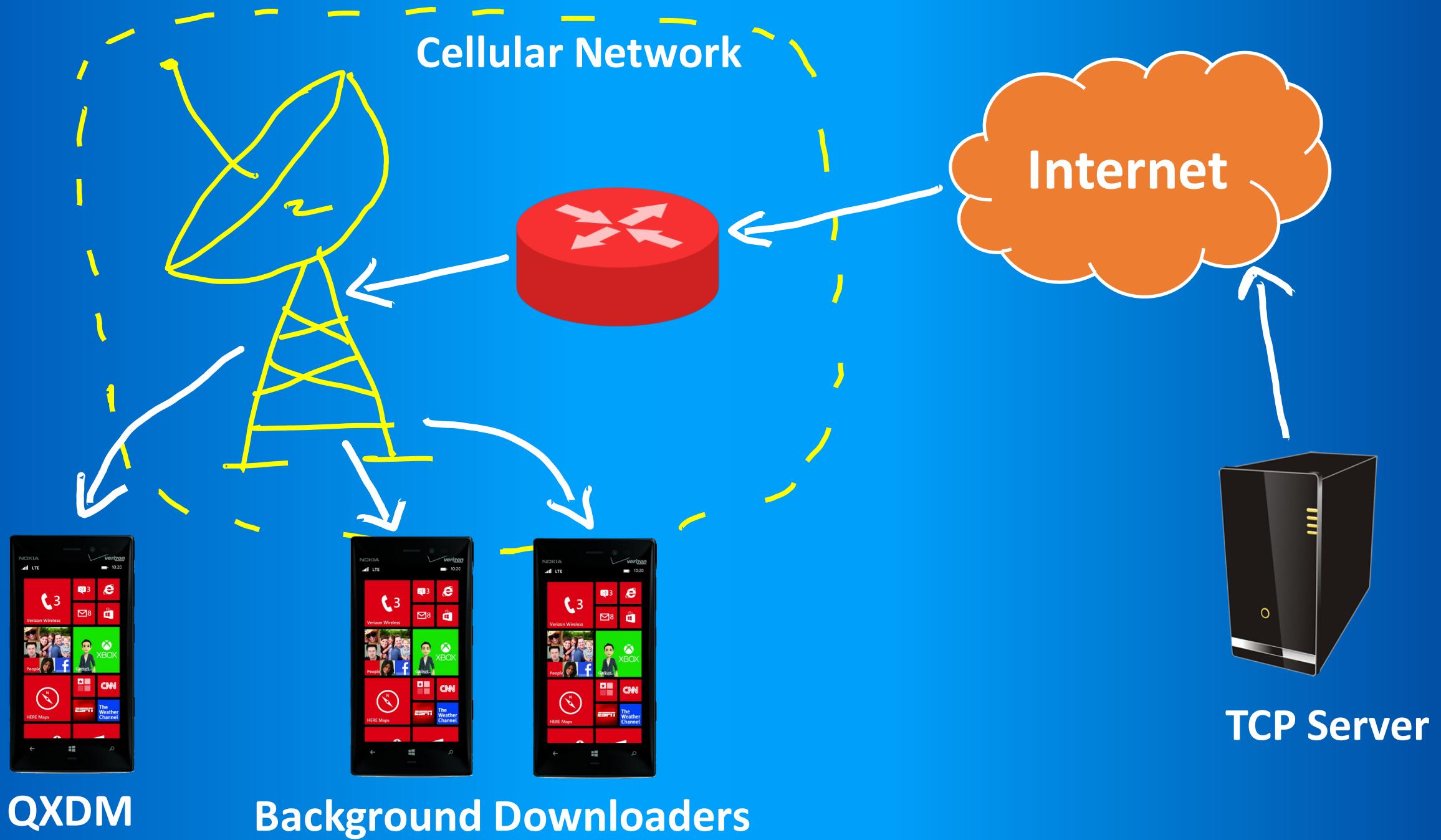


Packet scheduler in cellular base stations

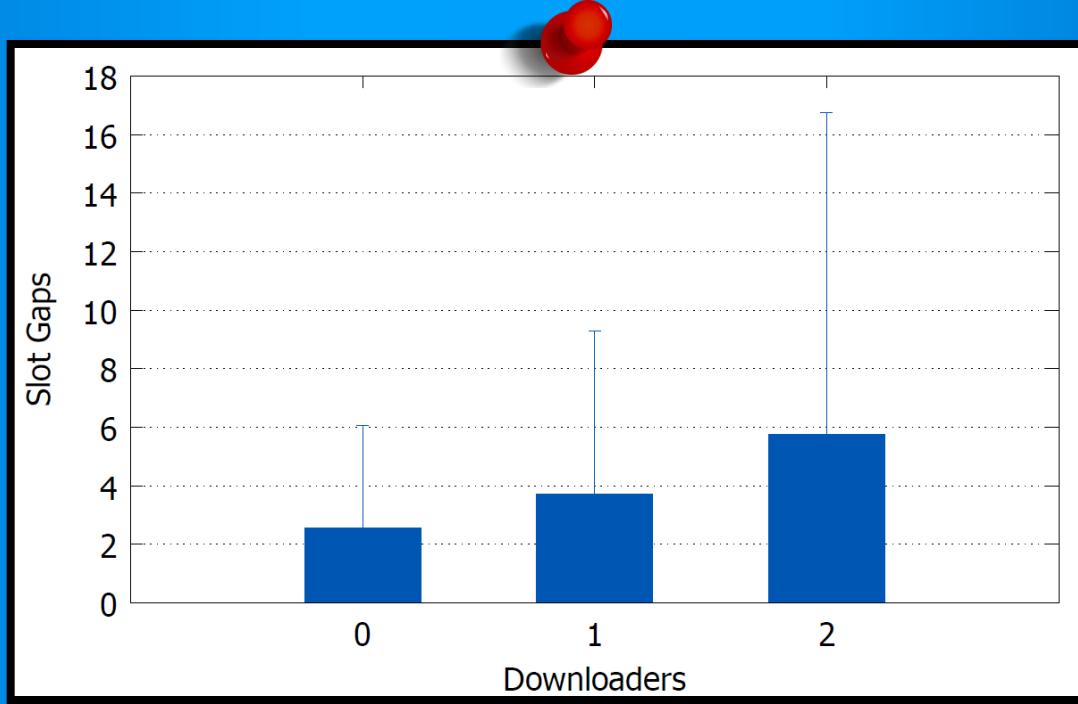
Per-device vs FIFO queues

Fairness vs no notion of fairness

Existing tools are unusable

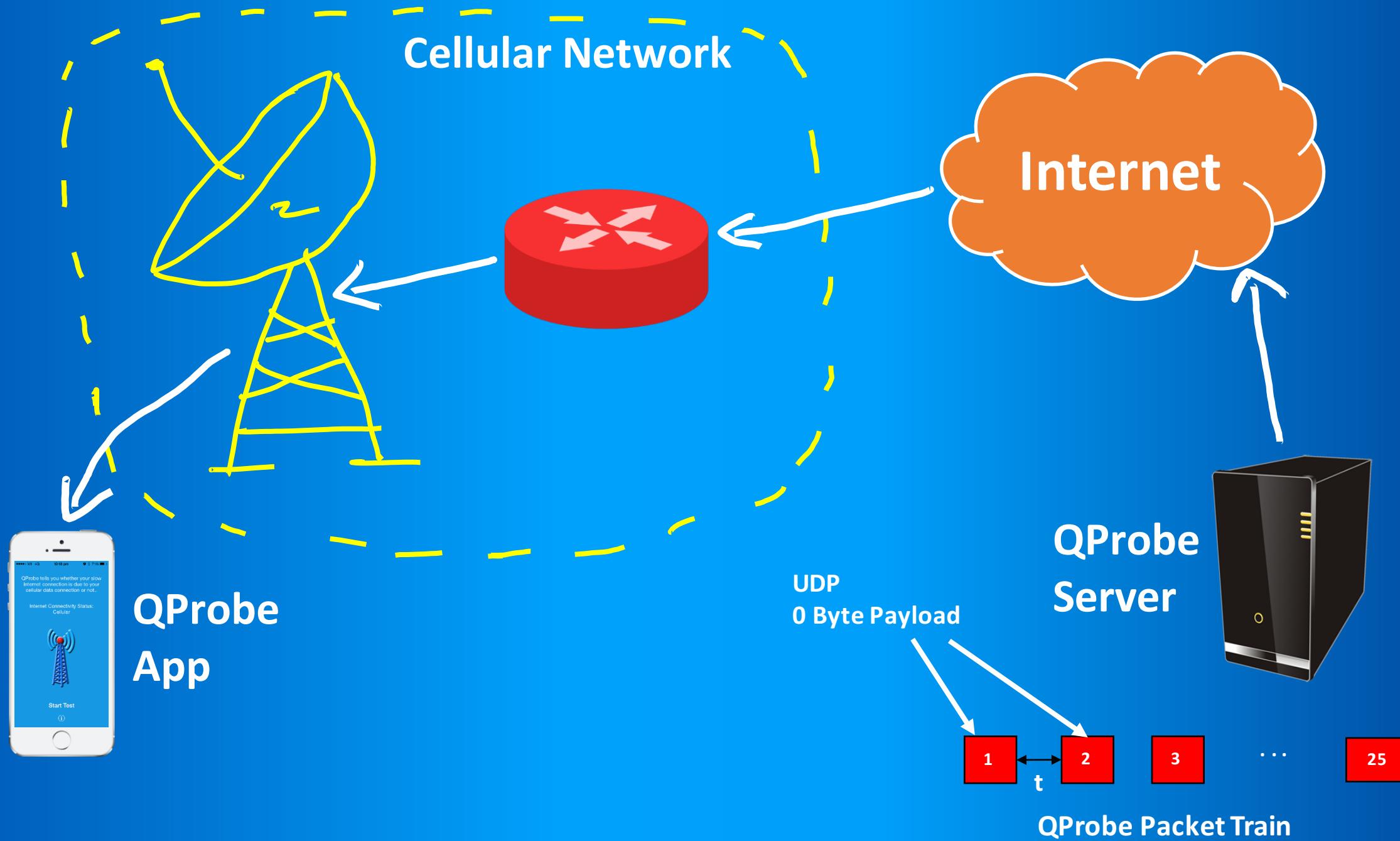


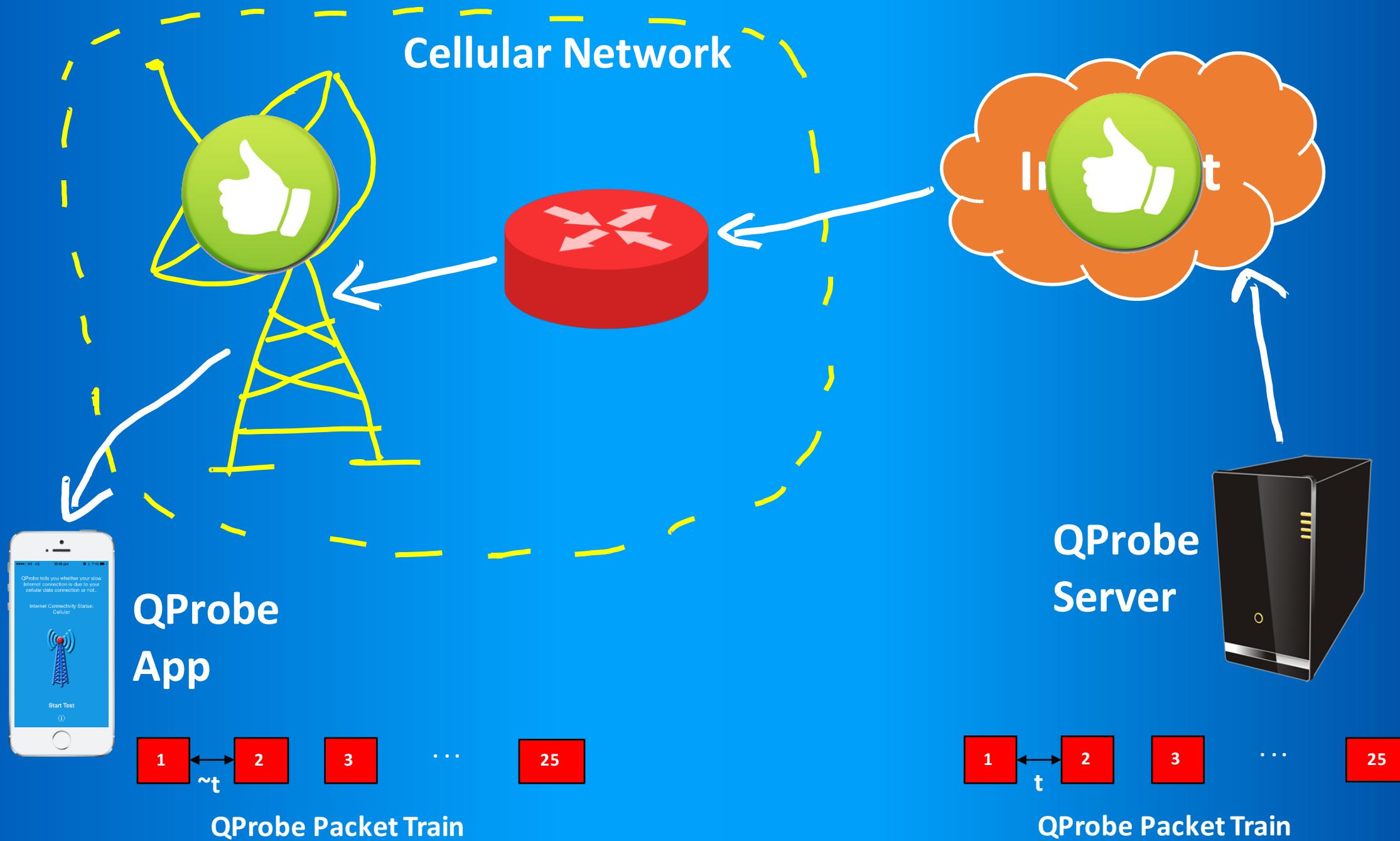
# Effect of base station load on slot gaps

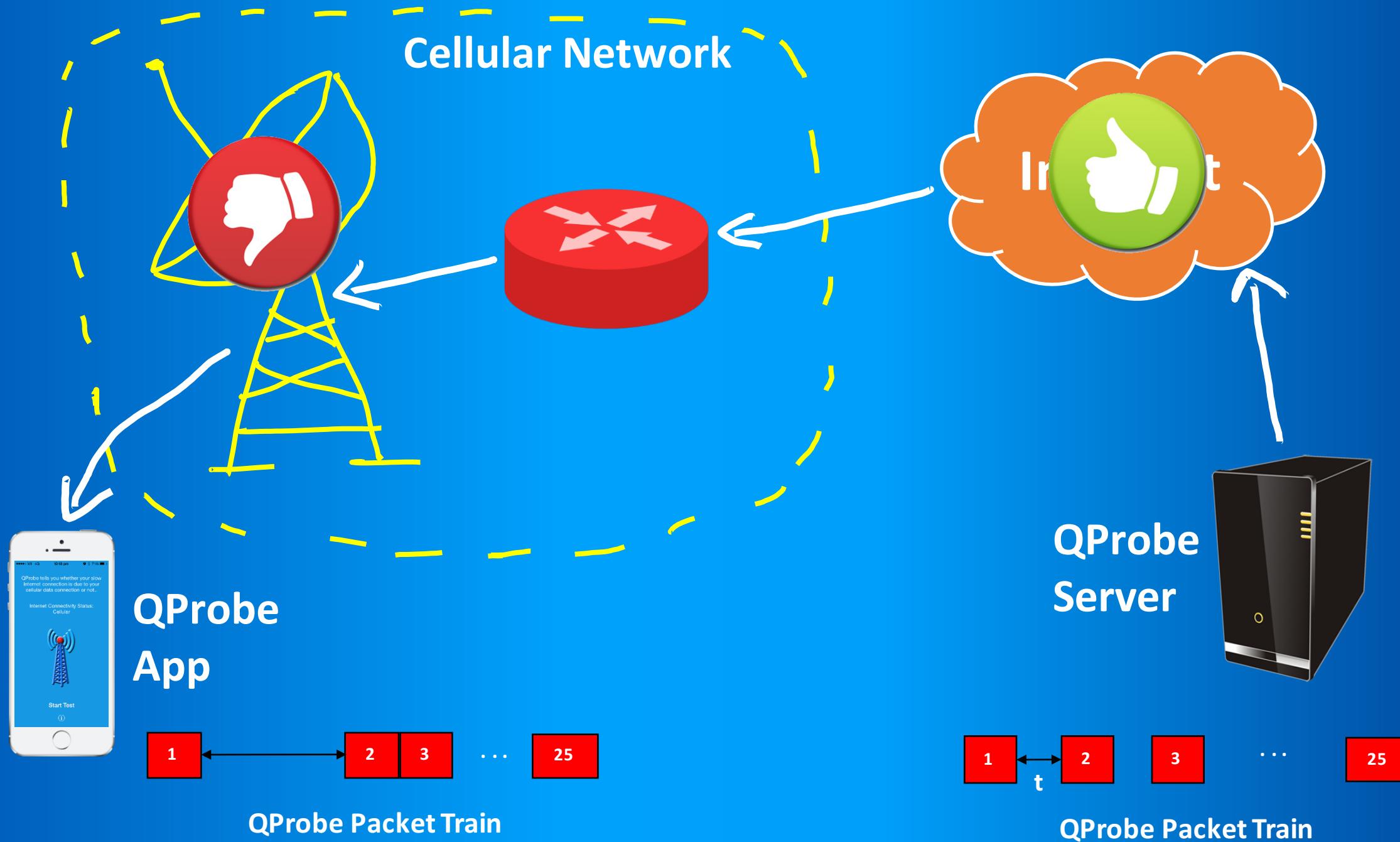


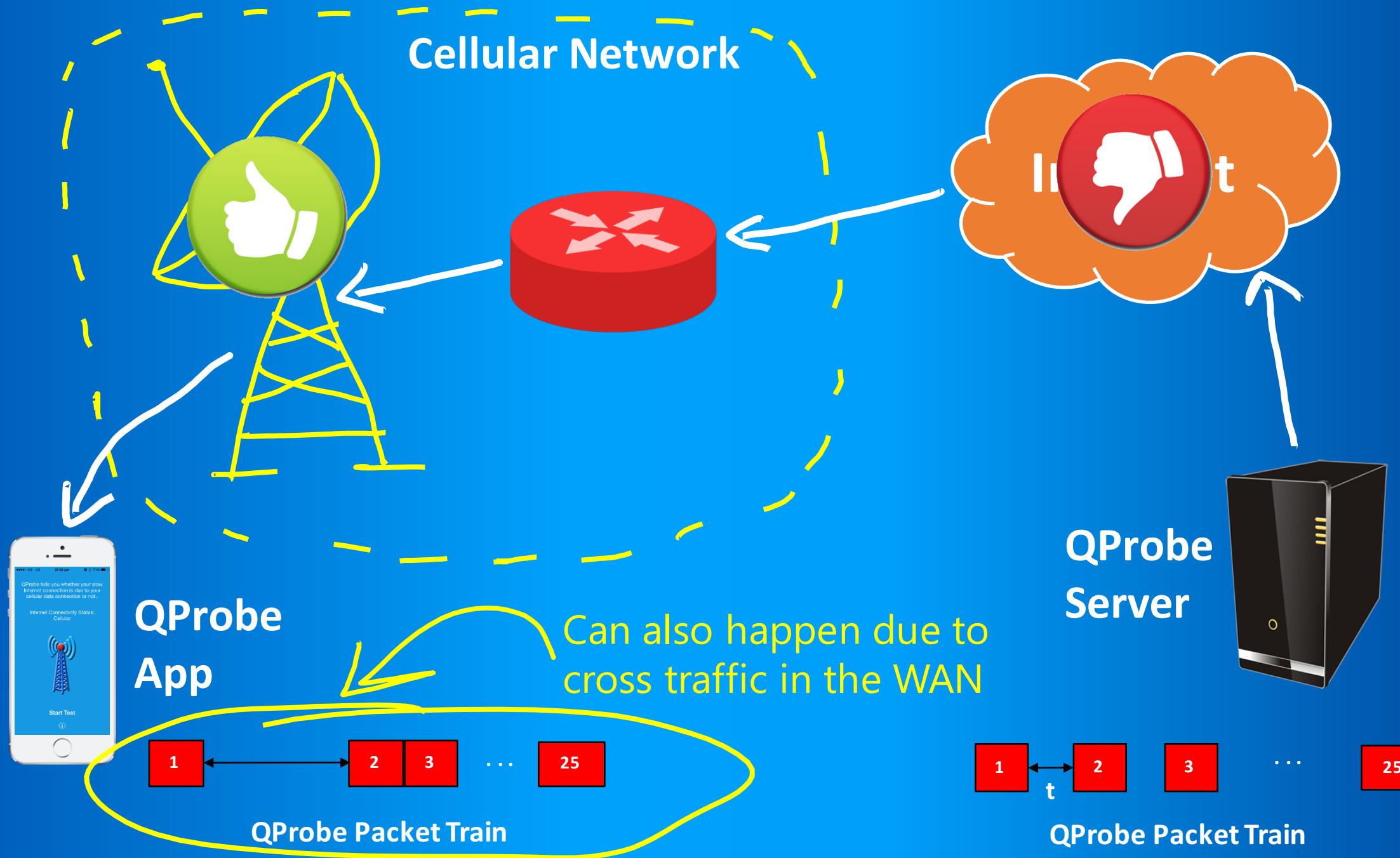
Scheduling frequency decreases with increasing load at the base station

# QProbe Design

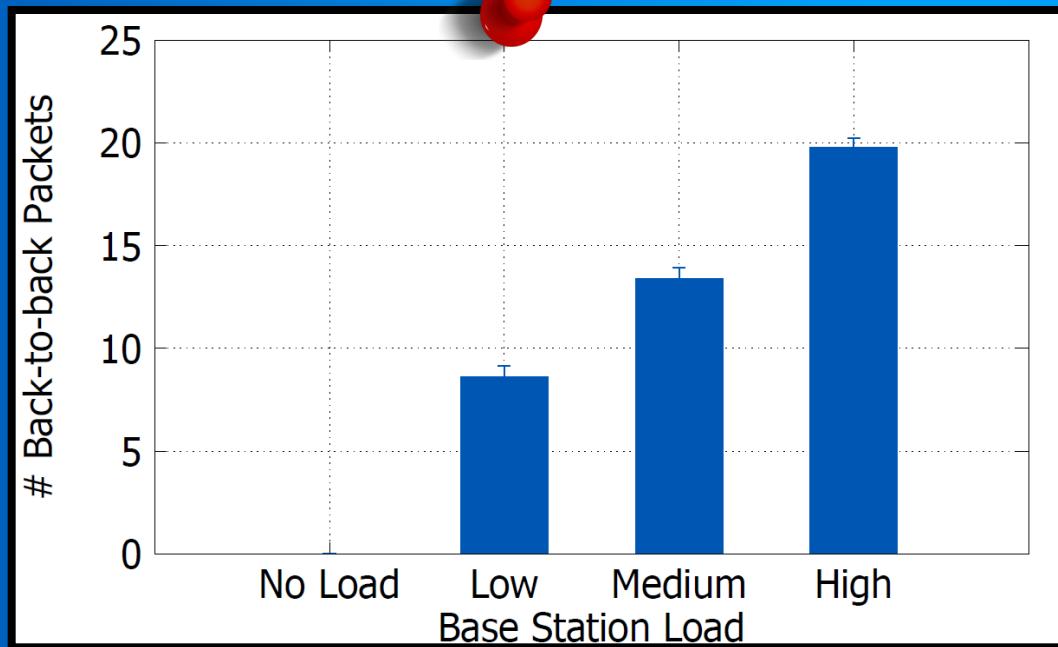




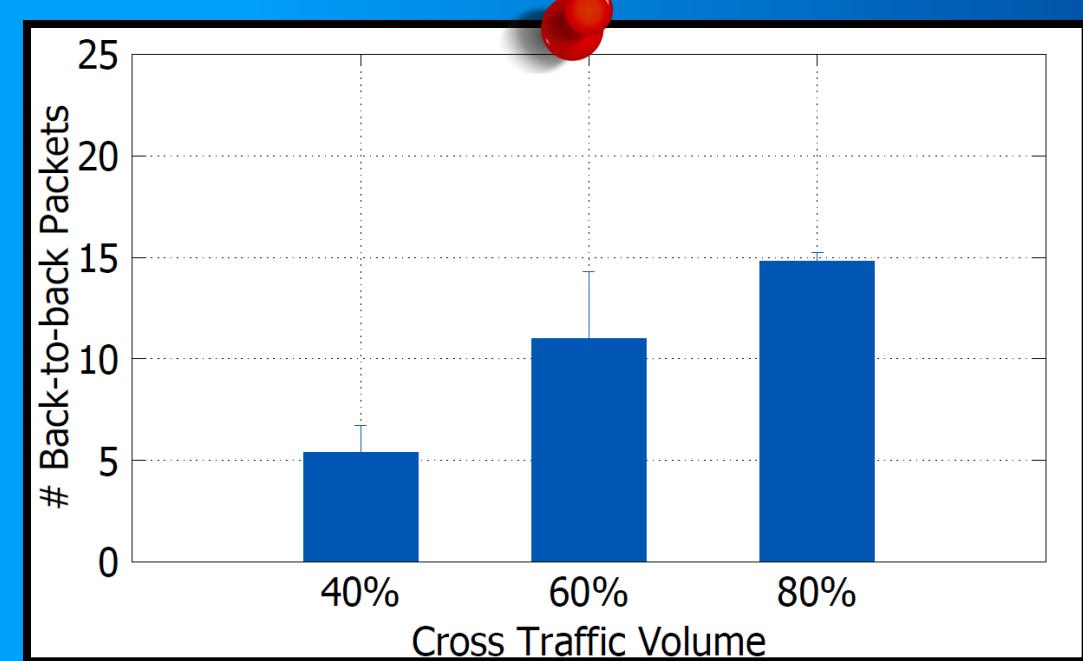




# #Back-to-back packets for Wireless and WAN bottlenecks



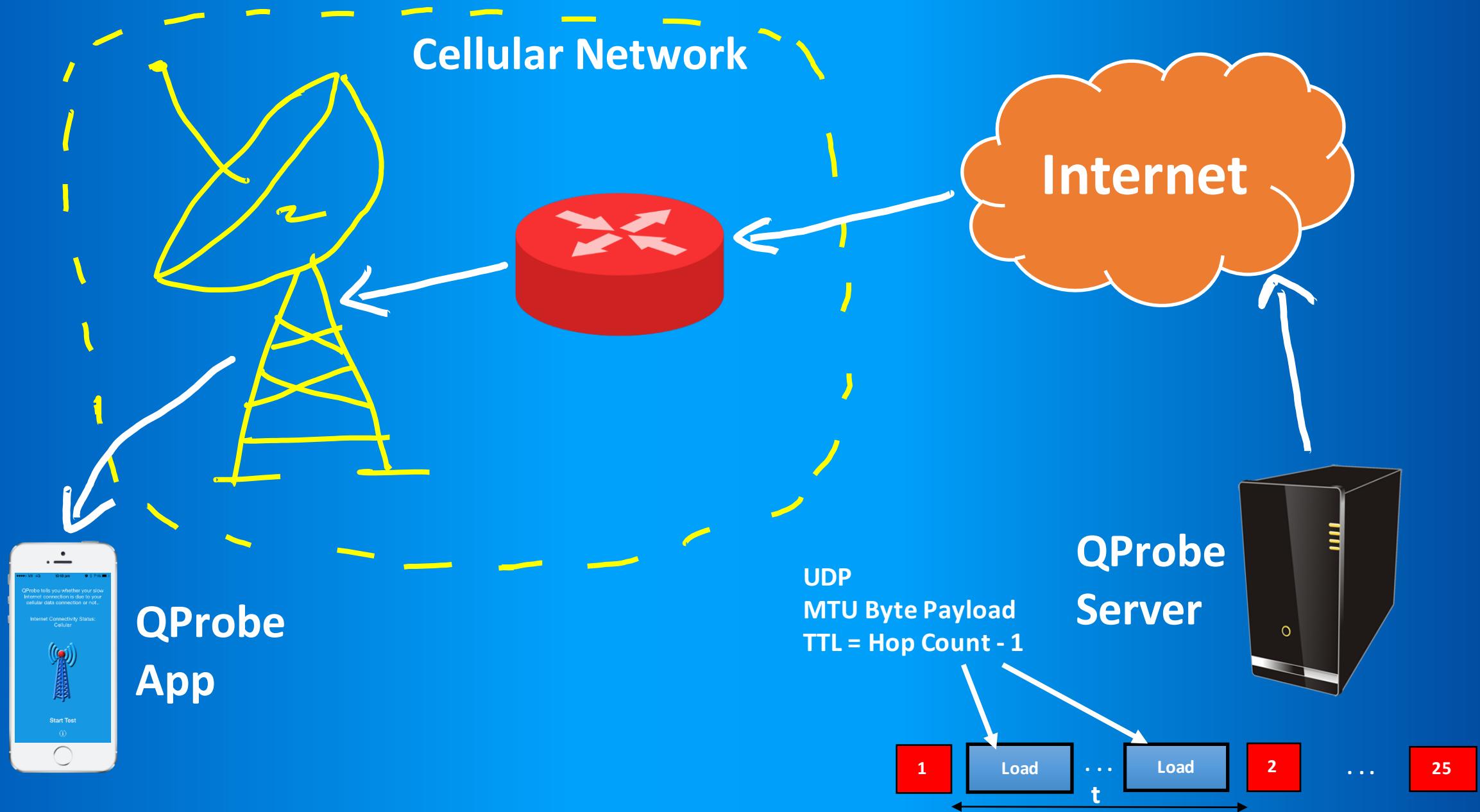
Wireless bottleneck



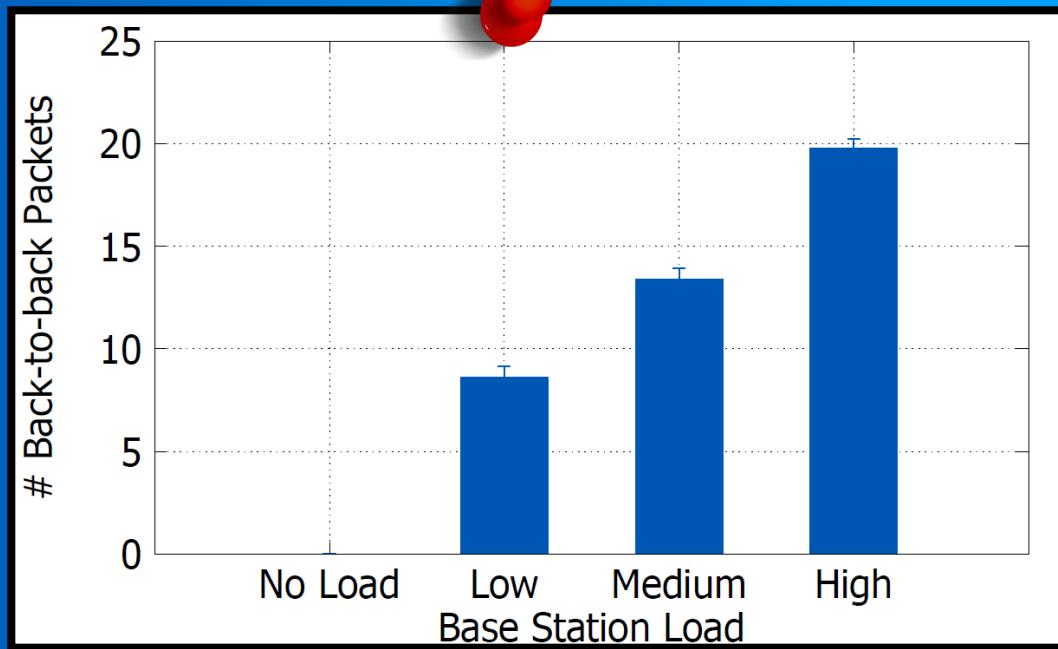
WAN bottleneck



#back-to-back packets, itself, can't accurately detect the bottleneck location.



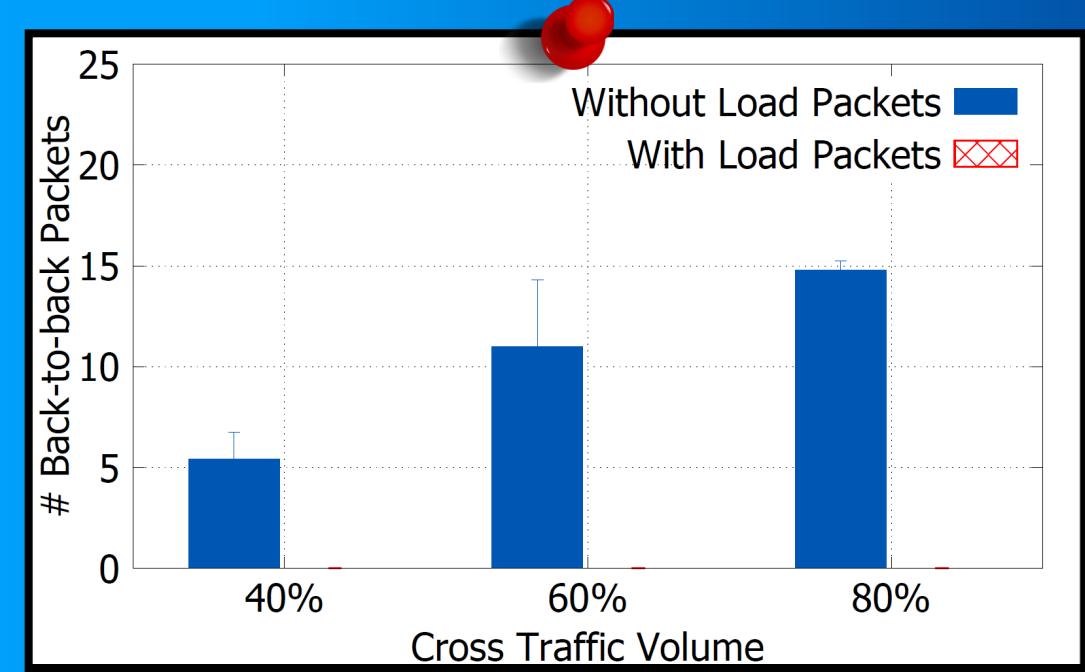
# #Back-to-back packets for Wireless and WAN bottlenecks



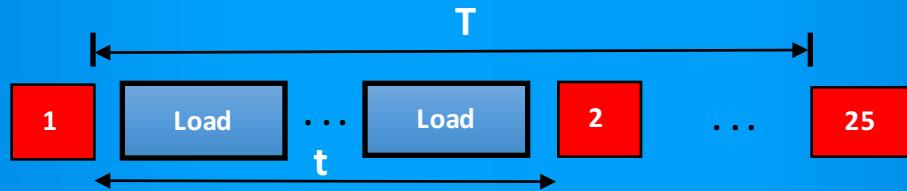
Wireless bottleneck



With load packets, #back-to-back packets can detect wireless bottlenecks.



WAN bottleneck

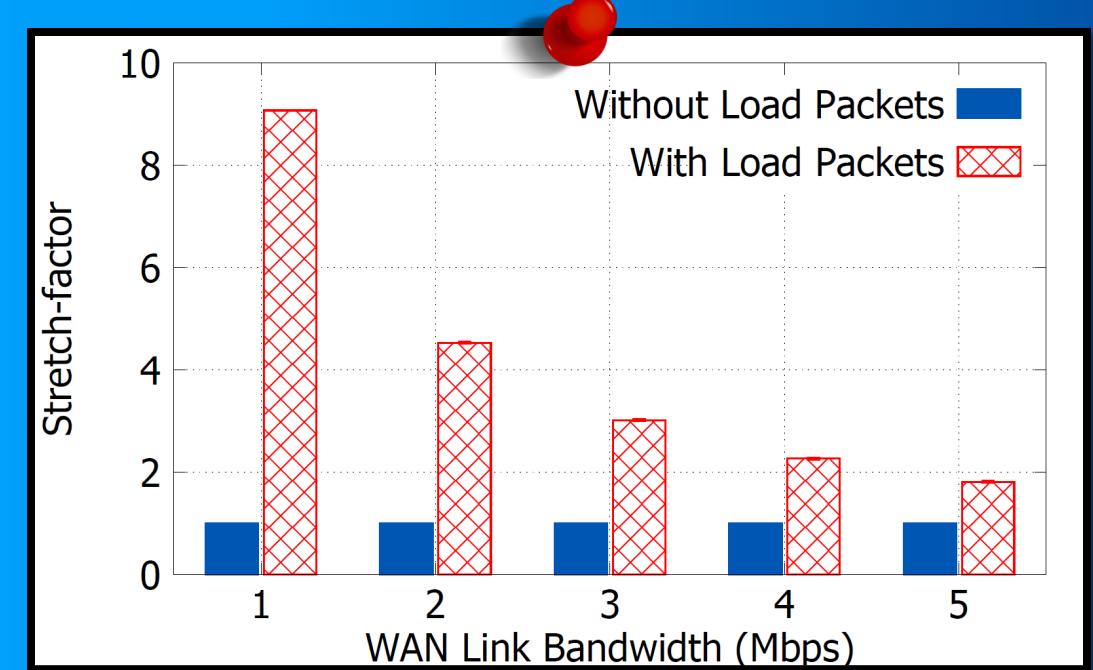
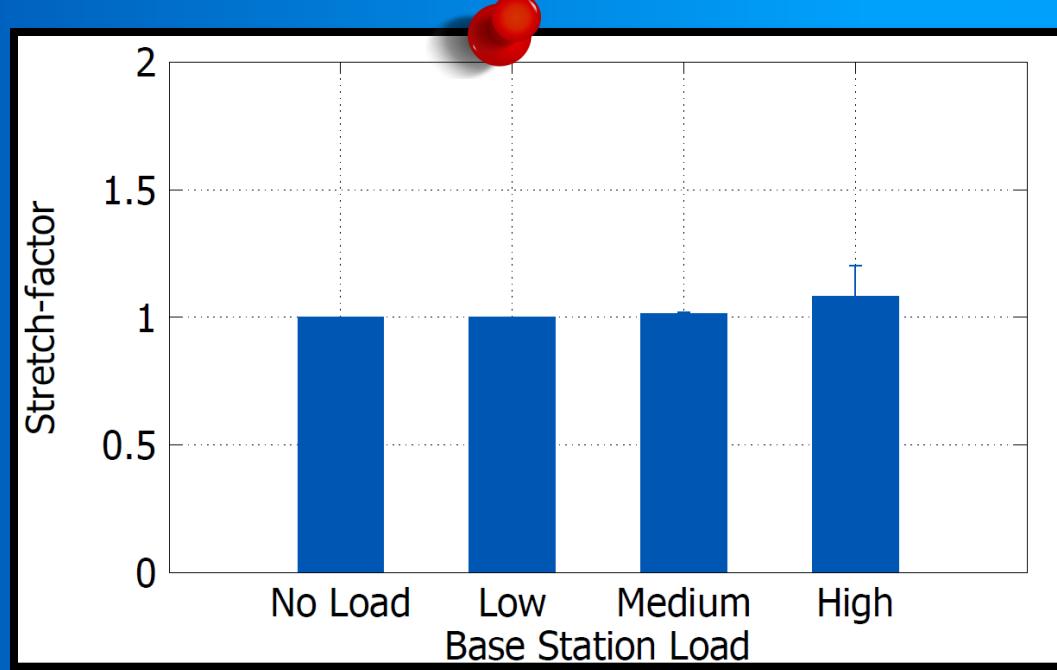


Thin WAN Pipe



$$\text{Stretch-factor} = \frac{\sum \text{Received gaps}}{\sum \text{Sent gaps}}$$

# Stretch factors for Wireless and WAN bottlenecks



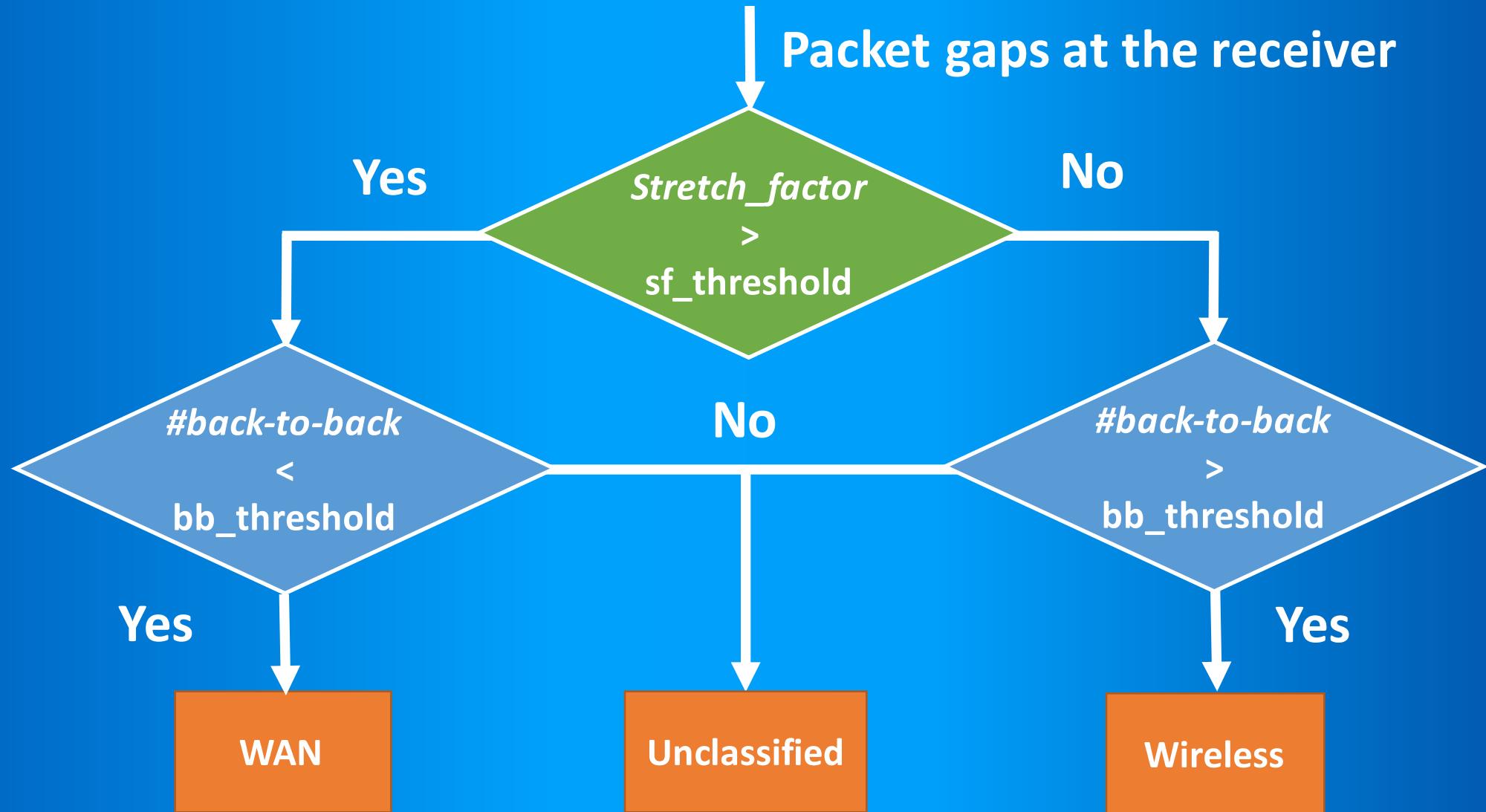
Wireless bottleneck

WAN bottleneck



Load packets increases the stretch-factor. This allows us detect WAN bottlenecks.

# QProbe Algorithm



# Evaluation

# Evaluation

## Controlled Experiments

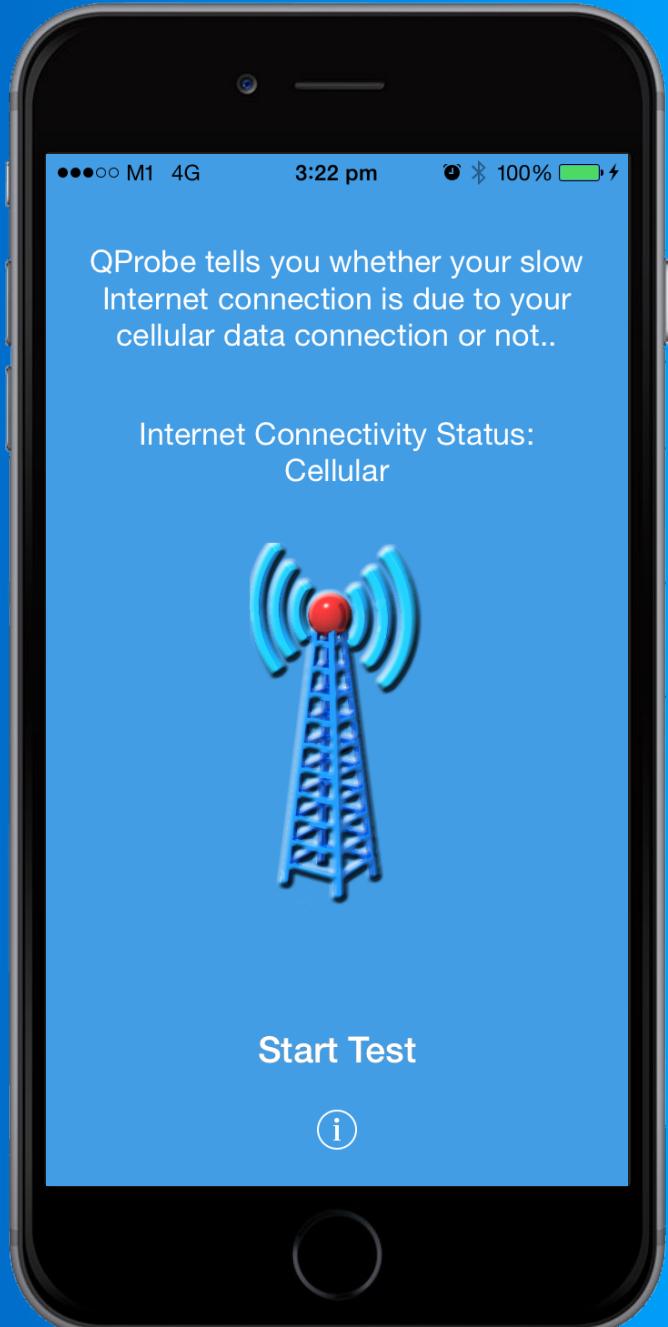
~500 runs for which the ground truth is known

Classification model using a 10-cross validation decision tree

Classification accuracy: 97.4%

## Measurement Study

# Measurement Study



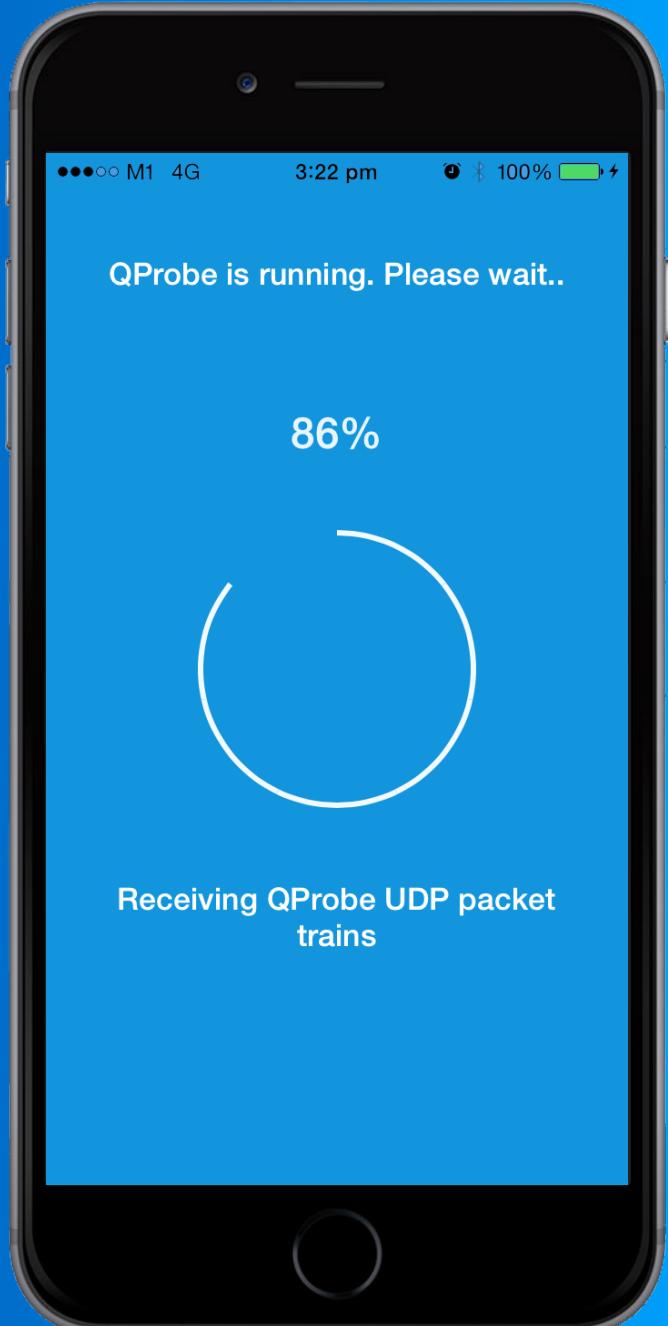
## iPhone App implementation

15 well-provisioned Azure servers

51 PlanetLab servers

2 months of data

8116 runs of QProbe



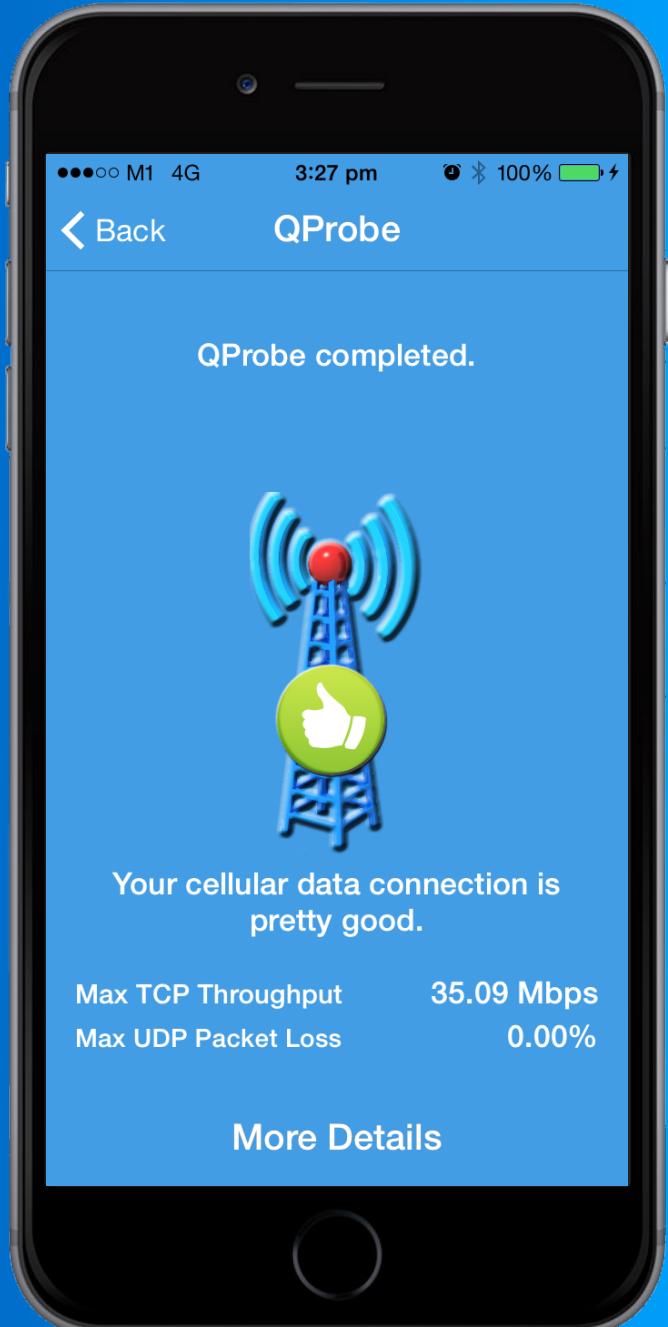
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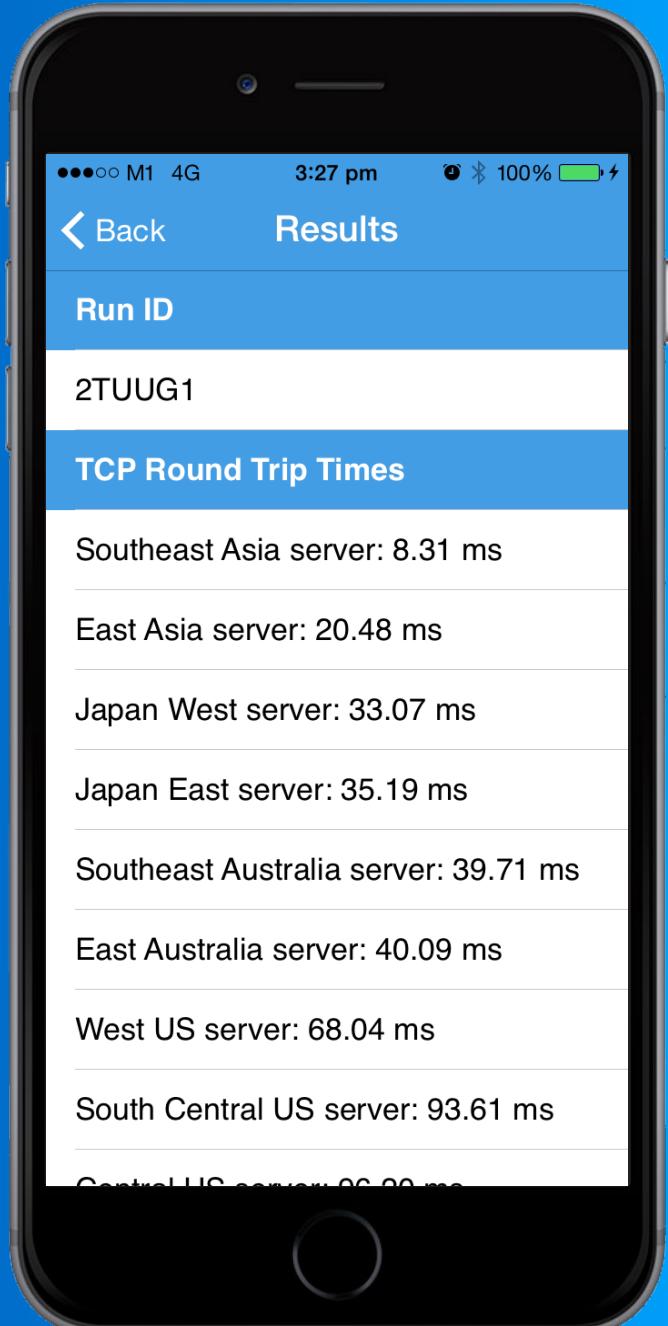
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iPhone App implementation

15 well-provisioned Azure servers

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2 months of data

8116 runs of QProbe

642 Users | 33 Countries | 51 ISPs



# Summary of QProbe Runs

Technology	Runs	Wireless	WAN
3G	2573	215 (8.35%)	97 (3.77%)
LTE	5480	441 (8.05%)	837 (15.27%)

# QProbe Results (3G)

3G Classified Runs: 84.3%

QProbe Classification

Ground Truth	Wireless	WAN
Wireless	187	26 (13.9%)
WAN	76	63 (82.89%)

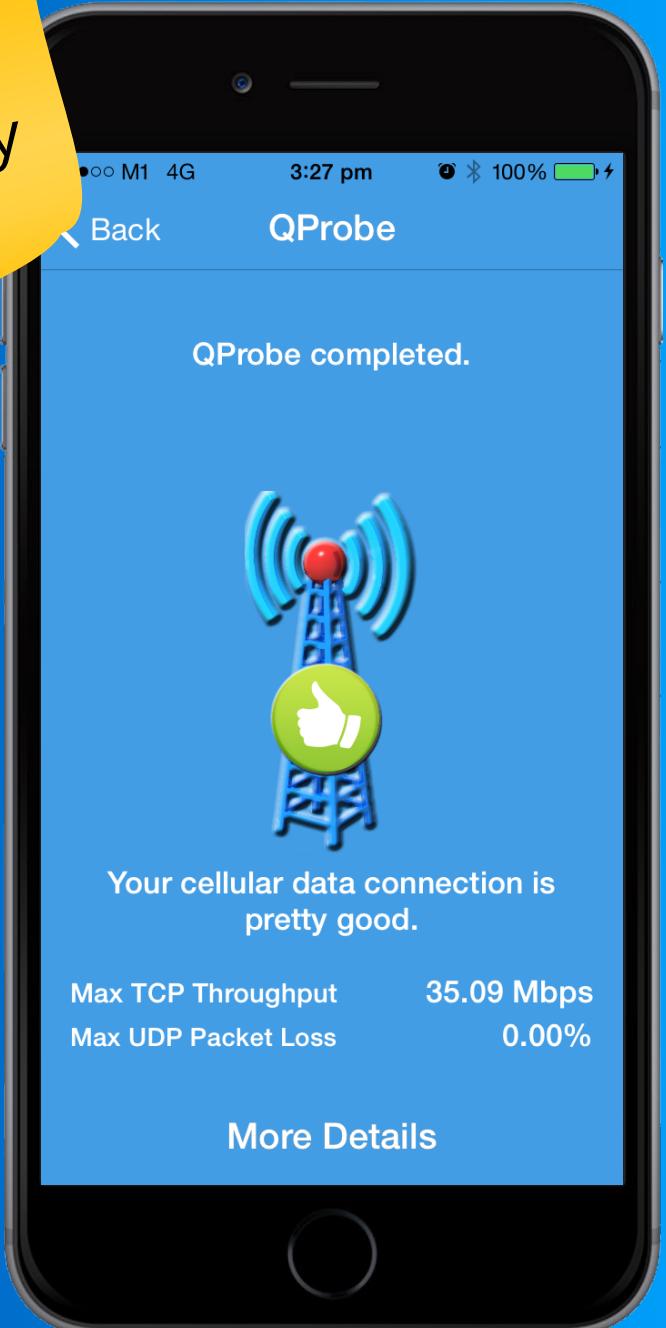
# QProbe Results (LTE)

LTE Classified Runs: 81.2%

QProbe Classification

Ground Truth		Wireless	WAN
Wireless	330	307 (93.03%)	23 (6.97%)
WAN	708	116 (16.38%)	592 (83.62%)

## Summary



QProbe: lightweight, platform independent, bottleneck detection technique

Uses less than 4KB of data and runs in ~700ms

Extensive evaluations show >85% bottleneck detection accuracy

Data and code available at  
[www.comp.nus.edu.sg/~nimantha/qprobe.html](http://www.comp.nus.edu.sg/~nimantha/qprobe.html)

# Image Credits

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## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

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